

Ukraine - All-Ukrainian Population Census 2001 - IPUMS Subset

Ministry of Justice, Minnesota Population Center - University of Minnesota

Report generated on: April 19, 2019

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Sampling

Sampling Procedure

SAMPLE UNIT: Household

SAMPLE FRACTION: 10%

SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 4,889,288

Weighting

Self-weighting (expansion factor=10)

Questionnaires

Overview

Two enumeration forms. Form 1 requested information on the number and status of residents in the household and on housing characteristics. Form 2C, the census questionnaire, requested information on individual members of the household.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
2001-12-04	2001-12-14	N/A

Time Periods

Start	End	Cycle
2001-12-05	2001-12-05	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTION NOTES

De jure and de facto, CENSUS DAY: Decemeber 5, 2001, FIELD WORK PERIOD: Decemeber 4, 2001 to December 14, 2001

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

UKR2001-H-H

Content	Household records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	28
Structure	Type: relational Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number)
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V1	RECTYPE	Record type	discrete	character	
V2	YEAR	Year	discrete	numeric	
V3	SAMPLE	IPUMS sample identifier	discrete	numeric	
V4	SERIAL	Household serial number	contin	numeric	
V5	PERSONS	Number of person records in the household	contin	numeric	
V6	GEOLEV1	1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time]	discrete	numeric	
V7	ROOMS	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	
V8	URBAN	Urban-rural status	discrete	numeric	
V9	REGIONW	Continent and region of country	discrete	numeric	
V10	GQ	Group quarters (collective dwelling) status	discrete	numeric	
V11	SUBSAMP	Subsample number	discrete	numeric	
V12	UNREL	Number of unrelated persons	discrete	numeric	
V13	UA2001A_0001	Dwelling number	contin	numeric	Dwelling number
V14	UA2001A_0006	Number of persons in household	discrete	numeric	Number of persons in household
V15	UA2001A_0021	Administrative territory (Raion)	discrete	numeric	Administrative territory (Raion)
V16	UA2001A_0022	Region	discrete	numeric	Region
V17	UA2001A_0024	Urban- rural	discrete	numeric	Number of dwelling within enumeration district ___ List of household members living in this dwelling number ___ and their housing condition ___ Number of census division ___ Number of instructor's point ___ Number of counting point ___ No of dwelling within counting point ___ List of household members living in the dwelling ___ Number of questions in the census portfolio ___ Number of portfolio ___ Republic, Oblast ___ Settlement ___ Prospect, street, square, lane ___ Building number ___ Name of the house owner ___ Apartment number ___
V18	UA2001A_0025	Homeless	discrete	numeric	[] Institutional living in quarters (boarding house for old people / invalids, house for orphans, monastery, etc.) [] Homeless [] Temporary living

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V19	UA2001A_0026	Institutions	discrete	numeric	[] Institutional living in quarters (boarding house for old people / invalids, house for orphans, monastery, etc.) [] Homeless [] Temporary living
V20	UA2001A_0027	Type of premises	discrete	numeric	1. Type of living quarters [] 1 Private house [] 2 Part of private house [] 3 Individual apartment [] 4 Communal apartment [] 5 Hostel [] 6 Hotel [] 7 Other [] 8 Rented housing
V21	UA2001A_0028	Dwelling size, floor space	discrete	numeric	3. Space of private house, part of private house, individual or communal apartment (sq. m) Total ___ Living ___
V22	UA2001A_0030	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	2. Number of occupied living rooms Living Rooms ___ Part of room ___
V23	UA2001A_0033	Strata	contin	numeric	Strata
V24	HHWT	Household weight	contin	numeric	
V25	GEO1_UA	Ukraine, Region 2001 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V26	GEO2_UAX	Ukraine, Raion 2001 [Level 2; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name]	discrete	numeric	
V27	COUNTRY	Country	discrete	numeric	
V28	STRATA	Strata identifier	contin	numeric	

UKR2001-P-H

Content	Person records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	75
Structure	Type: relational Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version])
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V29	PERNUM	Person number	contin	numeric	
V30	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	
V31	CHBORN	Children ever born	discrete	numeric	
V32	SCHOOL	School attendance	discrete	numeric	
V33	LIT	Literacy	discrete	numeric	
V34	EMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V35	EMPSTATD	Activity status (employment status) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V36	BPLUA	Region of birth, Ukraine	discrete	numeric	
V37	MIGUA	Region of previous residence, Ukraine	discrete	numeric	
V38	AGE	Age	discrete	numeric	
V39	MARST	Marital status [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V40	MARSTD	Marital status [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V41	CONSENS	Consensual union	discrete	numeric	
V42	INCSRC	Source of livelihood	discrete	numeric	
V43	EMARST	Marital status, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V44	EDUCUA	Educational attainment, Ukraine	discrete	numeric	
V45	RESIDENT	Residence status: de facto, de jure	discrete	numeric	
V46	BIRTHYR	Year of birth	discrete	numeric	
V47	UA2001A_0400	Children ever born	discrete	numeric	19. Have you given birth to a child(ren)? (For females aged 15 and above) [] 1. Yes [] 2. No If yes, specify: a) Number of children you gave birth to ___ b) Number of living children ___
V48	UA2001A_0401	Sex	discrete	numeric	2. Sex [] 1. Men [] 2. Women
V49	UA2001A_0402	Age	discrete	numeric	4. Date of birth Day ___ Month ___ Year ___ Number of complete years ___

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V50	UA2001A_0403	Year of birth	discrete	numeric	4. Date of birth Day ___ Month ___ Year ___ Number of complete years ___
V51	UA2001A_0404	Marital status	discrete	numeric	9. Family status (for persons aged 15 and above) [] 1 Single [] 2 Married [] 3 Live with partner [] 4 Widow / widower [] 5 Divorced [] 6 Separated Number of wife (husband) ___
V52	UA2001A_0405	Nationality or ethnic origin	discrete	numeric	6. Ethnic Origin (indicate nationality or ethnic group) ___
V53	UA2001A_0406	Mother tongue	discrete	numeric	7. Language a) Mother language (indicate) ___ If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently [] 1. Yes [] 2. No b) Other language which you know fluently (indicate) ___
V54	UA2001A_0407	Other language of fluency	discrete	numeric	7. Language a) Mother language (indicate) ___ If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently [] 1. Yes [] 2. No b) Other language which you know fluently (indicate) ___
V55	UA2001A_0408	Fluent in Ukrainian	discrete	numeric	7. Language a) Mother language (indicate) ___ If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently [] 1. Yes [] 2. No b) Other language which you know fluently (indicate) ___
V56	UA2001A_0409	Education	discrete	numeric	10 Education (for persons aged 6 and above) [] 1 Completed high education [] 2 Basic high education [] 3 Primary high education [] 4 Uncompleted high education (for those who graduated before 1996) [] 5 Completed secondary education [] 6 Basic secondary education [] 7 Primary education [] 8 Do not have primary education [] 9 Can't write
V57	UA2001A_0410	Completed vocational school	discrete	numeric	11. Have you graduated vocational school (for persons aged 15 and above) [] 1 Yes [] 2 No
V58	UA2001A_0411	Type of educational institution	discrete	numeric	12. Type of educational establishment where you enroll (for persons aged 6 and above) [] 1. High school [] 2. Vocational school [] 3. Secondary school [] 4. Other [] 5. Do not study
V59	UA2001A_0412	Attending preschool	discrete	numeric	For persons below age 7 who do not attend school, indicate whether he/she attends preschool establishment [] 6 Yes [] 7 No
V60	UA2001A_0413	Source of livelihood	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ___
V61	UA2001A_0414	Work for enterprise, organization, institution, or agriculture sector	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ___
V62	UA2001A_0415	Work for private individual(s)	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ___

