

The Finland 2025 World Bank Enterprise Survey Implementation Report

I. Introduction

This document provides information on the World Bank Enterprise Surveys (WBES) implemented in Finland between March 2025 and March 2026. The WBES collect both objective data based on firms' day-to-day experiences, and perceptions of enterprises regarding the business environment in which they operate. The WBES has global coverage. The WBES are also used to build a panel of enterprise data that will make it possible to track changes in the business environment over time.¹

This report describes the sampling design of the survey, the data set structure as well as additional information that may be useful when using the data, such as information on survey non-response and the appropriate use of the sampling weights.

II. Sampling Structure

The WBES use stratified random sampling, where the population of establishments is first separated into non-overlapping groups, called strata, and then respondents are selected through simple random sampling from each stratum. The detailed methodology is provided in the Sampling Note.² Stratified random sampling has several advantages over simple random sampling. In particular, it:

- produces unbiased estimates of the whole population or universe of inference, as well as at the levels of stratification
- ensures representativeness by including observations in all of those categories
- produces more precise estimates than simple random sampling for a given sample size or budget allocation, and
- may reduce implementation costs by splitting the population into convenient subdivisions.

The WBES typically use three levels of stratification: industry classification, establishment size, and subnational region (used in combination). Starting in 2022, the WBES bases the industry classification on ISIC Rev. 4 (with earlier surveys using ISIC Rev. 3.1).³ For regional coverage within a country, the WBES has national coverage.

¹ A “panel interview” refers to an interview with a business that was also interviewed in the previous WBES.

² The Sampling Note is available at:

https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Sampling_Note-Consolidated-2-16-22.pdf.

³ The WBES universe includes: all manufacturing (ISIC 4.0 codes 10-33), services (ISIC 4.0 codes 41-43, 45-47, 49-56, 58, 61, 62, 69-75, 79, 95). Details on sectoral coverage and the WBES universe of inference can be found in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide* (p. 4).

II.1 Universe

The universe of inference includes all formal (i.e., registered) private sector establishments⁴ (with at least 1% private ownership) and with at least five employees. In terms of sectoral criteria, all manufacturing businesses (ISIC Rev 4. codes 10-33) are eligible; for services businesses, those corresponding to the ISIC Rev 4 codes 41-43, 45-47, 49-53, 55-56, 58, 61-62, 69-75, 79, and 95 are included in the Enterprise Surveys. Cooperatives and collectives are excluded from the Enterprise Surveys. All eligible establishments must be registered with the registration agency, that, in the case of Finland, it is the Finnish Patent and Registration Office (Patentti- ja rekisterihallitus PRH ja Verohallinto). The universe table is the total number of eligible establishments, and the table is partitioned by the stratification groups (industry classification, establishment size, and subnational region) in a country.

For the Finland 2025 WBES, the universe table, shown in Table 1 below, was obtained from Statistics Finland).

II.2 Sampling Frame

The WBES requires the most complete and up-to-date Sampling Frame, the list of eligible establishments with information on industry classification, size, address and other contact information that will be used to randomly select the sample. In countries where a previous round of the WBES exists, the Sampling Frame also includes the Panel Sampling Frame, which provides information about all the establishments that participated in the previous round of the WBES in the country.

The Sampling Frame for the Finland 2025 WBES was constructed from the following sources (see counts of establishments in the frame in Table 2). The Panel Sampling Frame was constructed using information on all the establishments that participated in the Finland 2020 WBES. The Fresh Sampling Frame, i.e., list of establishments that are in the WBES universe and that have not participated in the Finland 2020 WBES was obtained mainly from the Statistics Finland as of year 2022.

For every WBES, necessary measures are taken to ensure the quality of the frame; however, the sample frames are not immune to the typical problems found in establishment surveys: positive rates of non-eligibility, repetition, non-existent units, etc. Given the impact that non-eligible units included in the sample universe may have on the results, eligibility adjustments may be needed when computing the appropriate sampling weights for individual observations if and only if the universe equals the sampling frame (that is the weights project to universe totals by cell, coming from the sampling frame). Table 4 reports response outcomes.

⁴ The unit of analysis of every WBES is the establishment defined as a business entity associated with a physical location with its own set of financial statements, including Balance Sheet and Income Statement. However, in many economies official statistics are provided at the firm level, where a firm may be composed of several establishments, the so called multi-establishment firms.

