## France - General Population Census of 1962 - IPUMS Subset

INSEE (Institut National de la Statisque et des Etudes Economiques), Minnesota Population Center - University of Minnesota

Report generated on: April 18, 2019

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## Sampling

## Sampling Procedure

SAMPLE DESIGN: Systematic manual sorting into lots with different sample units, according to target population.
SAMPLE UNIT: Private dwellings and individuals for group quarters and compte a part

SAMPLE FRACTION: 5\%

SAMPLE UNIVERSE: The microdata sample includes mainland France and Corsica.
SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 2,320,901

## Questionnaires

## Overview

Separate forms for buildings, group quarters (collective households), group quarters (compte a part), private households, and boats. Four forms for individuals (living in group quarters and private dwellings; two different forms for people compte a part; living in boats).

## Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

| Start | End | Cycle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1962-03-07 | 1962-03-30 | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |
| Time Periods |  |  |
| Start | End | Cycle |
| 1962-03-07 | 1962-03-07 | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |
| Data Collection Mode |  |  |

Face-to-face [f2f]

## DATA COLLECTION NOTES

De jure, CENSUS DAY: March 7, 1962, FIELD WORK PERIOD: March 7 to March 30

## SUPERVISION

Direct and self-enumeration

## Data Processing

No content available

## Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

## Variable List

## FRA1962-H-H

| Content | Household records |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cases | 0 |
| Variable(s) | 37 |
| Structure | Type: relational <br> Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number) |
| Version | Version 6.4, IPUMS sample |
| Producer | Minnesota Population Center |
| Missing Data |  |

## Variables

| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V1 | RECTYPE | Record type | discrete | character |  |
| V2 | YEAR | Year | discrete | numeric |  |
| V3 | SAMPLE | IPUMS sample identifier | discrete | numeric |  |
| V4 | SERIAL | Household serial number | contin | numeric |  |
| V5 | PERSONS | Number of person records in the household | contin | numeric |  |
| V6 | SUBSAMP | Subsample number | discrete | numeric |  |
| V7 | GQ | Group quarters (collective dwelling) status | discrete | numeric |  |
| V8 | UNREL | Number of unrelated persons | discrete | numeric |  |
| V9 | URBAN | Urban-rural status | discrete | numeric |  |
| V10 | REGIONW | Continent and region of country | discrete | numeric |  |
| V11 | ENUTS1 | NUTS1 Region, Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V12 | ENUTS2 | NUTS2 Region, Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V13 | HHTYPE | Household classification | discrete | numeric |  |
| V14 | NFAMS | Number of families in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V15 | HEADLOC | Head's location in household | contin | numeric |  |
| V16 | ROOMS | Number of rooms | discrete | numeric |  |
| V17 | GEOLEV1 | 1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] | discrete | numeric |  |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V18 | FR1962A_0002 | Building number | contin | numeric | Establish a housing form: 1. For all buildings serving as a residence, whatever its nature or construction material, including dilapidated buildings, make-shift residences including buildings being constructed which are partially inhabited. 2. For all buildings used for housing, even without occupants at the time of the census (vacant dwellings) except for rundown buildings or buildings becoming completely uninhabitable because of dilapidation. 3. For all kinds of administrative, industrial or commercial buildings, even if uninhabited. Do not fill out this form for trailers or other mobile dwellings. For special cases, refer to the instructions for census agents. Specific address: street (or place name) $\qquad$ Give all other indications pertinent to finding the building Census District Number $\qquad$ Building order number $\qquad$ Dwelling number (either of mobile homes or a collective household) _ |
| V19 | FR1962A_0003 | Year thebuilding was completed | discrete | numeric | 4. Year the construction was completed If the various parts are not from the same time period, indicate the year of completion of the part resided in, or the most important part of those parts resided in. In case of the reconstruction or raising the height, indicate the year of the raising. [] 1 Before 1871. [] 2 From 1871 to 1914. [] 3 From 1915 to 1939 [] 4 From 1940 to 1948. [] 5 After 1948. In this case specify the year of completion: 19_ _ [] 6 Building still being constructed but partially inhabited |
| V20 | FR1962A_0004 | Farm area located around the dwelling | discrete | numeric | 10. Farms Is this building the center of a (or many) farm(s)? [] Yes [] No For the definition of a farm and buildings considered as the center of these farms, refer to the instructions for the census agents. If yes: First farm a. $\qquad$ First and last name of the farmer b. Acreage (do not count woods, quarries, pools, building sites, parks and flower gardens) [] 1 less than one hectare [] 21 to less than 5 hectares [] 35 to less than 10 hectares [] 410 to less than 15 hectares [] 515 to less than 20 hectares [] 620 to less than 50 hectares [] 750 hectares or more c. [] 1 Specialized farm $\qquad$ Indicate the specialization. [] 2 Not a specialized farm. Second farm (possibly) a. $\qquad$ First and last name of the farmer b. Acreage (do not count woods, quarries, pools, building sites, parks and flower gardens) c. [] 1 Specialized farm $\qquad$ Indicate the specialization. [] 2 Not a specialized farm. |
| V21 | FR1962A_0005 | Number of dwellings in the building | discrete | numeric | List of habitable dwellings Use one line for each dwelling accommodation from categories 1 to 7 outlined on the first page of the dwelling form (put the dwelling forms of the building in order inside the building form, in the order of the list). If there are no dwelling accommodations in the building, write "none" on the first line. Do not record the places occupied by the part of the population counted separately or by public housing (corresponding forms number 3 and number 1 will not be listed in the house forms). For the listing and numbering of the questionnaires, consult the third page of form number 6. |
| V22 | FR1962A_0006 | Type of dwelling | discrete | numeric | Dwelling category Dwelling accommodations Main residence [] 1 Ordinary dwelling [] 2 Independent room (example: maid's room) rented, sublet or loaned to some individuals. [] 3 Furnished bedroom in a hotel or a furnished home. [] 4 Temporary construction used for housing. [] 5 Make-shift home __ Specify. No individual forms; fill out page 4 except for question 4. [] 6 Vacant dwelling (without occupants, available or not for sale or rent) [] 7 Secondary residence rented or for rent for tourist vacations To be filed separately (see form number 6) [] 8 Trailer or other mobile home (do not fill out page 4; do not make a housing form) [] 9 Public housing. Indicate its type: $\qquad$ (Fill out list A except for column 3, do not fill out page 4) $\qquad$ If you find a situation which you hesitate to classify in the list above, describe it: |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V23 | FR1962A_0007 | Ownership | discrete | numeric | 4. Are you? [] 1 Owner of the house or the building where your dwelling is located? (including the different forms of access to the building, whether it is rent or sale. [] 2 Owner of your dwelling in a condominium [] 3 housed by your employer (for free or for a fee) for the duration of your performed function or work contract. [] 4 housed for free, for example by parents? [] 5 renter or subletter of an empty site? [] 6 renter or subletter of a furnished site, a hotel room or furnished apartment? $\qquad$ you are in a situation not provided above, describe it. |
| V24 | FR1962A_0008 | Number of rooms in a dwelling | discrete | numeric | 3. Number of rooms in the dwelling not including the kitchen or rooms used for professional purposes. Count as livable spaces in the dwelling rooms such as: bedroom, dining room, salon, parlor, studio, living room, etc., whatever their surface area, as well as the maid's room and lived-in attic garrets. Do not count as livable spaces rooms such as: entryway, hall, bathroom, closet, alcove, laundry room, office, etc. Special cases of independent rooms (for example: maid's room separated from the main dwelling) Count these rooms amongst your dwelling accommodations if you use them yourself (either for housing a member of your household, a child, a servant, etc., or if it is used as a storage room.) Do not count them if they are rented or sublet or leased to other people. In this last situation, they are considered as forming a distinct dwelling, and their occupants should establish separate dwelling forms. |
| V25 | FR1962A_0010 | Number of dwellings type of building | discrete | numeric | Number of dwellings - type of building |
| V26 | FR1962A_0012 | Urban-rural | discrete | numeric | Urban-rural |
| V27 | HHWT | Household weight | contin | numeric |  |
| V28 | GEO1_FR | France, Region 1962 2011 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V29 | GEO1_FR1962 | France, Region 1962 [Level 1, GIS] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V30 | NCOUPLES | Number of married couples in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V31 | NMOTHERS | Number of mothers in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V32 | NFATHERS | Number of fathers in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V33 | COUNTRY | Country | discrete | numeric |  |
| V34 | BUILTYR | Year structure was built | discrete | numeric |  |
| V35 | AGESTRUCT2 | Age of structure, coded from intervals | discrete | numeric |  |
| V36 | OWNERSHIP | Ownership of dwelling [general version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V37 | OWNERSHIPD | Ownership of dwelling [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |  |

## FRA1962-P-H

| Content | Person records |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cases | 0 |
| Variable(s) | 101 |
| Structure | Type: relational <br> Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version]) <br> Version |
| Version 6.4, IPUMS sample |  |
| Producer | Minnesota Population Center |
| Missing Data |  |

