

Hungary - Population Census 1990 - IPUMS Subset

**Hungarian Central Statistical Office, Minnesota Population Center - University of
Minnesota**

Report generated on: May 1, 2018

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Sampling

Sampling Procedure

MICRODATA SOURCE: Hungarian Central Statistical Office

SAMPLE DESIGN: Systematic sample of every 20th dwelling after a random start; drawn by the national statistical office

SAMPLE UNIT: Housing unit (dwelling)

SAMPLE FRACTION: 5%

SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 518,240

Weighting

Self-weighting (expansion factor = 20)

Questionnaires

Overview

Dwelling questionnaire (short and long form); person questionnaire (short and long form); questionnaire for institutional households; PES (post enumeration survey) questionnaires

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
1990-01-02	1990-02-03	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTION NOTES

De jure, CENSUS DAY: January 1, 1990, FIELD WORK PERIOD: January 2 - February 3, 1990

SUPERVISION

Interview by enumerator

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

HUN1990-H-H

Content	Household record
Cases	0
Variable(s)	62
Structure	Type: relational Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number)
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V1	RECTYPE	Record type	discrete	character	
V2	YEAR	Year	discrete	numeric	
V3	SAMPLE	IPUMS sample identifier	discrete	numeric	
V4	SERIAL	Household serial number	contin	numeric	
V5	PERSONS	Number of person records in the household	contin	numeric	
V6	SUBSAMP	Subsample number	discrete	numeric	
V7	GQ	Group quarters (collective dwelling) status	discrete	numeric	
V8	URBAN	Urban-rural status	discrete	numeric	
V9	REGIONW	Continent and region of country	discrete	numeric	
V10	LOCALHU	Hungary, Type of locality	discrete	numeric	
V11	WATSUP	Water supply	discrete	numeric	
V12	SEWAGE	Sewage	discrete	numeric	
V13	HEAT	Central heating	discrete	numeric	
V14	ROOMS	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	
V15	KITCHEN	Kitchen or cooking facilities	discrete	numeric	
V16	TOILET	Toilet	discrete	numeric	
V17	BATH	Bathing facilities	discrete	numeric	
V18	STORIES	Stories in structure	discrete	numeric	
V19	HHTYPE	Household classification	discrete	numeric	
V20	NFAMS	Number of families in household	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V21	HEADLOC	Head's location in household	contin	numeric	
V22	HHDONATE	Donated household	discrete	numeric	
V23	HU1990A_0001	Dwelling number	contin	numeric	Dwelling number
V24	HU1990A_0002	Household number (within dwelling)	discrete	numeric	Household number (within dwelling)
V25	HU1990A_0004	Number of households in dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of households in dwelling
V26	HU1990A_0005	Number of persons in dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of persons in dwelling
V27	HU1990A_0006	Number of persons in household	discrete	numeric	Number of persons in household
V28	HU1990A_0018	Number of families in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of families in the dwelling
V29	HU1990A_0024	Donated dwelling	discrete	numeric	Donated dwelling
V30	HU1990A_0025	Donation strata: strata number	discrete	numeric	Donation strata: strata number
V31	HU1990A_0035	Type of locality where enumerated	discrete	numeric	The place of the census: ____ Commune, town ____ District ____ Street, road, squares ____ Street number ____ Building ____ Staircase ____ Ground-floor, floor ____ Door
V32	HU1990A_0037	Type of building	discrete	numeric	Enumeration district ____ Serial number of the building __ Character of the building __ Serial number of the dwelling __
V33	HU1990A_0038	Location of dwelling	discrete	numeric	The place of the census: ____ Commune, town ____ District ____ Street, road, squares ____ Street number ____ Building ____ Staircase ____ Ground-floor, floor ____ Door
V34	HU1990A_0039	Occupied or vacant dwelling	discrete	numeric	12. Designation [] 1 Dwelling [] 2 Occupied other housing unit (e.g. shop, laundry, hut, hovel, house on wheels) 21. In case of vacant dwelling: [Question 21 was asked in case of a vacant dwelling] Since when has it been vacant? 19 __ Why is it vacant? [] 1 It is used only periodically (e.g. detached farm-stead) [] 2 The dwellers moved off, it has No new dweller [] 3 It is a new dwelling which is not yet occupied [] other; specify it ____ Question 12. Other occupied housing unit stands for the following accommodations: butts, hovel, track-boats, caravans as well as shops, offices, workshops, stores etc. which have not been reconstructed into dwellings.
V35	HU1990A_0040	Type of ownership	discrete	numeric	2. Ownership of the dwelling [] In personal ownership: [] 1 In a building of detached (family) house character [] 2 In a block of freehold flats or privately owned flat [] 3 Flat of housing co-operative [] In state ownership: [] 4 Council tenement-dwelling [] 5 Tenement-dwelling of an enterprise, official residence [] 6 In the ownership of a production, service or produce disposal co-operative [] 7 In other ownership (e.g. of the Church, of a foreign legal entity) Question 2. For dwellings being in a private semi-detached house or a joint house (terrace house, row house, atrium house) the answer "in a building of detached family house character" should be underlined. For dwellings in buildings with four or more dwelling units, which is under joint ownership, the answer is "in a block of freehold flats..." even if there is no deed of foundation about is. For dwellings under temporary usage the right answer is "company tenement-dwelling, official residence".