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V63	UA2001A_0416	Self employment	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V64	UA2001A_0417	Work on individual basis	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V65	UA2001A_0418	Work at own agricultural farm	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V66	UA2001A_0419	Work in family business without pay	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V67	UA2001A_0420	Work at private agriculture plot	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V68	UA2001A_0421	Property income	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V69	UA2001A_0422	Pension	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V70	UA2001A_0423	Scholarship	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V71	UA2001A_0424	Benefits (excluding unemployment benefits)	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V72	UA2001A_0425	Unemployment benefits	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V73	UA2001A_0426	Other government social security	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V74	UA2001A_0427	Dependent on others	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living [] 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm [] 2 Work for private persons [] 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) [] 4 Work performed on the individual basis [] 5 Work at own agriculture farm [] 6 Work without payment at family enterprise [] 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture [] 8 Income from property [] 9 Pension [] 10 Scholarship [] 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) [] 12 Unemployment allowances [] 13 Other government social security [] 14 Dependent [] 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V75	UA2001A_0428	Other source of livelihood	discrete	numeric	13. Sources of living <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Work for private persons <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Work performed on the individual basis <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Work at own agriculture farm <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Work without payment at family enterprise <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Income from property <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Pension <input type="checkbox"/> 10 Scholarship <input type="checkbox"/> 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) <input type="checkbox"/> 12 Unemployment allowances <input type="checkbox"/> 13 Other government social security <input type="checkbox"/> 14 Dependent <input type="checkbox"/> 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____
V76	UA2001A_0429	Class of worker	discrete	numeric	(Temporary residents do not rely to the questions 14-19) 17. Status in employment <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Employee <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Member of productive cooperative <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Employer <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Self-employed <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Unpaid family worker
V77	UA2001A_0430	Work in the territory of residence	discrete	numeric	(Temporary residents do not rely to the questions 14-19) 16. Whereabouts of your place of work <input type="checkbox"/> On the territory of my residence <input type="checkbox"/> On other territory (specify) ____ (Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country-specify)
V78	UA2001A_0431	Region or country of work	discrete	numeric	(Temporary residents do not rely to the questions 14-19) 16. Whereabouts of your place of work <input type="checkbox"/> On the territory of my residence <input type="checkbox"/> On other territory (specify) ____ (Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country-specify)
V79	UA2001A_0432	Region or country of birth	discrete	numeric	5. Place of birth (indicate: Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country) ____
V80	UA2001A_0433	Region or country of previous residence	discrete	numeric	18. Have you lived in this settlement since birth? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 2 No a. If no, indicate the year since which you have been permanently living in this settlement moving to another place falls on period from 5.12.2000 to 5.12.2001 ____ b. Place of your previous residence (specify) ____ (Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country, specify) c. Type of settlement from which you arrived <input type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Rural d. Are you: <input type="checkbox"/> Refugee <input type="checkbox"/> Deportee
V81	UA2001A_0434	Temporary absence or residence	discrete	numeric	3. Temporarily <input type="checkbox"/> 1. Absent <input type="checkbox"/> 2. Residing
V82	UA2001A_0435	Moved during the previous year	discrete	numeric	18. Have you lived in this settlement since birth? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 2 No a. If no, indicate the year since which you have been permanently living in this settlement moving to another place falls on period from 5.12.2000 to 5.12.2001 ____ b. Place of your previous residence (specify) ____ (Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country, specify) c. Type of settlement from which you arrived <input type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Rural d. Are you: <input type="checkbox"/> Refugee <input type="checkbox"/> Deportee
V83	UA2001A_0436	Continuous residence in village	discrete	numeric	18. Have you lived in this settlement since birth? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 2 No a. If no, indicate the year since which you have been permanently living in this settlement moving to another place falls on period from 5.12.2000 to 5.12.2001 ____ b. Place of your previous residence (specify) ____ (Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country, specify) c. Type of settlement from which you arrived <input type="checkbox"/> Urban <input type="checkbox"/> Rural d. Are you: <input type="checkbox"/> Refugee <input type="checkbox"/> Deportee
V84	UA2001A_0437	Ever given birth	discrete	numeric	19. Have you given birth to a child(ren)? (For females aged 15 and above) <input type="checkbox"/> 1. Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 2. No
V85	UA2001A_0438	Household head	discrete	numeric	1. Relation to the head of the household <input type="checkbox"/> 1. Head of the household <input type="checkbox"/> 2. Wife / Husband <input type="checkbox"/> 3. Daughter / Son <input type="checkbox"/> 4. Mother / Father <input type="checkbox"/> 5. Sister / Brother <input type="checkbox"/> 6. Daughter / Son in law <input type="checkbox"/> 7. Mother / Father in law <input type="checkbox"/> 8. Grandmother / Grandfather <input type="checkbox"/> 9. Granddaughter/son <input type="checkbox"/> 10. Other relative relations <input type="checkbox"/> 11. Do not have relative ties Number of mother (father) ____
V86	UA2001A_0440	Family unit number	discrete	numeric	Family unit number

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V87	RELATE	Relationship to household head [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V88	RELATED	Relationship to household head [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V89	PERWT	Person weight	contin	numeric	
V90	EDATTAIN	Educational attainment, international recode [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V91	EDATTAIND	Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V92	EEDATTAIN	Educational attainment, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V93	EEMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status), Europe	discrete	numeric	
V94	SPEAKENG	Speaks English	discrete	numeric	
V95	BPLCOUNTRY	Country of birth	discrete	numeric	
V96	MIGCTryp	Country of previous residence	discrete	numeric	
V97	NATIVITY	Nativity status	discrete	numeric	
V98	AGE2	Age, grouped into intervals	discrete	numeric	
V99	YEARP	Year [person version]	contin	numeric	
V100	SAMPLEP	IPUMS sample identifier [person version]	contin	numeric	
V101	SERIAL	Household serial number [person version]	contin	numeric	
V102	COUNTRYP	Country [person version]	contin	numeric	
V103	RECTYPEP	Record type [person version]	discrete	character	

Record type (RECTYPE)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.

NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of 'H' for household records and 'P' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

Year (YEAR)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1960-2011

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 9
Decimals: 0
Range: 32197001-894201001

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g, 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	

Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002
 Colombia 1993, 2005
 Costa Rica 1984, 2000
 Cuba 2002
 Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010
 Ecuador 1990, 2001
 Germany 1971
 Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001
 Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001
 Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000
 Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005
 Nigeria 2006
 Panama 2000
 Peru 1993, 2007
 Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001
 Spain 1991
 Uruguay 2011
 Venezuela 1990, 2001
 Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.

SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

Number of person records in the household (PERSONS)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 6	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 32002-894010	

Description

GEOLEV1 indicates the major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. First administrative units in GEOLEV1 have been spatiotemporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

Number of rooms (ROOMS)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

ROOMS indicates the number of rooms occupied by the housing unit.

Urban-rural status (URBAN)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

URBAN indicates whether the household was located in a place designated as urban or as rural.

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 11-54	

Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99. Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract 10% of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

Number of unrelated persons (UNREL)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

UNREL indicates the number of persons in the household who are unrelated to the head.

Dwelling number (UA2001A_0001)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 7
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Dwelling number (UA2001A_0001)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Description

This variable indicates dwelling number.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Dwelling number

Number of persons in household (UA2001A_0006)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-30

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates number of persons in household.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of persons in household

Administrative territory (Raion) (UA2001A_0021)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 5

Decimals: 0

Range: 1101-85000

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates code for administrative territory (Raion).

Universe

All households

Literal question

Administrative territory (Raion)

Region (UA2001A_0022)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-85

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

Region (UA2001A_0022)

File: UKR2001-H-H

This variable indicates the region where the household is located.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Region

Urban- rural (UA2001A_0024)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether household is located in a rural or urban area.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of dwelling within enumeration district ____

List of household members living in this dwelling number ____ and their housing condition ____

Number of census division ____

Number of instructor's point ____

Number of counting point ____

No of dwelling within counting point ____

List of household members living in the dwelling ____

Number of questions in the census portfolio ____

Number of portfolio ____

Republic, Oblast ____

Settlement ____

Prospect, street, square, lane ____

Building number ____

Name of the house owner ____

Apartment number ____

Homeless (UA2001A_0025)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the household is homeless.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Homeless (UA2001A_0025)

File: UKR2001-H-H

- Institutional living in quarters (boarding house for old people / invalids, house for orphans, monastery, etc.)
- Homeless
- Temporary living

Institutions (UA2001A_0026)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-2	

Description

This variable indicates whether the household is an institution.

Universe

All households

Literal question

- Institutional living in quarters (boarding house for old people / invalids, house for orphans, monastery, etc.)
- Homeless
- Temporary living

Type of premises (UA2001A_0027)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the type of premises.

Universe

Households that are not homeless, not institutions and not temporary living

Literal question

1. Type of living quarters

- 1 Private house
- 2 Part of private house
- 3 Individual apartment
- 4 Communal apartment
- 5 Hostel
- 6 Hotel
- 7 Other
- 8 Rented housing

Interviewer instructions

Type of premises (UA2001A_0027)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Household living conditions

Answers to questions 1-7 of this unit are completed for every household permanently resident in the private house, part of private house, individual apartment, communal apartment (including temporarily absent).

For households who live in hostels, hotels, other dwellings (railway carriages, barges and other temporal dwellings that are not the traditional dwellings) and do not have other permanent place of residence as well as for those households who rent the dwelling (private house, part of private house, apartment, room) only answers to questions 1 and 4-7 of this unit are completed.

Answers to questions 1-7 of this unit are not completed for households consisting of persons temporarily living in the dwelling, homeless persons and persons living in institutional dwellings (i.e. for those who has a relevant mark on the front of the form 1.

Question 1 Dwelling type

The mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

Private house is marked in case all the house is occupied by one household regardless the form of ownership.

If the house is occupied by two or more households then part of private house should be marked to each of them.

If the house consists of two or more apartments then individual apartment or communal apartment is marked according to their occupation.

Individual apartment is a dwelling that furnished and used for permanent residence, consists of one or more rooms, is separated from other dwellings by load-bearing walls (or double partitions) and has independent exit to stairway, to general hall, general lobby or directly outside, to the yard in case one household is in the dwelling.

If there are more than one household in the apartment then communal apartment should be marked to each household (even if there is one personal account on apartment). This mark is also filled to those who live in barracks and central-corridor dwellings that are not hostels.

[p.14]

If a household occupies private house or individual apartment or only a part of house floor space (apartment) and leases the rest part of house (apartment) floor space then it is assumed that the household is in a private house or individual apartment.

If a household is in a hostel (regardless the type of building: apartment dwelling, central-corridor btw dwelling, barrack as well as regardless what part of the building the household occupies: room, part of room or only a bed) then hostel is marked. Buildings where all or most part of premises and useful space are designated and furnished to collective living in communal rooms of persons who mainly do not have relative relations but collectively use all kinds of amenities and equipment (restrooms, kitchens, bathrooms and shower rooms, sanitation facilities, etc.) are related to the hostel dwelling type.

Hotel is marked to households staying in hotels, motels, etc. and do not have another place of permanent residence.

Other dwelling is marked if a household stays in railway carriages, barges and the like.

Rented housing is marked to households who rent the dwelling (private house, apartment, room, etc.) owned by other persons.