## Variables

| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V38 | PERNUM | Person number | contin | numeric |  |
| V39 | MOMLOC | Mother's location in household | contin | numeric |  |
| V40 | POPLOC | Father's location in household | contin | numeric |  |
| V41 | SPLOC | Spouse's location in household | contin | numeric |  |
| V42 | PARRULE | Rule for linking parent | discrete | numeric |  |
| V43 | SPRULE | Rule for linking spouse | discrete | numeric |  |
| V44 | STEPMOM | Probable stepmother | discrete | numeric |  |
| V45 | STEPPOP | Probable stepfather | discrete | numeric |  |
| V46 | POLYMAL | Man with more than one wife linked | discrete | numeric |  |
| V47 | POLY2ND | Woman is second or higher order wife | discrete | numeric |  |
| V48 | FAMUNIT | Family unit membership | contin | numeric |  |
| V49 | FAMSIZE | Number of own family members in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V50 | NCHILD | Number of own children in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V51 | NCHLT5 | Number of own children under age 5 in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V52 | ELDCH | Age of eldest own child in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V53 | YNGCH | Age of youngest own child in household | discrete | numeric |  |
| V54 | RELATE | Relationship to household head [general version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V55 | RELATED | Relationship to household head [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |  |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V56 | ERELATE | Relationship to head, Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V57 | AGE | Age | discrete | numeric |  |
| V58 | AGE2 | Age, grouped into intervals | discrete | numeric |  |
| V59 | SEX | Sex | discrete | numeric |  |
| V60 | MARST | Marital status [general version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V61 | MARSTD | Marital status [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V62 | EMARST | Marital status, Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V63 | BIRTHYR | Year of birth | discrete | numeric |  |
| V64 | BPLFR | Region of birth, France | discrete | numeric |  |
| V65 | EBPLNT1 | Region of birth, Europe, NUTS1 | discrete | numeric |  |
| V66 | EBPLNT2 | Region of birth, Europe, NUTS2 | discrete | numeric |  |
| V67 | CITIZEN | Citizenship | discrete | numeric |  |
| V68 | NATION | Country of citizenship | discrete | numeric |  |
| V69 | EDUCFR | Educational attainment, France | discrete | numeric |  |
| V70 | EMPSTAT | Activity status (employment status) [general version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V71 | EMPSTATD | Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V72 | OCCISCO | Occupation, ISCO general | discrete | numeric |  |
| V73 | OCC | Occupation, unrecoded | contin | numeric |  |
| V74 | INDGEN | Industry, general recode | discrete | numeric |  |
| V75 | IND | Industry, unrecoded | contin | numeric |  |
| V76 | CLASSWK | Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V77 | CLASSWKD | Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V78 | LOOKJOB | Period seeking work | discrete | numeric |  |
| V79 | PWRKFR | Region of work, France | discrete | numeric |  |
| V80 | MIGFR | Region of residence at last census, France | discrete | numeric |  |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V81 | DISBLND | Blind or vision-impaired | discrete | numeric |  |
| V82 | DISDEAF | Deaf or hearing-impaired | discrete | numeric |  |
| V83 | DISMUTE | Mute or speech impaired | discrete | numeric |  |
| V84 | DISLOWR | Disability affecting lower extremities | discrete | numeric |  |
| V85 | DISUPPR | Disability affecting upper extremities | discrete | numeric |  |
| V86 | DISMNTL | Mental disability | discrete | numeric |  |
| V87 | DISFR | Type of disability, France | discrete | numeric |  |
| V88 | DISORIG | Origin of disability | discrete | numeric |  |
| V89 | FR1962A_0400 | Type of form | discrete | numeric | Type of form |
| V90 | FR1962A_0401 | Nature of the statistical unit 'individual' | discrete | numeric | Nature of the statistical unit 'individual' |
| V91 | FR1962A_0402 | Population category | discrete | numeric | Population category |
| v92 | FR1962A_0403 | Relationship to head of household | discrete | numeric | List A Record below the people living in the dwelling, including people traveling for business or pleasure, sick people staying in the hospital or in a clinic, fishermen still at sea, personnel navigating planes or ships for a company. Do not include people listed in the heading of list B opposite this column (read this heading before filling out list A). If you are housing housekeepers, apprentices or employees in your service at your own home, record them below. If you have boarders (or children) who are living with you, record them below. If you are subletting (or leasing) a part of your dwelling, record below your sub-letters (or people you are hosting). Always, if these sub-letters (or hosted persons) are living in totally independent rooms (for example a maid's room entirely separate from the dwelling), these independent rooms are considered as forming a distinct dwelling for which a distinct dwelling form should be established. In this case, do not record the sub-letters in the list below and do not count the rooms which they occupy in the make-up of the dwelling (page 4). Fill out an individual form number 2 for each person in list A $\qquad$ 1 Last name $\qquad$ 2 First name $\qquad$ 3 Relationship to the head of household (indicate, for example: head of household, spouse, son, mother, daughter-in-law, nephew, etc. Or: friend, boarder, sub-letter, <br>  <br>  more than 15 people to record, use an additional dwelling form. |
| V93 | FR1962A_0404 | Sex | discrete | numeric | 2. Sex [] 1 Male [] 2 Female |
| V94 | FR1962A_0405 | Marital status | discrete | numeric | 3. Marital Status Mark an $X$ in only one of the boxes that corresponds to your present status. Thus, a widower (or divorced person) who has remarried should mark the 2nd box. [] 1 Single [] 2 Married [] 3 Widowed [] 4 Divorced |
| V95 | FR1962A_0406 | Age in calendar years | discrete | numeric | 4. Date and Place of Birth Born on $\qquad$ In: City: $\qquad$ State [Dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$ |
| V96 | FR1962A_0407 | Place of birth | discrete | numeric | 4. Date and Place of Birth Born on $\qquad$ In: City: $\qquad$ State [Dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$ |
| V97 | FR1962A_0408 | Citizenship | discrete | numeric | 5. Nationality [] French by birth (including by reintegration) [] Became French through naturalization, marriage, declaration or option. Indicate your previous nationality $\qquad$ [] Foreigner. Indicate your nationality $\qquad$ |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V98 | FR1962A_0409 | Place of previous residence | discrete | numeric | Place of residence on January 1, 1954 (Year of the last general census) 7a. Where were you living on January 1, 1954? If you were in the armed forces, a boarding-school student or receiving treatment in a health-care facility, indicate your personal residence on that date, and not the address of the establishment (barracks, boarding school, sanitarium, etc.) [] In the same city or town (or the same district within Paris [arrondissement]) as now. [] In a different city or town (or a different district within Paris [arrondissement]). Indicate the other city or town (or district within Paris): $\qquad$ and the state [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$ 7b. In the case of a child born after January 1 1954, indicate the residence of the parents at the time of the child's birth: City or town: $\qquad$ State [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$ 7c. If, on January 1, 1954, you were living abroad or outside of metropolitan France, in what year did settle (or re-settle) in metropolitan France? $\qquad$ |
| V99 | FR1962A_0410 | General education diploma | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions $8-10$ ] 10. Of the diplomas listed below, indicate all that you have earned: a. General or Higher Education [] 1 Certificate of primary studies [] 2 General Certificate of Secondary Education [B.E.P.C.], or elementary certificate [] 3 Baccalaureate (1st or 2nd part, including technical), or advanced level certificate [brevet suprieur] [] 4 Advanced 2nd level baccalaureates (university, engineering school, etc.) b. Professional or Technical Training State Diplomas 1. [] Exam indicating completed craftsman apprenticeship 2. [] Certificate of completion of F.P.A. [Certificat de fin de stage de la F.P.A.]. 3. [] Vocational Training Certificate [Certificat d'Apprentissage Professionel.] 4. [] Professional degree 5. [] Certificate of industrial, commercial, social, hotelier education (1st or 2nd part, probationary or definitive [probatoire ou dfinitif]). 6. Student with a certificate from the ENP: technical certificate 0 [] Other professional diplomas granted by private schools or public agencies. Indicate the corresponding specialty or specialties: |
| V100 | FR1962A_0411 | Professional or technical diploma | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8-10] 10. Of the diplomas listed below, indicate all that you have earned: a. General or Higher Education [] 1 Certificate of primary studies [] 2 General Certificate of Secondary Education [B.E.P.C.], or elementary certificate [] 3 Baccalaureate (1st or 2nd part, including technical), or advanced level certificate [brevet suprieur] [] 4 Advanced 2nd level baccalaureates (university, engineering school, etc.) b. Professional or Technical Training State Diplomas 1. [] Exam indicating completed craftsman apprenticeship 2. [] Certificate of completion of F.P.A. [Certificat de fin de stage de la F.P.A.]. 3. [] Vocational Training Certificate [Certificat d'Apprentissage Professionel.] 4. [] Professional degree 5. [] Certificate of industrial, commercial, social, hotelier education (1st or 2nd part, probationary or definitive [probatoire ou dfinitif]). 6. Student with a certificate from the ENP: technical certificate 0 [] Other professional diplomas granted by private schools or public agencies. Indicate the corresponding specialty or specialties: |
| V101 | FR1962A_0413 | Type of activity | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8 -10] Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11-16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work. a. Have you ever worked? [] yes [] no b. What is your profession? $\qquad$ c. For how long have you been seeking work? $\qquad$ |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V102 | FR1962A_0414 | Industry | discrete | numeric | Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11-16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 15. Business (industrial, commercial or other), farm, etc. that you manage or that employs you: 15a. Name (or corporate name) and address: Name: $\qquad$ Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$ For Paris, Lyon and Marseille, add the city district [arrondissement] State [dpartement]: $\qquad$ 15b. Activity of the business: $\qquad$ Be specific; Examples: wholesale wine sales, retail grocery, construction of metal girders, cotton milling, overland transportation for travelers, market gardening, private secondary-level teaching [enseignement priv du second degree], etc. 15c. If you don't work at the same address as the business noted above, indicate your normal work place: This question is not for farmers, nor is it for household help or V.R.P. Traveling personnel of the French National Railroad [S.N.C.F.], bus drivers, minors, etc., should indicate the station, depot, mineshaft, etc. where they normally work. Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$ |
| V103 | FR1962A_0415 | Occupation | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8-10] 8. Are you currently a student? [] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c. [] No Go directly to question number 10. Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year. 9a. Name and address of the school or university: $\qquad$ 9 b . Nature of the classes you are taking: $\qquad$ Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2eme degr], etc. 9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty: Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc. Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11 - 16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 11. Principal Profession. Indicate your current occupation or job. (even if you are still just an apprentice or if you work helping a family member in his/her occupation.) A woman taking care of only her own household should answer "without profession." $\qquad$ Be specific; examples: Cashier accountant, automobile repair mechanic, hot roller [lamineur chaud], worker in metal carpentry, truck drivers carrying heavy loads, female machinist in production work [mcanicienne en confection], mechanical designer, grain broker, wine grower, horticulturalist, shepherd, etc. 13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as: [] A paid employee -- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15) [] Someone who works out of his/her home [] An apprentice under contract -- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15 [] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer [] Professional [] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission). -- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer: Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees) [] yes. How many? $\qquad$ [] no 14a. For workers, specify the skill level [qualification] of your current employment: [] 1 Non-specialized farm laborer [] 2 Specialized agricultural worker [] 3 General laborer or specialized laborer [manoeuvre ou manoeuvre spcialis] [] 4 Semi-skilled worker [ouvrier spcialis] (OS1, OS2) [] 5 Skilled or highly-skilled worker (P1, 02, P3...). 14c. For other paid employees, indicate your position: Examples: foreman, overseer, sales director, farm manager, etc $\qquad$ 17. For persons who no longer work. Retired from public service, retired executives/managers, workers who have reached the age of retirement, persons no longer working in business, etc. What was your principal occupation? $\qquad$ |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V104 | FR1962A_0416 | Class of worker | discrete | numeric | Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11 - 16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 12. Do you work without pay helping another person in his/her profession (for example, a member of your family)? [] yes [] no 13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as: [] A paid employee -- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15) [] Someone who works out of his/her home [] An apprentice under contract -- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15 [] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer [] Professional [] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission). -- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer: Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees) [] yes. How many? $\qquad$ [] no 14b. For state or municipal civil servants, public service employees (electric company, railroad, etc.), career military personnel, indicate your category [grade]. Examples: clerk, administrative secretary, administrator, chief engineer, registering agent [facteur enregistrant] for the French National Railroad: $\qquad$ 16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work. a. Have you ever worked? [] yes [] no b. What is your profession? $\qquad$ For how long have you been seeking work? $\qquad$ |
| V105 | FR1962A_0417 | Qualificationof worker | discrete | numeric | Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11-16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 14a. For workers, specify the skill level [qualification] of your current employment: [] 1 Non-specialized farm laborer [] 2 Specialized agricultural worker [] 3 General laborer or specialized laborer [manoeuvre ou manoeuvre spcialis] [] 4 Semi-skilled worker [ouvrier spcialis] (OS1, OS2) [] 5 Skilled or highly-skilled worker (P1, 02, P3...). |
| V106 | FR1962A_0418 | Nature of disability | discrete | numeric | For all persons, regardless of age: 18a. If you have an impairment or permanent physical disability, please state it here: $\qquad$ Examples: blind, almost blind, deaf-mute; characterized deafness [surdit caractrisee]. For Amputation, maiming [mutilation], paralysis: please specify. For other impairment: please specify. 18b. Is it the result of: [] 1 A war injury [] 2 A work accident [] 3 Other accident [] 4 Illness or other reason 18c. If necessary, indicate the corresponding percentage of disability: $\qquad$ \% |
| V107 | FR1962A_0419 | Origin of disability | discrete | numeric | For all persons, regardless of age: 18a. If you have an impairment or permanent physical disability, please state it here: $\qquad$ Examples: blind, almost blind, deaf-mute; characterized deafness [surdit caractrisee]. For Amputation, maiming [mutilation], paralysis: please specify. For other impairment: please specify. 18b. Is it the result of: [] 1 A war injury [] 2 A work accident [] 3 Other accident [] 4 Illness or other reason 18c. If necessary, indicate the corresponding percentage of disability: $\qquad$ \% |
| V108 | FR1962A_0420 | Percentage of disability | discrete | numeric | For all persons, regardless of age: 18a. If you have an impairment or permanent physical disability, please state it here: $\qquad$ Examples: blind, almost blind, deaf-mute; characterized deafness [surdit caractrisee]. For Amputation, maiming [mutilation], paralysis: please specify. For other impairment: please specify. 18b. Is it the result of: [] 1 A war injury [] 2 A work accident [] 3 Other accident [] 4 Illness or other reason 18c. If necessary, indicate the corresponding percentage of disability: $\qquad$ \% |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V109 | FR1962A_0421 | Type of education | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8-10] 8. Are you currently a student? [] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c. [] No. Go directly to question number 10. Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year. 9a. Name and address of the school or university: $\qquad$ 9b. Nature of the classes you are taking: $\qquad$ Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2eme degr], etc. 9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty: $\qquad$ Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc. |
| V110 | FR1962A_0422 | Relationship to head of family | discrete | numeric | Relationship to head of family |
| V111 | FR1962A_0423 | Family membership | discrete | numeric | Family membership |
| V112 | FR1962A_0424 | Region of the workplace | discrete | numeric | Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11-16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 15. Business (industrial, commercial or other), farm, etc. that you manage or that employs you: 15a. Name (or corporate name) and address: Name: $\qquad$ Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$ For Paris, Lyon and Marseille, add the city district [arrondissement] State [dpartement]: $\qquad$ 15b. Activity of the business: $\qquad$ Be specific; Examples: wholesale wine sales, retail grocery, construction of metal girders, cotton milling, overland transportation for travelers, market gardening, private secondary-level teaching [enseignement priv du second degree], etc. 15c. If you don't work at the same address as the business noted above, indicate your normal work place: This question is not for farmers, nor is it for household help or V.R.P. Traveling personnel of the French National Railroad [S.N.C.F.], bus drivers, minors, etc., should indicate the station, depot, mineshaft, etc. where they normally work. Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$ |
| V113 | FR1962A_0425 | SAPHIR citizenship | discrete | numeric | 5. Nationality [] French by birth (including by reintegration) [] Became French through naturalization, marriage, declaration or option. Indicate your previous nationality $\qquad$ [] Foreigner. Indicate your nationality $\qquad$ |
| V114 | FR1962A_0426 | SAPHIR nationality | discrete | numeric | 5. Nationality [] French by birth (including by reintegration) [] Became French through naturalization, marriage, declaration or option. Indicate your previous nationality $\qquad$ [] Foreigner. Indicate your nationality $\qquad$ |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V115 | FR1962A_0427 | SAPHIR type of activity | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8 -10] 8. Are you currently a student? [] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c. [] No. Go directly to question number 10. Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year. 9a. Name and address of the school or university: $\qquad$ $9 b$. Nature of the classes you are taking: $\qquad$ Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2eme degr], etc. 9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty: Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc. Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions $11-16$ ] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 11. Principal Profession. Indicate your current occupation or job. (even if you are still just an apprentice or if you work helping a family member in his/her occupation.) A woman taking care of only her own household should answer "without profession." $\qquad$ Be specific; examples: Cashier accountant, automobile repair mechanic, hot roller [lamineur chaud], worker in metal carpentry, truck drivers carrying heavy loads, female machinist in production work [mcanicienne en confection], mechanical designer, grain broker, wine grower, horticulturalist, shepherd, etc. 14b. For state or municipal civil servants, public service employees (electric company, railroad, etc.), career military personnel, indicate your category [grade]. Examples: clerk, administrative secretary, administrator, chief engineer, registering agent [facteur enregistrant] for the French National Railroad: $\qquad$ 16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work. a. Have you ever worked? [] yes [] no $b$. What is your profession? $\qquad$ c. For how long have you been seeking work? $\qquad$ 17. For persons who no longer work. Retired from public service, retired executives/managers, workers who have reached the age of retirement, persons no longer working in business, etc. What was your principal occupation? $\qquad$ |
| V116 | FR1962A_0428 | SAPHIR class of worker | discrete | numeric | Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11-16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 12. Do you work without pay helping another person in his/her profession (for example, a member of your family)? [] yes [] no 13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as: [] A paid employee -- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15) [] Someone who works out of his/her home [] An apprentice under contract -- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15 [] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer [] Professional [] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission). -- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer: Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees) [] yes. How many? $\qquad$ [] no 14b. For state or municipal civil servants, public service employees (electric company, railroad, etc.), career military personnel, indicate your category [grade]. Examples: clerk, administrative secretary, administrator, chief engineer, registering agent [facteur enregistrant] for the French National Railroad: $\qquad$ 16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work. a. Have you ever worked? [] yes [] no b. What is your profession? $\qquad$ c. For how long have you been seeking work? $\qquad$ |


