

France - General Population Census of 1975 - IPUMS Subset

**INSEE (Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques), Minnesota
Population Center - University of Minnesota**

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Sampling

Sampling Procedure

SAMPLE DESIGN: Systematic manual sorting into lots with different sample units according to target population. Lots divide the population into different samples (1/5 and 4/5). 1/20 sample is selected from 1/5 sample.

SAMPLE UNIT: Private dwellings and individuals for group quarters and compte a part

SAMPLE FRACTION: 5%

SAMPLE UNIVERSE: The microdata sample includes mainland France and Corsica.

SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 2,629,456

Questionnaires

Overview

Separate forms for buildings, group quarters (collective households), group quarters (compte a part), private households, and boats. Four forms for individuals (living in group quarters and private dwellings; two different forms for people compte a part; living in boats).

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
1975-02-20	1975-03-21	N/A

Time Periods

Start	End	Cycle
1975-02-20	1975-02-20	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTION NOTES

De jure, CENSUS DAY: February 20, 1975, FIELD WORK PERIOD: February 20 to March 21

SUPERVISION

Direct and self-enumeration

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

FRA1975-H-H

Content	Household records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	86
Structure	Type: relational Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number)
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V1	RECTYPE	Record type	discrete	character	
V2	YEAR	Year	discrete	numeric	
V3	SAMPLE	IPUMS sample identifier	discrete	numeric	
V4	SERIAL	Household serial number	contin	numeric	
V5	PERSONS	Number of person records in the household	contin	numeric	
V6	SUBSAMP	Subsample number	discrete	numeric	
V7	GQ	Group quarters (collective dwelling) status	discrete	numeric	
V8	UNREL	Number of unrelated persons	discrete	numeric	
V9	URBAN	Urban-rural status	discrete	numeric	
V10	REGIONW	Continent and region of country	discrete	numeric	
V11	ENUTS1	NUTS1 Region, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V12	ENUTS2	NUTS2 Region, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V13	SEWAGE	Sewage	discrete	numeric	
V14	PHONE	Telephone availability	discrete	numeric	
V15	AUTOS	Automobiles available	discrete	numeric	
V16	HEAT	Central heating	discrete	numeric	
V17	KITCHEN	Kitchen or cooking facilities	discrete	numeric	
V18	BATH	Bathing facilities	discrete	numeric	
V19	HHTYPE	Household classification	discrete	numeric	
V20	NFAMS	Number of families in household	discrete	numeric	
V21	HEADLOC	Head's location in household	contin	numeric	
V22	ROOMS	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	
V23	GEOLEV1	1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time]	discrete	numeric	
V24	FR1975A_0002	Belonging to a completely rural county	discrete	numeric	Belonging to a completely rural county
V25	FR1975A_0005	Number of dwellings in a building	discrete	numeric	Number of dwellings in a building
V26	FR1975A_0006	Number of dwellings in building in the sample	discrete	numeric	Number of dwellings in building in the sample
V27	FR1975A_0007	Type of building	discrete	numeric	Type of building

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V28	FR1975A_0008	Dominant material for the walls	discrete	numeric	Dominant material for the walls
V29	FR1975A_0009	Dominant material for the roof	discrete	numeric	Dominant material for the roof
V30	FR1975A_0010	Presence of an elevator in the building	discrete	numeric	Presence of an elevator in the building
V31	FR1975A_0011	Water source for domestic purposes	discrete	numeric	Water source for domestic purposes
V32	FR1975A_0012	Gas supply in the building	discrete	numeric	Gas supply in the building
V33	FR1975A_0013	Water drainage for laboratories	discrete	numeric	Water drainage for laboratories
V34	FR1975A_0014	Drainage of water for domestic use	discrete	numeric	Drainage of water for domestic use
V35	FR1975A_0015	Central heating in the building	discrete	numeric	Central heating in the building
V36	FR1975A_0016	Heating fuel in the building	discrete	numeric	Heating fuel in the building
V37	FR1975A_0017	Farming	discrete	numeric	Farming
V38	FR1975A_0019	Year the building was completed	discrete	numeric	Year the building was completed
V39	FR1975A_0020	Number of floors in the building	discrete	numeric	Number of floors in the building
V40	FR1975A_0021	Dominant material for the walls and the roof	discrete	numeric	Dominant material for the walls and the roof
V41	FR1975A_0022	Number of dwellings by building type	discrete	numeric	Number of dwellings by building type
V42	FR1975A_0024	Weight of the building	discrete	numeric	Weight of the building
V43	FR1975A_0025	Number of dwellings in the building	discrete	numeric	Number of dwellings in the building
V44	FR1975A_0026	Dwelling category	discrete	numeric	Dwelling category
V45	FR1975A_0027	Characteristics of kitchen	discrete	numeric	Characteristics of kitchen
V46	FR1975A_0028	Ownership of the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Ownership of the dwelling
V47	FR1975A_0029	Water supply in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Water supply in the dwelling
V48	FR1975A_0030	Gas supply in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Gas supply in the dwelling
V49	FR1975A_0031	Sanitary facilities in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Sanitary facilities in the dwelling
V50	FR1975A_0032	Bathroom	discrete	numeric	Bathroom
V51	FR1975A_0033	Means of heating in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Means of heating in the dwelling
V52	FR1975A_0034	Heating fuel in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Heating fuel in the dwelling
V53	FR1975A_0035	Presence of a telephone in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Presence of a telephone in the dwelling
V54	FR1975A_0036	Number of cars in the household	discrete	numeric	Number of cars in the household
V55	FR1975A_0038	Number of rooms in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of rooms in the dwelling
V56	FR1975A_0039	Heating fuel in the dwelling (and in the building)	discrete	numeric	Heating fuel in the dwelling (and in the building)
V57	FR1975A_0041	Comfort of the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Comfort of the dwelling
V58	FR1975A_0043	Number of people in the household	discrete	numeric	Number of people in the household
V59	FR1975A_0044	Number of families in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of families in the dwelling
V60	FR1975A_0045	Number of principal families in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of principal families in the dwelling
V61	FR1975A_0046	Number of secondary families in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of secondary families in the dwelling
V62	FR1975A_0047	Number of people in the household	discrete	numeric	Number of people in the household

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V63	FR1975A_0048	Presence of a spouse of the head of the household	discrete	numeric	Presence of a spouse of the head of the household
V64	FR1975A_0049	Number of isolated individuals in the household	discrete	numeric	Number of isolated individuals in the household
V65	FR1975A_0050	Number of people in the restricted household	discrete	numeric	Number of people in the restricted household
V66	FR1975A_0051	Number of children in the household	discrete	numeric	Number of children in the household
V67	FR1975A_0052	Population density of the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Population density of the dwelling
V68	FR1975A_0053	Standard for household occupancy	discrete	numeric	Standard for household occupancy
V69	FR1975A_0054	Biological structure of the household	discrete	numeric	Biological structure of the household
V70	FR1975A_0055	Number of people in the family	discrete	numeric	Number of people in the family
V71	FR1975A_0056	Indicator of a recent move	discrete	numeric	Indicator of a recent move
V72	FR1975A_0058	Urban-rural	discrete	numeric	Urban-rural
V73	HHWT	Household weight	contin	numeric	
V74	GEO1_FR	France, Region 1962 - 2011 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V75	GEO1_FR1975	France, Region 1975 [Level 1, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V76	WATSUP	Water supply	discrete	numeric	
V77	NCOUPLES	Number of married couples in household	discrete	numeric	
V78	NMOTHERS	Number of mothers in household	discrete	numeric	
V79	NFATHERS	Number of fathers in household	discrete	numeric	
V80	COUNTRY	Country	discrete	numeric	
V81	BUILTYR	Year structure was built	discrete	numeric	
V82	AGESTRUCT2	Age of structure, coded from intervals	discrete	numeric	
V83	ELEVATOR	Elevator in structure	discrete	numeric	
V84	OWNERSHIP	Ownership of dwelling [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V85	OWNERSHIPD	Ownership of dwelling [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V86	FUELHEAT	Fuel for heating	discrete	numeric	

FRA1975-P-H

Content	Person records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	100
Structure	Type: relational Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version])
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V87	PERNUM	Person number	contin	numeric	
V88	MOMLOC	Mother's location in household	contin	numeric	
V89	POPLOC	Father's location in household	contin	numeric	
V90	SPLOC	Spouse's location in household	contin	numeric	
V91	PARRULE	Rule for linking parent	discrete	numeric	
V92	SPRULE	Rule for linking spouse	discrete	numeric	
V93	STEPMOM	Probable stepmother	discrete	numeric	
V94	STEPPOP	Probable stepfather	discrete	numeric	
V95	POLYMAL	Man with more than one wife linked	discrete	numeric	
V96	POLY2ND	Woman is second or higher order wife	discrete	numeric	
V97	FAMUNIT	Family unit membership	contin	numeric	
V98	FAMSIZE	Number of own family members in household	discrete	numeric	
V99	NCHILD	Number of own children in household	discrete	numeric	
V100	NCHLT5	Number of own children under age 5 in household	discrete	numeric	
V101	ELDCH	Age of eldest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V102	YNGCH	Age of youngest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V103	RELATE	Relationship to household head [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V104	RELATED	Relationship to household head [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V105	ERELATE	Relationship to head, Europe	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V106	AGE	Age	discrete	numeric	
V107	AGE2	Age, grouped into intervals	discrete	numeric	
V108	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	
V109	MARST	Marital status [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V110	MARSTD	Marital status [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V111	EMARST	Marital status, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V112	BIRTHYR	Year of birth	discrete	numeric	
V113	BPLFR	Region of birth, France	discrete	numeric	
V114	EBPLNT1	Region of birth, Europe, NUTS1	discrete	numeric	
V115	EBPLNT2	Region of birth, Europe, NUTS2	discrete	numeric	
V116	CITIZEN	Citizenship	discrete	numeric	
V117	NATION	Country of citizenship	discrete	numeric	
V118	EDUCFR	Educational attainment, France	discrete	numeric	
V119	EDAGE	Age when completed education	discrete	numeric	
V120	EMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V121	EMPSTATD	Activity status (employment status) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V122	OCCISCO	Occupation, ISCO general	discrete	numeric	
V123	OCC	Occupation, unrecoded	contin	numeric	
V124	INDGEN	Industry, general recode	discrete	numeric	
V125	IND	Industry, unrecoded	contin	numeric	
V126	CLASSWK	Status in employment (class of worker) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V127	CLASSWKD	Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V128	EMPLNO	Number of employees	discrete	numeric	
V129	LOOKJOB	Period seeking work	discrete	numeric	
V130	PWRKFR	Region of work, France	discrete	numeric	
V131	MIGFR	Region of residence at last census, France	discrete	numeric	
V132	FR1975A_0401	Family membership	discrete	numeric	Family membership
V133	FR1975A_0402	Relationship family head to head of household	discrete	numeric	Relationship family head to head of household
V134	FR1975A_0403	Sex	discrete	numeric	3. Sex [] 1 Male [] 2 Female