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V36	HU1990A_0041	Occupancy status of dwelling	discrete	numeric	Tenure of dwelling: <input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Joint tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Cotenant <input type="checkbox"/> Subtenant <input type="checkbox"/> Bed tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Without tenure <input type="checkbox"/> The use of the tenure is authorized as a favor <input type="checkbox"/> The connected relationship, e.g. owner's child, brother/sister of tenant 21. In case of vacant dwelling: [Question 21 was asked in case of a vacant dwelling] Since when has it been vacant? 19 __ Why is it vacant? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 It is used only periodically (e.g. detached farm-stead) <input type="checkbox"/> 2 The dwellers moved off, it has No new dweller <input type="checkbox"/> 3 It is a new dwelling which is not yet occupied <input type="checkbox"/> other; specify it ____ Housing Question Question 12. Other occupied housing unit stands for the following accommodations: butts, hovel, track-boats, caravans as well as shops, offices, workshops, stores etc. which have not been reconstructed into dwellings.
V37	HU1990A_0042	Year of construction	discrete	numeric	3. When was the dwelling built? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 Before 1900 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Between 1900 and 1919 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Between 1920 and 1944 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Between 1945 and 1959 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Between 1960 and 1969 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Between 1970 and 1979 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Between 1980 and 1984 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Between 1985 and 1987 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 In 1988 <input type="checkbox"/> 9 In 1989
V38	HU1990A_0043	Water supply	discrete	numeric	4. The water supply of the dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Piped water from water works in the dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Piped water from the well in the court-yard is in the dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Piped water from water works is only in the court-yard <input type="checkbox"/> 4 You use the water of the well in the court-yard <input type="checkbox"/> 5 From another place (e.g. from the well outside the plot, from a spring); specify ____
V39	HU1990A_0044	Flush toilet	discrete	numeric	6. Is there a flush toilet? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes, inside the dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Yes, but outside the dwelling
V40	HU1990A_0045	Sewage disposal system	discrete	numeric	7. Is there a sewage disposal from the dwelling? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes; in a public sewer <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Yes; through a house sewer into a closed sewage reservoir <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Yes; into desiccators (cesspool) <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Yes; to another place
V41	HU1990A_0046	Gas	discrete	numeric	8. Do you use gas in the dwelling? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes; piped gas <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Yes; bottle (propane-butane) gas
V42	HU1990A_0047	Heating	discrete	numeric	9. How do you heat the dwelling? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 District (block) heating, with thermal water <input type="checkbox"/> 2 With individual central boiler heating several dwellings <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Central heating (separate central heating for one flat) for one dwelling or family house <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Premises heating (with gas convactor, stove, oil-stove, water-heating stove, oil- radiator, heat-radiator etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> 0 There is no possibility for heating Question 14. If different types of heating materials are used, that used most frequently should be underlined on the list.
V43	HU1990A_0048	Hot water	discrete	numeric	5. Is there hot running water in the dwelling? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes; from a long-distance pipe-line <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Yes; from a central boiler <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Yes; from a gas boiler <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Yes; from an electric boiler <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Yes; from a bathroom stove <input type="checkbox"/> In another way; specify it ____
V44	HU1990A_0049	Number of kitchens (including kitchenettes and summer kitchens)	discrete	numeric	10. [Number of rooms] Please enter the number of the following places. ____ Rooms over 12 square meters ____ Rooms over 6 square meters, but maximum 12 square meters ____ Rooms 4-6 square meters ____ Kitchen (4 square meters and larger) ____ Kitchenette, cupboard for cooking (under 4 square meters) ____ Summer kitchen ____ Bathroom, shower-room, wash-basin alcove Question 10. A room must have at least an area of 4m2, be supplied with door and window and be used as a room (e.g. living-room, bedroom, child-room). Halls and dinning-rooms supplied with window, as well as consulting rooms, reception rooms and offices should also be considered as rooms. When finding out the floor-space of a room or of a kitchen, the areas of built-in wardrobes and places attaching to the main one without doors (e. g. alcove, dining place) must be added to the area of the given room. If the dwelling consists of one room only, then that room has to be appropriately categorized by size.