| ID | Name | Label | Type | Format | Question |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V117 | FR1962A_0429 | SAPHIR occupation | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8 -10] 8. Are you currently a student? [] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c. [] No. Go directly to question number 10. Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year. 9a. Name and address of the school or university: $\qquad$ 9b. Nature of the classes you are taking: $\qquad$ Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2eme degr], etc. 9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty: $\qquad$ Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc. <br> Professional Activity (For all persons born before January 1, 1948) [Applies to questions 11 -16] If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16. If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17. 11. Principal Profession. Indicate your current occupation or job. (even if you are still just an apprentice or if you work helping a family member in his/her occupation.) A woman taking care of only her own household should answer "without profession." $\qquad$ Be specific; examples: Cashier accountant, automobile repair mechanic, hot roller [lamineur chaud], worker in metal carpentry, truck drivers carrying heavy loads, female machinist in production work [mcanicienne en confection], mechanical designer, grain broker, wine grower, horticulturalist, shepherd, etc. 13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as: [] A paid employee -- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15) [] Someone who works out of his/her home [] An apprentice under contract -- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15 [] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer [] Professional [] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission). -- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer: Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees) [] yes. How many? $\qquad$ [] no 17. For persons who no longer work. Retired from public service, retired executives/managers, workers who have reached the age of retirement, persons no longer working in business, etc. What was your principal occupation? |
| V118 | FR1962A_0430 | SAPHIR diploma | discrete | numeric | Education and professional training (For all persons born before January 1, 1952) [Applies to questions 8-10] 10. Of the diplomas listed below, indicate all that you have earned: a. General or Higher Education [] 1 Certificate of primary studies [] 2 General Certificate of Secondary Education [B.E.P.C.], or elementary certificate [] 3 Baccalaureate (1st or 2nd part, including technical), or advanced level certificate [brevet suprieur] [] 4 Advanced 2nd level baccalaureates (university, engineering school, etc.) b. Professional or Technical Training State Diplomas 1. [] Exam indicating completed craftsman apprenticeship 2. [] Certificate of completion of F.P.A. [Certificat de fin de stage de la F.P.A.]. 3. [] Vocational Training Certificate [Certificat d'Apprentissage Professionel.] 4. [] Professional degree 5. [] Certificate of industrial, commercial, social, hotelier education (1st or 2nd part, probationary or definitive [probatoire ou dfinitif]). 6. Student with a certificate from the ENP: technical certificate 0 [] Other professional diplomas granted by private schools or public agencies. Indicate the corresponding specialty or specialties: |
| V119 | FR1962A_0431 | SAPHIR region of birth | discrete | numeric | 4. Date and Place of Birth Born on $\qquad$ In: City: $\qquad$ State [Dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$ |


| ID | Name |  | Label |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V120 | FR1962A_0432 | SAPHIR region of <br> previous residence | discrete | numeric | Question |


| ID | Name | Label |  | Typermat |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V129 | EDATTAIND | Educational <br> attainment, <br> international recode <br> [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V130 | EEDATTAIN | Educational <br> attainment, Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V131 | EEMPSTAT | Activity status <br> (employment status), <br> Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V132 | ECLASSWK | Status in <br> employment (class of <br> worker), Europe | discrete | numeric |  |
| V133 | NATIVITY | Nativity status | discrete | numeric |  |
| V134 | YEARP | Year [person version] | contin | numeric |  |
| V135 | SAMPLEP | IPUMS sample <br> identifier [person <br> version] | contin | numeric |  |
| V136 | SERIAL | Household serial <br> number [person <br> version] | contin | numeric |  |
| V137 | COUNTRYP | Country [person <br> version] | contin | numeric |  |
| V138 | RECTYPEP | Record type [person <br> version] | discrete | character |  |

## Record type (RECTYPE) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: character
Invalid: 0
Width: 1

## Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.
NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of ' H ' for household records and ' $P$ ' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

## Year (YEAR)

File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1960-2011

## Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

## IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 9
Decimals: 0
Range: 32197001-894201001

## Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g, 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

## Household serial number (SERIAL) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

## Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002
Colombia 1993, 2005
Costa Rica 1984, 2000
Cuba 2002
Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010
Ecuador 1990, 2001
Germany 1971
Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001
Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001
Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000
Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005
Nigeria 2006
Panama 2000
Peru 1993, 2007
Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001
Spain 1991
Uruguay 2011
Venezuela 1990, 2001
Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.
SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

## Number of person records in the household (PERSONS) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

## Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

## Subsample number (SUBSAMP) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Subsample number (SUBSAMP) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99 . Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract $10 \%$ of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

## Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

## Number of unrelated persons (UNREL) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

```
Valid cases: 0
```

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

UNREL indicates the number of persons in the household who are unrelated to the head.

## Urban-rural status (URBAN) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

## Urban-rural status (URBAN) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Type: Discrete } & \text { Valid cases: } 0 \\ \text { Format: } \text { numeric } & \text { Invalid: } 0\end{array}$
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

URBAN indicates whether the household was located in a place designated as urban or as rural.

## Continent and region of country (REGIONW) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-54

## Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

## NUTS1 Region, Europe (ENUTS1) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 101-9999

## Description

ENUTS1 identifies the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) within Europe in which the household was enumerated. NUTS1 is the first level territorial units within countries. NUTS is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. The European Free Trade Association extends the NUTS system to several additional countries outside of the EU, and they are also incorporated into this variable.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS1 system and the name of the NUTS1 region, separated by a slash.
The full set of geography variables for the countries can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

NUTS2 Region, Europe (ENUTS2)
File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 111-3407

## Description

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

## NUTS2 Region, Europe (ENUTS2) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

ENUTS2 identifies the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) within Europe in which the household was enumerated. NUTS2 is the second level territorial units within countries. NUTS is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. The European Free Trade Association extends the NUTS system to several additional countries outside of the EU, and they are also incorporated into this variable.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS2 system and the name of the NUTS2 region, separated by a slash.
The full set of geography variables for the countries can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

## Household classification (HHTYPE) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

HHTYPE is a constructed variable that describes the composition of households.
HHTYPE is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head), from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father), and from information on group quarters status, GQ.

## Number of families in household (NFAMS) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NFAMS is a constructed variable that indicates the number of families within each household. A "family" is any group of persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage. An unrelated individual within the household is considered a separate family. Thus, a household consisting of a widow and her servant contains two families; a household consisting of a large, multiple-generation extended family with no lodgers or servants would count as a single family.

NFAMS is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head) and from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father). See those variable descriptions for more detail.

## Head's location in household (HEADLOC) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

## Description

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

## Head's location in household (HEADLOC) File: FRA1962-H-H

HEADLOC gives the person number of the head of household in samples in which persons are organized into households.

## Number of rooms (ROOMS) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

ROOMS indicates the number of rooms occupied by the housing unit.

## 1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 6
Decimals: 0
Range: 32002-894010

## Description

GEOLEV1 indicates the major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. First administrative units in GEOLEV1 have been spatiotemporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

## Building number (FR1962A_0002) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

## Description

This variable indicates the building number.

## Universe

All records
Literal question

## Building number (FR1962A_0002) File: FRA1962-H-H

Establish a housing form:

1. For all buildings serving as a residence, whatever its nature or construction material, including dilapidated buildings, make-shift residences including buildings being constructed which are partially inhabited.
2. For all buildings used for housing, even without occupants at the time of the census (vacant dwellings) except for rundown buildings or buildings becoming completely uninhabitable because of dilapidation.
3. For all kinds of administrative, industrial or commercial buildings, even if uninhabited. Do not fill out this form for trailers or other mobile dwellings.
For special cases, refer to the instructions for census agents.
_ Specific address: street (or place name)
_ Give all other indications pertinent to finding the building

Census District Number
Building order number
$\qquad$
Dwelling number (either of mobile homes or a collective household) $\qquad$

# Year thebuilding was completed (FR1962A_0003) File: FRA1962-H-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the year the building where the household or respondent inhabits was completed.

## Universe

All records

## Literal question

4. Year the construction was completed

If the various parts are not from the same time period, indicate the year of completion of the part resided in, or the most important part of those parts resided in. In case of the reconstruction or raising the height, indicate the year of the raising.
[] 1 Before 1871.
[] 2 From 1871 to 1914.
[] 3 From 1915 to 1939
[] 4 From 1940 to 1948.
[] 5 After 1948. In this case specify the year of completion: 19
[] 6 Building still being constructed but partially inhabited

## Interviewer instructions

3.3.3 Question 4 - Year in which construction was completed: this information is important. You should do your best to question the owner in order to find out this information; also, persons who have been living in the house, the neighborhood, or the town for a long time (can supply this information). Many buildings, especially in towns, have the building completion date engraved or painted on the facade of the building.
For the first 4 categories, it is often enough to find out the building completion date to within a few years to be able to answer correctly. Lacking direct information, you can sometimes classify buildings by comparing them to others which are typical of that time period. For example, in some towns entire sections are from the 17th or 18th century and easily recognizable. The town hall may be able to let you know if there are large groups or blocks of buildings built at welldetermined time periods.
For buildings built since 1948 (box 5) you should make a special effort to specify the completion date.