Dwelling size, floor space (UA2001A_0028)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Dwelling size, floor space (UA2001A_0028)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Description

This variable indicates the total floor space of private house, part of private house, or shared apartment (in square meters).

Universe

Private households that are not homeless or temporary living

Literal question

3. Space of private house, part of private house, individual or communal apartment (sq. m)

Total ____

Living ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 3 - Floor space of private house, part of private house, individual or communal apartment (sq.m)

Total and living floor spaces are indicated in specially outlined frameworks.

The floor space is written down in whole square meters without decimals. The record is made in figures (e.g. 5; 13; 44; 105, etc.) in specially outlined frameworks. Rounding should be guided by the rule: if five or over five decimals follow after the point then one is added, if less than five decimals follow after the point then these figures are ignored (e.g. the figures 12,5; 12,51 should be rounded to 13, and the figure 12,49 -- to 12).

Total floor space of private house, part of private house, individual or communal apartment is defined as a sum of floor space of all living rooms and ancillary facilities (kitchens, bathrooms and shower rooms, pantries, toilets, etc.), including the space of built-in closets, hallways, inside corridors.

In communal apartments the total floor space is conventionally divided among households living in the dwelling and is indicated in each of them accordingly taking into account the number of members of those households.

The total floor space does not include the space:

- of stairways, porches, elevator halls, lobbies
- occupied by projecting structural elements and heating furnaces
- adjoined buildings that are not heated (patios, porches, mansards, attics)
- detached summer kitchens, pools, sheds, gazebos, etc.

The living floor space includes the floor space of all living rooms occupied by a household.

If a household occupies a part of a room you should indicate the floor space that accounts for its share of the total floor space of the room (e.g. if the room of 24 sq.m. is occupied by two households consisting of one and two persons then each household occupies 8 and 16 sq.m. respectively).

If a household occupies only a part of the floor space and leases the rest of it then for this household both the total floor space and living floor space it owns are indicated.

Number of rooms (UA2001A_0030)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of occupied living rooms.

Universe

Private households that are not homeless or temporary living

Literal question

2. Number of occupied living rooms

Living Rooms ____

Part of room ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of rooms (UA2001A_0030)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Question 2 Number of occupied living rooms

Living room is the premises designated for living and separated from other premises (rooms) with partitions. Mansards, attics, heated patios and terraces, equipped and suitable for permanent living in them throughout the year are included in the number of living rooms. Kitchens, hallways, corridors, bathrooms and shower rooms, pantries, and other ancillary facilities are not included in the number of living rooms in the apartment and hostel.

The number of living rooms occupied by the household is numerated (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4 .. 10, etc.) in a specially outlined framework.

The mark part of the room is written down in case a household occupies only a part of the room.

[p.15]

If a household occupies two or more rooms but a part of them is rented, then the total number of living rooms occupied by the household is indicated (including those rented).

Strata (UA2001A_0033)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 6
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Universe

All households

Literal question

Strata

Household weight (HHWT)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Ukraine, Region 2001 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1_UA)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Ukraine, Region 2001 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1_UA)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 6
Decimals: 0
Range: 804001-804085

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEO1_UA identifies the household's region within Ukraine in 2001. Regions are the first level administrative units of the country. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_UA can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for Ukraine can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for Ukraine. Year specific geography and maps along with variables that are spatially harmonized at the second level of geography will become available in the near future.

Ukraine, Raion 2001 [Level 2; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name] (GEO2_UAX)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 1101-85000

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEO2_UAX identifies the household's raion within Ukraine in 2008. Raions are the second level administrative units of the country, after regions. GEO2_UAX is harmonized by name and does not account for boundary changes over time.

The full set of geography variables for Ukraine can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for Ukraine. Year specific geography and maps along with variables that are spatially harmonized at the second level of geography will become available in the near future.

Country (COUNTRY)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 32-894

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

Strata identifier (STRATA)

File: UKR2001-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 12
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable is the strata identifier for the sample. The STRATA variable provides information about the sample design that can be used to improve estimation.

Person number (PERNUM)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with "1" for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

Sex (SEX)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

Children ever born (CHBORN)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

CHBORN reports the number of children ever born to each woman of whom the question was asked. In most samples, women were to report all live births by all fathers, whether or not the child was still living.

School attendance (SCHOOL)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

SCHOOL indicates whether or not the person attended school at the time of the census or within some specified period of time prior to the census.

Literacy (LIT)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

LIT indicates whether or not the respondent could read and write in any language. A person is typically considered literate if he or she can both read and write. All other persons are illiterate, including those who can either read or write but cannot do both.

Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] (EMPSTATD)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Region of birth, Ukraine (BPLUA)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Region of birth, Ukraine (BPLUA)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BPLUA indicates the person's region of birth within Ukraine.

Region of previous residence, Ukraine (MIGUA)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MIGUA indicates the region in Ukraine where the person lived previously.

Age (AGE)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

Marital status [general version] (MARST)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Consensual union (CONSENS)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

CONSENS indicates whether the respondent was in a consensual union -- a de facto marriage.

Source of livelihood (INCSRC)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description

INCSRC indicates the respondent's primary source of livelihood, whether from work, benefits, or various other categories.

Marital status, Europe (EMARST)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

Marital status, Europe (EMARST)

File: UKR2001-P-H

EMARST describes for the European samples the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. European census instructions generally limit marital status to legal unions, but there are exceptions.

EMARST has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

Educational attainment, Ukraine (EDUCUA)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-98

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDUCUA indicates the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed.

Residence status: de facto, de jure (RESIDENT)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RESIDENT identifies whether an enumerated person is a household resident or a visitor and whether she or he was present at the time of enumeration. This variable is available only in samples that enumerated both de facto and de jure residents. It can be used to eliminate the double-counting of persons who were enumerated both at their permanent residence and at the residence they were visiting on census night.

De jure population: present residents and absent residents.

De facto population: present residents and visitors/non-residents.

Year of birth (BIRTHYR)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BIRTHYR gives the person's year of birth.

Children ever born (UA2001A_0400)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of children born to the woman.

Universe

Females age 15+

Literal question

19. Have you given birth to a child(ren)?
(For females aged 15 and above)

1. Yes
 2. No

If yes, specify:

- a) Number of children you gave birth to ____
b) Number of living children ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 19 - Have you given birth to a child(ren)?
(For women aged 15 and above)

A mark is written down that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response to women aged 15 and above (both those who are married (registered or unregistered) and are not married).

If yes is marked, then

a. the number of children were born you should indicate the total number of born children (excluding stillbirths), regardless of whether all children are alive at present or not and whether they are in this household with this woman or live separately. At that adopted children as well as husband's children from a previous marriage are not included in the number of children to whom birth was given by this woman.

b. how many of them are alive you should indicate the number of alive children at the time of population census. If at the time of population census all children born by a woman are not alive, you should write down 0 in point b.

Answers in points a and b are written down in a specially outlined boxes in figures (eg 1, 2, 3 .. 10, etc.).

If a woman has not given birth to a child no is marked and in points a and b you should write down 0.

To persons aged under 15 the answers to these questions are usually not filled. If only a woman gave birth to children, you should write down the number of children born by the woman and indicate how many of them are alive.

Sex (UA2001A_0401)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's sex.

Sex (UA2001A_0401)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Universe

All persons

Literal question

2. Sex

1. Men

2. Women

Interviewer instructions

Question 2 ? Gender

The mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

Age (UA2001A_0402)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's age (at the date of the census, December 5, 2001).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Date of birth

Day ____

Month ____

Year ____

Number of complete years ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 4 - Date of birth

The answer on the day, month and year of birth is written down in figures in specially outlined frameworks.

[An example is omitted.]

[p.19]

It is not allowed to approximate or round the day, month and year of birth (e.g., for those who were born on the 9th or 11th you couldn't write the 10th; for those who were born in 1939 you couldn't write they were born in 1940, etc.). If the person enumerated indicated the year of birth ending with 0 or 5, you should make sure that he indicated the year correctly without rounding.

After the recording of the date of birth and without additional asking the respondent an enumerator determines and writes down the number of years that have passed in a specially outlined framework using the Supplemented table for indication the years for persons whose year of birth is known as of 5th of December 2001 (Appendix 1). For children less than 1 year 0 is written down.

Year of birth (UA2001A_0403)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Year of birth (UA2001A_0403)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1910-9999	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's year of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Date of birth

Day ____
 Month ____
 Year ____
 Number of complete years ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 4 - Date of birth

The answer on the day, month and year of birth is written down in figures in specially outlined frameworks.

[An example is omitted.]

[p.19]

It is not allowed to approximate or round the day, month and year of birth (e.g., for those who were born on the 9th or 11th you couldn't write the 10th; for those who were born in 1939 you couldn't write they were born in 1940, etc.). If the person enumerated indicated the year of birth ending with 0 or 5, you should make sure that he indicated the year correctly without rounding.

After the recording of the date of birth and without additional asking the respondent an enumerator determines and writes down the number of years that have passed in a specially outlined framework using the Supplemented table for indication the years for persons whose year of birth is known as of 5th of December 2001 (Appendix 1). For children less than 1 year 0 is written down.

Marital status (UA2001A_0404)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's marital status.

Universe

Persons age 15+

Literal question

Marital status (UA2001A_0404)

File: UKR2001-P-H

9. Family status (for persons aged 15 and above)

- 1 Single
 - 2 Married
 - 3 Live with partner
 - 4 Widow / widower
 - 5 Divorced
 - 6 Separated
- Number of wife (husband) ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 9 - Family status (for persons aged 15 and above)

The mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down to persons aged 15 and above.

[p.21]

Single (never married) is marked to persons who were never married.