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V45	HU1990A_0050	Number of bathrooms and wash-basin alcoves	discrete	numeric	10. [Number of rooms] Please enter the number of the following places. ____ Rooms over 12 square meters ____ Rooms over 6 square meters, but maximum 12 square meters ____ Rooms 4-6 square meters ____ Kitchen (4 square meters and larger) ____ Kitchenette, cupboard for cooking (under 4 square meters) ____ Summer kitchen ____ Bathroom, shower-room, wash-basin alcove Question 10. A room must have at least an area of 4m ² , be supplied with door and window and be used as a room (e.g. living-room, bedroom, child-room). Halls and dining-rooms supplied with window, as well as consulting rooms, reception rooms and offices should also be considered as rooms. When finding out the floor-space of a room or of a kitchen, the areas of built-in wardrobes and places attaching to the main one without doors (e. g. alcove, dining place) must be added to the area of the given room. If the dwelling consists of one room only, then that room has to be appropriately categorized by size.
V46	HU1990A_0051	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	10. [Number of rooms] Please enter the number of the following places. ____ Rooms over 12 square meters ____ Rooms over 6 square meters, but maximum 12 square meters ____ Rooms 4-6 square meters ____ Kitchen (4 square meters and larger) ____ Kitchenette, cupboard for cooking (under 4 square meters) ____ Summer kitchen ____ Bathroom, shower-room, wash-basin alcove Question 10. A room must have at least an area of 4m ² , be supplied with door and window and be used as a room (e.g. living-room, bedroom, child-room). Halls and dining-rooms supplied with window, as well as consulting rooms, reception rooms and offices should also be considered as rooms. When finding out the floor-space of a room or of a kitchen, the areas of built-in wardrobes and places attaching to the main one without doors (e. g. alcove, dining place) must be added to the area of the given room. If the dwelling consists of one room only, then that room has to be appropriately categorized by size.
V47	HU1990A_0053	Level of comfort	discrete	numeric	4. The water supply of the dwelling [] 1 Piped water from water works in the dwelling [] 2 Piped water from the well in the court-yard is in the dwelling [] 3 Piped water from water works is only in the court-yard [] 4 You use the water of the well in the court-yard [] 5 From another place (e.g. from the well outside the plot, from a spring); specify ____ 5. Is there hot running water in the dwelling? [] 0 No [] 1 Yes; from a long-distance pipe-line [] 2 Yes; from a central boiler [] 3 Yes; from a gas boiler [] 4 Yes; from an electric boiler [] 5 Yes; from a bathroom stove [] In another way; specify it ____ 6. Is there a flush toilet? [] 0 No [] 1 Yes, inside the dwelling [] 2 Yes, but outside the dwelling 7. Is there a sewage disposal from the dwelling? [] 0 No [] 1 Yes; in a public sewer [] 2 Yes; through a house sewer into a closed sewage reservoir [] 3 Yes; into desiccators (cesspool) [] 4 Yes; to another place 8. Do you use gas in the dwelling? [] 0 No [] 1 Yes; piped gas [] 2 Yes; bottle (propane-butane) gas 9. How do you heat the dwelling? [] 1 District (block) heating, with thermal water [] 2 With individual central boiler heating several dwellings [] 3 Central heating (separate central heating for one flat) for one dwelling or family house [] 4 Premises heating (with gas convector, stove, oil-stove, water-heating stove, oil- radiator, heat-radiator etc.) [] 0 There is no possibility for heating 15 Is there a telephone in the dwelling? [] 0 No [] 1 Yes 19. Do you find satisfactory the present housing conditions of the family? Maximum [of] three replies may be underlined [indicated]. [] 0 Yes [] 1 No, because it has few rooms or its floor-space is small [] 2 No, because the floor-space is large [] 3 No, because it is badly designed [] 4 No, because its comfort is not satisfactory [] 5 No, because the costs of its maintenance are high [] 6 No, because the environment of the dwelling is noisy [] 7 No, because the air of the environment is vitiated [] 8 No, because the environment of the dwelling is not satisfactory in another respect [] 9 No, because you have no separate dwelling Questions 18 and 19 should be answered by the first and -- if any -- the second family living in the dwelling.
V48	HU1990A_0054	Number of floors of the building containing the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Number of floors of the building containing the dwelling