## Farm area located around the dwelling (FR1962A_0004) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-8

## Description

This variable indicates the farming area that the dwelling has.

## Universe

All records

## Literal question

10. Farms

Is this building the center of a (or many) farm(s)?
[] Yes
[] No
For the definition of a farm and buildings considered as the center of these farms, refer to the instructions for the census agents.

If yes:

## First farm

a. _ First and last name of the farmer
b. Acreage (do not count woods, quarries, pools, building sites, parks and flower gardens)
[] 1 less than one hectare
[] 21 to less than 5 hectares
[] 35 to less than 10 hectares
[] 410 to less than 15 hectares
[] 515 to less than 20 hectares
[] 620 to less than 50 hectares
[] 750 hectares or more
c.
[] 1 Specialized farm
Indicate the specialization.
[] 2
Not a specialized farm.
Second farm (possibly)
a. _ First and last name of the farmer
b. Acreage (do not count woods, quarries, pools, building sites, parks and flower gardens)
c.
[] 1 Specialized farm
Indicate the specialization.
[] 2
Not a specialized farm.

## Number of dwellings in the building (FR1962A_0005) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 2 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $0-99$ |  |

## Description

This variable indicates the number of dwellings in the building. The number zero is used to design records that could not be reassigned to a household.

## Universe

# Number of dwellings in the building (FR1962A_0005) File: FRA1962-H-H 

All records

## Literal question

List of habitable dwellings
Use one line for each dwelling accommodation from categories 1 to 7 outlined on the first page of the dwelling form (put the dwelling forms of the building in order inside the building form, in the order of the list). If there are no dwelling accommodations in the building, write "none" on the first line.

Do not record the places occupied by the part of the population counted separately or by public housing (corresponding forms number 3 and number 1 will not be listed in the house forms).

For the listing and numbering of the questionnaires, consult the third page of form number 6.

## Type of dwelling (FR1962A_0006) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-7

## Description

This variable indicates the type of dwelling.

## Universe

All households

## Literal question

Dwelling category
Dwelling accommodations
Main residence
[] 1 Ordinary dwelling
[] 2 Independent room (example: maid's room) rented, sublet or loaned to some individuals.
[] 3 Furnished bedroom in a hotel or a furnished home.
[] 4 Temporary construction used for housing.
[] 5 Make-shift home Specify.
No individual forms; fill out page 4 except for question 4.
[] 6 Vacant dwelling (without occupants, available or not for sale or rent)
[] 7 Secondary residence rented or for rent for tourist vacations
To be filed separately (see form number 6)
[] 8 Trailer or other mobile home (do not fill out page 4; do not make a housing form)
[] 9 Public housing. Indicate its type: $\qquad$ . (Fill out list A except for column 3, do not fill out page 4) If you find a situation which you hesitate to classify in the list above, describe it:

## Interviewer instructions

## Type of dwelling (FR1962A_0006) File: FRA1962-H-H

4.2 You should classify each dwelling in one of the categories 1 through 7 (first page of form number 1). The following explanations about each category clarify for you the idea of dwelling in certain special cases.
4.2.1 Category 2. Independent Room(s) rented or sublet or lent to individuals. Certain dwellings have an independent annex (i.e., with direct access to the outside or common areas of the building, without having to cross premises occupied by other persons). This is the case, for example, of dwellings which have a maid's room located on a different floor (which is common in the Paris metropolitan area). If the owner of the principal dwelling has such an annex for himself (to house a member of the family, a servant, etc.), a separate housing form should not be filled out for the annex. If, however, the annex is rented, sublet or lent to individuals, you must fill out a separate form by checking off box 2 in the lodging category and adding the name of the owner of the principal dwelling (this information may allow the main dwelling and its annex to be considered as a separate dwelling for certain uses of the census).
The rooms classified in category 2 must always be attached to a main dwelling, with which they normally make a single grouping.
4.2.2 Category 3. Furnished room in a hotel or furnished house [garni]. Some clients of these establishments reside there most of the year (for example, students who live most of the school year in a hotel room); others don't have another residence (example: single people who live permanently in a hotel, young married couples who have not yet found other lodging).
In such cases, begin a housing form number 1 for each room (or possibly apartment) occupied by one household, or one person living alone. Check off box number 3 of the dwelling category, and box number 6 for question 4 (page 4).
Category 3 of dwelling should be used only for furnished rooms or apartments in hotels, inns, family- run boarding houses, (building type 4, question number 1 on the building form). In particular, it should not be used for students living in university housing or student hostels, nor should it be used for young workers living in residence hostels [foyers] (see the bottom of the first page of form number 3, and 6.2, below.)
4.2.3 Category 4. Temporary Construction Used for Habitation. This category will of course be used for all lodging in a type 3 building (question number 1 of the housing form). Additionally, you can use it in the exceptional case where only part of a building (type 1,5 or 6 ) is of a temporary nature (if you come across such a case, describe it completely).
4.2.4 Category 5. Make- shift housing. This category will of course be used for all type of lodging of a type 3 building (question 1 of the building form). Also classify in this category an improvised shelter in premises unfit for human habitation (cellar, attic, barn, shop, workshop, etc.) located inside of an ordinary building; indicate fully the nature of the premises.
4.2.5 Category 1. Ordinary dwelling. This category includes all ordinary dwellings (with the exception of those special cases enumerated in categories 2 through 5) provided that they are occupied as the "principal residence."
If someone has several residences, the principal residence is the one where he/she spends most of the year.
[p.20]
4.2.6. Category 7. Secondary residence. This category includes all ordinary dwellings used as secondary residences. Typical examples include: country homes, villas, vacation housing, etc. Furnished apartments or lodgings, rented or for rent during the tourist season in resort areas, will also be included in this category.
4.2.7 Category 6. Vacant dwelling. This category includes ordinary vacant dwellings, i.e., they are unoccupied as either a principal or secondary residence. Normally such lodging is available for sale or rent, but not necessarily. For example, box number 6 is checked off for recently- completed new housing which is already allotted [attribu], but not yet occupied by the renter or owner.

## Ownership (FR1962A_0007) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

This variable indicates the ownership status of the dwelling.

## Universe

Ordinary and non-mobile dwellings

## Literal question

## Ownership (FR1962A_0007) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

4. Are you?
[] 1 Owner of the house or the building where your dwelling is located? (including the different forms of access to the building, whether it is rent or sale.
[] 2 Owner of your dwelling in a condominium
[] 3 housed by your employer (for free or for a fee) for the duration of your performed function or work contract.
[] 4 housed for free, for example by parents?
[] 5 renter or subletter of an empty site?
[] 6 renter or subletter of a furnished site, a hotel room or furnished apartment?
__ If you are in a situation not provided above, describe it.

## Number of rooms in a dwelling (FR1962A_0008) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the number of rooms in the dwelling.

## Universe

Ordinary and non-mobile dwellings

## Literal question

3. Number of rooms in the dwelling not including the kitchen or rooms used for professional purposes.

Count as livable spaces in the dwelling rooms such as: bedroom, dining room, salon, parlor, studio, living room, etc., whatever their surface area, as well as the maid's room and lived-in attic garrets.

Do not count as livable spaces rooms such as: entryway, hall, bathroom, closet, alcove, laundry room, office, etc.
Special cases of independent rooms (for example: maid's room separated from the main dwelling)
Count these rooms amongst your dwelling accommodations if you use them yourself (either for housing a member of your household, a child, a servant, etc., or if it is used as a storage room.)
Do not count them if they are rented or sublet or leased to other people.
In this last situation, they are considered as forming a distinct dwelling, and their occupants should establish separate dwelling forms.

## Interviewer instructions

4.3.1. Question 1 and 3. Between questions 1 and 3, there should never be more than a single response: a room must be counted either in question 1 (if it is considered a kitchen), or in question 3 (if it is considered a dwelling room [pice d'habitation]), but never both at the same time.
Case of dwellings comprised of a single room: In the country, one frequently finds dwellings (dwelling category 1)
comprising a single room which serves as the common area, and which has kitchen fittings (faucet, stove etc.). In town, one frequently finds premises comprised of a single room (dwelling categories 2 or 3).
In all these cases answer "1" on question 3 and "no" (no kitchen) on question 1.
Question 1 - In the case of a furnished room which has a simple hot- plate and in which there is no faucet, check off box 6 (and not 5).
Question 3 - In accordance with the above guidelines, all dwellings have at least one dwelling room [pice d'habitation]).
Thus, question 3 will never have a response of " 0 ".
In some dwellings, there is no separation (or there is a portable divider) between the dining room and the living room: in such cases, count 2 rooms if there is a divider [amorce de cloison] and only one room if there is none.

# Number of dwellings - type of building (FR1962A 0010) File: FRA1962-H-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the number of dwellings per building, according to the type of building.

## Universe

Ordinary and non-mobile dwellings

## Literal question

Number of dwellings - type of building

## Urban-rural (FR1962A 0012)

File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-4

## Description

This variable indicates whether the household is located in an urban or rural region.

## Universe

All households

## Literal question

Urban-rural

## Household weight (HHWT)

File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

## Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.
For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

# France, Region 1962-2011 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1 FR) <br> File: FR̄A1962-H-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric

```
Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0
```

Width: 6
Decimals: 0
Range: 250001-250999

## Description

GEO1_FR identifies the household's region within France in all sample years. Regions are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1_FR is spatially harmonized to account for political boundary changes across census years. Some detail is lost in harmonization; see the comparability discussion. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_FR can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for France can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

## France, Region 1962 [Level 1, GIS] (GEO1 FR1962) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

GEO1 FR1962 identifies the household's region within France in 1962. Regions are the first level administrative units of the country. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_ FR1962 can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for France can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level of any country refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

## Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NCOUPLES is a constructed variable indicating the number of married/in-union couples within a household.
NCOUPLES is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable SPLOC (spouse's location in the household).

Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)
File: FRA1962-H-H

# Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS) File: FRA1962-H-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NMOTHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of mothers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.
NMOTHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable MOMLOC (mother's location in the household).

## Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS) <br> File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

## Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NFATHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of fathers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.
NFATHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable POPLOC (father's location in the household).

## Country (COUNTRY) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 32-894

## Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

## Year structure was built (BUILTYR) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 4 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $0-9999$ |  |

## Description

BUILTYR indicates the year in which construction was completed on the building in which the household resides.

# Age of structure, coded from intervals (AGESTRUCT2) File: FRA1962-H-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999
Description
AGESTRUCT2 gives the estimated age of the structure.

## Ownership of dwelling [general version] (OWNERSHIP) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

```
Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
```

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

## Ownership of dwelling [detailed version] (OWNERSHIPD) File: FRA1962-H-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

```
Valid cases: 0
```

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

## Person number (PERNUM) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

## Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with " 1 " for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

## Mother's location in household (MOMLOC) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

## Description

MOMLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's mother lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the mother (see PERNUM). MOMLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) mothers.

The method by which probable child-mother links are identified is described in PARRULE.
The general design of MOMLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: MOMLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepmother and adopted mother) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPMOM is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

## Father's location in household (POPLOC) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous

```
Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0
```


## Description

POPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's father lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the father (see PERNUM). POPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) fathers.

The method by which probable child-father links are identified is described in PARRULE.
The general design of POPLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: POPLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepfather and adopted father) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPPOP is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

## Spouse's location in household (SPLOC) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous

```
Valid cases: 0
```

Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

## Description

SPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's spouse lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number (PERNUM) of the spouse. SPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of (probable) spouses.

The method by which probable spouse-spouse links are identified is described in SPRULE.
The general design of SPLOC and other constructed variables is modeled on the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships", but the details vary significantly.

## Rule for linking parent (PARRULE) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-52

## Description

PARRULE describes the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variables MOMLOC and POPLOC linked the person to a probable mother and/or father.