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V135	FR1975A_0404	Marital status	discrete	numeric	4. Marital Status Put a cross in the only box which corresponds to your current situation: so, a widower (or a divorced man) who is remarried will mark the second box [] 1 Single [] 2 Married [] 3 Widow(er) [] 4 Divorced
V136	FR1975A_0405	General education	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have: a. General or secondary education [] 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O). [] 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'tudes du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Europeen du Premier Secours]. [] 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate [] 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.) b. Technical education and professional training [] 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'tudes professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree. [] 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree. [] 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hotelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole]. [] 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet suprieur d'enseignement commercial]. [] 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.). [] 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.) [] 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V137	FR1975A_0406	Diploma of professional or Technical education	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have: a. General or secondary education [] 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O). [] 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'tudes du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Europeen du Premier Secours]. [] 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate [] 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.) b. Technical education and professional training [] 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'tudes professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree. [] 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree. [] 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hotelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole]. [] 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet suprieur d'enseignement commercial]. [] 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.). [] 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.) [] 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.
V138	FR1975A_0407	High school student or college student (pursuing studies)	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 9. Are you currently a high school or university student? [] 1 Yes [] 0 No Do not answer "Yes" except if you are taking classes in an academic institution (including professional or technical) or a university for the normal length of an academic year. If you are apprenticed under contract or interned at a F.P.A center, if you are not taking professional classes part-time, improvement classes by correspondence, seasonal classes, etc., answer "No".
V139	FR1975A_0408	Age at the end of studies	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 10. At what age did you stop going regularly to an academic institution (including professional or technical or university) ____ years
V140	FR1975A_0409	Employment status	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? [] 1 less than 3 months [] 2 3 to less than 6 months [] 3 6 months to less than a year [] 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? [] Yes [] No c. What is your career? ____ 18. If you do not work anymore: (You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.) What was your principal profession? ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V141	FR1975A_0410	Qualification	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 14. For paid workers: a. If you are a worker, specify the qualification of your current job: [] 1 Unskilled or specialized laborer [] 2 Specialized worker (OS1, OS2) [] 3 Skilled worker or highly qualified (P1, P2, P3...) b. If you are a state employee, from a local city or a public service (E.D.F. Electricit de France, S.N.C.F, Socity nationale des chemins de fer etc.) or military by career, specify your rank: Examples: principal administration agent, administrative secretary, stationmaster of the second class, etc. ____ c. If you are in a different situation, specify your hierarchical position: Examples: supervisor, head farmer, head of a department store, business director, etc. ____
V142	FR1975A_0411	Number of employees	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 15. If you are self-employed: (answers 2, 3, or 4 on question 13) Do you hire employees? Do not count servants at home in your service. In agriculture, only count permanent paid workers. [] Yes How many? [] 1 1 to 2 [] 3 3 to 5 [] 6 6 or more [] 0 No
V143	FR1975A_0412	Duration of unemployment	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? [] 1 less than 3 months [] 2 3 to less than 6 months [] 3 6 months to less than a year [] 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? [] Yes [] No c. What is your career? ____
V144	FR1975A_0413	Origin of the workplace figure	discrete	numeric	Origin of the workplace figure
V145	FR1975A_0414	Category of the population in detail	discrete	numeric	Category of the population in detail
V146	FR1975A_0415	Relationship to the head of household	discrete	numeric	Relationship to the head of household
V147	FR1975A_0416	Relationship to the head of family	discrete	numeric	Relationship to the head of family
V148	FR1975A_0417	Age in calendar year	discrete	numeric	5. Date and place of birth Born : (day, month, year) ____ in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)
V149	FR1975A_0418	Class of worker	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 12. Do you work without pay by helping another person in his/her profession (for example a member of your family)? [] 1 Yes [] No 13. Do you practice your main declared profession as: [] 2 Farmer [] 3 Member of a free-market profession [] 4 Employer or self-employed worker: artisan, merchant, industrial worker, etc. (working for yourself, including managers of the S.A.R.L [Socit responsabilite limite] and people not working except on commission) [] 5 Working at home for yourself for one (or more) companies [] 6 Apprenticed under contract [] 7 Paid 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? [] 1 less than 3 months [] 2 3 to less than 6 months [] 3 6 months to less than a year [] 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? [] Yes [] No c. What is your career? ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V150	FR1975A_0419	Occupation	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 11. Main profession Indicate the profession or the career that you currently practice (even if you still only an apprentice or if you work by helping a member of your family in his or her profession). A woman who only takes care of her home will answer "without profession". ____ Be specific: Examples: mechanic (automobile repairman, clothing maker, carpenter in iron, fitter in central heating, building painter, industrial designer, electrical engineer, wine-grower, driver of heavy loads, shorthand typist, whole-sale drugs, etc. 13. Do you practice your main declared profession as: [] 2 Farmer [] 3 Member of a free-market profession [] 4 Employer or self-employed worker: artisan, merchant, industrial worker, etc. (working for yourself, including managers of the S.A.R.L [Socit responsabilite limite] and people not working except on commission) [] 5 Working at home for yourself for one (or more) companies [] 6 Apprenticed under contract [] 7 Paid 14. For paid workers: a. If you are a worker, specify the qualification of your current job: [] 1 Unskilled or specialized laborer [] 2 Specialized worker (OS1, OS2) [] 3 Skilled worker or highly qualified (P1, P2, P3...) b. If you are a state employee, from a local city or a public service (E.D.F. Electricite de France, S.N.C.F, Socit nationale des chemins de fer etc.) or military by career, specify your rank: Examples: principal administration agent, administrative secretary, stationmaster of the second class, etc. ____ c. If you are in a different situation, specify your hierarchical position: Examples: supervisor, head farmer, head of a department store, business director, etc. ____ 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? [] 1 less than 3 months [] 2 3 to less than 6 months [] 3 6 months to less than a year [] 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? [] Yes [] No c. What is your career? ____ 18. If you do not work anymore: (You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.) What was your principal profession? ____
V151	FR1975A_0420	Region of previous residence	discrete	numeric	7. Where were you living on January 1, 1968? (for all people born before January 1, 1968) If, on January 1st, 1968, you were in the military or were a boarding student or under treatment in a care facility, indicate the address of your personal residence at this date and not the address of the institution (barrack, boarding school, sanatorium, etc.) [] 1 In the same dwelling as now [] 2 In the same city (or the same city neighborhood for Paris, Lyon or Marseille) [] 3 In another city (or another district for Paris, Lyon or Marseille) Indicate this other city: City (For Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the city neighborhood [arrondissement]) ____ County (Country for the foreigner, territory for the T.O.M) ____ If, on January 1, 1968, you were living abroad or in an overseas territory or department, in which year did you come (or return) to live in Metropolitan France? 19__
V152	FR1975A_0421	Birthplace	discrete	numeric	5. Date and place of birth Born : (day, month, year) ____ in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V153	FR1975A_0422	Industry, 100 categories	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 16. Where do you work? a. Address of your workplace: Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___ If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.) If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable" b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ___ c. Activity of this institution: Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc. ___ d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a : Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___
V154	FR1975A_0423	Nationality	discrete	numeric	6. Nationality [] 1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1 [] 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration Indicate your previous nationality ___ [] 3 Foreigner Indicate your nationality ___
V155	FR1975A_0424	Age	discrete	numeric	5. Date and place of birth Born : (day, month, year) ___ in (city): ___ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) County: ___ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)
V156	FR1975A_0425	Diploma	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have: a. General or secondary education [] 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O). [] 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'tudes du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Europeen du Premier Secours]. [] 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate [] 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.) b. Technical education and professional training [] 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'tudes professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree. [] 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnelle des adultes], 2nd degree. [] 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hotelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole]. [] 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet supieur d'enseignement commercial]. [] 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.). [] 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.) [] 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ___.

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V157	FR1975A_0426	Industry, European Community	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 16. Where do you work? a. Address of your workplace: Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___ If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.) If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable" b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ___ c. Activity of this institution: Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc. ___ d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a : Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___
V158	FR1975A_0427	Industry, 14 categories	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 16. Where do you work? a. Address of your workplace: Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___ If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.) If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable" b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ___ c. Activity of this institution: Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc. ___ d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a : Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___
V159	FR1975A_0428	Region of work	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 16. Where do you work? a. Address of your workplace: Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___ If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.) If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable" b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ___ c. Activity of this institution: Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc. ___ d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a : Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V160	FR1975A_0429	Previous country of residence	discrete	numeric	7. Where were you living on January 1, 1968? (for all people born before January 1, 1968) If, on January 1st, 1968, you were in the military or were a boarding student or under treatment in a care facility, indicate the address of your personal residence at this date and not the address of the institution (barrack, boarding school, sanatorium, etc.) [] 1 In the same dwelling as now [] 2 In the same city (or the same city neighborhood for Paris, Lyon or Marseille) [] 3 In another city (or another district for Paris, Lyon or Marseille) Indicate this other city: City (For Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the city neighborhood [arrondissement]) ___ County (Country for the foreigner, territory for the T.O.M) ___ If, on January 1, 1968, you were living abroad or in an overseas territory or department, in which year did you come (or return) to live in Metropolitan France? 19__
V161	FR1975A_0430	Type of immigrant	discrete	numeric	6. Nationality [] 1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1 [] 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration Indicate your previous nationality ___ [] 3 Foreigner Indicate your nationality ___
V162	FR1975A_0432	Industry, UNO	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 16. Where do you work? a. Address of your workplace: Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___ If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.) If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable" b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ___ c. Activity of this institution: Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc. ___ d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a : Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___
V163	FR1975A_0433	SAPHIR region of workplace	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 16. Where do you work? a. Address of your workplace: Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___ If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.) If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable" b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ___ c. Activity of this institution: Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc. ___ d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a : Number ___ Street (or place name) ___ City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ___ County: ___
V164	FR1975A_0434	SAPHIR region of previous residence	discrete	numeric	5. Date and place of birth Born : (day, month, year) ___ in (city): ___ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) County: ___ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)
V165	FR1975A_0435	SAPHIR region of birth	discrete	numeric	5. Date and place of birth Born : (day, month, year) ___ in (city): ___ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) County: ___ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)
V166	FR1975A_0436	SAPHIR citizenship	discrete	numeric	6. Nationality [] 1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1 [] 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration Indicate your previous nationality ___ [] 3 Foreigner Indicate your nationality ___

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V167	FR1975A_0437	SAPHIR nationality	discrete	numeric	6. Nationality <input type="checkbox"/> 1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration Indicate your previous nationality ____ <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Foreigner Indicate your nationality ____
V168	FR1975A_0438	SAPHIR-harmonized diploma	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have: a. General or secondary education <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O). <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'tudes du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Europeen du Premier Secours]. <input type="checkbox"/> 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.) b. Technical education and professional training <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'tudes professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree. <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree. <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hotelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole]. <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet suprieur d'enseignement commercial]. <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.). <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.
V169	FR1975A_0439	SAPHIR type of activity	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 11. Main profession Indicate the profession or the career that you currently practice (even if you still only an apprentice or if you work by helping a member of your family in his or her profession). A woman who only takes care of her home will answer "without profession". ____ Be specific: Examples: mechanic (automobile repairman, clothing maker, carpenter in iron, fitter in central heating, building painter, industrial designer, electrical engineer, wine-grower, driver of heavy loads, shorthand typist, whole-sale drugs, etc. 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 less than 3 months <input type="checkbox"/> 2 3 to less than 6 months <input type="checkbox"/> 3 6 months to less than a year <input type="checkbox"/> 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No c. What is your career? ____ 18. If you do not work anymore: (You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.) What was your principal profession? ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V170	FR1975A_0440	SAPHIR class of worker	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 12. Do you work without pay by helping another person in his/her profession (for example a member of your family)? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 15. If you are self-employed: (answers 2, 3, or 4 on question 13) Do you hire employees? Do not count servants at home in your service. In agriculture, only count permanent paid workers. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes How many? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 1 to 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 3 to 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 6 or more <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 less than 3 months <input type="checkbox"/> 2 3 to less than 6 months <input type="checkbox"/> 3 6 months to less than a year <input type="checkbox"/> 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No c. What is your career? ____
V171	FR1975A_0441	SAPHIR occupation	discrete	numeric	For all people 16 years of age or older [Applies to questions 8 -18] 13. Do you practice your main declared profession as: <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Farmer <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Member of a free-market profession <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Employer or self-employed worker: artisan, merchant, industrial worker, etc. (working for yourself, including managers of the S.A.R.L [Socit responsabilite limite] and people not working except on commission) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Working at home for yourself for one (or more) companies <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Apprenticed under contract <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Paid 14. For paid workers: a. If you are a worker, specify the qualification of your current job: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Unskilled or specialized laborer <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Specialized worker (OS1, OS2) <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Skilled worker or highly qualified (P1, P2, P3...) b. If you are a state employee, from a local city or a public service (E.D.F. Electricite de France, S.N.C.F, Socit nationale des chemins de fer etc.) or military by career, specify your rank: Examples: principal administration agent, administrative secretary, stationmaster of the second class, etc. ____ c. If you are in a different situation, specify your hierarchical position: Examples: supervisor, head farmer, head of a department store, business director, etc. ____ 17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some: a. For how long have you been looking for work? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 less than 3 months <input type="checkbox"/> 2 3 to less than 6 months <input type="checkbox"/> 3 6 months to less than a year <input type="checkbox"/> 4 one year or more b. Have you already worked? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No c. What is your career? ____ 18. If you do not work anymore: (You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.) What was your principal profession? ____
V172	FR1975A_0442	Migration	discrete	numeric	7. Where were you living on January 1, 1968? (for all people born before January 1, 1968) If, on January 1st, 1968, you were in the military or were a boarding student or under treatment in a care facility, indicate the address of your personal residence at this date and not the address of the institution (barrack, boarding school, sanatorium, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> 1 In the same dwelling as now <input type="checkbox"/> 2 In the same city (or the same city neighborhood for Paris, Lyon or Marseille) <input type="checkbox"/> 3 In another city (or another district for Paris, Lyon or Marseille) Indicate this other city: City (For Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the city neighborhood [arrondissement]) ____ County (Country for the foreigner, territory for the T.O.M) ____ If, on January 1, 1968, you were living abroad or in an overseas territory or department, in which year did you come (or return) to live in Metropolitan France? 19__
V173	PERWT	Person weight	contin	numeric	
V174	MIGRATEC	Migration status, last census	discrete	numeric	
V175	EDATTAIN	Educational attainment, international recode [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V176	EDATTAIND	Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V177	EEDATTAIN	Educational attainment, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V178	EEMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status), Europe	discrete	numeric	
V179	ECLASSWK	Status in employment (class of worker), Europe	discrete	numeric	
V180	MIGCTRYC	Country of residence last census	discrete	numeric	
V181	NATIVITY	Nativity status	discrete	numeric	
V182	YEARP	Year [person version]	contin	numeric	
V183	SAMPLEP	IPUMS sample identifier [person version]	contin	numeric	
V184	SERIAL	Household serial number [person version]	contin	numeric	
V185	COUNTRYP	Country [person version]	contin	numeric	
V186	RECTYPEP	Record type [person version]	discrete	character	

Record type (RECTYPE)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: character	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	

Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.

NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of 'H' for household records and 'P' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

Year (YEAR)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1960-2011	

Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 32197001-894201001	

Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g., 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	

Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002
 Colombia 1993, 2005
 Costa Rica 1984, 2000
 Cuba 2002
 Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010
 Ecuador 1990, 2001
 Germany 1971
 Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001
 Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001
 Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000
 Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005
 Nigeria 2006
 Panama 2000
 Peru 1993, 2007
 Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001
 Spain 1991
 Uruguay 2011
 Venezuela 1990, 2001
 Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.

SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

Number of person records in the household (PERSONS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99. Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract 10% of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

Number of unrelated persons (UNREL)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

UNREL indicates the number of persons in the household who are unrelated to the head.

Urban-rural status (URBAN)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Urban-rural status (URBAN)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

URBAN indicates whether the household was located in a place designated as urban or as rural.