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V49	HU1990A_0055	Household composition	discrete	numeric	[Instructions:] Enter the persons in the table by households, within them grouped by families, following the order of the possibilities of reply of graph "family status". The persons belonging to a common household should get the same serial number of household (first household = 1, second household = 2, etc.). To a common household belong such persons living together who bear jointly the costs of living (e.g. meal, daily expenses). The subtenants and bed-tenants as well as the cotenants (with their family members) always belong to a separate household. [The following three lists provide information from a table on the census form. The table indicates the appropriate response to the family status question corresponding to various family arrangements. In the list below, the family-status responses are show at the end of each line, after the colon.] A family is formed by: a married couple with or without children: husband; wife; child a partner-in-life relation with or without children: partner-in-life, child a mother or father with children (without a spouse, partner in life): mother or father living alone with her/his child, child To a family belongs the person living with the family but forming no separate family: one parent or grandparent (great-grandparent) of the husband, wife, partner-in-life, mother or father living alone with her/his child, their father-in-law or mother-in-law: ascendant except those enumerated every relative (e.g. brother/sister, grandchild): other relative persons being in no relation to the members of the family (e.g. child under state care, person with a contract relating to support for life): non-relative If the person living in the household doesn't form a family: in case of living together of relatives: other relative in all other cases: non-relative if the household consists of one person: person living alone
V50	HU1990A_0056	Kinship relation between families	discrete	numeric	[Instructions:] Enter the persons in the table by households, within them grouped by families, following the order of the possibilities of reply of graph "family status". The persons belonging to a common household should get the same serial number of household (first household = 1, second household = 2, etc.). To a common household belong such persons living together who bear jointly the costs of living (e.g. meal, daily expenses). The subtenants and bed-tenants as well as the cotenants (with their family members) always belong to a separate household. [The following three lists provide information from a table on the census form. The table indicates the appropriate response to the family status question corresponding to various family arrangements. In the list below, the family-status responses are show at the end of each line, after the colon.] A family is formed by: a married couple with or without children: husband; wife; child a partner-in-life relation with or without children: partner-in-life, child a mother or father with children (without a spouse, partner in life): mother or father living alone with her/his child, child To a family belongs the person living with the family but forming no separate family: one parent or grandparent (great-grandparent) of the husband, wife, partner-in-life, mother or father living alone with her/his child, their father-in-law or mother-in-law: ascendant except those enumerated every relative (e.g. brother/sister, grandchild): other relative persons being in no relation to the members of the family (e.g. child under state care, person with a contract relating to support for life): non-relative If the person living in the household doesn't form a family: in case of living together of relatives: other relative in all other cases: non-relative if the household consists of one person: person living alone
V51	HU1990A_0057	Tenure status of households in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Tenure of dwelling: <input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Joint tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Cotenant <input type="checkbox"/> Subtenant <input type="checkbox"/> Bed tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Without tenure <input type="checkbox"/> The use of the tenure is authorized as a favor <input type="checkbox"/> The connected relationship, e.g. owner's child, brother/sister of tenant Question 1/e (last column of the table). Beneficial owners should also answer as "owners". The kinship relation to the owner can only be noted if the person living in the dwelling pays no rent. If rent is paid, the answer "tenant", "co-tenant", "apartment-sharer" (in case of relatives, the appropriate expression supplemented with the degree of relation, too) or "subtenant", "bed-tenant" should be given. The legal title for those who rent the whole dwelling from private person is always the "tenant".

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V52	HHWT	Household weight	contin	numeric	
V53	NCOUPLES	Number of married couples in household	discrete	numeric	
V54	NMOTHERS	Number of mothers in household	discrete	numeric	
V55	NFATHERS	Number of fathers in household	discrete	numeric	
V56	COUNTRY	Country	discrete	numeric	
V57	BATHROOMS	Number of bathrooms	discrete	numeric	
V58	BUILTYR	Year structure was built	discrete	numeric	
V59	AGESTRUCT2	Age of structure, coded from intervals	discrete	numeric	
V60	OWNERSHIP	Ownership of dwelling [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V61	OWNERSHIPD	Ownership of dwelling [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V62	HOTWATER	Hot water heater	discrete	numeric	