IPUMS-International establishes child-parent links according to five basic rules, and PARRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A link to any parent automatically generates a second link to that parent's spouse or partner, so only one rule is needed to describe both MOMLOC and POPLOC.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

## Rule for linking spouse (SPRULE) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

## Description

SPRULE explains the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variable SPLOC linked the person to his/her probable spouse.
IPUMS-International establishes spouse-spouse links according to five basic rules, and SPRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A sixth rule identifies sample-specific linking procedures only imposed in selected instances.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

## Probable stepmother (STEPMOM) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

## Description

STEPMOM indicates whether a person's mother, as identified by MOMLOC, was most probably not the person's biological mother. Non-zero values of STEPMOM explain why it is probable that the person's mother was a step- or adopted mother. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepmother because (1) the mother identified in MOMLOC was probably the biological mother or (2) there is no mother of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPMOM are as follows:
$0=$ Biological mother or no mother of this person present in household.
$1=$ Mother has no children borne or surviving.
$2=$ Child reports mother is deceased.
3 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner, stepchild/child-in-law).
$4=$ Mother reports no children in the home.
$5=$ Age difference between mother and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
$6=$ Child exceeds known fertility of mother.
See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.
Users should note that there are many stepmothers and adopted mothers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPMOM will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

## Probable stepfather (STEPPOP) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

## Description

STEPPOP indicates whether a person's father, as identified by POPLOC, was most probably not the person's biological father. Non-zero values of STEPPOP explain why it is probable that the person's father was a step- or adopted father. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepfather because (1) the father identified in POPLOC was probably the biological father or (2) there is no father of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPPOP are as follows:
$0=$ Biological father or no father of this person present in household.
$1=$ Child reports father is deceased.
$2=$ Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner; stepchild/child-in-law).
3 = Age difference between father and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.
Users should note that there are many stepfathers and adopted fathers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPPOP will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

# Man with more than one wife linked (POLYMAL) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

## Description

POLYMAL indicates if a man had more than one wife linked to him in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household.

The point of POLYMAL is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

## Woman is second or higher order wife (POLY2ND) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

## Description

POLY2ND indicates if a woman was the second or higher order wife linked to a husband in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household. The variable does not suggest the actual marital order of wives, only their relative positions in the person order of the household as it was enumerated.

The point of POLY2ND is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

## Family unit membership (FAMUNIT) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0

Width: 2
Decimals: 0

## Description

FAMUNIT is a constructed variable indicating to which family within the household a person belongs.
All persons related to the household head receive a 1 (see RELATE). Each secondary family or secondary individual receives a higher code. For purposes of FAMUNIT, secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

# Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE) File: FRA1962-P-H 

Type: Discrete<br>Valid cases: 0<br>Format: numeric<br>Invalid: 0<br>Width: 2<br>Decimals: 0<br>Range: 1-99

## Description

FAMSIZE counts the number of the person's own family members living in the household with her/him, including the person her/himself. These include all persons related to the person by blood, adoption, or marriage as indicated by the census forms or inferred from them.

FAMSIZE is calculated from the units identified in the IPUMS constructed variable FAMUNIT (family unit membebership). The primary family is defined as all persons related to the head in the RELATE variable. Secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

## Number of own children in household (NCHILD) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NCHILD provides a count of the person's own children living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

## Number of own children under age 5 in household (NCHLT5) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NCHLT5 provides a count of the person's own children under age five living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

## Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

## Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Description

ELDCH gives the age of the person's oldest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

ELDCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

## Age of youngest own child in household (YNGCH) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

YNGCH gives the age of the person's youngest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

YNGCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

## Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

## Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

$$
\text { Valid cases: } 0
$$

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1000-9999

## Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

## Relationship to head, Europe (ERELATE) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 10-99
Description
ERELATE describes for the European samples the relationship of the individual to the head of household -- sometimes called the householder or reference person.

ERELATE has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

## Age (AGE)

## File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

## Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-98

## Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

## Sex (SEX)

File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

## Marital status [general version] (MARST) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

[program universe for et, mz samples.
MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

## Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

## Type: Discrete

Format: numeric
Valid cases: 0
Width: 3
Invalid: 0
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.
MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

## Marital status, Europe (EMARST) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

EMARST describes for the European samples the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. European census instructions generally limit marital status to legal unions, but there are exceptions.

EMARST has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

Year of birth (BIRTHYR)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Year of birth (BIRTHYR) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9999

## Description

BIRTHYR gives the person's year of birth.

# Region of birth, France (BPLFR) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

## Description

BPLFR indicates the person's region of birth within France.

# Region of birth, Europe, NUTS1 (EBPLNT1) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9999

## Description

EBPLNT1 indicates the NUTS1 region in which the person was born. The Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. The European Free Trade Association extends the NUTS system to several additional countries outside of the EU, and they are also incorporated into this variable. NUTS1 identifies the largest territorial units within countries.

EBPLNT1 only identifies regions within the person's country of residence; it does not identify birthplaces of international migrants.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS1 system and the name of the NUTS1 region, separated by a slash.
Region of birth, Europe, NUTS2 (EBPLNT2) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0

## Region of birth, Europe, NUTS2 (EBPLNT2) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

EBPLNT2 indicates the NUTS2 region of Europe in which the person was born. The Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. NUTS2 identifies intermediate territorial units: the second level within countries.

EBPLNT2 only identifies regions within the person's country of residence; it does not identify birthplaces of international migrants.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS2 system and the name of the NUTS2 region, separated by a slash.

## Citizenship (CITIZEN) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

CITIZEN indicates the person's citizenship status within the country in which they were enumerated.

## Country of citizenship (NATION) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99999

## Description

NATION indicates the person's country of citizenship.

## Educational attainment, France (EDUCFR) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

EDUCFR reports the general, technical, and professional degrees attained by the respondent.

Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

# Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT) File: FRA1962-P-H 

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

# Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] (EMPSTATD) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

## Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

## Description

OCCISCO records the person's primary occupation, coded according to the major categories in the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) scheme for 1988. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is typically the one in which the person had spent the most time or earned the most money.

## Occupation, unrecoded (OCC) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

## Occupation, unrecoded (OCC) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

## Description

OCC records the person's primary occupation, classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is usually the one in which the person spent the most time or earned the most money, although this may not have been explicit in the instructions for a specific census.

To ensure confidentiality, very small occupations are recoded to a residual category indicating the persons had an occupation, but the job title is not identified. The number of cases recoded should be too small to affect analyses.

## Industry, general recode (INDGEN) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0

Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

INDGEN recodes the industrial classifications of the various samples into twelve groups that can be fairly consistently identified across all available samples. The groupings roughly conform to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). The third digit of INDGEN retains important detail among the service industries that could not be consistently distinguished in all samples.
"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which a person worked.

## Industry, unrecoded (IND) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 5
Decimals: 0

## Description

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which the person worked. IND is classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time, and is not recoded by IPUMS-International.

# Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] (CLASSWK) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

# Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] (CLASSWK) 

## File: FRA1962-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

## Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] (CLASSWKD) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

## Period seeking work (LOOKJOB) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

LOOKJOB indicates the continuous period of time that an unemployed person has been seeking work.

# Region of work, France (PWRKFR) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

# Region of work, France (PWRKFR) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

PWRKFR indicates the respondent's region of work within metropolitan France.

## Region of residence at last census, France (MIGFR) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 2 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $11-99$ |  |

## Description

MIGFR indicates the person's region of residence on January 1 in the year of the previous census. For children not born by January 1 of the year of the last census, their region of birth is given.

## Blind or vision-impaired (DISBLND) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 1 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $0-9$ |  |

## Description

DISBLND indicates whether the person was blind or had limited vision.

## Deaf or hearing-impaired (DISDEAF) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 1 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $0-9$ |  |

## Description

DISDEAF indicates whether the person was deaf or had limited hearing

Mute or speech impaired (DISMUTE)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

# Mute or speech impaired (DISMUTE) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Type: Discrete } & \text { Valid cases: } 0 \\ \text { Format: numeric } & \text { Invalid: } 0\end{array}$
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

DISMUTE indicates if the person could not speak or had a significant speech impediment.

## Disability affecting lower extremities (DISLOWR) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

```
Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
```

Width: 1

Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

DISLOWR indicates whether the person lacked use of one or both legs.

## Disability affecting upper extremities (DISUPPR) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

DISUPPR indicates whether the person lacked full use of at least one arm or hand.

## Mental disability (DISMNTL) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

DISMNTL indicates whether the person suffered a mental disability in the form of diminished capacity.

Type of disability, France (DISFR)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

## Type of disability, France (DISFR) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Type: Discrete $\quad$ Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

## Description

DISFR indicates the nature of the person's disability, if they reported one. The responses were to reflect permanent disabilities.

## Origin of disability (DISORIG) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

DISORIG indicates the cause or origin of a person's stated disability.

## Type of form (FR1962A_0400) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 1 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $1-4$ |  |
| Description |  |

This variable indicates the type of form the respondent filled (i.e., the type of dwelling he lives in).

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Type of form

## Nature of the statistical unit 'individual' (FR1962A_0401) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |
| Width: 1 |  |
| Decimals: 0 |  |
| Range: $1-3$ |  |
| Description |  |

This variable indicates the respondent's classification regarding the type of dwelling the person inhabits.

## Universe

All persons

# Nature of the statistical unit 'individual' (FR1962A_0401) 

File: FRA1962-P-H
Literal question
Nature of the statistical unit 'individual'

## Population category (FR1962A_0402) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's segment of population.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Population category

## Relationship to head of household (FR1962A_0403) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's relationship to the head of the household.

## Universe

Persons in ordinary dwellings
Literal question

## Relationship to head of household (FR1962A_0403) File: FRA1962-P-H

List A
Record below the people living in the dwelling, including people traveling for business or pleasure, sick people staying in the hospital or in a clinic, fishermen still at sea, personnel navigating planes or ships for a company.

Do not include people listed in the heading of list B opposite this column (read this heading before filling out list A).
If you are housing housekeepers, apprentices or employees in your service at your own home, record them below.
If you have boarders (or children) who are living with you, record them below.
If you are subletting (or leasing) a part of your dwelling, record below your sub-letters (or people you are hosting). Always, if these sub-letters (or hosted persons) are living in totally independent rooms (for example a maid's room entirely separate from the dwelling), these independent rooms are considered as forming a distinct dwelling for which a distinct dwelling form should be established. In this case, do not record the sub-letters in the list below and do not count the rooms which they occupy in the make-up of the dwelling (page 4).

Fill out an individual form number 2 for each person in list A
_ 1 Last name
_ 2 First name
3 Relationship to the head of household
(indicate, for example: head of household, spouse, son, mother, daughter-in-law, nephew, etc. Or: friend, boarder, sub-letter, maid, employee, housed, etc.)
_14
15

If there are more than 15 people to record, use an additional dwelling form.

## Sex (FR1962A_0404) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's gender.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Sex (FR1962A 0404)
File: FRA1962-P-H
2. Sex
[] 1 Male
[] 2 Female

## Marital status (FR1962A_0405) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-4

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's marital status.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

3. Marital Status

Mark an X in only one of the boxes that corresponds to your present status. Thus, a widower (or divorced person) who has remarried should mark the 2nd box.
[] 1 Single
[] 2 Married
[] 3 Widowed
[] 4 Divorced

## Age in calendar years (FR1962A_0406)

## File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's age in years.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

4. Date and Place of Birth

Born on
In: City: $\qquad$ State [Dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$

## Place of birth (FR1962A_0407) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

```
Valid cases: 0
```

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's place of birth.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

4. Date and Place of Birth

Born on $\qquad$

## Citizenship (FR1962A_0408) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-4

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's citizenship.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

5. Nationality
[] French by birth (including by reintegration)
[] Became French through naturalization, marriage, declaration or option. Indicate your previous nationality $\qquad$
[] Foreigner. Indicate your nationality $\qquad$

## Place of previous residence (FR1962A_0409) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's place of previous residence, that is, in the 1954 census.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

# Place of previous residence (FR1962A_0409) File: FRA1962-P-H 

Place of residence on January 1, 1954
(Year of the last general census)
7a. Where were you living on January 1, 1954?
If you were in the armed forces, a boarding-school student or receiving treatment in a health-care facility, indicate your personal residence on that date, and not the address of the establishment (barracks, boarding school, sanitarium, etc.)
[] In the same city or town (or the same district within Paris [arrondissement]) as now. [] In a different city or town (or a different district within Paris [arrondissement]). Indicate the other city or town (or district within Paris): $\qquad$ and the state [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$

7b. In the case of a child born after January 1 1954, indicate the residence of the parents at the time of the child's birth:

City or town: $\qquad$
State [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$

7c. If, on January 1, 1954, you were living abroad or outside of metropolitan France, in what year did settle (or re-settle) in metropolitan France?