II.3 Stratification Categories

The Finland 2025 WBES uses the following stratification categories:

- **Industry: 4 categories:**
 - Food;
 - Other manufacturing;
 - Retail;
 - and Other Services
- **Size: 3 categories:**
 - Small (5 to 19 employees);
 - Medium (20 to 99 employees);
 - Large (100 or more employees)
- **Region: 4 NUTS 2 regions except Åland:**
 - West Finland;
 - Helsinki-Uusimaa;
 - South Finland;
 - North & East Finland.

Industry strata for the manufacturing sector were selected by their contribution to total value added, to employment and to total number of establishments, using UNIDO INDSTAT 4, available as of February 2022. The strata for the services sector were selected by separating retail from other services.

Region strata of the Finland 2025 WBES were selected based on the NUTS 2 administrative divisions.

II.4 Sample Design

The WBES sample design, i.e., target number of interviews in each combination of stratification categories (cells), is generated using the two primary criteria: 1) minimize the difference from the purely proportional sample within each cell; and 2) achieve a sufficient sample size by stratification category to allow for estimates of a given level of precision. Additional information on the criteria for determining the sample size by stratification category is given in the *Sampling Note*, and additional information on the sample design is given in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.⁵ The original survey design for the Finland 2025 WBES is given in Table 3.

⁵ The *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide* is available at:
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Enterprise-Surveys-Manual-and-Guide.pdf>

III. Data Collection

The detailed information on the WBES methodology and data collection is provided in the Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide. The interviews for the Finland 2025 WBES were conducted between March 2025 and March 2026. The interviews were conducted in Finnish. For monetary variables, the currency was euro.

Apart from the challenges with participation and call-backs that are standard for all surveys, the Finland 2025 WBES faced challenges in recruiting establishments as summarized below. Screener refusals were the highest in Service industry. In Retail industry, many bookings were cancelled at the last minute and often it was not possible to re-schedule. Also, Large companies saw similar last-minute cancellations, and they would most often re-schedule weeks away. This made it very difficult to get a replacement booking for the day. The screener refusals ended up being about 30% of all the bookings, and on some days the screener refusal rate was close to 50%, but re-scheduling lessened the impact overall.

III.1 Questionnaire

The standard WBES questionnaire covers several topics regarding the business environment and business performance. These topics include general establishment characteristics, infrastructure, sales and supplies, trade, management practices, competition, innovation, capacity, land and permits, finance, business-government relations, exposure to bribery, labor, and performance. Information about the general structure of the questionnaire is available in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.

III.2 Contractor

The fieldwork for the Finland 2025 WBES was implemented by Norstat Finland Oy. The selection for the implementing agency followed the standard World Bank procurement practices that are described in more detail in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.

III.3 Sampling and screening

Samples are drawn by the Enterprise Surveys team in batches, following the stratification and sample design. The contractor conducted a thorough screening process before scheduling the ES interviews. Results of the screening are provided using the eligibility and status codes as listed in Table 4. In cases of unit non-response (either a refusal or an inability to obtain an interview after exhaustive attempts), the contractor proceeded with the contact that appeared next in the list drawn in the respective cell. The process of sampling and screening is described in more detail in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.

III.4 Survey response

In all surveys, including the WBES, some respondents choose not to participate. The Enterprise Analysis team and the contractor take all necessary measures to boost participation, through various methods of recruitment. The proper management of the screening process and sample replacement ensures that the resulting sample remains random.

The main measure of survey participation is the yield, which is the ratio of the total number of achieved interviews to the total number of contacted establishments. There are two main elements that boost yields. First is the survey participation rate, measured as the share of establishments that participated among those that can be assumed to have been eligible. The second element is the quality of frame. If only a small fraction of the contacted establishments is actually eligible to participate in the survey, then the sampling frame is far from ideal. This quality is measured by the ratio of the total number of establishments that are eligible for the WBES to the total number of contacted establishments in the frame. In other words:

$$\text{Yield} = \text{Survey response rate} * \text{Rate of quality of the frame}$$

which can be rewritten as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Total interviewed}}{\text{Total contacted}} = \frac{\text{Total interviewed}}{\text{Assumed eligible}} * \frac{\text{Assumed eligible}}{\text{Total contacted}}$$

Table 5 provides these measures for the Finland 2025 WBES and across its stratification levels.