Married is marked to persons who are within marriage registered in RAGS [office of civil registration].

Live with partner is marked to persons who are within marriage not registered in RAGS.

Widower/widow is marked to persons who were within marriage (regardless the marriage was registered or not) that ended because of husband's (wife's) death and who didn't get married again.

Divorced is marked to persons who were within registered marriage before and now they are not married and their divorce is registered in RAGS.

Separated is marked to persons who were within unregistered marriage before but now they are not married and their separation is not registered in RAGS. It is also marked to persons who were within unregistered marriage before and for now they broke up.

If there is a married couple within a household then to husband in a specially outlined framework you should fill out the number under which his wife is written down within the household (graph 1 of form 1) and to wife -- the number under which her husband is written down. If only one (husband or wife) of married couple is written down within the household then the number is not filled out.

The answer to this question is not generally written down to persons under 15 years; only in case the respondents are actually married you should write down the relative mark.

Nationality or ethnic origin (UA2001A_0405)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's ethnic origin (nationality or ethnic group).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

6. Ethnic Origin (indicate nationality or ethnic group) ____

Interviewer instructions

Nationality or ethnic origin (UA2001A_0405)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 6 - Ethnic origin (indicate nationality or ethnic group)

Nationality or ethnic group indicated by the respondent himself/herself is written down. Children's nationality is indicated by parents. In case there are difficulties with children nationality determining when parents are of different nationalities mother's nationality is of preference.

Mother tongue (UA2001A_0406)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's mother tongue.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

7. Language

a) Mother language (indicate) ____

If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently

1. Yes

2. No

b) Other language which you know fluently (indicate) ____

Interviewer instructions

Mother tongue (UA2001A_0406)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 7- Language

a. Mother language.

The language the respondent considers his/her mother language is written down in answer to this question.

[p.20]

Mother language may be different from nationality. If the person has difficulties in determining his/her mother language then you should write down the language he/she speaks the best or the language he/she usually uses in every day life and at home.

The mother language of children who are not able to speak yet and other little children is determined by parents. If parents have difficulties in determining the mother language of the child, you should write the language usually spoken at home.

The mother language of deaf-and-dumb is considered the language in which they read and write, or the language used by members of their households or those persons with whom they mostly communicate.

b. If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please, indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently (In this part of the question no marks are written down to persons who indicated Ukrainian as their mother language). Yes is marked to respondents who know Ukrainian fluently i.e. who can read, write and speak Ukrainian fluently or just speak Ukrainian fluently. In other cases 'no' is marked.

c. Other language which you know fluently (indicate).

To persons who know other language fluently, i.e. who can read, write and speak or just speak other language fluently the name of the language is written down (Russian, Byelorussian, Polish, English, German, etc.). If a respondent knows three or more languages fluently (along with the mother language) then you should write down only the language the person knows the best. In this part of the question to persons who do not know other languages as well as to children who are not able to speak yet 'no' is marked.

Other language of fluency (UA2001A_0407)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's other language of fluency.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

7. Language

a) Mother language (indicate) ____

If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently

1. Yes

2. No

b) Other language which you know fluently (indicate) ____

Interviewer instructions

Other language of fluency (UA2001A_0407)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 7- Language

a. Mother language.

The language the respondent considers his/her mother language is written down in answer to this question.

[p.20]

Mother language may be different from nationality. If the person has difficulties in determining his/her mother language then you should write down the language he/she speaks the best or the language he/she usually uses in every day life and at home.

The mother language of children who are not able to speak yet and other little children is determined by parents. If parents have difficulties in determining the mother language of the child, you should write the language usually spoken at home.

The mother language of deaf-and-dumb is considered the language in which they read and write, or the language used by members of their households or those persons with whom they mostly communicate.

b. If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please, indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently (In this part of the question no marks are written down to persons who indicated Ukrainian as their mother language). Yes is marked to respondents who know Ukrainian fluently i.e. who can read, write and speak Ukrainian fluently or just speak Ukrainian fluently. In other cases 'no' is marked.

c. Other language which you know fluently (indicate).

To persons who know other language fluently, i.e. who can read, write and speak or just speak other language fluently the name of the language is written down (Russian, Byelorussian, Polish, English, German, etc.). If a respondent knows three or more languages fluently (along with the mother language) then you should write down only the language the person knows the best. In this part of the question to persons who do not know other languages as well as to children who are not able to speak yet 'no' is marked.

Fluent in Ukrainian (UA2001A_0408)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent can write or speak Ukrainian fluently (if Ukrainian is not native language).

Universe

Persons whose mother language is not Ukrainian

Literal question

7. Language

a) Mother language (indicate) ____

If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently

1. Yes

2. No

b) Other language which you know fluently (indicate) ____

Interviewer instructions

Fluent in Ukrainian (UA2001A_0408)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 7- Language

a. Mother language.

The language the respondent considers his/her mother language is written down in answer to this question.

[p.20]

Mother language may be different from nationality. If the person has difficulties in determining his/her mother language then you should write down the language he/she speaks the best or the language he/she usually uses in every day life and at home.

The mother language of children who are not able to speak yet and other little children is determined by parents. If parents have difficulties in determining the mother language of the child, you should write the language usually spoken at home.

The mother language of deaf-and-dumb is considered the language in which they read and write, or the language used by members of their households or those persons with whom they mostly communicate.

b. If Ukrainian is not your mother language, please, indicate whether you know Ukrainian fluently (In this part of the question no marks are written down to persons who indicated Ukrainian as their mother language). Yes is marked to respondents who know Ukrainian fluently i.e. who can read, write and speak Ukrainian fluently or just speak Ukrainian fluently. In other cases 'no' is marked.

c. Other language which you know fluently (indicate).

To persons who know other language fluently, i.e. who can read, write and speak or just speak other language fluently the name of the language is written down (Russian, Byelorussian, Polish, English, German, etc.). If a respondent knows three or more languages fluently (along with the mother language) then you should write down only the language the person knows the best. In this part of the question to persons who do not know other languages as well as to children who are not able to speak yet 'no' is marked.

Education (UA2001A_0409)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's education (for persons age 6 and older).

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

10 Education (for persons aged 6 and above)

- 1 Completed high education
- 2 Basic high education
- 3 Primary high education
- 4 Uncompleted high education (for those who graduated before 1996)
- 5 Completed secondary education
- 6 Basic secondary education
- 7 Primary education
- 8 Do not have primary education
- 9 Can't write

Interviewer instructions

Education (UA2001A_0409)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 10 - Your education (for persons aged 6 and above)

Persons aged 6 and above are filled with a mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response.

Determining the responder's educational level you should have in mind that educational levels, established in Ukraine since 1996 under the current legislation, conditionally meet the educational levels functioned before 1996, as follows:

Current educational levels [and corresponding] educational levels functioned before 1996

- a. completed high education, basic high education - high education
- b. primary high education, completed general secondary education - specialized secondary education, uncompleted high education, general secondary education
- c. basic general secondary education, primary general education - uncompleted secondary education, primary education

[p.22]

Completed high education is marked to those who graduated from the higher educational establishment - academy, institute, conservatory, university or other equivalent higher educational establishments that provide educational and qualification levels: specialist, master.

Basic high education is marked to those who graduated from the higher educational establishment - college and other equivalent higher educational establishments that provide educational and qualification level: bachelor.

Primary high education is marked to those who graduated from the technical school, specialized school or other equivalent higher educational establishments that provide educational and qualification level: junior specialist, as well as those who in 1996 and earlier graduated from the technical school, specialized school or other specialized secondary educational establishment.

Uncompleted high education is marked to those who in 1996 and earlier studied in higher educational establishments, have passed a half or more than a half period of study but have not completed it. Those who in 1996 and earlier studied in higher educational establishments and have passed less than a half period of study are marked with the level of education that they had before entering the higher educational establishment.

Completed general secondary education is marked to those who graduated from high school: eleven/ten years of study; graduated from pre-revolutionary gymnasium [a secondary school that prepares pupils for university], non-classical secondary school, for-profit specialized school or other secondary general school.

Persons who have completed vocational school and got along with the profession and qualification of skilled worker complete general secondary education or got the profession and qualification of skilled worker on the basis of secondary education are marked with complete general secondary, other persons are marked with the level of education that they had before entering this school.

Basic general secondary education is marked to those who graduated from primary school, that is to those who completed eight years of school in 1963-1989, seven-year school or 7 classes in 1961 and earlier, 8, 9 classes of middle school in 1963-1989, 10 classes of eleven-year school; are studying in the 10-11th forms; in vocational school (except persons with complete general secondary education); dropped out of the 8th form in 1959/60 academic year and earlier; of the 9th form in 1988/89 academic year and earlier; of the 10-11th forms or of the vocational school (except persons with complete general secondary education).

Primary general education is marked to those who finished primary school or 3 classes in 1972 and later; 6-4 classes; 7 classes in 1960 and later; 8 classes in 1990 and later; are studying in the 5-9th forms; dropped out of the 4th form in 1972/73 academic year and later; of the 5-7th forms, of the 8th form in the 1960/61 school year and later; of the 9th form in 1989/90 academic year and later.

[p.23]

Do not have primary general education is marked to persons aged 6 years and above (both to those who study and those who do not study), persons who do not have primary general education but can read and write in any language or just read (even if slowly).

Determining the level of education of persons who did not get complete general secondary education one should be guided by the Supplemented table (Appendix 2).

Persons aged 6 years and above who cannot read are marked with illiterate.