HUN1990-P-H

Content	Person records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	87
Structure	Type: relational Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version])
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V63	PERNUM	Person number	contin	numeric	
V64	MOMLOC	Mother's location in household	contin	numeric	
V65	POPLOC	Father's location in household	contin	numeric	
V66	SPLOC	Spouse's location in household	contin	numeric	
V67	PARRULE	Rule for linking parent	discrete	numeric	
V68	SPRULE	Rule for linking spouse	discrete	numeric	
V69	STEPMOM	Probable stepmother	discrete	numeric	
V70	STEPPOP	Probable stepfather	discrete	numeric	
V71	POLYMAL	Man with more than one wife linked	discrete	numeric	
V72	POLY2ND	Woman is second or higher order wife	discrete	numeric	
V73	FAMUNIT	Family unit membership	contin	numeric	
V74	FAMSIZE	Number of own family members in household	discrete	numeric	
V75	NCHILD	Number of own children in household	discrete	numeric	
V76	NCHLT5	Number of own children under age 5 in household	discrete	numeric	
V77	ELDCH	Age of eldest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V78	YNGCH	Age of youngest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V79	RELATE	Relationship to household head [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V80	RELATED	Relationship to household head [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V81	ERELATE	Relationship to head, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V82	AGE	Age	discrete	numeric	
V83	AGE2	Age, grouped into intervals	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V84	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	
V85	MARST	Marital status [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V86	MARSTD	Marital status [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V87	EMARST	Marital status, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V88	MARRYR	Year of first marriage	discrete	numeric	
V89	SUBFREL	Relationship to head of subfamily	discrete	numeric	
V90	SUBFNUM	Subfamily membership number	discrete	numeric	
V91	CHBORN	Children ever born	discrete	numeric	
V92	LANGHU1	First non-mother-tongue spoken, Hungary	discrete	numeric	
V93	SCHOOL	School attendance	discrete	numeric	
V94	EDUCHU	Educational attainment, Hungary	discrete	numeric	
V95	EMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V96	EMPSTATD	Activity status (employment status) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V97	LABORHU	Labor force status, Hungary	discrete	numeric	
V98	OCCISCO	Occupation, ISCO general	discrete	numeric	
V99	OCC	Occupation, unrecoded	contin	numeric	
V100	CLASSWK	Status in employment (class of worker) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V101	CLASSWKD	Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V102	EMPSECT	Sector of employment	discrete	numeric	
V103	AGEMARR	Age at first marriage or union	discrete	numeric	
V104	HU1990A_0003	Person number (within household)	discrete	numeric	Person number (within household)
V105	HU1990A_0404	Family composition	discrete	numeric	Family composition
V106	HU1990A_0405	Age	discrete	numeric	5. Birth date: ____ Day ____ Month ____ Year
V107	HU1990A_0406	Sex	discrete	numeric	4. Sex [] 1 Male [] 2 Female
V108	HU1990A_0407	Marital status	discrete	numeric	6. Marital status: [] 1 Single [] 2 Married [] 3 Widowed [] 4 Divorced Question 6. The so-called separated person whose marriage has not been dissolved by a final judgment is to be counted as married. A person whose former spouse died after the dissolution of the marriage is not to be counted as widowed but as being divorced.