III.5 Achieved Sample

Tables 6 and 7 provide counts of the WBES interviews collected for each stratification cell, i.e., broken down by industry, establishment size, and region. Table 6 reports full sample, while Table 7 shows counts of only panel interviews.

III.6 Sampling Weights

Since the WBES uses stratified random sampling, individual observations should be properly weighted when making inferences about the population, since unweighted estimates are biased unless sample sizes are proportional to the size of each stratum. For each WBES, special care is given to correctly compute sampling weights. Whenever the Universe is used to draw the sample (i.e., Sampling Frame is the same as the Universe) it is imperative to accurately adjust the universe within each stratum to account for the presence of ineligible establishments (e.g., the establishment discontinued businesses, or is deemed ineligible due to its business activity or having fewer than five employees). Proper treatment of panel establishments is also crucial. Details about how the WBES sampling weights are calculated are given in the *Sampling Note*.

Three versions of sampling weights are calculated, depending on the assumptions that determine eligibility of establishments to be counted towards the WBES universe. These assumptions are called weak, medium, and strong; and are defined as given in the table below. Prevalence of each of these outcomes for the Finland 2025 WBES is given in Table 4. All indicators and analysis conducted by the Enterprise Surveys team use the sampling weights based on the median assumption. Tables 8-10 report estimated universe based on the respective assumption.

Assumption	Eligibility codes for inclusion in the WBES universe
Strict	1, 2, 3, 4
Median	1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 13, 133
Weak	1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 13, 133, 91, 92, 93, 94, 12

For descriptions of each eligibility code, see Table 4 of the sampling note.

III.7 Item response rates

Item response rate must be differentiated from survey response rates. The latter refers to participation in the survey itself (see Section III.4) whereas the former refers to the absence of responses to specific survey questions. The WBES, as any survey, suffer from item non-response; and different strategies are used by the data collection team to address this. In particular:

- For sensitive questions, such as on corruption or tax evasion, enumerators were instructed to collect the refusal to respond (-8) as a separate response category from don't know (-9).
- Establishments with incomplete information were re-contacted to fill gaps.

Table 11 provides item response rates for several key variables, broken down across the stratification levels.

III.8 Database Structure

The WBES datafiles are organized in ways that reflect the corresponding questionnaire. The variables that are standard across countries have the first letter in their name correspond to the questionnaire section where the variable belongs in the questionnaire, i.e., *a1* denotes section *A*. All variables are numeric with the exception of those variables with an “x” at the end of their names. The suffix “x” denotes that the variable is alpha-numeric.

The WBES datafiles contain two establishment identifiers, *idstd* and *id*. The former is a global unique identifier of each establishment, while the latter is unique identifier within each survey. The variable *idstd* can be used to match the WBES establishment one-to-one across databases. The variables *wweak*, *wmedian*, and *wstrong* corresponding to sampling weights based on, respectively, weak, median, and strong assumptions about eligibility (see Section III.6). The variable *strata* corresponds to the stratum of each observation.⁶

Additionally, the WBES datafiles contain many standard variables. The variable *d1a2_v4* denotes the main activity of the establishment, as obtained during the WBES interview, coded in the four-digit ISIC Rev. 4. Users should note that this activity may differ from the industry classification given in the Sampling Frame, *a4a*. Users are generally advised to use industry categories based on the realized information in *d1a2_v4*. Additional sampling information is contained in variables *a2* (region) and *a6a* (size). The variable *panel* identifies panel establishments, i.e., those that participated in the Finland 2020 WBES. The combination of *a4a*, *a2*, *a6a*, and *panel* forms stratum of each establishment, which is contained in variable *strata*.

⁶ Note that the sampling weights may vary within *strata* for panel establishments due to the procedure used for projecting the universe from the previous round of the survey.

The last complete fiscal year for each establishment is contained in variables a20m (last month of last complete fiscal year) and a20y (last complete fiscal year).

Note that when an entry in the WBES database is empty, this means that the question was not asked to the corresponding respondent. This happens when the question is deemed inapplicable, due to skip patterns or other reasons.