Graduation from correspondence and evening schools, as well as school of external studies is equated with graduation from the respective educational establishment. Those who graduated from educational establishments that do not provide general education (e.g., instructor-auditing schools, retraining and refresher courses, etc.), as well as those who are studying in these educational establishments are marked with education got by them before entering these educational establishments.

The answer to this question is not filled for children younger than 6 years.

If you have difficulties with determining the level of education it is necessary to write down the name of higher type of educational establishments finished by respondent in the box "Graduated educational establishment, how many classes (courses), what year". Write down how many classes (courses) were completed and when in a specially outlined boxes.

Completed vocational school (UA2001A_0410)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent has completed vocational school (persons age 15 and older).

Universe

Persons age 15+

Literal question

11. Have you graduated vocational school (for persons aged 15 and above)

- 1 Yes
 2 No

Interviewer instructions

Question 11 - You have completed vocational school (for persons aged 15 years and above)

Persons aged 15 years and above are filled with a mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response.

Yes is marked to those who graduated secondary or other vocational school, handicraft school, branch vocational school, manufacturing training school or factory apprenticeship and also technical school in any year.

Persons who have not completed vocational school, as well as those who are studying at vocational school now are marked no.

Type of educational institution (UA2001A_0411)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of educational institution of study that the respondent attends (persons aged 6 years and older).

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

12. Type of educational establishment where you enroll (for persons aged 6 and above)

1. High school
 2. Vocational school
 3. Secondary school
 4. Other
 5. Do not study

Interviewer instructions

Type of educational institution (UA2001A_0411)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 12 - Type of educational establishment where you study (for persons aged 6 years and above)

Persons aged 6 years and above who study at all daytime, evening and correspondence educational establishments and courses with the term of studying 12 months and more regardless off-the job or on the job studying are filled with a mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response.

[p.24]

Higher is marked to those who study at higher educational establishments -- academies, universities, institutes, colleges, technical schools, vocational schools, etc.

Vocational is marked to those who study at vocational schools, art schools, professional schools of social rehabilitation, schools-agricultural firms, plant-schools, training and production centres, centres for training and retraining of workers, training centres and other types of establishments that provide working profession

General is marked to those who study at senior, basic, elementary day schools (including boarding schools), evening (shift-system) schools (classes), in a full-time / correspondence groups in general schools as well as at schools for children with mental and physical development defects.

Other educational establishment (courses) is marked to those who study at schools and courses with the term of studying 12 months or more that do not provide general education (e.g., training and skill development courses, preparatory courses at educational establishments) and courses that provide professional qualification. For those who study at two educational establishments at the same time, one should note the higher type of educational establishments.

Do not study is marked to persons aged 6 years and above, who do not attend school, as well as to pupils of coterie regardless of the duration of training.

The answer to this question is not filled for children under 6 years.

For persons aged 7 years who do not attend school, one should specify whether they attend pre-school establishments.

Yes is marked for children who attend preschool establishments -- nurseries, kindergartens, etc. If at the time of census a child temporarily does not attend a pre-school, for example due to illness, one should mark yes.

No is marked to children under 7 years who do not attend kindergartens.

Attending preschool (UA2001A_0412)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is attending preschool (persons under age 7 who do not attend school).

Universe

Persons under age 7 who do not attend school

Literal question

For persons below age 7 who do not attend school, indicate whether he/she attends preschool establishment

6 Yes

7 No

Interviewer instructions

Attending preschool (UA2001A_0412)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 12 - Type of educational establishment where you study (for persons aged 6 years and above)

Persons aged 6 years and above who study at all daytime, evening and correspondence educational establishments and courses with the term of studying 12 months and more regardless off-the job or on the job studying are filled with a mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response.

[p.24]

Higher is marked to those who study at higher educational establishments -- academies, universities, institutes, colleges, technical schools, vocational schools, etc.

Vocational is marked to those who study at vocational schools, art schools, professional schools of social rehabilitation, schools-agricultural firms, plant-schools, training and production centres, centres for training and retraining of workers, training centres and other types of establishments that provide working profession

General is marked to those who study at senior, basic, elementary day schools (including boarding schools), evening (shift-system) schools (classes), in a full-time / correspondence groups in general schools as well as at schools for children with mental and physical development defects.

Other educational establishment (courses) is marked to those who study at schools and courses with the term of studying 12 months or more that do not provide general education (e.g., training and skill development courses, preparatory courses at educational establishments) and courses that provide professional qualification. For those who study at two educational establishments at the same time, one should note the higher type of educational establishments.

Do not study is marked to persons aged 6 years and above, who do not attend school, as well as to pupils of coterie regardless of the duration of training.

The answer to this question is not filled for children under 6 years.

For persons aged 7 years who do not attend school, one should specify whether they attend pre-school establishments.

Yes is marked for children who attend preschool establishments -- nurseries, kindergartens, etc. If at the time of census a child temporarily does not attend a pre-school, for example due to illness, one should mark yes.

No is marked to children under 7 years who do not attend kindergartens.

Source of livelihood (UA2001A_0413)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	
Description	
This variable indicates the respondent's most major source of livelihood.	
Universe	
All persons	
Literal question	
13. Sources of living	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Work for private persons <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Self-employed (own enterprise) <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Work performed on the individual basis <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Work at own agriculture farm <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Work without payment at family enterprise <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Income from property <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Pension <input type="checkbox"/> 10 Scholarship <input type="checkbox"/> 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) <input type="checkbox"/> 12 Unemployment allowances <input type="checkbox"/> 13 Other government social security <input type="checkbox"/> 14 Dependent <input type="checkbox"/> 15 Other source No of the main source of living ____	

Source of livelihood (UA2001A_0413)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Interviewer instructions

Source of livelihood (UA2001A_0413)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Work for enterprise, organization, institution, or agriculture sector (UA2001A_0414)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent works for enterprise, organization, institution, farm.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Work for enterprise, organization, institution, or agriculture sector (UA2001A_0414)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Work for private individual(s) (UA2001A_0415)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent works for private persons.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Work for private individual(s) (UA2001A_0415)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Self employment (UA2001A_0416)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is self-employed (own enterprise).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Self employment (UA2001A_0416)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Work on individual basis (UA2001A_0417)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent works on individual basis.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Work on individual basis (UA2001A_0417)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

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For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Work at own agricultural farm (UA2001A_0418)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent works on his or her own agricultural farm.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Work at own agricultural farm (UA2001A_0418)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Work in family business without pay (UA2001A_0419)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent works for a family business without pay.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Work in family business without pay (UA2001A_0419)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Work at private agriculture plot (UA2001A_0420)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent works for a private subsidiary agricultural enterprise.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Work at private agriculture plot (UA2001A_0420)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Property income (UA2001A_0421)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent earns income from property.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Property income (UA2001A_0421)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Pension (UA2001A_0422)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent receives a pension.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Pension (UA2001A_0422)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Scholarship (UA2001A_0423)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent receives a scholarship.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Scholarship (UA2001A_0423)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Benefits (excluding unemployment benefits) (UA2001A_0424)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent receives assistance (excluding unemployment benefits).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Benefits (excluding unemployment benefits) (UA2001A_0424)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Unemployment benefits (UA2001A_0425)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent receives unemployment assistance.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Unemployment benefits (UA2001A_0425)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

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Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

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For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Other government social security (UA2001A_0426)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent receives another kind of public support (government social security).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Other government social security (UA2001A_0426)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

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Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances) is marked to persons who receive the state social allowances. However, it is marked to those to whom this assistance is granted but not to those who receive it.

For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Dependent on others (UA2001A_0427)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is dependent on others.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Dependent on others (UA2001A_0427)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

Running a business of own is marked to persons who are engaged in own business as individual owners of the company or as members of the owners group of the company in order to earn income or family income in cash or in kind.

[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

Working at own agriculture (farming) enterprise" is marked to persons who are engaged in their own agriculture (farming) enterprise, registered according to established procedure, that uses its own or leased land and property, produces agricultural products and provides its processing and marketing. Thus the owner of such enterprise can be either an individual or household in whole or its part.

Working at the family enterprise without payment is marked to persons who do any unpaid work at the private or family enterprise, agricultural enterprise owned by one of the members of the household of that person.

Working at private plot is marked to persons who are engaged in private farm activities related to the production of agricultural products or caring for livestock, regardless the products will be used for selling (exchanging) or personal consumption .

Income from property is marked to persons who receive income from their own enterprise (at that, the owner does not work at the enterprise); persons who receive income in the form of rent for leased land, homes, cottages, garages and other property owned by the person; persons who receive income in the form of interest on deposits, credit, bank loan; shareholders who receive income in the form of dividends from the joint-stock company, currency difference for the sold shares and, etc.

Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

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For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

Dependant is also marked to persons for whom alimony are paid. For example, if alimony is paid for minor children, even if it is received by their mother (father), "dependant" is marked to children but not to mother (father).

Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Other source of livelihood (UA2001A_0428)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent has another source of livelihood.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

13. Sources of living

- 1 Work for enterprise, organization, institution, farm
 - 2 Work for private persons
 - 3 Self-employed (own enterprise)
 - 4 Work performed on the individual basis
 - 5 Work at own agriculture farm
 - 6 Work without payment at family enterprise
 - 7 Work at private subsidiary agriculture
 - 8 Income from property
 - 9 Pension
 - 10 Scholarship
 - 11 Benefits (excluding unemployment allowances)
 - 12 Unemployment allowances
 - 13 Other government social security
 - 14 Dependent
 - 15 Other source
- No of the main source of living ____

Interviewer instructions

Other source of livelihood (UA2001A_0428)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 13 - Your sources of living

Before you ask questions, you must give the respondent a card with a list of sources of living.