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-54

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

NUTS1 Region, Europe (ENUTS1)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 101-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ENUTS1 identifies the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) within Europe in which the household was enumerated. NUTS1 is the first level territorial units within countries. NUTS is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. The European Free Trade Association extends the NUTS system to several additional countries outside of the EU, and they are also incorporated into this variable.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS1 system and the name of the NUTS1 region, separated by a slash.

The full set of geography variables for the countries can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found [here](#).

NUTS2 Region, Europe (ENUTS2)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 111-3407

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NUTS2 Region, Europe (ENUTS2)

File: FRA1975-H-H

ENUTS2 identifies the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) within Europe in which the household was enumerated. NUTS2 is the second level territorial units within countries. NUTS is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. The European Free Trade Association extends the NUTS system to several additional countries outside of the EU, and they are also incorporated into this variable.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS2 system and the name of the NUTS2 region, separated by a slash.

The full set of geography variables for the countries can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found [here](#).

Sewage (SEWAGE)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

SEWAGE indicates whether the household has access to a sewage system or septic tank.

Telephone availability (PHONE)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

PHONE indicates the availability of a telephone in the dwelling.

Automobiles available (AUTOS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

AUTOS records whether a member of the household owned or had use of a vehicle and, in many samples, the number of such vehicles.

Central heating (HEAT)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

HEAT indicates the type of heating in the dwelling: individual or collective central heating, non-central heating, or none.

Kitchen or cooking facilities (KITCHEN)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

KITCHEN indicates whether the household had a kitchen, cooking facilities, or room dedicated to food preparation.

Bathing facilities (BATH)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

BATH indicates whether the household had access to bathing facilities and, in most cases, whether it had exclusive access.

Household classification (HHTYPE)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

HHTYPE is a constructed variable that describes the composition of households.

HHTYPE is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head), from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father), and from information on group quarters status, GQ.

Number of families in household (NFAMS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

NFAMS is a constructed variable that indicates the number of families within each household. A "family" is any group of persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage. An unrelated individual within the household is considered a separate family. Thus, a household consisting of a widow and her servant contains two families; a household consisting of a large, multiple-generation extended family with no lodgers or servants would count as a single family.

NFAMS is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head) and from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father). See those variable descriptions for more detail.

Head's location in household (HEADLOC)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

HEADLOC gives the person number of the head of household in samples in which persons are organized into households.

Number of rooms (ROOMS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

ROOMS indicates the number of rooms occupied by the housing unit.

1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 6	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 32002-894010	

Description

1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1)

File: FRA1975-H-H

GEOLEV1 indicates the major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. First administrative units in GEOLEV1 have been spatiotemporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

Belonging to a completely rural county (FR1975A_0002)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the county where the person or household is located is completely rural or not.

Universe

All records

Literal question

Belonging to a completely rural county

Number of dwellings in a building (FR1975A_0005)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of dwellings in a building.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of dwellings in a building

Number of dwellings in building in the sample (FR1975A_0006)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of dwellings in the building in a sample.

Number of dwellings in building in the sample (FR1975A_0006)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of dwellings in building in the sample

Type of building (FR1975A_0007)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of dwelling.

Universe

All dwellings

Literal question

Type of building

Interviewer instructions

3.3.1. Question 1: Type of building.

You will check one and only one of the six boxes.

Type 1: farm, agricultural buildings. You will classify the buildings used for a farm in this section.

Type 2: Make- shift dwellings: This type of dwelling consists of shelters not meant to be used for housing or totally unfit to be lived in but nevertheless are used as abodes. This includes wagons or other immobilized vehicles, immobilized boats impossible to navigate (1), blockhouses, fortifications, shanty town shacks, houses falling into ruin, etc.

Do not count these places unless they are lived in. In the same way, only count the dwellings within them which are occupied.

Warning: The buildings built as dwellings but which have become more or less unfit to live in as a normal abode, either through dilapidation or insufficient maintenance, must be classified in sections 5 and 6 as long as they have not fallen into ruin, even if their facility installations do no longer hold up to the modern norms for building facilities.

Type 3: Temporary structure. This means structures destined for habitation but having a temporary nature: shacks constructed from devastated dwellings, workers on a temporary building site, etc.

[Footnote] (1) Barges and tug boats of inland navigation will be counted by agents of navigable waters. You should only count boats which are no longer licensed.

[p.32]

Type 4: Only enter in this category buildings for which the whole thing or the largest part of it is reserved for this use. A private house where the rooms are rented out occasionally to people on vacation during holiday times should be classified in 5.

Type 5 and 6: The buildings which do not fit into types 1 to 4 will be classified in 5 or 6 provided that they are mainly used as abodes or, on the other hand, mainly used for industrial, commercial, administrative use.

Usually, the houses consisting at the same time of a single dwelling and a single professional location (store, shop, artisan's workshop) will be classified in category of type 6.

N.B. For buildings of types 2 or 6, don't omit to specify the kind of structure in as much detail as possible.

If you are worried by a special case, describe it at the end of question and you might want to point it out to the delegate.

Dominant material for the walls (FR1975A_0008)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Dominant material for the walls (FR1975A_0008)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dominant material for the walls of the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Dominant material for the walls

Interviewer instructions

3.3.2. Question 2: Dominant materials

Walls - Check one box and one alone.

If you have checked box 2, make an effort to specify the material or materials used.

In more of the materials explicitly numbered in section 2, you will classify the nondurable materials used for temporary structures in this section. For the buildings made of wood, wooden panels and cob, always check box 2 even if this is a durable structure (it is question 1 which will inform others on the subject of the temporary nature or durability of the structure.)

In a situation where two of the same kinds of materials (section 1 and 2) are used (in the case of farms or agricultural buildings, for example), check the only section corresponding to the kind of material principally employed in the building or the part of the building which is lived in.

Roof - The explanations given above for the walls are to be applied as well for the roof.

Dominant material for the roof (FR1975A_0009)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dominant material for the roof of the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Dominant material for the roof

Interviewer instructions

3.3.2. Question 2: Dominant materials

Walls - Check one box and one alone.

If you have checked box 2, make an effort to specify the material or materials used.

In more of the materials explicitly numbered in section 2, you will classify the nondurable materials used for temporary structures in this section. For the buildings made of wood, wooden panels and cob, always check box 2 even if this is a durable structure (it is question 1 which will inform others on the subject of the temporary nature or durability of the structure.)

In a situation where two of the same kinds of materials (section 1 and 2) are used (in the case of farms or agricultural buildings, for example), check the only section corresponding to the kind of material principally employed in the building or the part of the building which is lived in.

Roof - The explanations given above for the walls are to be applied as well for the roof.

Presence of an elevator in the building (FR1975A_0010)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates if there is an elevator in the dwelling's building.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Presence of an elevator in the building

Water source for domestic purposes (FR1975A_0011)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling's water source for domestic purposes.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Water source for domestic purposes

Interviewer instructions

3.3.5 Question 6: Water source for domestic use.

- Do not count anything but water serving domestic use (especially for the kitchen) and not water used, possibly, for hoses and sprinkling systems, to water cattle, etc.
- Check box 1 (building connected to a shared water main or box 2 (building connected by way of a pipe to a water extension) in the situation where a pipe brings water inside of a building.
- Check box 3 when water needs to be carried in.

Gas supply in the building (FR1975A_0012)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the building's gas supply.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Gas supply in the building

Water drainage for laboratories (FR1975A_0013)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the way water from lavatories (bathrooms) is evacuated from the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Water drainage for laboratories

Interviewer instructions

3.3.6 Question 8: Evacuation of the lavatory and domestic water

- mark only one of the two boxes in question 8a and only one of the two boxes in question 8b.
- Do not check box 1 in either of these two questions except if there is in your district some sewers capable of receiving the effluents of the lavatory and the domestic water used.
- City hall must inform you of the existence and the nature of the sewer systems

Drainage of water for domestic use (FR1975A_0014)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the way tap water is evacuated from the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Drainage of water for domestic use

Interviewer instructions

3.3.6 Question 8: Evacuation of the lavatory and domestic water

- mark only one of the two boxes in question 8a and only one of the two boxes in question 8b.
- Do not check box 1 in either of these two questions except if there is in your district some sewers capable of receiving the effluents of the lavatory and the domestic water used.
- City hall must inform you of the existence and the nature of the sewer systems

Central heating in the building (FR1975A_0015)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Central heating in the building (FR1975A_0015)

File: FRA1975-H-H

This variable indicates the central heating of the building.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Central heating in the building

Interviewer instructions

3.3.7 Question 9: Central heating

a) They say that one shared building has one shared installation of central heating when it is supplied, for the most part from its dwellings, by one single source of heat (one furnace for example) ; are equally considered as such the buildings using "integrated electric heating" or "central heating by hot air heating."

- Concerning the source of shared heat, it can be:

- either right to the building: in this case, check box 3 ;

- or shared among a group of buildings (generally neighboring buildings): in this case, check box 2 ;

- or shared among an important number of buildings dispersed on common territory and dependent on a communal institution or shared between districts (urban heating): in this case, check box 1.

- check box 4 in ALL other cases, even if it concerns a shared apartment building in which most of the dwellings have installations of individual central heating.

b) If you have checked boxes 2 or 3 of the main question, do not forget to specify the fuel used.

Heating fuel in the building (FR1975A_0016)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the heating fuel used in buildings with central heating systems.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Heating fuel in the building

Interviewer instructions

3.3.7 Question 9: Central heating

a) They say that one shared building has one shared installation of central heating when it is supplied, for the most part from its dwellings, by one single source of heat (one furnace for example) ; are equally considered as such the buildings using "integrated electric heating" or "central heating by hot air heating."

- Concerning the source of shared heat, it can be:

- either right to the building: in this case, check box 3 ;

- or shared among a group of buildings (generally neighboring buildings): in this case, check box 2 ;

- or shared among an important number of buildings dispersed on common territory and dependent on a communal institution or shared between districts (urban heating): in this case, check box 1.

- check box 4 in ALL other cases, even if it concerns a shared apartment building in which most of the dwellings have installations of individual central heating.

b) If you have checked boxes 2 or 3 of the main question, do not forget to specify the fuel used.

Farming (FR1975A_0017)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Farming (FR1975A_0017)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the dwelling serves as a center of agricultural production.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Farming

Interviewer instructions

3.3.8 Question 10: Farms

You will define a farm as any group of cultivated earth with the purpose of agricultural production (with the exception of woods, moors, building land, parks and flower gardens) having:

[p.35]

- at least one hectare of land if this is about mixed farming (workable lands, prairies, crops),
 - or at least 20 acres if this is about specialized crops (marketable crops, fruit trees, flowers, vines, etc.)
- and that no matter what the main activity of the person who farms it.

Virtually a building (or a group of buildings) of type 1 building (farm, agricultural buildings) is always the center of agricultural production (answer "yes" to question 10) if the farmer resides in this building (or this group of buildings).

Year the building was completed (FR1975A_0019)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the year the dwelling (building) was completed.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Year the building was completed

Interviewer instructions

3.3.3. Question 3: Year the construction was finished.

This information is very important.

You will be obtain it by questioning the owner, the concierge, the people who have lived in the house for a long time, the neighborhood or the community. Some buildings bear the year of completion engraved on the side.

For the four first sections, it often suffices to know the date of completion within a certain number of years in order to answer without it being considered an error. In the absence of direct information, you will sometimes be able to classify buildings by comparing them to others, typical with some time periods. City hall might be able to tell you if, in your district, there some important apartment building complexes constructed in well- determined time periods.

Number of floors in the building (FR1975A_0020)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Number of floors in the building (FR1975A_0020)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-10

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of floors in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of floors in the building

Interviewer instructions

3.3.4. Question 4: The number of floors above the ground floor.
The ground floor should not be counted.

Dominant material for the walls and the roof (FR1975A_0021)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dominant materials in the walls and the roof of the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Dominant material for the walls and the roof

Interviewer instructions

3.3.2. Question 2: Dominant materials

Walls - Check one box and one alone.

If you have checked box 2, make an effort to specify the material or materials used.

In more of the materials explicitly numbered in section 2, you will classify the nondurable materials used for temporary structures in this section. For the buildings made of wood, wooden panels and cob, always check box 2 even if this is a durable structure (it is question 1 which will inform others on the subject of the temporary nature or durability of the structure.)

In a situation where two of the same kinds of materials (section 1 and 2) are used (in the case of farms or agricultural buildings, for example), check the only section corresponding to the kind of material principally employed in the building or the part of the building which is lived in.

Roof - The explanations given above for the walls are to be applied as well for the roof.

Number of dwellings by building type (FR1975A_0022)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of dwellings by building type (FR1975A_0022)

File: FRA1975-H-H

This variable indicates the building type and the number of dwellings in it.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of dwellings by building type

Weight of the building (FR1975A_0024)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the building's weight in the census.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Weight of the building

Number of dwellings in the building (FR1975A_0025)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of dwellings in the building.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of dwellings in the building

Dwelling category (FR1975A_0026)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-5

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling category (comparable to variable FR75A007: Type of building).

Dwelling category (FR1975A_0026)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Universe

All dwellings

Literal question

Dwelling category

Interviewer instructions

Dwelling category (FR1975A_0026)

File: FRA1975-H-H

4.2.1 Category 1 - regular dwelling (see 4.2.6 below)

[p.39]

4.2.2 Category 2 - Independent rooms rented, sublet, or leased to certain people

Some dwelling sometimes have an independent annex, that is to say which has access to the outside, either directly, or by the intermediary of shared parts of the building, without it being necessary to go through places occupied by other people. This is the case, for example, for dwellings having a maid's room situated on another floor (frequently the case in the Parisian neighborhoods).