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V109	HU1990A_0408	Serial number of household (within dwelling)	discrete	numeric	1. The data of the persons living in the dwelling [The form provides a table with space for each person living in the dwelling. Instructions for this set of questions are given below.] Serial number of the household: ____ The person's serial number [pre-filled, number 1-8]. The person's surname and name: ____ Maiden name, for those not bearing the name of their husband, also the name of the husband, in case of a partner-in-life relation, also the name of the partner-in-life.
V110	HU1990A_0409	Serial number of family (within household)	discrete	numeric	Family status: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Husband <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Wife <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Partner-in-life <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Child <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Ascendant <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Other relative <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Non-relative <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Person living alone
V111	HU1990A_0410	Type of family	discrete	numeric	Family status: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Husband <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Wife <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Partner-in-life <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Child <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Ascendant <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Other relative <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Non-relative <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Person living alone
V112	HU1990A_0411	Family status: relationship to family head	discrete	numeric	Family status: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Husband <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Wife <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Partner-in-life <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Child <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Ascendant <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Other relative <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Non-relative <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Person living alone
V113	HU1990A_0412	Degree of kinship	discrete	numeric	Family status: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Husband <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Wife <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Partner-in-life <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Child <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Ascendant <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Other relative <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Non-relative <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Person living alone
V114	HU1990A_0413	Year of first marriage	discrete	numeric	8. Year of first marriage: <input type="checkbox"/> 19 __ <input type="checkbox"/> 90 Never married
V115	HU1990A_0414	Number of live-born children	discrete	numeric	9. Number of live-born children ____ Please, take into consideration also your adult children living elsewhere or deceased.
V116	HU1990A_0415	Tenure status in the dwelling	discrete	numeric	Tenure of dwelling: <input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Joint tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Cotenant <input type="checkbox"/> Subtenant <input type="checkbox"/> Bed tenant <input type="checkbox"/> Without tenure <input type="checkbox"/> The use of the tenure is authorized as a favor <input type="checkbox"/> The connected relationship, e.g. owner's child, brother/sister of tenant Question 1/e (last column of the table). Beneficial owners should also answer as "owners". The kinship relation to the owner can only be noted if the person living in the dwelling pays no rent. If rent is paid, the answer "tenant", "co-tenant", "apartment-sharer" (in case of relatives, the appropriate expression supplemented with the degree of relation, too) or "subtenant", "bed-tenant" should be given. The legal title for those who rent the whole dwelling from private person is always the "tenant".
V117	HU1990A_0416	Nationality	discrete	numeric	10. Nationality: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Hungarian <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Slovakian <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Romanian <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Croatian <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Serbian <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Slovenian <input type="checkbox"/> 7 German <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Gipsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify: ____
V118	HU1990A_0417	Mother tongue	discrete	numeric	11. Mother tongue: <input type="checkbox"/> 01 Hungarian <input type="checkbox"/> 02 Slovakian <input type="checkbox"/> 03 Romanian <input type="checkbox"/> 04 Croatian <input type="checkbox"/> 05 Serbian <input type="checkbox"/> 06 Slovenian <input type="checkbox"/> 07 German <input type="checkbox"/> 08 Gipsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it: ____ 12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, specify: ____
V119	HU1990A_0418	First language spoken other than mother tongue	discrete	numeric	11. Mother tongue: <input type="checkbox"/> 01 Hungarian <input type="checkbox"/> 02 Slovakian <input type="checkbox"/> 03 Romanian <input type="checkbox"/> 04 Croatian <input type="checkbox"/> 05 Serbian <input type="checkbox"/> 06 Slovenian <input type="checkbox"/> 07 German <input type="checkbox"/> 08 Gipsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it: ____ 12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, specify: ____
V120	HU1990A_0419	Second language spoken other than mother tongue	discrete	numeric	11. Mother tongue: <input type="checkbox"/> 01 Hungarian <input type="checkbox"/> 02 Slovakian <input type="checkbox"/> 03 Romanian <input type="checkbox"/> 04 Croatian <input type="checkbox"/> 05 Serbian <input type="checkbox"/> 06 Slovenian <input type="checkbox"/> 07 German <input type="checkbox"/> 08 Gipsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it: ____ 12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, specify: ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V121	HU1990A_0420	Third language spoken other than mother tongue	discrete	numeric	11. Mother tongue: <input type="checkbox"/> 01 Hungarian <input type="checkbox"/> 02 Slovakian <input type="checkbox"/> 03 Romanian <input type="checkbox"/> 04 Croatian <input type="checkbox"/> 05 Serbian <input type="checkbox"/> 06 Slovenian <input type="checkbox"/> 07 German <input type="checkbox"/> 08 Gipsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it: ____ 12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, specify: ____
V122	HU1990A_0421	Number of languages spoken	discrete	numeric	11. Mother tongue: <input type="checkbox"/> 01 Hungarian <input type="checkbox"/> 02 Slovakian <input type="checkbox"/> 03 Romanian <input type="checkbox"/> 04 Croatian <input type="checkbox"/> 05 Serbian <input type="checkbox"/> 06 Slovenian <input type="checkbox"/> 07 German <input type="checkbox"/> 08 Gipsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it: ____ 12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, specify: ____
V123	HU1990A_0422	Highest educational attainment	discrete	numeric	13. Education level: If you completed any of the 1-4 forms of the grammar school or 8 forms before 1950, enter it to the number of forms of higher elementary school. Several replies may be given. <input type="checkbox"/> Attended no school <input type="checkbox"/> Form(s) of primary (elementary) school [specify number of forms]: ____ <input type="checkbox"/> Form(s) of higher elementary school [specify number of forms]: ____ <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate of skilled worker got at the day section of an apprentice school in the year 19__ <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate at the day section of a vocational school in the year 19__ <input type="checkbox"/> Secondary school leaving certificate, certificate of qualification <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate of higher school of non-university level <input type="checkbox"/> University certificate, diploma Question 13. For each person the highest grade reached in the primary (general) school and in the higher elementary school, respectively, should be registered. Further on, only those completed qualifications can be indicated which were obtained within the formal education system. Completed educational attainments are the following: A certificate obtained upon the conclusion of full-time studies in an apprentice school, A certificate obtained upon the conclusion of full-time studies in a vocational school, The secondary school final exam certificate obtained in a grammar school or other secondary school; furthermore, the secondary school leaving certificates which were issued between 1974 and 1986, A diploma or certificate obtained at a university, college or other third-level educational institution. The following cannot be taken into consideration: qualifications given after a training-course, certificate of apprentice or vocational school obtained within the frame of adult education, specializations obtained at a third-level educational institutions after graduation (specializations in medicine, engineering, law etc.). Certificates obtained in the Marxism-Leninism evening school can only be accepted in cases when the certificate is about specialization (equivalent to the diploma of non-university third-level education) and issued between 1958-1982.