## Interviewer instructions

Question 7a and 7b - Their purpose is to allow for the study of internal migration in metropolitan France from 1954 to 1962, i.e., between 2 general censuses. They will also provide information about foreign immigration or immigration from countries located outside of metropolitan France. In order to answer these questions, each district [arrondisement] of Paris is considered as a town [commune].

Question 7c - Make sure that this question is filled out for all persons who indicated a residence outside of metropolitan France on January 1, 1954 on question 7a.

## General education diploma (FR1962A_0410) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

This variable indicates that a general education diploma was obtained.

## Universe

Persons age 10+ in calender year

## Literal question

# General education diploma (FR1962A_0410) File: FRA1962-P-H 

Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]
10. Of the diplomas listed below, indicate all that you have earned:
a. General or Higher Education
[] 1 Certificate of primary studies
[] 2 General Certificate of Secondary Education [B.E.P.C.], or elementary certificate
[] 3 Baccalaureate (1st or 2nd part, including technical), or advanced level certificate [brevet suprieur]
[] 4 Advanced 2nd level baccalaureates (university, engineering school, etc.)
b. Professional or Technical Training

## State Diplomas

1. [] Exam indicating completed craftsman apprenticeship
2. [] Certificate of completion of F.P.A. [Certificat de fin de stage de la F.P.A.].
3. [] Vocational Training Certificate [Certificat d'Apprentissage Professionel.]
4. [] Professional degree
5. [] Certificate of industrial, commercial, social, hotelier education (1st or 2nd part, probationary or definitive [probatoire ou dfinitif]).
6. Student with a certificate from the ENP: technical certificate

0 [] Other professional diplomas granted by private schools or public agencies. Indicate the corresponding specialty or specialties: $\qquad$

## Interviewer instructions

Question: 10 - General Certificate of Secondary Education [Brevet d'tudes du premier cycle]; accelerated vocational training [formation profesionnelle acclre]; national professional school: [Ecole nationale professionnelle] Only those persons who truly hold a diploma should check off the corresponding box. Exclude those who have taken correspondence courses without receiving a diploma.

## Professional or technical diploma (FR1962A_0411) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates professional or technical diploma obtained.

## Universe

Persons age 10+ in calender year

## Literal question

# Professional or technical diploma (FR1962A_0411) File: FRA1962-P-H 

Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]
10. Of the diplomas listed below, indicate all that you have earned:
a. General or Higher Education
[] 1 Certificate of primary studies
[] 2 General Certificate of Secondary Education [B.E.P.C.], or elementary certificate
[] 3 Baccalaureate (1st or 2nd part, including technical), or advanced level certificate [brevet suprieur]
[] 4 Advanced 2nd level baccalaureates (university, engineering school, etc.)
b. Professional or Technical Training

## State Diplomas

1. [] Exam indicating completed craftsman apprenticeship
2. [] Certificate of completion of F.P.A. [Certificat de fin de stage de la F.P.A.].
3. [] Vocational Training Certificate [Certificat d'Apprentissage Professionel.]
4. [] Professional degree
5. [] Certificate of industrial, commercial, social, hotelier education (1st or 2nd part, probationary or definitive [probatoire ou dfinitif]).
6. Student with a certificate from the ENP: technical certificate

0 [] Other professional diplomas granted by private schools or public agencies. Indicate the corresponding specialty or specialties: $\qquad$

## Interviewer instructions

Question: 10 - General Certificate of Secondary Education [Brevet d'tudes du premier cycle]; accelerated vocational training [formation profesionnelle acclre]; national professional school: [Ecole nationale professionnelle] Only those persons who truly hold a diploma should check off the corresponding box. Exclude those who have taken correspondence courses without receiving a diploma.

## Type of activity (FR1962A_0413) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's type of activity (i.e., employment status). Compare the "Socio-professional categories in detail" variable.

## Universe

All persons
Literal question

# Type of activity (FR1962A_0413) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]

Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work.
a. Have you ever worked?
[] yes
[] no
b. What is your profession?
c. For how long have you been seeking work?

## Industry (FR1962A 0414)

File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's economic activity.

## Universe

Active persons with a job

## Literal question

## Industry (FR1962A 0414) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1,1948 )
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
15. Business (industrial, commercial or other), farm, etc. that you manage or that employs you:

15a. Name (or corporate name) and address:

Name: $\qquad$
Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$
City:
For Paris, Lyon and Marseille, add the city district [arrondissement]
State [dpartement]: $\qquad$

15b. Activity of the business:

Be specific; Examples: wholesale wine sales, retail grocery, construction of metal girders, cotton milling, overland transportation for travelers, market gardening, private secondary-level teaching [enseignement priv du second degree], etc.

15c. If you don't work at the same address as the business noted above, indicate your normal work place:
This question is not for farmers, nor is it for household help or V.R.P. Traveling personnel of the French National Railroad [S.N.C.F.], bus drivers, minors, etc., should indicate the station, depot, mineshaft, etc. where they normally work.

Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$
Interviewer instructions

## Industry (FR1962A_0414) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Questions 11 through 17 The questions on professional activity are especially important. You should check carefully to make sure they are filled out carefully
Question 11: This question is of capital importance. It is impossible to be too specific in this category.
Read carefully the following explanations and the examples given on the individual report [bulletin individuel], as well as the following list:
Examples of inadequate answers which should not be accepted under any circumstance and comments

1. Answers which are inadequate because they are not specific enough:

Employee
Worker
Engineer

Indicate exactly the occupation of the person in question. For example: department- store salesperson, metal turner, chemical engineer.

Civil Servant
Railroad employee
Gas company worker

Specify the rank or job of civil servants and employees of public services. For example: accounting and order clerk, combined- use railroad agent [facteur mixte S.N.C.F.].

Shopkeeper
Manufacturer
Craftsman
Administrator

Answer in this way, for example: retail grocer, automobile repair mechanic, director of a noodle factory.
2. Answers which are inadequate because they are incomplete:

## 0.S.2.

O.P.

Qualified laborer
Team leader
Foreman

The above indicate the professional rank, but do not give the individual occupation.
[p.25]
Question 12 - Unpaid workers who help another person in his/her job
It may sometime happen that certain persons - above all, women - work helping another person in his/her job without receiving any pay for their work. These persons should answer "yes" to question 12 , even if they only work as such on a part- time basis.
This question concerns, for example, the wife of a farmer who participates in farm work, or the wife or daughter of a shopkeeper who spends a few hours a day at the shop as a salesperson or at the cash register.
Question 13 - Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons who work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an industrial or commercial establishment which pays them on this basis. Such is the case, for example, of certain designers for fashion magazines, persons who work for design houses, etc.
If these persons have several employers at the same time, indicate in question 15 which is their principal employer.

Occupation (FR1962A_0415)
File: FRA1962-P-H
Overview
Type: Discrete Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99
Description
This variable indicates the respondent's socio-professional (occupational) category in detail.
Universe
All persons
Literal question

Occupation (FR1962A_0415)
File: FRA1962-P-H
Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8 -10]
8. Are you currently a student?
(] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c.
[] No. Go directly to question number 10 .
Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year.
9a. Name and address of the school or university:
$\qquad$

9b. Nature of the classes you are taking:
$\qquad$
Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2eme degr], etc.
9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty:
$\qquad$

Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc.

Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
11. Principal Profession. Indicate your current occupation or job
(even if you are still just an apprentice or if you work helping a family member in his/her occupation.) A woman taking care of only her own household should answer "without profession."

Be specific; examples: Cashier accountant, automobile repair mechanic, hot roller [lamineur chaud], worker in metal carpentry, truck drivers carrying heavy loads, female machinist in production work [mcanicienne en confection], mechanical designer, grain broker, wine grower, horticulturalist, shepherd, etc.
13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as:
[] A paid employee
-- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15)
[] Someone who works out of his/her home
[] An apprentice under contract
-- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15

Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer
[] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission).
-- [lf you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer:

Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees)
[] yes. How many?
[] no

14a. For workers, specify the skill level [qualification] of your current employment:
[] 1 Non-specialized farm laborer
[] 2 Specialized agricultural worker
[] 3 General Iaborer or specialized laborer [manoeuvre ou manoeuvre spcialis]
[] 4 Semi-skilled worker [ouvrier spcialis] (OS1, OS2
[] 5 Skilled or highly-skilled worker (P1, 02, P3...).

14c. For other paid employees, indicate your position:
Examples: foreman, overseer, sales director, farm manager, etc
17. For persons who no longer work

Retired from public service, retired executives/managers, workers who have reached the age of retirement, persons no longer working in business, etc.

What was your principal occupation? $\qquad$

Occupation (FR1962A_0415)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## nterviewer instructions

Questions 11 through 17 The questions on professional activity are especially important. You should check carefully to make sure they are filled out carefully
Question 11: This question is of capital importance. It is impossible to be too specific in this category.
Read carefully the following explanations and the examples given on the individual report [bulletin individuel], as well as the following list:
Examples of inadequate answers which should not be accepted under any circumstance and comments

1. Answers which are inadequate because they are not specific enough:

## Employe

orker

Indicate exactly the occupation of the person in question. For example: department- store salesperson, metal turner, chemical engineer.

Civil Servant
Railroad employee
Gas company worker

Specify the rank or job of civil servants and employees of public services. For example: accounting and order clerk, combined- use railroad agent [facteur mixte S.N.C.F.]


#### Abstract

Shopkeeper Manufacturer Craftsman Administrator

Answer in this way, for example: retail grocer, automobile repair mechanic, director of a noodle factory.


2. Answers which are inadequate because they are incomplete
O.S.2.

Qualified laborer
Team leader
oreman

The above indicate the professional rank, but do not give the individual occupation
[p.25]
Question 12 - Unpaid workers who help another person in his/her job
It may sometime happen that certain persons - above all, women - work helping another person in his/her job without receiving any pay for their work. These persons should answer "yes" to question 12 , even if they only work as such on a part- time basis.
This question concerns, for example, the wife of a farmer who participates in farm work, or the wife or daughter of a shopkeeper who spends a few hours a day at the shop as a salesperson or at the cash register.
Question 13 - Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons who work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an industrial or commercial establishment which pays them on this basis. Such is the case, for example, of certain designers for fashion magazines, persons who work for design houses, etc.
If these persons have several employers at the same time, indicate in question 15 which is their principal employer

## Class of worker (FR1962A_0416) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's working status in detail. In 1962, clergy, students, retired persons, soldiers, and persons of age less than 15 are considered as inactive persons (along with other inactive persons). However, certain clergy people in the regions of Lorraine and Alsace were employed by the local government and, thus, appear as active persons.

## Universe

Active persons excluding clergy and soldiers

## Literal question

## Class of worker (FR1962A 0416)

File: FRA1962-P-H
Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
12. Do you work without pay helping another person in his/her profession (for example, a member of your family)?
[] yes
[] no
13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as:
[] A paid employee
-- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15)
[] Someone who works out of his/her home
[] An apprentice under contract
-- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15
[] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer
[] Professional
[] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission).
-- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer:

Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees)
[] yes. How many? $\qquad$ [] no

14b. For state or municipal civil servants, public service employees (electric company, railroad, etc.), career military personnel, indicate your category [grade].

Examples: clerk, administrative secretary, administrator, chief engineer, registering agent [facteur enregistrant] for the French National Railroad:
16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work.
a. Have you ever worked?
[] yes
[] no
b. What is your profession?

[^0]Class of worker (FR1962A_0416)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Interviewer instructions

Questions 11 through 17 The questions on professional activity are especially important. You should check carefully to make sure they are filled out carefully
Question 11: This question is of capital importance. It is impossible to be too specific in this category.
Read carefully the following explanations and the examples given on the individual report [bulletin individuel], as well as the following list:
Examples of inadequate answers which should not be accepted under any circumstance and comments

1. Answers which are inadequate because they are not specific enough:

## Employee

Worker
Engineer

Indicate exactly the occupation of the person in question. For example: department- store salesperson, metal turner, chemical engineer.

Civil Servant
Railroad employee
Gas company worker

Specify the rank or job of civil servants and employees of public services. For example: accounting and order clerk, combined- use railroad agent [facteur mixte S.N.C.F.].