If the owner of the main dwelling has such an annex for himself (in order to shelter a member of his family, a maid, etc) or if the independent room is unoccupied at the time of the census, it is not necessary to establish a distinct form number 1 for the room.

If, on the other hand, the annex is rented, sublet or leased to particular people, you should establish a distinct number one form for it by checking box 2 of the category of dwelling and by adding the name of the owner of the main dwelling . (This information will possibly permit considering the main dwelling and its annex as a single unit, in some uses of the census.

The rooms classified in category 2 should always join up to a main dwelling.

4.2.3 Category 3 - Furnished rooms in a hotel, a boarding house, a furnished room, etc.

Some clients of these establishments reside there for most of the year (for example, students residing for the whole school year in a hotel room); some have no other residence (for example, young married couples not having found a place to live elsewhere).

In such a case, you will establish dwelling form for each bedroom (or possibly apartments) occupied by a household or a person living alone.

You will check box 3 of the category of dwelling and, in question 4 on page 4 of the dwelling form, it's box 5 which should be checked.

For people passing through in hotels, Refer to 6.3.1. C2.

[p.40]

Note: Dwelling category 3 should be used only for bedrooms or furnished apartments of hotels, youth hostels, boarding houses, furnished rooms (building type 4 on question 1 of the house form).

It should certainly not be used either for students living in university dorms or homes, or for workers residing in hostels (see 6.2 page 60).

4.2.4 Category 4 - Temporary structure used as a habitation

This category will naturally be used for all main residences of a type 3 building (question 1 of the house form) Exceptionally, you will be about to use it for a type 1 type 5, or type 6 building, of which one part alone would be a temporary structure. If you encounter such a case describe it on the bottom of the section on page one in as much detail as possible.

4.2.5 Category 5 - Make- shift dwelling

This category will naturally be used for all abodes of type 2 (question 1 of the house form).

You will classify as well in category 5 an impromptu shelter in an place unfit for habitation, situated inside of an ordinary building (cellar, attic, shop, barn, workshop, etc.) Specify the characteristics of the place in as much detail as possible.

Note: The preceding explanations show the close relationship which exists between question 1 of page 4 of the house form and page one of the dwelling form.

4.2.6 Category 1 - Regular dwelling

This category is comprised of all the dwellings with the exception of special cases listed in categories 2 to 5, provided that they are occupied as the main residence.

4.2.7 Category 7 - Secondary residence

This category will consist of regular dwellings used as secondary residences: country houses, villas and vacation dwellings, etc. You will classify here as well the dwellings or furnished apartments, rented or to be rented during tourist seasons in the seaside and health resorts, winter sports resorts, etc.

[p.40]

Important note: A dwelling used as a secondary residence should obviously be the subject of a housing form. On the other hand, there does not have to be an individual form of the people who may occupy it at the time of the census: Indeed, these people already appear in List A of the housing form established at the place of their main residence, that is to say there where they living usually (see 4.4. page 47).

The only exception is when these people would be absent from their regular residence during the whole operation of the census and where no one will be able to fill out their forms in their place. In this case, you will consider them as people passing through and you will classify the individual forms collected in that capacity in folder number 20, while checking that there is no one written down in list A of the housing form established for this secondary residence (see 4.4.2).

4.2.8 Category 6 - Vacant dwelling

This category consists of vacant regular dwellings, meaning not occupied either as a main residence or as a secondary residence.

Usually, such a dwelling is available for sale or for rent ; but it also can be neither. For example, you will check box 6 for a brand new dwelling, already attributed, but not yet occupied by its renter or its owner. In such a case, you will not establish any individual forms for the future occupants.

Note: For secondary residences and vacant residences:

- No person should be written down in Lists A and B
- No individual form should be filed in the housing form

4.2.9 Category 8 - Trailer, Gypsy wagon, mobile home

You should count this category on a set date, that is to say during the day on February 20, 1975, in order to avoid omissions or successive interrogations by several census agents (see 6.3 page 61).

Characteristics of kitchen (FR1975A_0027)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the characteristics of the kitchen, when present, of the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Characteristics of kitchen

Interviewer instructions

4.3.1 Questions 1 to 3.

Taking a census of the rooms

- The same room should never be counted at the same time in response to question 1, in the answer to question 2 and in the answer to question 3. It should be counted only:

- in question 1 if it is considered a kitchen (answer YES to question 1);
- in question 2 if it is considered as a room exclusively for professional use ;
- in question 3 if it is considered as a room in a dwelling.

Separated rooms

In some dwellings, there is no separation (or there is a removable partition) between the two "rooms", for example the dining room and the living room. In such a case, you will count:

- two rooms if there is a partition
- one room if there is no partition

[p.43]

Dwelling not consisting of one single room

In the country, you may often encounter some regular dwellings (dwelling category 1) made up of one single room serving as a shared room, with some kitchen facilities (sink, stove, etc.). In the city, it is frequent to find some places (furnished bedrooms, for example) made up of a single room (dwelling category 2 or 3).

In all these cases, you will answer 1 for question 3 (number of rooms in the dwelling) and you will check box No (no kitchen) for question 1 ("Do you have a kitchen?").

In the case of the furnished bedroom where someone has installed a simple portable stove and where there is no sink, you will complete the answer to question 1 by checking the numbered box 6 (No) and not box numbered 5.

According to the rules above, for all dwellings consisting of at least one room for living:

You should never have a blank response to question 3.

Ownership of the dwelling (FR1975A_0028)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the occupation status of the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Ownership of the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

Ownership of the dwelling (FR1975A_0028)

File: FRA1975-H-H

4.3.2. Question 4: Occupational status.

Question 4 should receive one single answer among the five answer choices proposed.

Box 1:

Are in this case:

- the owners of a private house living there;
- the owners of the whole residential building of in which they live in one of the apartments;
- people who live in a dwelling in which they are co- owner or member in partial ownership of a building in a business. (1);
- The beneficiaries of a succession who live in a property in joint ownership.

Among the owners you must include the people who had the building constructed on advanced credit by a construction company, whether the payment has been completed or not.

[Footnote] (1) In the case of a building belonging to a business, the actions give right to the life interest of a dwelling. [p.44]

Box 2: They are only to include in this category people who work and who are sheltered there by their employer, for free or through payments, and for which the dwelling is a requisite of the work contract linking the employer and the employee (that is to say that, if the person changes employer, he must leave his dwelling). Examples: teacher having professional accommodations, stationmaster, concierge or caretaker of a factory living within factory property, etc.

These especially are to be excluded and classified in box 4:

- people, for example, retirees, having kept their former professional accommodation.
- renters of a dwelling belonging to their employer, but for which the dwelling is not mentioned in the work contract and which could be, as a consequence, kept when changing employer.

Box 4: You will check box 4 for all the renters or persons who sublet an empty rented place, with the exception of those who are sheltered by their employer (box 2).

Water supply in the dwelling (FR1975A_0029)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the way tap water is supplied to the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Water supply in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.3 Question 5: Water supply

You will check one and only one of the four boxes. Box 1 corresponds to the situation where at least one faucet provides hot water (water heater or shared supply).

Gas supply in the dwelling (FR1975A_0030)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the way gas is supplied to the dwelling.

Gas supply in the dwelling (FR1975A_0030)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Gas supply in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.4 Question 6: Gas Supply.

Boxes 1 and 2 can both be checked here (dwelling connected to a public gas main but whose occupants use, at least in part, bottled gas).

Box 1 will not be checked except if the dwelling is connected through a pipe to a public distribution network (the occupants can have or not have a contract subscription at the time of the census).

Sanitary facilities in the dwelling (FR1975A_0031)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the sanitary facilities (i.e., type of bath and drainage installations) available in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Sanitary facilities in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.5 Question 7: Sanitary facilities

You will only take note of facilities to the exclusive use of the occupants of the dwelling. Thus, for a hotel, you will check box 3 (not bathtub, not shower) for a shower or bathroom shared by all the furnished bedrooms of a floor (dwelling category 3).

Bathroom (FR1975A_0032)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of lavatory (toilet) installations available in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Bathroom

Interviewer instructions

4.3.6 Question 8: Bathrooms with toilets only

In the case of bathrooms with toilets only, shared by all the occupants of several dwellings, this is box 5 (other cases) which is necessary to check.

Means of heating in the dwelling (FR1975A_0033)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of central heating of the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Means of heating in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.7. Questions 9 and 10: Heating

A dwelling is considered to have central heating (check box 1 or 2 of question 9), when the different heating extension of each of the parts (or rooms) which make it up are supplied by a shared heating source (a furnace for example).

Central heating is:

- private (answer 1 on question 9) if the source of the heat is used by only a single dwelling,
- shared (answer 2 to question 9) if the heat source supplies other dwellings in the same building or in the same group of buildings (Refer to page 4, question 9 of the house form).

Assimilated with private central heating (with answer 1 on question 9) integrated electric heating and central heating through hot air heating.

A heated dwelling by one single stove placed in one of its rooms is to be classified under section 3, "Other modes of heating" , although the source of heating is only for one dwelling.

Heating fuel in the dwelling (FR1975A_0034)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the fuel used in the dwelling's central heating system.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Heating fuel in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.7. Questions 9 and 10: Heating

A dwelling is considered to have central heating (check box 1 or 2 of question 9), when the different heating extension of each of the parts (or rooms) which make it up are supplied by a shared heating source (a furnace for example).

Central heating is:

- private (answer 1 on question 9) if the source of the heat is used by only a single dwelling,
- shared (answer 2 to question 9) if the heat source supplies other dwellings in the same building or in the same group of buildings (Refer to page 4, question 9 of the house form).

Assimilated with private central heating (with answer 1 on question 9) integrated electric heating and central heating through hot air heating.

A heated dwelling by one single stove placed in one of its rooms is to be classified under section 3, "Other modes of heating" , although the source of heating is only for one dwelling.

Presence of a telephone in the dwelling (FR1975A_0035)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the dwelling has a phone line or not.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Presence of a telephone in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.8 Question 11 - Telephone.

The telephone extensions installed in the rooms for professional use only (and counted in question 2 of the housing form) belonging to the dwelling should be considered as installed in the dwelling.

Number of cars in the household (FR1975A_0036)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of vehicles disposable in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of cars in the household

Interviewer instructions

4.3.9 Question 12: Personal vehicle

You must check "Yes" if at least one of the inhabitants of the dwelling DISPOSE of a Personal vehicle: in this case, you should not forget to mention the number of personal vehicles (one or several) which these people use.

"Have" should be understood in the sense of "use", "to have at one's disposition": As a result, you should keep track not only of cars personally owned by one of the inhabitants of the dwelling, but company cars as well.

Company vehicles used for households for the week- ends or vacations will be included in the category of personal vehicles.

Number of rooms in the dwelling (FR1975A_0038)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of rooms in the dwelling.

Number of rooms in the dwelling (FR1975A_0038)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of rooms in the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.1 Questions 1 to 3.

Taking a census of the rooms

- The same room should never be counted at the same time in response to question 1, in the answer to question 2 and in the answer to question 3. It should be counted only:

- in question 1 if it is considered a kitchen (answer YES to question 1);
- in question 2 if it is considered as a room exclusively for professional use ;
- in question 3 if it is considered as a room in a dwelling.

Separated rooms

In some dwellings, there is no separation (or there is a removable partition) between the two "rooms", for example the dining room and the living room. In such a case, you will count:

- two rooms if there is a partition
- one room if there is no partition

[p.43]

Dwelling not consisting of one single room

In the country, you may often encounter some regular dwellings (dwelling category 1) made up of one single room serving as a shared room, with some kitchen facilities (sink, stove, etc.). In the city, it is frequent to find some places (furnished bedrooms, for example) made up of a single room (dwelling category 2 or 3).

In all these cases, you will answer 1 for question 3 (number of rooms in the dwelling) and you will check box No (no kitchen) for question 1 ("Do you have a kitchen?").

In the case of the furnished bedroom where someone has installed a simple portable stove and where there is no sink, you will complete the answer to question 1 by checking the numbered box 6 (No) and not box numbered 5.

According to the rules above, for all dwellings consisting of at least one room for living:

You should never have a blank response to question 3.

Heating fuel in the dwelling (and in the building) (FR1975A_0039)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 10-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of dwelling, central heating system, and heating fuel used.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Heating fuel in the dwelling (and in the building)

Interviewer instructions

3.3.7 Question 9: Central heating

a) They say that one shared building has one shared installation of central heating when it is supplied, for the most part from its dwellings, by one single source of heat (one furnace for example) ; are equally considered as such the buildings using "integrated electric heating" or "central heating by hot air heating."

- Concerning the source of shared heat, it can be:

- either right to the building: in this case, check box 3 ;
- or shared among a group of buildings (generally neighboring buildings): in this case, check box 2 ;
- or shared among an important number of buildings dispersed on common territory and dependent on a communal institution or shared between districts (urban heating): in this case, check box 1.
- check box 4 in ALL other cases, even if it concerns a shared apartment building in which most of the dwellings have installations of individual central heating.

b) If you have checked boxes 2 or 3 of the main question, do not forget to specify the fuel used.