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V124	HU1990A_0423	Living together with parent(s)	discrete	numeric	18. How did the family get this dwelling? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 It was built <input type="checkbox"/> 2 It was bought <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Flat of the National Savings Bank or co-operative flat allocated by the local council <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Tenement dwelling of the local council, allocation of official residence <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Exchange of dwellings <input type="checkbox"/> 6 It was inherited or assigned <input type="checkbox"/> 7 You have no separate dwelling: you live with the parents, relatives <input type="checkbox"/> 8 You rent a complete flat from a private person <input type="checkbox"/> 9 You are subtenant or you entered into a contract relating to support for life <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it ____ Questions 18 and 19 should be answered by the first and -- if any -- the second family living in the dwelling. Question 18. The question should be answered according to the circumstances that existed when they moved in the dwelling. (If, for example, a person with his/her spouse had been admitted to the parents' dwelling but in the meanwhile the parents moved away or died, the answer "living with parents/relatives" has to be chosen. In the case when the parents were no more registered in the dwelling at the moment when the person moved in, the answer "inherited or relinquished" should be given.) The exchange of privately owned flats, furthermore, the exchange of a tenement-flat allocated by the council for a privately owned flat, have to be categorized as purchasing, too. The answer "Council-allocated dwelling built by the National Saving Bank; or council-allocated co-operative dwelling" should be underlined even if the right to purchase a privately owned flat was bought by the respondent's employer. The answer "dwelling exchange" can be accepted in cases of council-owned flats only, that is, if the given person exchanged his/her former dwelling of any legal status for his/her present council-owned flat.
V125	HU1990A_0424	Economic activity	discrete	numeric	14. Do you work, are you economically active? Those working while getting a pension by own right or a child care allowance must underline "no". <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No, because: <input type="checkbox"/> 20 You get a child care fee <input type="checkbox"/> 21 You get a child care allowance <input type="checkbox"/> 30 You are an old-age pensioner by own right <input type="checkbox"/> 31 You are a disability pensioner by own right <input type="checkbox"/> 32 You are a disability or other rentier by own right <input type="checkbox"/> 33 You are a pensioner, rentier by widow's right <input type="checkbox"/> 40 You want to get a job the first time <input type="checkbox"/> 50 You are unemployed looking for a job <input type="checkbox"/> 60 You are a child attending a crche <input type="checkbox"/> 61 You are a child attending a kindergarten <input type="checkbox"/> 70 You are a pupil of primary school <input type="checkbox"/> 71 You are an apprentice <input type="checkbox"/> 72 You are a pupil of secondary vocational school <input type="checkbox"/> 73 You are a pupil of secondary school <input type="checkbox"/> 74 You are a student of college, university <input type="checkbox"/> 80 Other dependent <input type="checkbox"/> You don't belong to the above groups; Specify: ____ E.g. you entered into a contract relating to support for life or life annuity; you get a social allowance; you are a bed-tenant; you make your living by having a bed-tenant.
V126	HU1990A_0425	Occupation	discrete	numeric	[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 15. Scope of work (occupation): ____
V127	HU1990A_0426	Status in employment	discrete	numeric	[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 16. Occupational status: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Employed <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Member of co-operative <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Own-account worker, person of liberal profession -- family helper