[p.25]

After reviewing the card respondent indicates one or more sources of living among the listed. Based on the received response in the census questionnaire you should make marks that correspond to one or more of the mentioned variants of responses.

In specially outlined box you should write down the number of source of living, which the respondent considers to be the main. Thus the main source of living should be considered the source, income from which is the largest part of the total respondent's income.

Working in enterprise, organization, institution, agriculture (farmer) sector is marked to persons who have entered into a written employment agreement, contract or verbal arrangement with the administration of enterprise, organization, institution or with individual about the conditions of work as well as payment and are employed in enterprises, organizations, institutions of all forms of ownership, such as in state or municipal enterprise, agriculture (farmer) sector, joint stock company, private or joint enterprise, public or religious organization, funds, production cooperative, etc.

This source as a means of living is also marked to persons occupied an elective position; pensioners and students who have a permanent job; those who study at training and skills development courses; persons who worked at seasonal jobs in spring, summer or autumn (such as at peat field, timber rafting (floating), water transport, fisheries), although at the time of population Census do not work; family members who work in family business for a fee on a common basis; women who were on leave to care for a child until she/he (a child) reaches the age of three or six years; persons who were on leave without retention or partial retention of wages initiated by the administration of enterprise, organization, institution; persons who do not work for three weeks or less due to job changing; persons who performed or are performing paid community work obtained through the employment service.

Working for individuals is marked to those who are employed by individuals (personal secretaries, domestic workers, nurses, drivers, guards, etc.).

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[p.26]

Collective owners include members of producers' cooperatives (except employed by cooperatives), members of associations and other collective enterprises. Those who are working in his/her own enterprise can carry out its own production activities both involving the employees or not.

Working on an individual basis is marked to persons who are self-employed and are not in the staff of an enterprise, institution or organization (self-employment: dentist, hairdresser, photographer, etc.); to persons who are engaged in business activities, including the production or craft (e.g., individual activities in trade, individual repair of apartments, tailoring, etc.), as well as to persons with liberal profession engaged in creative activity that brings income and are not in the staff of an enterprise, organization and institution (writers, composers, etc.).

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Pension is marked to persons who receive old-age pension, disability pension, long service pension, survivor pension, social pension. The "pension" is marked to persons whom it is granted to, but not to those who receive it (for example, "survivor pension" that is granted for children is marked to children, but not to the mother or father, even if they receive this pension).

[p.27]

Scholarship is marked to persons who study and receive a scholarship (including scholars to whom a scholarship is paid by enterprises, organizations or employment service that sent them to training).

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For example, for mothers or persons replacing them you should mark allowance due to pregnancy and childbirth; child care allowances until the age of three; payments to mothers (parents) who take care of three or more children under 16 years; allowance for a disabled child care; allowance for children under 16 years old (students - up to 18 years); allowance to single mothers; allowance for military servant's children; allowance for children under guardianship.

Unemployment allowances is marked to capable persons of working age who are registered at the state employment service as unemployed and receive unemployment allowances or financial aid on unemployment.

Other governmental social security is marked to orphans and pupils of boarding schools; to persons who live in nursing homes for elderly and disabled, etc.; to persons who are at government or social organization maintenance.

Dependant is marked to persons who are engaged in cooking in household, caring for children or other relatives, etc., and to persons who live off relatives or others' money.

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Other source is marked to persons whose source of living is a source that is not included in the mentioned above (e.g., savings) and also to ministers of religion (priests, rabbis, etc.)

Those who do not work 22 days or more due to job changing, source of their living is marked (such as "Dependant", "Other source", etc.).

Class of worker (UA2001A_0429)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the status of the respondent with respect to his or her employment.

Universe

Usual residents

Literal question

(Temporary residents do not rely to the questions 14-19)

17. Status in employment

- 1 Employee
- 2 Member of productive cooperative
- 3 Employer
- 4 Self-employed
- 5 Unpaid family worker

Interviewer instructions

Instructions for recording responses to questions 14-19 in a census questionnaire

Questions 14-19 in the form 2C are filled only for respondents who are permanently resident in the dwelling (including temporarily absent). For persons who live in this dwelling temporarily, i.e. for those to whom in the form 1 "temporarily living in the dwelling" is marked, responses to questions 14-19 in the form 2C are not filled.

Question 17 -Your status in employment (your occupation?)

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

The status of persons in employment is defined by the place of work and occupation that is the answer to the questions 14 and 15 in the form 2C.

Employed is marked to persons who work under employment agreement, contract or oral arrangement with management of enterprise, organization, institution of any form of ownership or with individual and obtain a reward in the form of remuneration of labour (money or in kind).

[p.33]

This mark is also written down to persons who are selected to elective position; members of the family who work at family enterprise with remuneration of labour on the usual terms; employed in the field of religious faiths.

Member of collective enterprise, cooperative is marked to persons who own the part of property of the enterprise (cooperative) that produces goods or provides services they work at. Thus each member of the owners group has equal rights with other members concerning production process management, sales of products, investment, profit distribution and so on.

Employer is marked to persons who run their own business or are engaged in professional or commercial activity on an independent basis and employ one or more workers to do this work.

Self-employed is marked to persons who run their own business or engaged in professional or commercial activity on an independent individual basis and do not employ workers to do this work.

Family member who works without payment is marked to persons who work without fixed payment and legal arrangements of labor relations at family enterprise headed by one of the household's member and income from which is shared by all members of household.

Work in the territory of residence (UA2001A_0430)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent's location of work is in his or her territory of residence.

Universe

Usual residents

Literal question

(Temporary residents do not rely to the questions 14-19)

16. Whereabouts of your place of work

On the territory of my residence

On other territory (specify) _____

(Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country-specify)

Interviewer instructions

Instructions for recording responses to questions 14-19 in a census questionnaire

Questions 14-19 in the form 2C are filled only for respondents who are permanently resident in the dwelling (including temporarily absent). For persons who live in this dwelling temporarily, i.e. for those to whom in the form 1 "temporarily living in the dwelling" is marked, responses to questions 14-19 in the form 2C are not filled.

Question 16 - Location of your work

The answer to this question is filled to all persons, to whom answers to the questions 14 and 15 of the form 2 C were filled.

In the territory of residence is marked to persons whose place of work is located in the territory of their permanent (usual) residence.

To the workers in the territory that is not the same with the territory of permanent (usual) residence you should write down one of the following name: the Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Vinnytska, Volynska, Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, Zhytomyrska, Zakarpatska, Zaporizka, Ivano-Frankivska, Kyivska, Kirovohradska, Luhanska, Lvivska, Mykolaivska, Odeska, Poltavska, Rivnenska, Sumaska, Ternopilaska, Kharkivska, Khersonska, Cherkaska, Chernivetska oblasts, Kyiv and Sevastopol cities or the name of other state.

For example, if a respondent permanently resides in Donetska oblast and works in Luhanska oblast or in Russia, you should indicate Luhanska oblast or Russia.

Region or country of work (UA2001A_0431)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the region or country where the respondent works.

Universe

Usual residents

Region or country of work (UA2001A_0431)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Literal question

(Temporary residents do not rely to the questions 14-19)

16. Whereabouts of your place of work

On the territory of my residence

On other territory (specify) ____

(Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country-specify)

Interviewer instructions

Instructions for recording responses to questions 14-19 in a census questionnaire

Questions 14-19 in the form 2C are filled only for respondents who are permanently resident in the dwelling (including temporarily absent). For persons who live in this dwelling temporarily, i.e. for those to whom in the form 1 "temporarily living in the dwelling" is marked, responses to questions 14-19 in the form 2C are not filled.

Question 16 - Location of your work

The answer to this question is filled to all persons, to whom answers to the questions 14 and 15 of the form 2 C were filled.

In the territory of residence is marked to persons whose place of work is located in the territory of their permanent (usual) residence.

To the workers in the territory that is not the same with the territory of permanent (usual) residence you should write down one of the following name: the Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Vinnytska, Volynska, Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, Zhytomyrska, Zakarpatska, Zaporizka, Ivano-Frankivska, Kyivska, Kirovohradska, Luhanska, Lvivska, Mykolaivska, Odeska, Poltavska, Rivnenska, Sumska, Ternopilska, Kharkivska, Khersonska, Cherkaska, Chernivetska oblasts, Kyiv and Sevastopol cities or the name of other state.

For example, if a respondent permanently resides in Donetska oblast and works in Luhanska oblast or in Russia, you should indicate Luhanska oblast or Russia.

Region or country of birth (UA2001A_0432)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 3

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's region or country of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Place of birth (indicate: Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country) ____

Interviewer instructions

Region or country of birth (UA2001A_0432)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 5 - Place of birth (indicate: Autonomous Republic of Crimea, oblast, Kyiv, Sevastopol, other country)

To persons who were born in the territory of Ukraine one of the following is written down in answer to this question: Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Vinnytska, Volynska, Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, Zhytomyrska, Zakarpatska, Zaporizka, Ivano-Frankivska, Kyivska, Kirovohradska, Luhanska, Lvivska, Mykolaiivska, Odeska, Polavska, Rivnenska, Sumska, Ternopil'ska, Kharkivska, Khersonska, Khmelnytska, Cherkaska, Chernivetska Chernihivska oblasts, Kyiv city and Sevastopol city.

To persons who were born in other countries the country where they were born is specified (e.g., Russia, Kazakhstan, Poland, Hungary, etc.).

Region or country of previous residence (UA2001A_0433)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's region or country of previous residence.