Comfort of the dwelling (FR1975A_0041)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of comfort facilities in the dwelling, such as running water, bathtub, and central heating.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Comfort of the dwelling

Number of people in the household (FR1975A_0043)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-10

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons living in the household.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of people in the household

Number of families in the dwelling (FR1975A_0044)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of families residing in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of families in the dwelling

Number of principal families in the dwelling (FR1975A_0045)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Number of principal families in the dwelling (FR1975A_0045)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of principal families (households) in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of principal families in the dwelling

Number of secondary families in the dwelling (FR1975A_0046)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of secondary families in the dwelling.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of secondary families in the dwelling

Number of people in the household (FR1975A_0047)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons living in the household.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of people in the household

Presence of a spouse of the head of the household (FR1975A_0048)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Presence of a spouse of the head of the household (FR1975A_0048) File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the head of the household's spouse is present.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Presence of a spouse of the head of the household

Number of isolated individuals in the household (FR1975A_0049) File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of isolated individuals (i.e., not belonging to any family) in the household.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of isolated individuals in the household

Number of people in the restricted household (FR1975A_0050) File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons in the restricted household (i.e., the one excluding paid domestic service).

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of people in the restricted household

Number of children in the household (FR1975A_0051) File: FRA1975-H-H

Number of children in the household (FR1975A_0051)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the number of children in the household.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of children in the household

Population density of the dwelling (FR1975A_0052)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the indicator of population of the dwelling (constructed by the INSEE).

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Population density of the dwelling

Standard for household occupancy (FR1975A_0053)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the theoretical number of rooms occupied in the dwelling. This is a constructed variable.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Standard for household occupancy

Biological structure of the household (FR1975A_0054)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Biological structure of the household (FR1975A_0054)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the biological composition of the household.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Biological structure of the household

Number of people in the family (FR1975A_0055)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of people in the family.

Universe

Persons in families in private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Number of people in the family

Indicator of a recent move (FR1975A_0056)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

Description

This variable indicates if the household moved recently or not.

Universe

Private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Indicator of a recent move

Urban-rural (FR1975A_0058)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Urban-rural (FR1975A_0058)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

Description

This variable indicates whether the dwelling is located in an urban or rural area.

Universe

All dwellings

Literal question

Urban-rural

Household weight (HHWT)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 2	

Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

France, Region 1962 - 2011 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1_FR)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 6	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 250001-250999	

Description

GEO1_FR identifies the household's region within France in all sample years. Regions are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1_FR is spatially harmonized to account for political boundary changes across census years. Some detail is lost in harmonization; see the comparability discussion. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_FR can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for France can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

France, Region 1975 [Level 1, GIS] (GEO1_FR1975)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-94

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEO1_FR1975 identifies the household's region within France in 1975. Regions are the first level administrative units of the country. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_FR1975 can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for France can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level of any country refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found [here](#).

Water supply (WATSUP)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

WATSUP describes the physical means by which the housing unit receives its water. The primary distinction is whether or not the household had piped (running) water.

Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCOUPLES is a constructed variable indicating the number of married/in-union couples within a household.

NCOUPLES is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable SPLOC (spouse's location in the household).

Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Description

NMOTHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of mothers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NMOTHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable MOMLOC (mother's location in the household).

Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NFATHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of fathers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NFATHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable POPLOC (father's location in the household).

Country (COUNTRY)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 32-894

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

Year structure was built (BUILTYR)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BUILTYR indicates the year in which construction was completed on the building in which the household resides.

Age of structure, coded from intervals (AGESTRUCT2)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Age of structure, coded from intervals (AGESTRUCT2)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGESTRUCT2 gives the estimated age of the structure.

Elevator in structure (ELEVATOR)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ELEVATOR indicates whether housing units in the building had access to a passenger elevator.

Ownership of dwelling [general version] (OWNERSHIP)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

Ownership of dwelling [detailed version] (OWNERSHIPD)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

Fuel for heating (FUELHEAT)

File: FRA1975-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FUELHEAT indicates the main fuel source for heating the household.

Person number (PERNUM)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with "1" for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

Mother's location in household (MOMLOC)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

MOMLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's mother lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the mother (see PERNUM). MOMLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) mothers.

The method by which probable child-mother links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of MOMLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: MOMLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepmother and adopted mother) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPMOM is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Father's location in household (POPLOC)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

POPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's father lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the father (see PERNUM). POPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) fathers.

The method by which probable child-father links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of POPLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: POPLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepfather and adopted father) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPPOP is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Spouse's location in household (SPLOC)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

SPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's spouse lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number (PERNUM) of the spouse. SPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of (probable) spouses.

The method by which probable spouse-spouse links are identified is described in SPRULE.

The general design of SPLOC and other constructed variables is modeled on the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships", but the details vary significantly.

Rule for linking parent (PARRULE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-52	

Description

PARRULE describes the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variables MOMLOC and POPLOC linked the person to a probable mother and/or father.

IPUMS-International establishes child-parent links according to five basic rules, and PARRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A link to any parent automatically generates a second link to that parent's spouse or partner, so only one rule is needed to describe both MOMLOC and POPLOC.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Rule for linking spouse (SPRULE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-6	

Description

SPRULE explains the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variable SPLOC linked the person to his/her probable spouse.

IPUMS-International establishes spouse-spouse links according to five basic rules, and SPRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A sixth rule identifies sample-specific linking procedures only imposed in selected instances.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Probable stepmother (STEPMOM)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPMOM indicates whether a person's mother, as identified by MOMLOC, was most probably not the person's biological mother. Non-zero values of STEPMOM explain why it is probable that the person's mother was a step- or adopted mother. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepmother because (1) the mother identified in MOMLOC was probably the biological mother or (2) there is no mother of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPMOM are as follows:

- 0 = Biological mother or no mother of this person present in household.
- 1 = Mother has no children borne or surviving.
- 2 = Child reports mother is deceased.
- 3 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner, stepchild/child-in-law).
- 4 = Mother reports no children in the home.
- 5 = Age difference between mother and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
- 6 = Child exceeds known fertility of mother.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepmothers and adopted mothers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPMOM will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Probable stepfather (STEPPOP)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPPOP indicates whether a person's father, as identified by POPLOC, was most probably not the person's biological father. Non-zero values of STEPPPOP explain why it is probable that the person's father was a step- or adopted father. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepfather because (1) the father identified in POPLOC was probably the biological father or (2) there is no father of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPPPOP are as follows:

- 0 = Biological father or no father of this person present in household.
- 1 = Child reports father is deceased.
- 2 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner; stepchild/child-in-law).
- 3 = Age difference between father and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepfathers and adopted fathers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPPPOP will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Man with more than one wife linked (POLYMAL)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-1	

Description

POLYMAL indicates if a man had more than one wife linked to him in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household.

The point of POLYMAL is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Woman is second or higher order wife (POLY2ND)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-1	

Description

POLY2ND indicates if a woman was the second or higher order wife linked to a husband in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household. The variable does not suggest the actual marital order of wives, only their relative positions in the person order of the household as it was enumerated.

The point of POLY2ND is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Family unit membership (FAMUNIT)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	

Description

FAMUNIT is a constructed variable indicating to which family within the household a person belongs.

All persons related to the household head receive a 1 (see RELATE). Each secondary family or secondary individual receives a higher code. For purposes of FAMUNIT, secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FAMSIZE counts the number of the person's own family members living in the household with her/him, including the person her/himself. These include all persons related to the person by blood, adoption, or marriage as indicated by the census forms or inferred from them.

FAMSIZE is calculated from the units identified in the IPUMS constructed variable FAMUNIT (family unit membership). The primary family is defined as all persons related to the head in the RELATE variable. Secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own children in household (NCHILD)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHILD provides a count of the person's own children living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Number of own children under age 5 in household (NCHLT5)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHLT5 provides a count of the person's own children under age five living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Description

ELDCH gives the age of the person's oldest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

ELDCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Age of youngest own child in household (YNGCH)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

YNGCH gives the age of the person's youngest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

YNGCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1000-9999	

Description

RELATED describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to head, Europe (ERELATE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 10-99	

Description

ERELATE describes for the European samples the relationship of the individual to the head of household -- sometimes called the householder or reference person.

ERELATE has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

Age (AGE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-98	

Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

Sex (SEX)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

Marital status [general version] (MARST)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status, Europe (EMARST)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

EMARST describes for the European samples the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. European census instructions generally limit marital status to legal unions, but there are exceptions.

EMARST has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

Year of birth (BIRTHYR)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Year of birth (BIRTHYR)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9999	

Description

BIRTHYR gives the person's year of birth.

Region of birth, France (BPLFR)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description

BPLFR indicates the person's region of birth within France.

Region of birth, Europe, NUTS1 (EBPLNT1)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9999	

Description

EBPLNT1 indicates the NUTS1 region in which the person was born. The Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. The European Free Trade Association extends the NUTS system to several additional countries outside of the EU, and they are also incorporated into this variable. NUTS1 identifies the largest territorial units within countries.

EBPLNT1 only identifies regions within the person's country of residence; it does not identify birthplaces of international migrants.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS1 system and the name of the NUTS1 region, separated by a slash.

Region of birth, Europe, NUTS2 (EBPLNT2)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9999	

Description

Region of birth, Europe, NUTS2 (EBPLNT2)

File: FRA1975-P-H

EBPLNT2 indicates the NUTS2 region of Europe in which the person was born. The Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) is a standard administrative division of the European Union, and was developed by the EU. NUTS2 identifies intermediate territorial units: the second level within countries.

EBPLNT2 only identifies regions within the person's country of residence; it does not identify birthplaces of international migrants.

The code labels include the standard code for the NUTS2 system and the name of the NUTS2 region, separated by a slash.

Citizenship (CITIZEN)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CITIZEN indicates the person's citizenship status within the country in which they were enumerated.

Country of citizenship (NATION)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NATION indicates the person's country of citizenship.

Educational attainment, France (EDUCFR)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDUCFR reports the general, technical, and professional degrees attained by the respondent.

Age when completed education (EDAGE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Age when completed education (EDAGE)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 9-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDAGE indicates the age at which the respondent stopped regularly attending a scholarly institution, including professional and technical establishments.

Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] (EMPSTATD)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OCCISCO records the person's primary occupation, coded according to the major categories in the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) scheme for 1988. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is typically the one in which the person had spent the most time or earned the most money.

Occupation, unrecoded (OCC)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OCC records the person's primary occupation, classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is usually the one in which the person spent the most time or earned the most money, although this may not have been explicit in the instructions for a specific census.

To ensure confidentiality, very small occupations are recoded to a residual category indicating the persons had an occupation, but the job title is not identified. The number of cases recoded should be too small to affect analyses.

Industry, general recode (INDGEN)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

INDGEN recodes the industrial classifications of the various samples into twelve groups that can be fairly consistently identified across all available samples. The groupings roughly conform to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). The third digit of INDGEN retains important detail among the service industries that could not be consistently distinguished in all samples.

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which a person worked.

Industry, unrecoded (IND)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Industry, unrecoded (IND)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Description

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which the person worked. IND is classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time, and is not recoded by IPUMS-International.

Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] (CLASSWK)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] (CLASSWKD)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

Number of employees (EMPLNO)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of employees (EMPLNO)

File: FRA1975-P-H

EMPLNO reports the number of persons employed by the respondent.

Period seeking work (LOOKJOB)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

LOOKJOB indicates the continuous period of time that an unemployed person has been seeking work.

Region of work, France (PWRKFR)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 11-99	

Description

PWRKFR indicates the respondent's region of work within metropolitan France.

Region of residence at last census, France (MIGFR)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 11-99	

Description

MIGFR indicates the person's region of residence on January 1 in the year of the previous census. For children not born by January 1 of the year of the last census, their region of birth is given.

Family membership (FR1975A_0401)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

Description

Family membership (FR1975A_0401)

File: FRA1975-P-H

This variable indicates to which family, if any, the respondent belongs to.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Family membership

Relationship family head to head of household (FR1975A_0402)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's relationship to the head of the household.

Universe

Persons in ordinary households

Literal question

Relationship family head to head of household

Sex (FR1975A_0403)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's gender.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

3. Sex

[] 1 Male

[] 2 Female

Marital status (FR1975A_0404)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Marital status (FR1975A_0404)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-4

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's marital status.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Marital Status

Put a cross in the only box which corresponds to your current situation: so, a widower (or a divorced man) who is remarried will mark the second box

- 1 Single
- 2 Married
- 3 Widow(er)
- 4 Divorced

General education (FR1975A_0405)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's degree of general education.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

General education (FR1975A_0405)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have:

a. General or secondary education

- 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O).
- 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'études du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Européen du Premier Secours].
- 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate
- 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.)

b. Technical education and professional training

- 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'études professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree.
- 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree.
- 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hôtelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole].
- 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet supérieur d'enseignement commercial].
- 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.).
- 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.)
- 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 8: Among the following diplomas, indicate all those which you have.

Just as for question 8a (general education or college- level studies) as for question 8b (technical school and professional school), several boxes can be checked.

People who really have a diploma given should check the box which refers to it.

Those who have taken corresponding studies, without however obtaining the diploma, should not check the box which refers to it (even if they believe to have attained the level of the diploma).

Diploma of professional or Technical education (FR1975A_0406)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Diploma of professional or Technical education (FR1975A_0406)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's diploma of professional or technical education.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have:

a. General or secondary education

- 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O).
- 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'études du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Européen du Premier Secours].
- 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate
- 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.)

b. Technical education and professional training

- 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'études professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree.
- 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree.
- 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hôtelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole].
- 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet supérieur d'enseignement commercial].
- 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.).
- 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.)
- 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 8: Among the following diplomas, indicate all those which you have.