## Shopkeeper

Manufacturer
Craftsman
Administrator

Answer in this way, for example: retail grocer, automobile repair mechanic, director of a noodle factory.
2. Answers which are inadequate because they are incomplete:

## O.S.2.

O.P.

Qualified laborer
Team leader
Foreman

The above indicate the professional rank, but do not give the individual occupation.
[p.25]
Question 12 - Unpaid workers who help another person in his/her job
It may sometime happen that certain persons - above all, women - work helping another person in his/her job without receiving any pay for their work. These persons should answer "yes" to question 12, even if they only work as such on a part- time basis.
This question concerns, for example, the wife of a farmer who participates in farm work, or the wife or daughter of a shopkeeper who spends a few hours a day at the shop as a salesperson or at the cash register.
Question 13 - Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons who work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an industrial or commercial establishment which pays them on this basis. Such is the case, for example, of certain designers for fashion magazines, persons who work for design houses, etc.
If these persons have several employers at the same time, indicate in question 15 which is their principal employer.

# Qualificationof worker (FR1962A_0417) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Valid cases: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Qualificationof worker (FR1962A_0417) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's qualification as a worker.

## Universe

Active persons and soldiers

## Literal question

Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.

14a. For workers, specify the skill level [qualification] of your current employment:
[] 1 Non-specialized farm laborer
[] 2 Specialized agricultural worker
[] 3 General laborer or specialized laborer [manoeuvre ou manoeuvre spcialis]
[] 4 Semi-skilled worker [ouvrier spcialis] (OS1, OS2)
[] 5 Skilled or highly-skilled worker (P1, O2, P3...).

Nature of disability (FR1962A_0418)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-23

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's nature of handicap.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Nature of disability (FR1962A_0418)
File: FRA1962-P-H
For all persons, regardless of age:
18a. If you have an impairment or permanent physical disability, please state it here:

Examples: blind, almost blind, deaf-mute; characterized deafness [surdit caractrisee]. For Amputation, maiming [mutilation], paralysis: please specify. For other impairment: please specify.

18b. Is it the result of:
[] 1 A war injury
[] 2 A work accident
[] 3 Other accident
[] 4 Illness or other reason

18c. If necessary, indicate the corresponding percentage of disability: $\qquad$ \%

## Origin of disability (FR1962A_0419) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

## Description

This variable indicates the origin of the respondent's handicap.

## Universe

Persons with handicaps

## Literal question

For all persons, regardless of age:
18a. If you have an impairment or permanent physical disability, please state it here:

Examples: blind, almost blind, deaf-mute; characterized deafness [surdit caractrisee]. For Amputation, maiming [mutilation], paralysis: please specify. For other impairment: please specify.

18b. Is it the result of:
[] 1 A war injury
[] 2 A work accident
[] 3 Other accident
[] 4 Illness or other reason

18c. If necessary, indicate the corresponding percentage of disability: $\qquad$ \%

## Percentage of disability (FR1962A_0420) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

This variable indicates the percentage of respondent's disability.

## Universe

Persons with handicaps

## Literal question

For all persons, regardless of age:
18a. If you have an impairment or permanent physical disability, please state it here:

Examples: blind, almost blind, deaf-mute; characterized deafness [surdit caractrisee]. For Amputation, maiming [mutilation], paralysis: please specify. For other impairment: please specify.

18b. Is it the result of:
[] 1 A war injury
[] 2 A work accident
[] 3 Other accident
[] 4 Illness or other reason

18c. If necessary, indicate the corresponding percentage of disability: $\qquad$ \%

## Type of education (FR1962A_0421) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's type of regular education.

## Universe

Persons calender age 11+

## Literal question

## Type of education (FR1962A_0421) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]
8. Are you currently a student?
[] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c.
[] No. Go directly to question number 10.
Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year.

9a. Name and address of the school or university:

9b. Nature of the classes you are taking:

Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2eme degr], etc.

9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty:

Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc.

## Relationship to head of family (FR1962A_0422) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-8

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's relationship to the head of the family.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Relationship to head of family

Family membership (FR1962A_0423)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent belonging to a nuclear family.

## Universe

Persons in ordinary dwellings

## Literal question

Family membership

## Region of the workplace (FR1962A_0424)

## File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

This variable indicates the region of the workplace.

## Universe

Active people with a job

## Literal question

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

## Region of the workplace (FR1962A_0424) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
15. Business (industrial, commercial or other), farm, etc. that you manage or that employs you:

15a. Name (or corporate name) and address:

Name: $\qquad$
Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$
City:
For Paris, Lyon and Marseille, add the city district [arrondissement]
State [dpartement]: $\qquad$

15b. Activity of the business:

Be specific; Examples: wholesale wine sales, retail grocery, construction of metal girders, cotton milling, overland transportation for travelers, market gardening, private secondary-level teaching [enseignement priv du second degree], etc.

15c. If you don't work at the same address as the business noted above, indicate your normal work place:
This question is not for farmers, nor is it for household help or V.R.P. Traveling personnel of the French National Railroad [S.N.C.F.], bus drivers, minors, etc., should indicate the station, depot, mineshaft, etc. where they normally work.

Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$

## SAPHIR citizenship (FR1962A_0425) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

## Type: Discrete

Format: numeric
Valid cases: 0
Width: 1
Invalid: 0
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-2

## Description

This variable indicates the SAPHIR citizenship.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

All persons
Literal question

## SAPHIR citizenship (FR1962A_0425)

## File: FRA1962-P-H

5. Nationality
[] French by birth (including by reintegration)
[] Became French through naturalization, marriage, declaration or option. Indicate your previous nationality $\qquad$
[] Foreigner. Indicate your nationality $\qquad$

## SAPHIR nationality (FR1962A_0426) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-61

## Description

This variable indicates the SAPHIR nationality.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

5. Nationality
[] French by birth (including by reintegration)
[] Became French through naturalization, marriage, declaration or option. Indicate your previous nationality $\qquad$
[] Foreigner. Indicate your nationality $\qquad$

SAPHIR type of activity (FR1962A 0427)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: $1-8$
Description
This variable indicates the SAPHIR type of activity. 0
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.
Universe
All persons
Literal question

## SAPHIR type of activity (FR1962A_0427) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]
8. Are you currently a student?
[] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c
[] No. Go directly to question number 10 .
Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year. 9a. Name and address of the school or university:

9b. Nature of the classes you are taking:

Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2 eme degr], etc. 9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty:

Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc.

Professional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
11. Principal Profession. Indicate your current occupation or job.
(even if you are still just an apprentice or if you work helping a family member in his/her occupation.) A woman taking care of only her own household should answer "without profession."

Be specific; examples: Cashier accountant, automobile repair mechanic, hot roller [lamineur chaud], worker in metal carpentry, truck drivers carrying heavy loads, female machinist in production work [mcanicienne en confection], mechanical designer, grain broker, wine grower, horticulturalist, shepherd, etc.

14b. For state or municipal civil servants, public service employees (electric company, railroad, etc.), career military personnel, indicate your category [grade]. Examples: clerk, administrative secretary, administrator, chief engineer, registering agent [facteur enregistrant] for the French National Railroad:
16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work.
a. Have you ever worked?
[] yes
[] yes
[] no
b. What is your profession?
c. For how long have you been seeking work?
17. For persons who no longer work.

Retired from public service, retired executives/managers, workers who have reached the age of retirement, persons no longer working in business, etc.

What was your principal occupation? $\qquad$

SAPHIR type of activity (FR1962A_0427)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Interviewer instructions

Questions 11 through 17 The questions on professional activity are especially important. You should check carefully to make sure they are filled out carefully
Question 11: This question is of capital importance. It is impossible to be too specific in this category
Read carefully the following explanations and the examples given on the individual report [bulletin individuel], as well as the following list:
Examples of inadequate answers which should not be accepted under any circumstance and comments

1. Answers which are inadequate because they are not specific enough:

## Employee <br> Worker

Engineer

Indicate exactly the occupation of the person in question. For example: department- store salesperson, metal turner, chemical engineer.

## Civil Servant

Railroad employee
Gas company worker

Specify the rank or job of civil servants and employees of public services. For example: accounting and order clerk, combined- use railroad agent [facteur mixte S.N.C.F.].

Shopkeeper
Manufacturer
Craftsman
Administrator

Answer in this way, for example: retail grocer, automobile repair mechanic, director of a noodle factory.
2. Answers which are inadequate because they are incomplete:
O.S.2.
O.P.

Qualified laborer
Team leader
Foreman

The above indicate the professional rank, but do not give the individual occupation.
[p.25]
Question 12 - Unpaid workers who help another person in his/her job
It may sometime happen that certain persons - above all, women - work helping another person in his/her job without receiving any pay for their work. These persons should answer "yes" to question 12, even if they only work as such on a part- time basis.
This question concerns, for example, the wife of a farmer who participates in farm work, or the wife or daughter of a shopkeeper who spends a few hours a day at the shop as a salesperson or at the cash register.
Question 13 -Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons who Question 13 - Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons
work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an industrial or commercial establishment which pays them on this basis. Such is the case, for example, of certain designers for fashion work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an indu
If these persons have several employers at the same time, indicate in question 15 which is their principal employer.

## SAPHIR class of worker (FR1962A_0428) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

This variable indicates the SAPHIR class of worker.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

Active people with or without a job

## Literal question

## SAPHIR class of worker (FR1962A_0428)

 File: FRA1962-P-HProfessional Activity
(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
12. Do you work without pay helping another person in his/her profession (for example, a member of your family)?
[] yes
[] no
13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as:
[] A paid employee
-- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15)
[] Someone who works out of his/her home
[] An apprentice under contract
-- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15
[] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer
[] Professional
[] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission).
-- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer:

Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees)
[] yes. How many? $\qquad$ [] no

14b. For state or municipal civil servants, public service employees (electric company, railroad, etc.), career military personnel, indicate your category [grade].

Examples: clerk, administrative secretary, administrator, chief engineer, registering agent [facteur enregistrant] for the French National Railroad:
16. For persons who are currently without work and who are looking for work.
a. Have you ever worked?
[] yes
[] no
b. What is your profession?

[^1]
## SAPHIR class of worker (FR1962A_0428)

## File: FRA1962-P-H

## Interviewer instructions

Questions 11 through 17 The questions on professional activity are especially important. You should check carefully to make sure they are filled out carefully
Question 11: This question is of capital importance. It is impossible to be too specific in this category.
Read carefully the following explanations and the examples given on the individual report [bulletin individuel], as well as the following list:
Examples of inadequate answers which should not be accepted under any circumstance and comments

1. Answers which are inadequate because they are not specific enough:

## Employee

Worker
Engineer

Indicate exactly the occupation of the person in question. For example: department- store salesperson, metal turner, chemical engineer.

Civil Servant
Railroad employee
Gas company worker

Specify the rank or job of civil servants and employees of public services. For example: accounting and order clerk, combined- use railroad agent [facteur mixte S.N.C.F.].

## Shopkeeper

Manufacturer
Craftsman
Administrator

Answer in this way, for example: retail grocer, automobile repair mechanic, director of a noodle factory.
2. Answers which are inadequate because they are incomplete:

## O.S.2.

O.P.

Qualified laborer
Team leader
Foreman

The above indicate the professional rank, but do not give the individual occupation.
[p.25]
Question 12 - Unpaid workers who help another person in his/her job
It may sometime happen that certain persons - above all, women - work helping another person in his/her job without receiving any pay for their work. These persons should answer "yes" to question 12, even if they only work as such on a part- time basis.
This question concerns, for example, the wife of a farmer who participates in farm work, or the wife or daughter of a shopkeeper who spends a few hours a day at the shop as a salesperson or at the cash register.
Question 13 - Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons who work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an industrial or commercial establishment which pays them on this basis. Such is the case, for example, of certain designers for fashion magazines, persons who work for design houses, etc.
If these persons have several employers at the same time, indicate in question 15 which is their principal employer.

## SAPHIR occupation (FR1962A_0429)

## File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 14-87

## Description

This variable indicates the SAPHIR occupation
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

SAPHIR occupation (FR1962A_0429) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Universe

All persons
Literal question

SAPHIR occupation (FR1962A_0429)
File: FRA1962-P-H
Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]
8. Are you currently a student?
[] Yes. Answer questions 9a, b, and c.
[] No. Go directly to question number 10.
Do not answer "yes" unless you are taking courses from a general educational establishment, either professional or technical, or from a university, for the duration of the school year.