IV. Useful Links

The users of the WBES data may find the following links useful:

- *Sampling Note* is available at:
https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Sampling_Note-Consolidated-2-16-22.pdf
- The *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide* is available at:
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Enterprise-Surveys-Manual-and-Guide.pdf>
- The WBES global questionnaires are available at:
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/en/methodology>
- The projects that are currently being implemented by the Enterprise Surveys team are available at: <https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/en/project-schedule>
- The list of all WBES databases and detailed information about each is available here:
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/DataDetails.xls>
- The description of the WBES indicators is available at:
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Indicator-Description.pdf>

Fact Sheet

Source of Universe Table	Statistics Finland (2022)
Source of Sampling Frame	Statistics Finland(2022)
Levels of Universe Table and Sampling Frame	Universe Table: Establishment-level Sampling Frame: Establishment-level
Registration agency	Patentti- ja rekisterihallitus PRH ja Verohallinto
Stratification sectors	Manufacturing of: Food, Other manufacturing. Retail. Other Services.
Stratification sizes	Small (5 to 19 employees), Medium (20 to 99 employees), Large (100 or more employees).
Stratification regions	West Finland; Helsinki-Uusimaa; South Finland; North & East Finland
Contractor	Norstat Finland Oy
Fieldwork dates	March 2025 – March 2026
Interview languages	Finnish
Survey software	Survey Solutions
Currency for nominal variables	Euro
Reference fiscal year	2023 (2 obs.), 2024 (390 obs.), 2025 (207 obs.) and 2026 (3 obs.)
VAT Applicable	YES
Additional definitions	“Consumption Tax” was referred to as arvonlisävero (ALV). For the capital city (a3b) and main business city (a3c), Helsinki was entered.
Sample Size	Total: 602 Fresh: 391 Panel: 211
Survey response rates	Yield: 5.5% Response rate: 12.4% Frame quality: 44.4%
Item response rates	d2: 100.0% n2a: 97.0% 11: 100% all TFPvars ⁷ : 93.5%
Additional topics covered in the questionnaire	NA
Additional surveys available (if any)	NA

⁷ TFP stands for total factor productivity. TFP variables are d2 (annual sales), n2a (annual cost of labor), n2e (annual cost of intermediate goods) and n7e (replacement cost of capital). Response rate for TFP variables is calculated only for manufacturing establishments.

Tables

Table 1: Finland 2025 WBES Universe

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	99	748	1,517	7,592	13,369
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	47	360	292	2,219	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	16	106	33	340	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	110	834	1,283	4,646	8,798
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	44	467	176	1,050	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	11	108	9	60	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	111	943	1,055	4,347	8,385
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	54	507	169	1,004	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	15	110	14	56	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	109	1,234	1,242	5,076	10,110
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	54	686	184	1,253	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	24	148	13	87	
		694	6,251	5,987	27,730	40,662

Source: Statistics Finland (2022)

Table 2: Finland 2025 WBES Sample Frame (Fresh and Panel Combined)

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	97	240	482	1,751	3,799
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	49	379	294	199	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	18	115	33	142	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	111	303	359	829	2,675
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	52	510	182	125	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	13	118	10	63	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	117	325	274	705	2,548
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	55	554	172	130	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	16	129	14	57	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	113	456	343	1,012	3,269
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	56	687	186	128	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	24	165	13	86	
		721	3,981	2,362	5,227	12,291

Source: Statistics Finland (2022)

Table 3: Original Survey Design (Fresh and Panel Combined)

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	4	4	16	45	173
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	13	8	9	27	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	9	14	15	9	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	4	4	13	45	135
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	12	9	8	9	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	7	14	5	5	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	4	5	10	45	138
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	13	10	8	9	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	8	14	7	5	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	4	10	12	45	154
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	13	12	8	12	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	12	14	7	5	
		103	118	118	261	600

Table 4: Response Outcomes

		Totals	Rates relative to total contacted
Overall	Contacts available in frame	12,291	
	Issued	11,023	
	Contacted	10,940	
Screening phase	Eligibles	911	8.3%
	Screeners refusals	3,942	36.0%
	Assumed eligibles	4,853	44.4%
	Ineligible + out of target	2,504	22.9%
	Unobtainables	2,372	21.7%
Interview phase	Interview refusals	309	2.8%
(only if eligible)	Complete interviews	602	5.5%

Table 5: Survey Yield Rates

	Stratification	Yield	Survey response rate	Frame quality
Panel	Fresh	3.8%	8.9%	43.1%
	Panel	27.8%	45.5%	61.1%
Size	Small (5-19)	5.5%	12.1%	45.3%
	Medium (20-99)	5.8%	14.3%	40.8%
	Large (100+)	4.6%	8.9%	52.0%
Region	Helsinki-Uusimaa	3.8%	9.9%	38.2%
	North & East Finland	7.3%	15.3%	47.9%
	South Finland	5.4%	11.9%	45.4%
	West Finland	6.4%	13.0%	49.0%
Sector	Food	7.1%	11.3%	62.8%
	Other Manufacturing	7.4%	17.0%	43.8%
	Retail	3.3%	7.9%	42.5%
	Other Services	5.1%	11.9%	42.9%
Overall	Finland 2025	5.5%	12.4%	44.4%

Notes: the rates are calculated as defined in Section III.4.