Universe

Persons who are not temporary residents and have not lived in current residence since birth

Literal question

18. Have you lived in this settlement since birth?

- 1 Yes
 2 No

a. If no, indicate the year since which you have been permanently living in this settlement moving to another place falls on period from 5.12.2000 to 5.12.2001 ____

b. Place of your previous residence (specify) ____
(Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country, specify)

c. Type of settlement from which you arrived

- Urban
 Rural

d. Are you:

- Refugee
 Deportee

Interviewer instructions

Region or country of previous residence (UA2001A_0433)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 18 - Do you continuously live in this settlement since birth?

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

Yes is marked to those who have always lived in the settlement since birth. This does not depend on residence permit and its type (permanent or temporary) and is not broken by address changing within the one settlement or rural area of the one administrative region. It is also not broken by departure from the settlement to go military service and abroad on a business trip; all departures from the settlement for the period not more than 12 months.

No is marked to persons who live in the urban settlement not since birth including those who was born here but left for permanent residence (for the period 12 months and more) to another urban settlement or rural area.

[p.34]

No is marked to persons who live in the rural area of the administrative region not since birth including those who was born here but left for permanent residence (for the period 12 months and more) to another urban settlement or rural area of another administrative region.

For persons who answered no you should fill in the following questions:

a. if no, please indicate the year from which you continuously live.

You should indicate a year from which a respondent continuously resides in this city or rural settlement of the administrative area. To persons (both born in this settlement and those who live in it since birth) who went from this settlement to another place of residence for a period of 12 months or more you should indicate the year when they returned to this settlement for the last time.

Also you should make a mark if the time of moving is within the period from the 5th of December 2000 to the 5 of December 2001.

b. place of previous residence (specify).

To those whose place of previous residence was in Ukraine, one of the names is indicated: the Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Vinnytska, Volynska, Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, Zhytomyrska, Zakarpatska, Zaporizka, Ivano-Frankivska, Kyivska, Kirovohradska, Luhanska, Lvivska, Mykolaivska, Odeska, Poltavska, Rivnenska, Sumska, Ternopilska, Kharkivska, Khersonska, Cherkaska, Chernivetska oblasts, Kyiv and Sevastopol cities. For those who came from another country you should write down its name.

c. type of settlement a person arrived from.

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

If a respondent came from a city or urban-type locality in this settlement, then you should mark urban; if from a rural settlement - rural. You should not take into consideration administrative and territorial changes that took place after responder's departure from his/her previous place of residence. For example, if the rural settlement, where a respondent lived before moving in a city, was converted to urban settlement or included into the territory of a city, you should mark rural in point b.

d. Are you ____

You should make a mark for people who are refugees or deportees.

Refugees are foreigners (or stateless persons) arrived in Ukraine who had to leave the territory of the country of their citizenship (or territory of the country of their permanent residence) due to well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, nationality, religion, membership of a particular social group or political opinion and cannot or do not wish to be under protection of that country because of mentioned concerns.

Furthermore, a decision on provision of refugee status to those people was made according to the procedure and under the conditions stipulated by the legislation of Ukraine.

[p.35]

Deportees are people arrived in Ukraine (and their family members - wife / husband / children, grandchildren) who were forcibly evicted beyond the current territory of Ukraine from their homes and in respect of them the repressive policy with confiscation of property, setting regime of special settlements, restriction of political, civil, social, economic and cultural rights was carried out and who are returned to their homeland.

Temporary absence or residence (UA2001A_0434)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is temporarily resident in or temporarily absent from the place of enumeration.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

3. Temporarily

- 1. Absent
- 2. Residing

Interviewer instructions

Temporary absence or residence (UA2001A_0434)

File: UKR2001-P-H

7. All persons who lived in the dwelling as of midnight from 4th to 5th of December 2001 including temporarily living are recorded in each dwelling. Among permanently residing persons temporarily absent persons are also recorded.

Permanently residing are persons who live in the dwelling permanently (usually) including temporarily absent. Accordingly among permanently residing in the dwelling are:

1. Persons who permanently (usually) live in the dwelling and as of midnight from 4th to 5th of December 2001 were there.
2. Persons who permanently (usually) live in the dwelling and as of midnight from 4th to 5th of December 2001 were not there but:
 - a. Were in the territory of the council (urban, settlement, rural) where the place of their permanent residence is located (e.g. were on a visit to relatives);
 - b. Were out of the territory of the council (urban, settlement, rural) where the place of their permanent residence is located and could not be enumerated due to the following reasons: worked on a night shift, were sentinel, on duty or at other night works; performed official duties even if they were absent for several days (employees of railway, water, air and road transport; persons that accompanied cargos, mail, cattle, etc.); worked in shifts (including those who worked in the territory of CIS countries) and were not in places where they could be enumerated; were in airplanes and ships, in long distance trains and local or suburban bus connections or waiting for them, accompanied or met passengers; were in one-two-day holiday hotels, in twenty-four-hour kindergartens and nursery; were on their way in cars, in rowboats, on foot; who were absent because they went to the market (fair), hunting, fishing, etc. and did not stay at places where they could be enumerated;

[p.3]

went abroad for short-term trips (less than a month) or regardless of the term to work or study, to relax, for treatment, to visit relatives and friends, as tourists.

3. Persons who live in the dwelling and cannot specify another permanent place of residence, as well as those who left the previous place of residence, and the Census found them in the dwelling during the moving.

Temporarily absent - are persons who permanently (usually) live in the dwelling but as of midnight from 4th to 5th of December 2001 were out of the territory of the given rural, settlement or urban council (if their absence in the permanent place of residence does not exceed 12 months).

According to this temporarily absent - are persons who left for temporary or seasonal work, practical training, business trip, vacations, holidays, who are on a visit to relatives or friends, etc. Among temporarily absent by their permanent place of residence also are:

- a. persons who are treated in hospitals (if their absence in the permanent place of residence does not exceed 12 months), sanatoriums; rest in holiday hotels (excluding one-two-day hotels); are in maternity hospitals; students of boarding schools (except those living there permanently) and health-forest schools; students who live in orphanages under schools, even if a hospital, sanatorium, holiday hotel, maternity home, indicated school or boarding school is located in the territory of the same council, where these persons permanently (usually) live;
- b. persons called to military training duty and persons held in places of pre-trial detention under investigation as well as arrested administratively for up to 30 days, even if their permanent place of residence is located in the territory of the same council.

Temporarily living - are persons who as of midnight from 4th to 5th of December 2001 were in the dwelling while their permanent (usual) place of residence is located out of the territory of the urban, settlement or rural council where the Census found them (if their absence in the permanent place of residence does not exceed 12 months).

According to this temporarily living -- are persons who come for temporary or seasonal work, practical training, business trip, vacations, holidays, who are on a visit to relatives or friends, etc. Among temporarily living also are:

- a. persons who are treated in hospitals (if their absence in the permanent place of residence does not exceed 12 months), sanatoriums; rest in holiday hotels (excluding one-two-day hotels); are in maternity hospitals; students of boarding schools (except those living there permanently) and health-forest schools; students who live in orphanages under schools, even if a hospital, sanatorium, holiday hotel, maternity home, indicated school or boarding school is located in the territory of the same council, where these persons permanently (usually) live;
- b. persons called to military training duty and persons held in places of pre-trial detention under investigation as well as arrested administratively for up to 30 days, even if their permanent place of residence is located in the territory of the same council.

[p.4]

c. persons who are in hotels, guest rooms, etc. (except those who live there permanently (usually) or cannot indicate another permanent place of living).

Moved during the previous year (UA2001A_0435)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent moved during the period from December 5, 2000 to December 5, 2001.

Universe

Usual residents

Literal question

18. Have you lived in this settlement since birth?

1 Yes

2 No

a. If no, indicate the year since which you have been permanently living in this settlement moving to another place falls on period from 5.12.2000 to 5.12.2001 ____

b. Place of your previous residence (specify) ____
(Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country, specify)

c. Type of settlement from which you arrived

Urban

Rural

d. Are you:

Refugee

Deportee

Interviewer instructions

Moved during the previous year (UA2001A_0435)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 18 - Do you continuously live in this settlement since birth?

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

Yes is marked to those who have always lived in the settlement since birth. This does not depend on residence permit and its type (permanent or temporary) and is not broken by address changing within the one settlement or rural area of the one administrative region. It is also not broken by departure from the settlement to go military service and abroad on a business trip; all departures from the settlement for the period not more than 12 months.

No is marked to persons who live in the urban settlement not since birth including those who was born here but left for permanent residence (for the period 12 months and more) to another urban settlement or rural area.

[p.34]

No is marked to persons who live in the rural area of the administrative region not since birth including those who was born here but left for permanent residence (for the period 12 months and more) to another urban settlement or rural area of another administrative region.

For persons who answered no you should fill in the following questions:

a. if no, please indicate the year from which you continuously live.

You should indicate a year from which a respondent continuously resides in this city or rural settlement of the administrative area. To persons (both born in this settlement and those who live in it since birth) who went from this settlement to another place of residence for a period of 12 months or more you should indicate the year when they returned to this settlement for the last time.

Also you should make a mark if the time of moving is within the period from the 5th of December 2000 to the 5 of December 2001.

b. place of previous residence (specify).

To those whose place of previous residence was in Ukraine, one of the names is indicated: the Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Vinnytska, Volynska, Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, Zhytomyrska, Zakarpatska, Zaporizka, Ivano-Frankivska, Kyivska, Kirovohradska, Luhanska, Lvivska, Mykolaivska, Odeska, Poltavska, Rivnenska, Sumska, Ternopilska, Kharkivska, Khersonska, Cherkaska, Chernivetska oblasts, Kyiv and Sevastopol cities. For those who came from another country you should write down its name.

c. type of settlement a person arrived from.