9a. Name and address of the school or university:

9b. Nature of the classes you are taking:

Examples: primary, modern or classical secondary [secondaire moderne ou classique], technical, higher, 2nd degree agricultural [agricole du 2 eme degr], etc.
9c. Designation of your class, section or specialty:

Examples: 3rd modern, 4th technical, M.P.C., etc.

## Professional Activity

(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
11. Principal Profession. Indicate your current occupation or job.
(even if you are still just an apprentice or if you work helping a family member in his/her occupation.) A woman taking care of only her own household should answer "without profession."

Be specific; examples: Cashier accountant, automobile repair mechanic, hot roller [lamineur chaud], worker in metal carpentry, truck drivers carrying heavy loads, female machinist in production work [mcanicienne en confection], mechanical designer, grain broker, wine grower, horticulturalist, shepherd, etc.
13. Do you practice your declared profession in question 11 as:
[] A paid employee
-- answer questions 14a, b and c and question 15)
[] Someone who works out of his/her home
[] An apprentice under contract
-- [If you checked either of the two above options,] skip to question 15
[] Landowning farmer, farmer, tenant farmer
[] Professional
[] Employer or independent worker: craftsman, shop-keeper, etc. (working independently, including managers who are majority shareholders of S.A.R.L. [grants majoritaires de S.A.R.L] and persons working strictly on commission).
-- [If you check any of the three above options,] skip to question 15 and answer:

Do you have paid employees (do not count paid household help. In agriculture, count only permanent paid employees)
[] yes. How many?
[] no
17. For persons who no longer work.

Retired from public service, retired executives/managers, workers who have reached the age of retirement, persons no longer working in business, etc.

What was your principal occupation? $\qquad$

SAPHIR occupation (FR1962A 0429)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## interviewer instructions

Questions 11 through 17 The questions on professional activity are especially important. You should check carefully to make sure they are filled out carefully Question 11: This question is of capital importance. It is impossible to be too specific in this category.
Read carefully the following explanations and the examples given on the individual report [bulletin individuel], as well as the following list:
Examples of inadequate answers which should not be accepted under any circumstance and comments

1. Answers which are inadequate because they are not specific enough:

## Employee

## Worker

Engineer

Indicate exactly the occupation of the person in question. For example: department- store salesperson, metal turner, chemical engineer.

Civil Servant
Railroad employee
Gas company worker

Specify the rank or job of civil servants and employees of public services. For example: accounting and order clerk, combined- use railroad agent [facteur mixte S.N.C.F.].

## Shopkeeper

Manufacturer
Craftsman
Administrator

Answer in this way, for example: retail grocer, automobile repair mechanic, director of a noodle factory.
2. Answers which are inadequate because they are incomplete:
O.S.2.
O.P.

Qualified laborer
Team leader
Foreman

The above indicate the professional rank, but do not give the individual occupation.
[p.25]
Question 12 - Unpaid workers who help another person in his/her job
It may sometime happen that certain persons - above all, women - work helping another person in his/her job without receiving any pay for their work. These persons should answer "yes" to question 12, even if they only work as such on a part- time basis.
This question concerns, for example, the wife of a farmer who participates in farm work, or the wife or daughter of a shopkeeper who spends a few hours a day at the shop as a salesperson or at the cash register.
Question 13 - Household employee. This category is not intended for persons who are self- employed and work at home (craftsmen, seamstresses, milliners). It applies only to persons who work at home, often on a piecework basis, for an industrial or commercial establishment which pays them on this basis. Such is the case, for example, of certain designers for fashion magazines, persons who work for design houses, etc.
If these persons have several employers at the same time, indicate in question 15 which is their principal employer.

## SAPHIR diploma (FR1962A_0430) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

## Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR diploma obtained.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

Persons age 17+

## Literal question

# SAPHIR diploma (FR1962A 0430) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

Education and professional training
(For all persons born before January 1, 1952)
[Applies to questions 8-10]
10. Of the diplomas listed below, indicate all that you have earned:
a. General or Higher Education
[] 1 Certificate of primary studies
[] 2 General Certificate of Secondary Education [B.E.P.C.], or elementary certificate
[] 3 Baccalaureate (1st or 2nd part, including technical), or advanced level certificate [brevet suprieur]
[] 4 Advanced 2nd level baccalaureates (university, engineering school, etc.)
b. Professional or Technical Training

## State Diplomas

1. [] Exam indicating completed craftsman apprenticeship
2. [] Certificate of completion of F.P.A. [Certificat de fin de stage de la F.P.A.].
3. [] Vocational Training Certificate [Certificat d'Apprentissage Professionel.]
4. [] Professional degree
5. [] Certificate of industrial, commercial, social, hotelier education (1st or 2nd part, probationary or definitive [probatoire ou dfinitif]).
6. Student with a certificate from the ENP: technical certificate

0 [] Other professional diplomas granted by private schools or public agencies. Indicate the corresponding specialty or specialties: $\qquad$

SAPHIR region of birth (FR1962A_0431)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Valid cases: 0

Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-95

## Description

This variable indicates SAPHIR region of birth.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

4. Date and Place of Birth

Born on
$\qquad$
In: City: State [Dpartement] (or country):

## SAPHIR region of previous residence (FR1962A_0432) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

This variable indicates SAPHIR region of previous residence.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Place of residence on January 1, 1954
(Year of the last general census)
7a. Where were you living on January 1, 1954?
If you were in the armed forces, a boarding-school student or receiving treatment in a health-care facility, indicate your personal residence on that date, and not the address of the establishment (barracks, boarding school, sanitarium, etc.)
[] In the same city or town (or the same district within Paris [arrondissement]) as now.
[] In a different city or town (or a different district within Paris [arrondissement]).
Indicate the other city or town (or district within Paris): $\qquad$ and the state [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$

7b. In the case of a child born after January 1 1954, indicate the residence of the parents at the time of the child's birth:

City or town:
State [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$

7c. If, on January 1, 1954, you were living abroad or outside of metropolitan France, in what year did settle (or re-settle) in metropolitan France?

## SAPHIR region of the workplace (FR1962A_0433) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

## Description

SAPHIR region of the workplace.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

Active people with a job

# SAPHIR region of the workplace (FR1962A_0433) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Literal question

Professional Activity

(For all persons born before January 1, 1948)
[Applies to questions 11-16]
If you are currently without work and you are looking for work, go directly to question 16.
If you are no longer working, go directly to question 17.
15. Business (industrial, commercial or other), farm, etc. that you manage or that employs you:

15a. Name (or corporate name) and address:

Name:
Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$
City:
For Paris, Lyon and Marseille, add the city district [arrondissement]
State [dpartement]: $\qquad$

15b. Activity of the business:

Be specific; Examples: wholesale wine sales, retail grocery, construction of metal girders, cotton milling, overland transportation for travelers, market gardening, private secondary-level teaching [enseignement priv du second degree], etc.

15c. If you don't work at the same address as the business noted above, indicate your normal work place:
This question is not for farmers, nor is it for household help or V.R.P. Traveling personnel of the French National Railroad [S.N.C.F.], bus drivers, minors, etc., should indicate the station, depot, mineshaft, etc. where they normally work.

Street (or locality): $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$ City: $\qquad$

## Interviewer instructions

Question 15 - This question concerns all persons who have stated a profession in question 11, including public service employees, municipal employees and civil service employees. These persons should indicate the name and address of the administrative agency at which they work.
In some cases the establishment may coincide with that of their domicile; it must nevertheless be written again.

## Expansion factor (FR1962A_0434) File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 20-20

## Description

This variable indicates the expansion factor.

## Universe

All persons
Literal question

## Expansion factor (FR1962A_0434) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

Expansion factor

## Migration status (FR1962A_0435) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

| Type: Discrete | Valid cases: 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0 |

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

## Description

This variable indicates the migration status.
SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to use consistent codes across censuses.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

Place of residence on January 1, 1954
(Year of the last general census)
7a. Where were you living on January 1, 1954?
If you were in the armed forces, a boarding-school student or receiving treatment in a health-care facility, indicate your personal residence on that date, and not the address of the establishment (barracks, boarding school, sanitarium, etc.)
[] In the same city or town (or the same district within Paris [arrondissement]) as now.
[] In a different city or town (or a different district within Paris [arrondissement]).
Indicate the other city or town (or district within Paris): $\qquad$ and the state [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$ —

7b. In the case of a child born after January 1 1954, indicate the residence of the parents at the time of the child's birth:

City or town: $\qquad$
State [dpartement] (or country): $\qquad$

7c. If, on January 1, 1954, you were living abroad or outside of metropolitan France, in what year did settle (or re-settle) in metropolitan France?

## Interviewer instructions

Question 7a and 7b - Their purpose is to allow for the study of internal migration in metropolitan France from 1954 to 1962, i.e., between 2 general censuses. They will also provide information about foreign immigration or immigration from countries located outside of metropolitan France. In order to answer these questions, each district [arrondisement] of Paris is considered as a town [commune].

Question 7c - Make sure that this question is filled out for all persons who indicated a residence outside of metropolitan France on January 1, 1954 on question 7 a .

Age (FR1962A_0436)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

Indicates the respondent's age in years.

## Universe

All persons

## Literal question

4. Date and Place of Birth

Born on $\qquad$

## Person weight (PERWT)

File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

## Description

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.
For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

## Migration status, last census (MIGRATEC) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-30

## Description

MIGRATEC indicates the person's place of residence at the time of the previous census. The first digit records movement across major administrative divisions and countries. The second digit reports movement across minor administrative divisions, for samples in which that detail is available.

Disability status (DISABLED)
File: FRA1962-P-H

## Disability status (DISABLED) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

## Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

DISABLED indicates whether the person reported a disability of any kind.

# Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

## Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

## Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

# Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND) 

## File: FRA1962-P-H

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

# Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

## Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

## Description

EEDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone) for the European samples. The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary. All education that was relevant to the completion of a level should be taken into account even if it was provided outside of schools and universities.

EEDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EEDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EEDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country.

Hungary 1980 and 1990 also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL.
EEDATTAIN has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. EEDATTAIN presents a less detailed version of EDATTAIN for the European Samples.

# Activity status (employment status), Europe (EEMPSTAT) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

## Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

## Description

## Activity status (employment status), Europe (EEMPSTAT) File: FRA1962-P-H

EEMPSTAT indicates for the European samples whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EEMPSTAT can also convey further information.

EEMPSTAT has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Employment Status" is referred to as "Activity Status" in the CES recommendations, but the former term is used to maintain consistency with IPUMS practices.

The economically active population constitutes the total labor force: employed and unemployed persons.

# Status in employment (class of worker), Europe (ECLASSWK) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

ECLASSWK refers in European Samples to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker.

ECLASSWK is related to EEMPSTAT (employment status), which is used to define the universe for the variable in many samples.

ECLASSWK has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Class of worker" is referred to as "Status in Employment" in the CES recommendations. The former term is used to maintain concordance with IPUMS practice.

## Nativity status (NATIVITY) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

## Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric
Invalid: 0

Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

## Description

NATIVITY indicates whether the person was native- or foreign-born.

## Year [person version] (YEARP) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

## Description

## Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: FRA1962-P-H
[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

# IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric Invalid: 0
Width: 9
Decimals: 0

## Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

# Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL) File: FRA1962-P-H 

## Overview

Type: Continuous
Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric
Invalid: 0
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

## Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Country [person version] (COUNTRYP) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Continuous

```
Valid cases: 0
```

Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Invalid: 0

## Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP) <br> File: FRA1962-P-H

## Overview

Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0<br>Invalid: 0

Format: character
Width: 1

## Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Related Materials

## Questionnaires

## Census 1962 Household Questionnaire

Title Census 1962 Household Questionnaire
Author(s) INSEE (Institut National de la Statisque et des Etudes Economiques)
Country France
Language French
Filename enum_form_fr1962a.pdf

## Technical documents

Census 1962 Enumerator's Manual

Title Census 1962 Enumerator's Manual
Author(s) INSEE (Institut National de la Statisque et des Etudes Economiques)
Country France
Language French
Filename enum_instruct_fr1962a.pdf


[^0]:    c. For how long have you been seeking work?

[^1]:    c. For how long have you been seeking work?