Table 6: Achieved Total Sample (Fresh and Panel Combined)

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	2	12	12	61	142
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	3	17	0	24	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	0	2	0	9	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	7	23	19	37	163
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	6	40	6	14	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	2	6	2	1	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	9	16	9	32	131
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	10	21	4	13	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	1	14	0	2	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	6	21	11	51	166
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	3	40	5	11	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	3	9	0	6	
		52	221	68	261	602

Table 7: Achieved Panel Sample

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	0	8	7	15	56
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	1	9	0	10	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	0	2	0	4	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	4	16	1	4	47
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	1	16	0	2	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	1	2	0	0	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	3	12	3	4	51
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	5	9	0	5	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	1	8	0	1	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	2	15	4	12	57
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	0	19	1	0	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	0	3	0	1	
		18	119	16	58	211

Table 8: Weak Universe Estimates

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	53	407	726	4,762	8,254
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	26	198	0	1,621	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	0	35	0	425	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	113	703	676	2,890	5,784
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	40	299	129	744	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	12	72	92	14	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	58	581	572	2,457	5,187
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	76	275	205	817	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	7	94	0	46	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	70	805	547	3,608	6,676
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	41	559	145	547	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	76	108	0	169	
		572	4,137	3,092	18,100	25,901

Table 9: Median Universe Estimates

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	38	254	461	2,885	4,992
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	17	119	0	952	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	0	23	0	243	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	84	481	469	1,908	3,843
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	30	197	85	468	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	8	45	58	8	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	48	426	417	1,745	3,691
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	59	191	149	558	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	4	63	0	29	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	58	592	406	2,547	4,743
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	32	394	102	368	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	58	73	0	113	
		438	2,858	2,148	11,825	17,269

Table 10: Strict Universe Estimates

		Food	Other Manufacturing	Retail	Other Services	Grand Total
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Small (5-19)	5	31	31	323	570
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Medium (20-99)	3	20	0	127	
Helsinki-Uusimaa	Large (100 or more)	0	4	0	27	
North & East Finland	Small (5-19)	15	103	60	405	772
North & East Finland	Medium (20-99)	7	48	12	103	
North & East Finland	Large (100 or more)	2	9	5	2	
South Finland	Small (5-19)	9	66	37	268	547
South Finland	Medium (20-99)	10	33	14	90	
South Finland	Large (100 or more)	1	14	0	4	
West Finland	Small (5-19)	9	102	41	439	786
West Finland	Medium (20-99)	5	72	14	65	
West Finland	Large (100 or more)	7	12	0	19	
		74	515	213	1,873	2,674

Table 11: Item Response Rates

	Screeners/Interview	d2	I1	n2a	all TFP variables
Panel	Fresh	100.0%	100.0%	96.2%	91.5%
	Panel	100.0%	100.0%	98.6%	95.5%
Size	Small (5-19)	100.0%	100.0%	97.6%	97.8%
	Medium (20-99)	100.0%	100.0%	96.8%	91.0%
	Large (100+)	100.0%	100.0%	94.7%	91.9%
Region	Helsinki-Uusimaa	100.0%	100.0%	97.9%	97.1%
	North & East Finland	100.0%	100.0%	96.9%	93.9%
	South Finland	100.0%	100.0%	97.7%	94.1%
	West Finland	100.0%	100.0%	95.8%	91.0%
Sector	Food	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	94.2%
	Other Manufacturing	100.0%	100.0%	96.4%	93.3%
	Other Services	100.0%	100.0%	96.6%	#N/A
	Retail	100.0%	100.0%	98.5%	#N/A
Overall	Finland 2025	100.0%	100.0%	97.0%	93.5%

Notes: the rates are calculated as follows. The number of responses with informative content in the respective variable (or combination of variables in the case of TFP) is divided by the same number plus the number of responses that are "don't know" (code -9) or refusal (code -8).