Just as for question 8a (general education or college- level studies) as for question 8b (technical school and professional school), several boxes can be checked.

People who really have a diploma given should check the box which refers to it.

Those who have taken corresponding studies, without however obtaining the diploma, should not check the box which refers to it (even if they believe to have attained the level of the diploma).

High school student or college student (pursuing studies) (FR1975A_0407) File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates if the respondent was a high school or college student at the time of the census.

Universe

Persons age 17+

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

9. Are you currently a high school or university student?

- 1 Yes
 0 No

Do not answer "Yes" except if you are taking classes in an academic institution (including professional or technical) or a university for the normal length of an academic year.

If you are apprenticed under contract or interned at a F.P.A center, if you are not taking professional classes part-time, improvement classes by correspondence, seasonal classes, etc., answer "No".

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 8: Among the following diplomas, indicate all those which you have.

Just as for question 8a (general education or college- level studies) as for question 8b (technical school and professional school), several boxes can be checked.

People who really have a diploma given should check the box which refers to it.

Those who have taken corresponding studies, without however obtaining the diploma, should not check the box which refers to it (even if they believe to have attained the level of the diploma).

Age at the end of studies (FR1975A_0408) File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 9-99	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's age at the time of graduation from studies.

Universe

Persons age 17+ who finished studies

Literal question

Age at the end of studies (FR1975A_0408)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

10. At what age did you stop going regularly to an academic institution (including professional or technical or university)

___ years

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 10: Age at the end of studies

When the box 0 (answer "no") has been checked for question 9, make sure that question 10 has received an answer.

What we mean by "regularly attends a scholastic university establishment (including professional or technical)" is to take classes during the normal length of the school year.

Corresponding studies constitute then, for the person concerned, his only activity, or, at least, his main activity.

Employment status (FR1975A_0409)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's type of activity, including whether he is inactive in the labor force.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Employment status (FR1975A_0409)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? ____

18. If you do not work anymore:

(You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.)

What was your principal profession? ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

- a) do not have a job:
- b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

Qualification (FR1975A_0410)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Qualification (FR1975A_0410)

File: FRA1975-P-H

This variable indicates the respondent's qualification.

Universe

Persons age 17+

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

14. For paid workers:

a. If you are a worker, specify the qualification of your current job:

- 1 Unskilled or specialized laborer
- 2 Specialized worker (OS1, OS2)
- 3 Skilled worker or highly qualified (P1, P2, P3...)

b. If you are a state employee, from a local city or a public service (E.D.F. Electricit de France, S.N.C.F, Socit nationale des chemins de fer etc.) or military by career, specify your rank:
Examples: principal administration agent, administrative secretary, stationmaster of the second class, etc.

c. If you are in a different situation, specify your hierarchical position:
Examples: supervisor, head farmer, head of a department store, business director, etc.

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 14: Certification

Make sure that the people who have declared to be salaried on question 13 specify their certification, rank or hierarchical position on questions 14a, 14b or 14c, according to the situation.

Number of employees (FR1975A_0411)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's number of employees, when she is self-employed or an employer.

Universe

Employers and self-employed persons age 17+

Literal question

Number of employees (FR1975A_0411)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

15. If you are self-employed:

(answers 2, 3, or 4 on question 13)

Do you hire employees?

Do not count servants at home in your service. In agriculture, only count permanent paid workers.

Yes

How many?

1 1 to 2

3 3 to 5

6 6 or more

0 No

Duration of unemployment (FR1975A_0412)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's unemployment duration.

Universe

Unemployed persons currently looking for a job

Literal question

Duration of unemployment (FR1975A_0412)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

- a) do not have a job:
- b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

Origin of the workplace figure (FR1975A_0413)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent weight in the census.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Origin of the workplace figure

Category of the population in detail (FR1975A_0414)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-44

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's detailed population category according to employment status, education and occupation.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Category of the population in detail

Relationship to the head of household (FR1975A_0415)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's relationship to the head of the household.

Universe

Persons in private ordinary dwellings

Literal question

Relationship to the head of household

Relationship to the head of family (FR1975A_0416)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's relationship to the head of [an ordinary] household.

Universe

Persons in families

Literal question

Relationship to the head of family

Age in calendar year (FR1975A_0417)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Age in calendar year (FR1975A_0417)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's age, at the end of the calendar year.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Date and place of birth

Born : (day, month, year) ____
 in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district)
 County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)

Interviewer instructions

Question 5: Date of and place of birth

a) The department to write down here is the present name of the place of birth, meaning at the time of the 1975 census. Thus, a person born in the Seine community or the Seine- et- Oise before July 10, 1964 will have to indicate, whatever the case may be, one of the seven new departments of that Parisian region, that is to say: Paris, Essonne, Hauts- de- Seine, Seine- Saint- Denis, Val- de- Marne, Val- d'Oise or Yvelines.

b) Ask for a complete birth date for each person. Then, carry out the following checks:

- a person born before January 1st, 1968: make sure that question 7 always has an answer.
- a person of 16 years of age or more (that is to say born before February 20th, 1959): make sure that questions 7 to 10 are always answered and check questions 11 to 18 on the back page of the individual form (see hereafter).

Class of worker (FR1975A_0418)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's employment status detail.

Universe

Active persons

Literal question

Class of worker (FR1975A_0418)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

12. Do you work without pay by helping another person in his/her profession (for example a member of your family)?

- 1 Yes
- No

13. Do you practice your main declared profession as:

- 2 Farmer
- 3 Member of a free-market profession
- 4 Employer or self-employed worker: artisan, merchant, industrial worker, etc. (working for yourself, including managers of the S.A.R.L [Socit responsabilite limitee] and people not working except on commission)
- 5 Working at home for yourself for one (or more) companies
- 6 Apprenticed under contract
- 7 Paid

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? ____

Interviewer instructions

Class of worker (FR1975A_0418)

File: FRA1975-P-H

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 12: People working to help another person in their profession without being paid.

It sometimes happens that some people - especially women - work by helping another person in his profession, without receiving a salary for it. These people will answer "yes" to question 12, even if they only work part time in these situations. For example, this question effects the wife of a farmer who participates in the work of the farm, the wife or daughter of a merchant who spends several hours per day in the shop to ensure the sales or to operate the cash register. These people should indicate the profession which they practice on question 11.

Question 13: Professional status.

Category 5: "Worker at home for a total of one or more businesses" does not allow for people who work at their home for their own business (artisans, sewers, stylists). This category applies on the other hand to people who do work at their home, often as they will, for the affairs of an industrial or commercial establishment who reimburses them for this. Such is the case, for example of some newspapers designers, of people working for clothing industries or performing secretarial work for the affairs of some administrations, etc.

Paid managers should check box 7 even when they are partially reimbursed in the form of commiseration.

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

- a) do not have a job:
- b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

Occupation (FR1975A_0419)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's socio-professional category.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Occupation (FR1975A_0419)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
 [Applies to questions 8 -18]

11. Main profession

Indicate the profession or the career that you currently practice (even if you still only an apprentice or if you work by helping a member of your family in his or her profession). A woman who only takes care of her home will answer "without profession".

Be specific: Examples: mechanic (automobile repairman, clothing maker, carpenter in iron, fitter in central heating, building painter, industrial designer, electrical engineer, wine-grower, driver of heavy loads, shorthand typist, whole-sale drugs, etc.

13. Do you practice your main declared profession as:

- 2 Farmer
- 3 Member of a free-market profession
- 4 Employer or self-employed worker: artisan, merchant, industrial worker, etc. (working for yourself, including managers of the S.A.R.L [Socit responsabilit limite] and people not working except on commission)
- 5 Working at home for yourself for one (or more) companies
- 6 Apprenticed under contract
- 7 Paid

14. For paid workers:

a. If you are a worker, specify the qualification of your current job:

- 1 Unskilled or specialized laborer
- 2 Specialized worker (OS1, OS2)
- 3 Skilled worker or highly qualified (P1, P2, P3...)

b. If you are a state employee, from a local city or a public service (E.D.F. Electricit de France, S.N.C.F, Socit nationale des chemins de fer etc.) or military by career, specify your rank:

Examples: principal administration agent, administrative secretary, stationmaster of the second class, etc.

c. If you are in a different situation, specify your hierarchical position:

Examples: supervisor, head farmer, head of a department store, business director, etc.

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? _____

18. If you do not work anymore:

(You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.)

What was your principal profession? _____

Occupation (FR1975A_0419)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 11: Main profession.

Attentively read the explanations and the examples given on the individual forms, as well as the instructions hereafter.

Note:

a) If a profession has been declared on question 11:

- make sure that one of the six boxes of question 13a has been checked, at least box 1 of question 12 has not been;

- make sure that the salaried people (answer 7 of question 13) have answered correctly questions 14a, 14b, or 14c ;

- make sure that question 16 has been correctly filled out (see question 16 page 57): especially make sure that questions 16a, 16b, and 16 are always filled out, even for people who work in an administrative service and especially for government employees.

b) If no profession has been declared for question 11 and if the person concerned is 16 or older:

Refer to questions 17 and 18 to see if there is an answer indicated there.

If none of questions 17 to 18 have received an answer, Make sure that is the real situation of the person concerned and:

- if there is no professional activity, mention in great detail "without profession" on question 11.

- if he currently practices a profession which he would have forgotten to declare it, ask him to answer questions 11 to 16 of his individual form.

[p.55]

Examples of bad answers not to accept in any situation. [left column] / Remarks [right column]

1) Bad answers because they aren't specific enough.

Employee, worker, building worker, engineer, executive, director / Indicate exactly the job of the person concerned, for example: salesperson at a department store, bank employee, lathe operator, chemical engineer, plasterer, expert forester, business director.

government employee, SNCF employee, EDF employee / For government employees and public service employees, specify the rank or the job, for example:

representative of the prefecture, clerk of the PTT, second class stationmaster, driver of a diesel locomotive, EDF dispatcher.

Merchant, industrialist, farmer, entrepreneur, craftsman, administrator / Answer, for example: retail grocer, wholesaler in pharmaceutical products, masonry

entrepreneur, residential building director, movie theater employee

2) Bad answers because they are incomplete.

O.S., O.P., Qualified worker, team leader, foreman / These labels indicate the situation in the professional hierarchy, but do not give any information on the individual profession of the person concerned. On the other hand, the following answers are satisfactory:

O.S. (ouvrier specialis) in rope or yarn winding, textile mill foreman

Question 13: Professional status.

Category 5: "Worker at home for a total of one or more businesses" does not allow for people who work at their home for their own business (artisans, sewers, stylists).

This category applies on the other hand to people who do work at their home, often as they will, for the affairs of an industrial or commercial establishment who reimburses them for this. Such is the case, for example of some newspapers designers, of people working for clothing industries or performing secretarial work for the affairs of some administrations, etc.

Paid managers should check box 7 even when they are partially reimbursed in the form of commiseration.

Question 14: Certification

Make sure that the people who have declared to be salaried on question 13 specify their certification, rank or hierarchical position on questions 14a, 14b or 14c, according to the situation.

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

a) do not have a job:

b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

Region of previous residence (FR1975A_0420)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric

Invalid: 0

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-94

Description

This variable indicates the French region of previous residence.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Region of previous residence (FR1975A_0420)

File: FRA1975-P-H

7. Where were you living on January 1, 1968?

(for all people born before January 1, 1968)

If, on January 1st, 1968, you were in the military or were a boarding student or under treatment in a care facility, indicate the address of your personal residence at this date and not the address of the institution (barrack, boarding school, sanatorium, etc.)

- 1 In the same dwelling as now
 2 In the same city (or the same city neighborhood for Paris, Lyon or Marseille)
 3 In another city (or another district for Paris, Lyon or Marseille)
 Indicate this other city:

City (For Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the city neighborhood [arrondissement]) ____
 County (Country for the foreigner, territory for the T.O.M) ____

If, on January 1, 1968, you were living abroad or in an overseas territory or department, in which year did you come (or return) to live in Metropolitan France?

19__

Interviewer instructions

Question 7: Residence on January 1st, 1968.

Make sure that the answer is complete.

The people who have not changed dwellings since January 1st 1968 do not have to check anything but box 1. However, if boxes 1 and 2 have been checked, you should not make any correction to the forms.

[p.53]

Keep track of the people who were living outside of France on January 1st, 1968 have correctly indicated the year of their arrival in France. This applies as well to French citizens as well as foreigners who were living outside of Metropolitan France on January 1st, 1968.

In the situation where some people would have made several visits since 1968 in France, it will be necessary to indicate the corresponding year at the beginning of the current visit. However, you should keep track of the absences from Metropolitan France which have lasted more than 3 months.

Example: A house servant who was living in Spain on January 1st, 1968 came to work in France during the whole year of 1968. Returning to Spain at the beginning of 1970, she comes back to France in September 1972. She has spent her vacation of 1973 (August) in Spain. In this situation, answer: 1972.

Birthplace (FR1975A_0421)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-94

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's place of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Date and place of birth

Born : (day, month, year) ____
 in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district)
 County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)

Birthplace (FR1975A_0421)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Interviewer instructions

Question 5: Date of and place of birth

a) The department to write down here is the present name of the place of birth, meaning at the time of the 1975 census. Thus, a person born in the Seine community or the Seine- et- Oise before July 10, 1964 will have to indicate, whatever the case may be, one of the seven new departments of that Parisian region, that is to say: Paris, Essonne, Hauts- de- Seine, Seine- Saint- Denis, Val- de- Marne, Val- d'Oise or Yvelines.

b) Ask for a complete birth date for each person. Then, carry out the following checks:

- a person born before January 1st, 1968: make sure that question 7 always has an answer.