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

If a respondent came from a city or urban-type locality in this settlement, then you should mark urban; if from a rural settlement - rural. You should not take into consideration administrative and territorial changes that took place after responder's departure from his/her previous place of residence. For example, if the rural settlement, where a respondent lived before moving in a city, was converted to urban settlement or included into the territory of a city, you should mark rural in point b.

d. Are you ____

You should make a mark for people who are refugees or deportees.

Refugees are foreigners (or stateless persons) arrived in Ukraine who had to leave the territory of the country of their citizenship (or territory of the country of their permanent residence) due to well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, nationality, religion, membership of a particular social group or political opinion and cannot or do not wish to be under protection of that country because of mentioned concerns.

Furthermore, a decision on provision of refugee status to those people was made according to the procedure and under the conditions stipulated by the legislation of Ukraine.

[p.35]

Deportees are people arrived in Ukraine (and their family members - wife / husband / children, grandchildren) who were forcibly evicted beyond the current territory of Ukraine from their homes and in respect of them the repressive policy with confiscation of property, setting regime of special settlements, restriction of political, civil, social, economic and cultural rights was carried out and who are returned to their homeland.

Continuous residence in village (UA2001A_0436)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent has resided continuously in the current village since birth.

Universe

Usual residents

Literal question

18. Have you lived in this settlement since birth?

1 Yes

2 No

a. If no, indicate the year since which you have been permanently living in this settlement moving to another place falls on period from 5.12.2000 to 5.12.2001 ____

b. Place of your previous residence (specify) ____
(Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Oblast, Kiev, Sevastopol, other country, specify)

c. Type of settlement from which you arrived

Urban

Rural

d. Are you:

Refugee

Deportee

Interviewer instructions

Continuous residence in village (UA2001A_0436)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Question 18 - Do you continuously live in this settlement since birth?

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

Yes is marked to those who have always lived in the settlement since birth. This does not depend on residence permit and its type (permanent or temporary) and is not broken by address changing within the one settlement or rural area of the one administrative region. It is also not broken by departure from the settlement to go military service and abroad on a business trip; all departures from the settlement for the period not more than 12 months.

No is marked to persons who live in the urban settlement not since birth including those who was born here but left for permanent residence (for the period 12 months and more) to another urban settlement or rural area.

[p.34]

No is marked to persons who live in the rural area of the administrative region not since birth including those who was born here but left for permanent residence (for the period 12 months and more) to another urban settlement or rural area of another administrative region.

For persons who answered no you should fill in the following questions:

a. if no, please indicate the year from which you continuously live.

You should indicate a year from which a respondent continuously resides in this city or rural settlement of the administrative area. To persons (both born in this settlement and those who live in it since birth) who went from this settlement to another place of residence for a period of 12 months or more you should indicate the year when they returned to this settlement for the last time.

Also you should make a mark if the time of moving is within the period from the 5th of December 2000 to the 5 of December 2001.

b. place of previous residence (specify).

To those whose place of previous residence was in Ukraine, one of the names is indicated: the Autonomous Republic of Crimea, Vinnytska, Volynska, Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, Zhytomyrska, Zakarpatska, Zaporizka, Ivano-Frankivska, Kyivska, Kirovohradska, Luhanska, Lvivska, Mykolaivska, Odeska, Poltavska, Rivnenska, Sumska, Ternopilska, Kharkivska, Khersonska, Cherkaska, Chernivetska oblasts, Kyiv and Sevastopol cities. For those who came from another country you should write down its name.

c. type of settlement a person arrived from.

A mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.

If a respondent came from a city or urban-type locality in this settlement, then you should mark urban; if from a rural settlement - rural. You should not take into consideration administrative and territorial changes that took place after responder's departure from his/her previous place of residence. For example, if the rural settlement, where a respondent lived before moving in a city, was converted to urban settlement or included into the territory of a city, you should mark rural in point b.

d. Are you ____

You should make a mark for people who are refugees or deportees.

Refugees are foreigners (or stateless persons) arrived in Ukraine who had to leave the territory of the country of their citizenship (or territory of the country of their permanent residence) due to well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, nationality, religion, membership of a particular social group or political opinion and cannot or do not wish to be under protection of that country because of mentioned concerns.

Furthermore, a decision on provision of refugee status to those people was made according to the procedure and under the conditions stipulated by the legislation of Ukraine.

[p.35]

Deportees are people arrived in Ukraine (and their family members - wife / husband / children, grandchildren) who were forcibly evicted beyond the current territory of Ukraine from their homes and in respect of them the repressive policy with confiscation of property, setting regime of special settlements, restriction of political, civil, social, economic and cultural rights was carried out and who are returned to their homeland.

Ever given birth (UA2001A_0437)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent has ever given birth.

Universe

Females age 15+

Literal question

19. Have you given birth to a child(ren)?
(For females aged 15 and above)

1. Yes
 2. No

Interviewer instructions

Question 19 - Have you given birth to a child(ren)?
(For women aged 15 and above)

A mark is written down that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response to women aged 15 and above (both those who are married (registered or unregistered) and are not married).

If yes is marked, then

a. the number of children were born you should indicate the total number of born children (excluding stillbirths), regardless of whether all children are alive at present or not and whether they are in this household with this woman or live separately. At that adopted children as well as husband's children from a previous marriage are not included in the number of children to whom birth was given by this woman.

b. how many of them are alive you should indicate the number of alive children at the time of population census. If at the time of population census all children born by a woman are not alive, you should write down 0 in point b.

Answers in points a and b are written down in a specially outlined boxes in figures (eg 1, 2, 3 .. 10, etc.).

If a woman has not given birth to a child no is marked and in points a and b you should write down 0.

To persons aged under 15 the answers to these questions are usually not filled. If only a woman gave birth to children, you should write down the number of children born by the woman and indicate how many of them are alive.

Household head (UA2001A_0438)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is the household head.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Household head (UA2001A_0438)

File: UKR2001-P-H

1. Relation to the head of the household

- 1. Head of the household
 - 2. Wife / Husband
 - 3. Daughter / Son
 - 4. Mother / Father
 - 5. Sister / Brother
 - 6. Daughter / Son in law
 - 7. Mother / Father in law
 - 8. Grandmother / Grandfather
 - 9. Granddaughter/son
 - 10. Other relative relations
 - 11. Do not have relative ties
- Number of mother (father) ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 1- Relations to the Head of the Household

The mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down.
The first household member written down is marked head of the household.

To all the remaining household members the mark that corresponds to the one of the mentioned variant of response is written down (e.g. if the person enumerated is the son of the household member written down the first then 'daughter, son' should be marked).

If the person enumerated has other relative or legal relations with household member written down the first then other relative or law relations should be marked.

[p.18]

If a household consists of one person then 'head of the household' should be marked.

To persons who live permanently in the household and do not have relative ties with none of the household members (e.g. babysitter, housecleaner) do not have relative ties is marked.

To persons who are permanently resident in institutional dwellings or temporarily living in institutions with mobile population (excluding those who have relative or law relations, e.g. husband and wife in rest home for the elderly and disabled, or two brothers and two sisters in a boarding school) 'head of the household' is marked.

To each household member (regardless the age or whether he/she married or not) who has both parents or only mother within the household, the order number under which the mother (or stepmother) is written down within the household is filled out in this question of form 2C (i.e. the number indicated before her surname in the graph 1 of form 1). If there is no mother within the household and there is only a father then the father's number is written down. If there are neither father nor mother in the household then no number is written down.

Family unit number (UA2001A_0440)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of the family unit within the household.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Family unit number

Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1000-9999	

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Person weight (PERWT)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 2	

Description

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN)

File: UKR2001-P-H

EEDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone) for the European samples. The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary. All education that was relevant to the completion of a level should be taken into account even if it was provided outside of schools and universities.

EEDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EEDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EEDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country.

Hungary 1980 and 1990 also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL.

EEDATTAIN has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. EEDATTAIN presents a less detailed version of EDATTAIN for the European Samples.

Activity status (employment status), Europe (EEMPSTAT)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EEMPSTAT indicates for the European samples whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EEMPSTAT can also convey further information.

EEMPSTAT has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Employment Status" is referred to as "Activity Status" in the CES recommendations, but the former term is used to maintain consistency with IPUMS practices.

The economically active population constitutes the total labor force: employed and unemployed persons.

Speaks English (SPEAKENG)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SPEAKENG indicates whether the respondent could speak English or if English was the respondent's language of literacy.

Country of birth (BPLCOUNTRY)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Country of birth (BPLCOUNTRY)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BPLCOUNTRY indicates the person's country of birth.

Country of previous residence (MIGCTRYP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MIGCTRYP indicates the country of previous residence of international migrants. Persons who never lived abroad are coded to the "non-migrant" category.

Nativity status (NATIVITY)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NATIVITY indicates whether the person was native- or foreign-born.

Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 4
 Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 9
 Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 10
 Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Country [person version] (COUNTRYP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 1

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)

File: UKR2001-P-H

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Related Materials

Questionnaires

Population Census 2001, Questionário

Title Population Census 2001, Questionário
Author(s) Ministry of Justice
Country Ukraine
Language English
Filename enum_form_ua2001a.pdf

Technical documents

Instruction Maual

Title Instruction Maual
Author(s) Ministry of Justice
Country Ukraine
Language Ukrainian
Filename enum_instruct_ua2001a.pdf