- a person of 16 years of age or more (that is to say born before February 20th, 1959): make sure that questions 7 to 10 are always answered and check questions 11 to 18 on the back page of the individual form (see hereafter).

Industry, 100 categories (FR1975A_0422)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's economic activity (two digit codes).

Universe

Active employed persons

Literal question

Industry, 100 categories (FR1975A_0422)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

16. Where do you work?

a. Address of your workplace:

Number ____
Street (or place name) ____
City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
County: ____

If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.)

If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable"

b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ____

c. Activity of this institution:

Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc.

d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a :

Number ____
Street (or place name) ____
City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
County: ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 16: Where do you work?

This question affects each person who has declared a profession in question 11, including employees of public services, of local communities and government employees who should indicate in 16b the name of the administration which employs them.

Some people have several employers (housemaids working for several individuals). In this case, indicate the main employer (this is to say the individual where the person completes the most number of hours).

In some cases, the address of the workplace (question 16a) can coincide with that of the home (merchants especially): it is necessary nevertheless to write it down again.

Nationality (FR1975A_0423)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-7

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Nationality (FR1975A_0423)

File: FRA1975-P-H

This variable indicates the respondent's (condensed) nationality.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

6. Nationality

1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1
 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration
 Indicate your previous nationality ____

3 Foreigner
 Indicate your nationality ____

Age (FR1975A_0424)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's age in completed years.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Date and place of birth

Born : (day, month, year) ____
 in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district)
 County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)

Interviewer instructions

Question 5: Date of and place of birth

a) The department to write down here is the present name of the place of birth, meaning at the time of the 1975 census. Thus, a person born in the Seine community or the Seine- et- Oise before July 10, 1964 will have to indicate, whatever the case may be, one of the seven new departments of that Parisian region, that is to say: Paris, Essonne, Hauts- de- Seine, Seine- Saint- Denis, Val- de- Marne, Val- d'Oise or Yvelines.

b) Ask for a complete birth date for each person. Then, carry out the following checks:

- a person born before January 1st, 1968: make sure that question 7 always has an answer.
- a person of 16 years of age or more (that is to say born before February 20th, 1959): make sure that questions 7 to 10 are always answered and check questions 11 to 18 on the back page of the individual form (see hereafter).

Diploma (FR1975A_0425)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Diploma (FR1975A_0425)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's diploma.

Universe

Persons age 17+

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have:

a. General or secondary education

- 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O).
- 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'études du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Européen du Premier Secours].
- 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate
- 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.)

b. Technical education and professional training

- 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'études professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree.
- 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree.
- 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hôtelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole].
- 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet supérieur d'enseignement commercial].
- 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.).
- 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.)
- 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 8: Among the following diplomas, indicate all those which you have.

Just as for question 8a (general education or college- level studies) as for question 8b (technical school and professional school), several boxes can be checked.

People who really have a diploma given should check the box which refers to it.

Those who have taken corresponding studies, without however obtaining the diploma, should not check the box which refers to it (even if they believe to have attained the level of the diploma).

Industry, European Community (FR1975A_0426)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Industry, European Community (FR1975A_0426)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's economic activity (European Union nomenclaturec).

Universe

Active employed persons

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
 [Applies to questions 8 -18]

16. Where do you work?

a. Address of your workplace:

Number ____
 Street (or place name) ____
 City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
 County: ____

If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.)

If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable"

b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ____

c. Activity of this institution:

Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc.

d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a :

Number ____
 Street (or place name) ____
 City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
 County: ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 16: Where do you work?

This question affects each person who has declared a profession in question 11, including employees of public services, of local communities and government employees who should indicate in 16b the name of the administration which employs them.

Some people have several employers (housemaids working for several individuals). In this case, indicate the main employer (this is to say the individual where the person completes the most number of hours).

In some cases, the address of the workplace (question 16a) can coincide with that of the home (merchants especially): it is necessary nevertheless to write it down again.

Industry, 14 categories (FR1975A_0427)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's sector of economic activity.

Universe

Active employed person

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

16. Where do you work?

a. Address of your workplace:

Number ____
Street (or place name) ____
City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
County: ____

If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.)

If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable"

b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ____

c. Activity of this institution:

Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc.

d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a :

Number ____
Street (or place name) ____
City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
County: ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 16: Where do you work?

This question affects each person who has declared a profession in question 11, including employees of public services, of local communities and government employees who should indicate in 16b the name of the administration which employs them.

Some people have several employers (housemaids working for several individuals). In this case, indicate the main employer (this is to say the individual where the person completes the most number of hours).

In some cases, the address of the workplace (question 16a) can coincide with that of the home (merchants especially): it is necessary nevertheless to write it down again.

Region of work (FR1975A_0428)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the geographic location of the respondent's workplace.

Universe

Active employed persons

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
 [Applies to questions 8 -18]

16. Where do you work?

a. Address of your workplace:

Number ____
 Street (or place name) ____
 City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
 County: ____

If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.)

If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable"

b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ____

c. Activity of this institution:

Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc.

d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a :

Number ____
 Street (or place name) ____
 City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
 County: ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 16: Where do you work?

This question affects each person who has declared a profession in question 11, including employees of public services, of local communities and government employees who should indicate in 16b the name of the administration which employs them.

Some people have several employers (housemaids working for several individuals). In this case, indicate the main employer (this is to say the individual where the person completes the most number of hours).

In some cases, the address of the workplace (question 16a) can coincide with that of the home (merchants especially): it is necessary nevertheless to write it down again.

Previous country of residence (FR1975A_0429)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-7

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's country of previous residence (condensed list).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

7. Where were you living on January 1, 1968?

(for all people born before January 1, 1968)

If, on January 1st, 1968, you were in the military or were a boarding student or under treatment in a care facility, indicate the address of your personal residence at this date and not the address of the institution (barrack, boarding school, sanatorium, etc.)

- 1 In the same dwelling as now
 - 2 In the same city (or the same city neighborhood for Paris, Lyon or Marseille)
 - 3 In another city (or another district for Paris, Lyon or Marseille)
- Indicate this other city:

City (For Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the city neighborhood [arrondissement]) ____
County (Country for the foreigner, territory for the T.O.M) ____

If, on January 1, 1968, you were living abroad or in an overseas territory or department, in which year did you come (or return) to live in Metropolitan France?

19__

Interviewer instructions

Question 7: Residence on January 1st, 1968.

Make sure that the answer is complete.

The people who have not changed dwellings since January 1st 1968 do not have to check anything but box 1. However, if boxes 1 and 2 have been checked, you should not make any correction to the forms.

[p.53]

Keep track of the people who were living outside of France on January 1st, 1968 have correctly indicated the year of their arrival in France. This applies as well to French citizens as well as foreigners who were living outside of Metropolitan France on January 1st, 1968.

In the situation where some people would have made several visits since 1968 in France, it will be necessary to indicate the corresponding year at the beginning of the current visit. However, you should keep track of the absences from Metropolitan France which have lasted more than 3 months.

Example: A house servant who was living in Spain on January 1st, 1968 came to work in France during the whole year of 1968. Returning to Spain at the beginning of 1970, she comes back to France in September 1972. She has spent her vacation of 1973 (August) in Spain. In this situation, answer: 1972.

Type of immigrant (FR1975A_0430)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type of immigrant (FR1975A_0430)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the residence status on January 1, 1968.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

6. Nationality

1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1
 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration
Indicate your previous nationality ____

3 Foreigner
Indicate your nationality ____

Interviewer instructions

Question 7: Residence on January 1st, 1968.

Make sure that the answer is complete.

The people who have not changed dwellings since January 1st 1968 do not have to check anything but box 1. However, if boxes 1 and 2 have been checked, you should not make any correction to the forms.

[p.53]

Keep track of the people who were living outside of France on January 1st, 1968 have correctly indicated the year of their arrival in France. This applies as well to French citizens as well as foreigners who were living outside of Metropolitan France on January 1st, 1968.

In the situation where some people would have made several visits since 1968 in France, it will be necessary to indicate the corresponding year at the beginning of the current visit. However, you should keep track of the absences from Metropolitan France which have lasted more than 3 months.

Example: A house servant who was living in Spain on January 1st, 1968 came to work in France during the whole year of 1968. Returning to Spain at the beginning of 1970, she comes back to France in September 1972. She has spent her vacation of 1973 (August) in Spain. In this situation, answer: 1972.

Industry, UNO (FR1975A_0432)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's economic activity according United Nations. nomenclature.

Universe

Active employed persons

Literal question

Industry, UNO (FR1975A_0432)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

16. Where do you work?

a. Address of your workplace:

Number ____
Street (or place name) ____
City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
County: ____

If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.)

If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable"

b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ____

c. Activity of this institution:

Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc.

d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a :

Number ____
Street (or place name) ____
City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____
County: ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 16: Where do you work?

This question affects each person who has declared a profession in question 11, including employees of public services, of local communities and government employees who should indicate in 16b the name of the administration which employs them.

Some people have several employers (housemaids working for several individuals). In this case, indicate the main employer (this is to say the individual where the person completes the most number of hours).

In some cases, the address of the workplace (question 16a) can coincide with that of the home (merchants especially): it is necessary nevertheless to write it down again.

SAPHIR region of workplace (FR1975A_0433)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SAPHIR region of workplace (FR1975A_0433)

File: FRA1975-P-H

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR French region of workplace.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

Active employed persons who work in France

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older

[Applies to questions 8 -18]

16. Where do you work?

a. Address of your workplace:

Number ____

Street (or place name) ____

City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____

County: ____

If, during your work, you needed to move (situation of bus drivers in the S.N.C.F., etc.) indicate the place where you ordinarily go to start your work (train station, depot, etc.)

If you did not always go to work in the same place (the case for business travelers for example), answer "variable"

b. Name (or corporate name) of the institution (industrial, commercial, administrative, agricultural, etc.) which you are in charge of or where you are employed: ____

c. Activity of this institution:

Be specific: Examples, commerce of whole-sale wine production, retail grocery store, manufacture of steel structures, cotton mill, highway transport of passengers, truck farmer, etc.

d. Address of this institution, if it is different than the one declared in question 16a :

Number ____

Street (or place name) ____

City (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district) ____

County: ____

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 16: Where do you work?

This question affects each person who has declared a profession in question 11, including employees of public services, of local communities and government employees who should indicate in 16b the name of the administration which employs them.

Some people have several employers (housemaids working for several individuals). In this case, indicate the main employer (this is to say the individual where the person completes the most number of hours).

In some cases, the address of the workplace (question 16a) can coincide with that of the home (merchants especially): it is necessary nevertheless to write it down again.

SAPHIR region of previous residence (FR1975A_0434)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

SAPHIR region of previous residence (FR1975A_0434)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR French region of previous residence.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Date and place of birth

Born : (day, month, year) ____
in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district)
County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)

Interviewer instructions

Question 7: Residence on January 1st, 1968.

Make sure that the answer is complete.

The people who have not changed dwellings since January 1st 1968 do not have to check anything but box 1. However, if boxes 1 and 2 have been checked, you should not make any correction to the forms.

[p.53]

Keep track of the people who were living outside of France on January 1st, 1968 have correctly indicated the year of their arrival in France. This applies as well to French citizens as well as foreigners who were living outside of Metropolitan France on January 1st, 1968.

In the situation where some people would have made several visits since 1968 in France, it will be necessary to indicate the corresponding year at the beginning of the current visit. However, you should keep track of the absences from Metropolitan France which have lasted more than 3 months.

Example: A house servant who was living in Spain on January 1st, 1968 came to work in France during the whole year of 1968. Returning to Spain at the beginning of 1970, she comes back to France in September 1972. She has spent her vacation of 1973 (August) in Spain. In this situation, answer: 1972.

SAPHIR region of birth (FR1975A_0435)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR region of birth.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Date and place of birth

Born : (day, month, year) ____
in (city): ____ (for Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the district)
County: ____ (country for foreigners, territory for the T.O.M.)

Interviewer instructions

SAPHIR region of birth (FR1975A_0435)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Question 5: Date of and place of birth

a) The department to write down here is the present name of the place of birth, meaning at the time of the 1975 census. Thus, a person born in the Seine community or the Seine- et- Oise before July 10, 1964 will have to indicate, whatever the case may be, one of the seven new departments of that Parisian region, that is to say: Paris, Essonne, Hauts- de- Seine, Seine- Saint- Denis, Val- de- Marne, Val- d'Oise or Yvelines.

b) Ask for a complete birth date for each person. Then, carry out the following checks:

- a person born before January 1st, 1968: make sure that question 7 always has an answer.
- a person of 16 years of age or more (that is to say born before February 20th, 1959): make sure that questions 7 to 10 are always answered and check questions 11 to 18 on the back page of the individual form (see hereafter).

SAPHIR citizenship (FR1975A_0436)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is French by birth, naturalization or a foreigner.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

6. Nationality

1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1
 2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration
Indicate your previous nationality ____

3 Foreigner
Indicate your nationality ____

SAPHIR nationality (FR1975A_0437)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-61

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's nationality.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

SAPHIR nationality (FR1975A_0437)

File: FRA1975-P-H

6. Nationality

1 French by birth (including by reintegration 1

2 French through naturalization, marriage, declaration

Indicate your previous nationality ____

3 Foreigner

Indicate your nationality ____

SAPHIR-harmonized diploma (FR1975A_0438)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR harmonized diploma.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

Persons age 17+

Literal question

SAPHIR-harmonized diploma (FR1975A_0438)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

8. Among the following diplomas, indicate all those that you have:

a. General or secondary education

- 1 Certificate of primary studies (C.E.P), Diploma from the end of obligatory studies (D.F.E.O).
- 2 Elementary certification, junior high school certificate (B.E.P.C) [Brevet d'études du premier cycle], Elementary certificate (B.E.) or certificate of superior primary education (B.E.P.S.) [Brevet Européen du Premier Secours].
- 3 High school diploma (1st part, probationary, or second part), not including the series F, G and H; superior certificate
- 4 Diplomas of levels superior to the high school diploma (diplomas given in universities, diplomas from large specialized schools public or private, engineering schools, etc.)

b. Technical education and professional training

- 1 Certificate of professional aptitude (C.A.P.) [Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle] Certificate of professional education (B.E.P.) [Brevet d'études professionnelles], Exam at the end of artisan's apprenticeship (E.F.A.A.) [Examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal], Agricultural certificates (B.A.A. [Brevet d'apprentissage agricole], B.E.A. [Brevet d'enseignement agricole], B.P.A. [Brevet professionnel agricole]) Certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation Professionnel des Adultes] first degree.
- 2 Professional certificate (B.P.) [Brevet professionnel], Master's certificate, certificate at the end of the internship of the F.P.A. [Formation professionnel des adultes], 2nd degree.
- 3 Certificate of business education (B.E.C), [Brevet d'enseignement commercial], industrial (B.E.I.) [Brevet d'enseignement industriel], social (B.E.S.) [Brevet d'enseignement social], hotel management (B.E.H.); [Brevet d'enseignement hôtelier], Certificate of agricultural technical agent (B.A.T.A.) [Brevet d'agent technique agricole].
- 4 Technician's high school diploma (series F, G or H), technician's certificate (B.T., B.T.A. [Brevet de technicien agricole], Student certified in E.N.P [Ecole nationale polytechnique] or a public technical high school, superior certificate of business education (B.S.E.C.) [Brevet supérieur d'enseignement commercial].
- 5 Superior technician's certificate (B.T.S.), University technical diploma (D.U.T.), Graduate degree in technical studies (D.E.S.T.).
- 6 Paramedical and social diplomas (nurse, midwife, child care, welfare, social assistant, etc.)
- 0 Other professional diplomas. Specify ____.

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 8: Among the following diplomas, indicate all those which you have.

Just as for question 8a (general education or college- level studies) as for question 8b (technical school and professional school), several boxes can be checked.

People who really have a diploma given should check the box which refers to it.

Those who have taken corresponding studies, without however obtaining the diploma, should not check the box which refers to it (even if they believe to have attained the level of the diploma).

SAPHIR type of activity (FR1975A_0439)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-8

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

SAPHIR type of activity (FR1975A_0439)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR type of activity.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

11. Main profession

Indicate the profession or the career that you currently practice (even if you still only an apprentice or if you work by helping a member of your family in his or her profession). A woman who only takes care of her home will answer "without profession".

Be specific: Examples: mechanic (automobile repairman, clothing maker, carpenter in iron, fitter in central heating, building painter, industrial designer, electrical engineer, wine-grower, driver of heavy loads, shorthand typist, whole-sale drugs, etc.

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? _____

18. If you do not work anymore:

(You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.)

What was your principal profession? _____

Interviewer instructions

SAPHIR type of activity (FR1975A_0439)

File: FRA1975-P-H

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 11: Main profession.

Attentively read the explanations and the examples given on the individual forms, as well as the instructions hereafter.

Note:

a) If a profession has been declared on question 11:

- make sure that one of the six boxes of question 13a has been checked, at least box 1 of question 12 has not been;
- make sure that the salaried people (answer 7 of question 13) have answered correctly questions 14a, 14b, or 14c ;
- make sure that question 16 has been correctly filled out (see question 16 page 57): especially make sure that questions 16a, 16b, and 16 are always filled out, even for people who work in an administrative service and especially for government employees.

b) If no profession has been declared for question 11 and if the person concerned is 16 or older:

Refer to questions 17 and 18 to see if there is an answer indicated there.

If none of questions 17 to 18 have received an answer, Make sure that is the real situation of the person concerned and:

- if there is no professional activity, mention in great detail "without profession" on question 11.
- if he currently practices a profession which he would have forgotten to declare it, ask him to answer questions 11 to 16 of his individual form.

[p.55]

Examples of bad answers not to accept in any situation. [left column] / Remarks [right column]

1) Bad answers because they aren't specific enough.

Employee, worker, building worker, engineer, executive, director / Indicate exactly the job of the person concerned, for example: salesperson at a department store, bank employee, lathe operator, chemical engineer, plasterer, expert forester, business director.

government employee, SNCF employee, EDF employee / For government employees and public service employees, specify the rank or the job, for example: representative of the prefecture, clerk of the PTT, second class stationmaster, driver of a diesel locomotive, EDF dispatcher.

Merchant, industrialist, farmer, entrepreneur, craftsman, administrator / Answer, for example: retail grocer, wholesaler in pharmaceutical products, masonry entrepreneur, residential building director, movie theater employee

2) Bad answers because they are incomplete.

O.S., O.P., Qualified worker, team leader, foreman / These labels indicate the situation in the professional hierarchy, but do not give any information on the individual profession of the person concerned. On the other hand, the following answers are satisfactory:

O.S. (ouvrier specialis) in rope or yarn winding, textile mill foreman

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

- a) do not have a job:
- b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

SAPHIR class of worker (FR1975A_0440)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR class of worker.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

Active persons

SAPHIR class of worker (FR1975A_0440)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Literal question

For all people 16 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 8 -18]

12. Do you work without pay by helping another person in his/her profession (for example a member of your family)?

- 1 Yes
- No

15. If you are self-employed:

(answers 2, 3, or 4 on question 13)

Do you hire employees?

Do not count servants at home in your service. In agriculture, only count permanent paid workers.

- Yes
- How many?

- 1 1 to 2
- 3 3 to 5
- 6 6 or more

- 0 No

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? ____

Interviewer instructions

SAPHIR class of worker (FR1975A_0440)

File: FRA1975-P-H

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 12: People working to help another person in their profession without being paid.

It sometimes happens that some people - especially women - work by helping another person in his profession, without receiving a salary for it. These people will answer "yes" to question 12, even if they only work part time in these situations. For example, this question effects the wife of a farmer who participates in the work of the farm, the wife or daughter of a merchant who spends several hours per day in the shop to ensure the sales or to operate the cash register. These people should indicate the profession which they practice on question 11.

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

- a) do not have a job:
- b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

SAPHIRoccupation (FR1975A_0441)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 14-87

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's SAPHIR socio-professional category.

SAPHIR variables were constructed by the French statistical office to provide consistent variables across censuses.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

SAPHIRoccupation (FR1975A_0441)

File: FRA1975-P-H

For all people 16 years of age or older
 [Applies to questions 8 -18]

13. Do you practice your main declared profession as:

- 2 Farmer
- 3 Member of a free-market profession
- 4 Employer or self-employed worker: artisan, merchant, industrial worker, etc. (working for yourself, including managers of the S.A.R.L [Socit responsabilite limite] and people not working except on commission)
- 5 Working at home for yourself for one (or more) companies
- 6 Apprenticed under contract
- 7 Paid

14. For paid workers:

a. If you are a worker, specify the qualification of your current job:

- 1 Unskilled or specialized laborer
- 2 Specialized worker (OS1, OS2)
- 3 Skilled worker or highly qualified (P1, P2, P3...)

b. If you are a state employee, from a local city or a public service (E.D.F. Electricite de France, S.N.C.F, Socit nationale des chemins de fer etc.) or military by career, specify your rank:

Examples: principal administration agent, administrative secretary, stationmaster of the second class, etc.

c. If you are in a different situation, specify your hierarchical position:

Examples: supervisor, head farmer, head of a department store, business director, etc.

17. If you are currently without work and if you are looking for some:

a. For how long have you been looking for work?

- 1 less than 3 months
- 2 3 to less than 6 months
- 3 6 months to less than a year
- 4 one year or more

b. Have you already worked?

- Yes
- No

c. What is your career? _____

18. If you do not work anymore:

(You are, for example, retired from public service, a retired worker, retired executive, former farmer, retired from business, etc.)

What was your principal profession? _____

SAPHIRoccupation (FR1975A_0441)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Interviewer instructions

[Questions 8 - 18 are for persons age 16 or older]

Question 13: Professional status.

Category 5: "Worker at home for a total of one or more businesses" does not allow for people who work at their home for their own business (artisans, sewers, stylists). This category applies on the other hand to people who do work at their home, often as they will, for the affairs of an industrial or commercial establishment who reimburses them for this. Such is the case, for example of some newspapers designers, of people working for clothing industries or performing secretarial work for the affairs of some administrations, etc.
Paid managers should check box 7 even when they are partially reimbursed in the form of commiseration.

Question 14: Certification

Make sure that the people who have declared to be salaried on question 13 specify their certification, rank or hierarchical position on questions 14a, 14b or 14c, according to the situation.

Question 17: The case of the unemployed and those who are looking for work.

This question concerns all people having or having not already worked, who fulfill the following conditions simultaneously:

- a) do not have a job:
- b) are actively looking for work.

Do not apply to these people the label "unemployed" which is sometimes judged offensive and which has a slightly different connotation.

Migration (FR1975A_0442)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent resided in the same region, a different one, or abroad on January 1, 1962.

Universe

Persons in ordinary households

Literal question

7. Where were you living on January 1, 1968?

(for all people born before January 1, 1968)

If, on January 1st, 1968, you were in the military or were a boarding student or under treatment in a care facility, indicate the address of your personal residence at this date and not the address of the institution (barrack, boarding school, sanatorium, etc.)

- 1 In the same dwelling as now
 - 2 In the same city (or the same city neighborhood for Paris, Lyon or Marseille)
 - 3 In another city (or another district for Paris, Lyon or Marseille)
- Indicate this other city:

City (For Paris, Lyon, Marseille, specify the city neighborhood [arrondissement]) ____
County (Country for the foreigner, territory for the T.O.M) ____

If, on January 1, 1968, you were living abroad or in an overseas territory or department, in which year did you come (or return) to live in Metropolitan France?

19__

Migration (FR1975A_0442)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Interviewer instructions

Question 7: Residence on January 1st, 1968.

Make sure that the answer is complete.

The people who have not changed dwellings since January 1st 1968 do not have to check anything but box 1. However, if boxes 1 and 2 have been checked, you should not make any correction to the forms.

[p.53]

Keep track of the people who were living outside of France on January 1st, 1968 have correctly indicated the year of their arrival in France. This applies as well to French citizens as well as foreigners who were living outside of Metropolitan France on January 1st, 1968.

In the situation where some people would have made several visits since 1968 in France, it will be necessary to indicate the corresponding year at the beginning of the current visit. However, you should keep track of the absences from Metropolitan France which have lasted more than 3 months.

Example: A house servant who was living in Spain on January 1st, 1968 came to work in France during the whole year of 1968. Returning to Spain at the beginning of 1970, she comes back to France in September 1972. She has spent her vacation of 1973 (August) in Spain. In this situation, answer: 1972.

Person weight (PERWT)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous

Format: numeric

Width: 8

Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Migration status, last census (MIGRATEC)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-30

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

MIGRATEC indicates the person's place of residence at the time of the previous census. The first digit records movement across major administrative divisions and countries. The second digit reports movement across minor administrative divisions, for samples in which that detail is available.

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Description

EEDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone) for the European samples. The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary. All education that was relevant to the completion of a level should be taken into account even if it was provided outside of schools and universities.

EEDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EEDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EEDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country.

Hungary 1980 and 1990 also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL.

EEDATTAIN has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. EEDATTAIN presents a less detailed version of EDATTAIN for the European Samples.

Activity status (employment status), Europe (EEMPSTAT)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EEMPSTAT indicates for the European samples whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EEMPSTAT can also convey further information.

EEMPSTAT has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Employment Status" is referred to as "Activity Status" in the CES recommendations, but the former term is used to maintain consistency with IPUMS practices.

The economically active population constitutes the total labor force: employed and unemployed persons.

Status in employment (class of worker), Europe (ECLASSWK)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Status in employment (class of worker), Europe (ECLASSWK)

File: FRA1975-P-H

ECLASSWK refers in European Samples to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker.

ECLASSWK is related to EEMPSTAT (employment status), which is used to define the universe for the variable in many samples.

ECLASSWK has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Class of worker" is referred to as "Status in Employment" in the CES recommendations. The former term is used to maintain concordance with IPUMS practice.

Country of residence last census (MIGCTRYC)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 5	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99999	

Description

MIGCTRYC indicates the person's country of residence at the time of the previous census.

Nativity status (NATIVITY)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

NATIVITY indicates whether the person was native- or foreign-born.

Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)

File: FRA1975-P-H

IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Country [person version] (COUNTRYP)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)

File: FRA1975-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: character	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Related Materials

Questionnaires

Census 1975 Household Questionnaire

Title Census 1975 Household Questionnaire
Author(s) INSEE (Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques)
Country France
Language French
Filename enum_form_fr1975a.pdf

Technical documents

Census 1975 Enumerator's Manual

Title Census 1975 Enumerator's Manual
Author(s) INSEE (Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques)
Country France
Language French
Filename enum_instruct_fr1975a.pdf