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V128	HU1990A_0427	Staff group	discrete	numeric	[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 17. Staff group, post: In case of manual occupation: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Skilled worker <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Semi-skilled worker <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Unskilled worker In case of non-manual occupation: <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Leader, manager <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Subordinate professional (specialized employee) <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Subordinate office worker
V129	HU1990A_0429	Employer's sector	discrete	numeric	[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 16. Occupational status: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Employed <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Member of co-operative <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Own-account worker, person of liberal profession -- family helper 18. Name of employer: _____
V130	HU1990A_0430	Code of commuting	discrete	numeric	[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 19. Working place: a) Name: _____ b) It's location and from where do you go there every day? [Location:] _____ Town/commune _____ District [Go there from:] <input type="checkbox"/> 1 From your permanent residence <input type="checkbox"/> 2 From your temporary residence Questions 26-32 must be filled in only concerning the economically active persons [Questions 26-32 were asked of economically active persons, per question 14] 29. Do you commute between the place of your residence and your working place? <input type="checkbox"/> 0 No <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes, daily and also from time to time <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Yes, every day <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Yes, from time to time If you commute: [Questions 29.a-29.d were asked of persons who commute to work, per question 29] a) The start of daily commuting: in the year 19 __ b) The cause of commuting: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 You found no job in the place of your residence <input type="checkbox"/> 2 You didn't find a job corresponding to your qualification in the place of your residence <input type="checkbox"/> 3 A job meeting your financial demands <input type="checkbox"/> 4 A job corresponding to your physical faculties <input type="checkbox"/> 5 A job ensuring a further development, the continuation of studies <input type="checkbox"/> 6 You can't get a dwelling in the settlement of your working place <input type="checkbox"/> 7 You cling to the place of your residence <input type="checkbox"/> 8 You follow the manner of life of your environment <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify it; _____ c) The start of commuting from time to time: in the year 19 __ d) The frequency of commuting from time to time: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Every week <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Every two-three weeks <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Every month <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Less frequently
V131	HU1990A_0431	Where does he/she go to work from	discrete	numeric	1. The place of the census: _____ Commune, town _____ District _____ Street, road, squares _____ Street Number _____ Building _____ Staircase _____ Ground-floor, floor _____ Door Type of registration: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Permanent <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Temporary _____ Enumeration district _____ Serial number of the list _____ Serial number of the dwelling _____ Serial number of the person [Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 19. Working place: a) Name: _____ b) It's location and from where do you go there every day? [Location:] _____ Town/commune _____ District [Go there from:] <input type="checkbox"/> 1 From your permanent residence <input type="checkbox"/> 2 From your temporary residence
V132	HU1990A_0432	Type of locality of workplace	discrete	numeric	[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14] 19. Working place: a) Name: _____ b) It's location and from where do you go there every day? [Location:] _____ Town/commune _____ District [Go there from:] <input type="checkbox"/> 1 From your permanent residence <input type="checkbox"/> 2 From your temporary residence

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V133	HU1990A_0433	Type of locality of actual residence	discrete	numeric	1. The place of the census: ____ Commune, town ____ District ____ Street, road, squares ____ Street Number ____ Building ____ Staircase ____ Ground-floor, floor ____ Door Type of registration: [] 1 Permanent [] 2 Temporary ____ Enumeration district ____ Serial number of the list ____ Serial number of the dwelling ____ Serial number of the person
V134	HU1990A_0434	Relationship to household head	discrete	numeric	Family status: [] 1 Husband [] 2 Wife [] 3 Partner-in-life [] 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child [] 5 Child [] 6 Ascendant [] 7 Other relative [] 8 Non-relative [] 9 Person living alone
V135	HU1990A_0435	Family number within household	discrete	numeric	Family number within household
V136	PERWT	Person weight	contin	numeric	
V137	YRSCHOOL	Years of schooling	discrete	numeric	
V138	EDATTAIN	Educational attainment, international recode [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V139	EDATTAIND	Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V140	EEDATTAIN	Educational attainment, Europe	discrete	numeric	
V141	EEMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status), Europe	discrete	numeric	
V142	ECLASSWK	Status in employment (class of worker), Europe	discrete	numeric	
V143	ETHNICHU	Ethnicity, Hungary	discrete	numeric	
V144	MTONGHU	Mother tongue, Hungary	discrete	numeric	
V145	YEARP	Year [person version]	contin	numeric	
V146	SAMPLEP	IPUMS sample identifier [person version]	contin	numeric	
V147	SERIAL	Household serial number [person version]	contin	numeric	
V148	COUNTRYP	Country [person version]	contin	numeric	
V149	RECTYPEP	Record type [person version]	discrete	character	

Record type (RECTYPE)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.

NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of 'H' for household records and 'P' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

Year (YEAR)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1960-2011

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 9
Decimals: 0
Range: 32197001-894201001

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g., 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002
Colombia 1993, 2005
Costa Rica 1984, 2000
Cuba 2002
Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010
Ecuador 1990, 2001
Germany 1971
Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001
Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001
Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000
Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005
Nigeria 2006
Panama 2000
Peru 1993, 2007
Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001
Spain 1991
Uruguay 2011
Venezuela 1990, 2001
Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.

SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

Number of person records in the household (PERSONS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99. Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract 10% of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

Urban-rural status (URBAN)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

URBAN indicates whether the household was located in a place designated as urban or as rural.

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-54

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

Hungary, Type of locality (LOCALHU)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

LOCALHU identifies the household's locality type within Hungary in all sample years. It is the only geographic identifier available in the Hungarian samples.

Water supply (WATSUP)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

WATSUP describes the physical means by which the housing unit receives its water. The primary distinction is whether or not the household had piped (running) water.

Sewage (SEWAGE)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SEWAGE indicates whether the household has access to a sewage system or septic tank.

Central heating (HEAT)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Central heating (HEAT)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HEAT indicates the type of heating in the dwelling: individual or collective central heating, non-central heating, or none.

Number of rooms (ROOMS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ROOMS indicates the number of rooms occupied by the housing unit.

Kitchen or cooking facilities (KITCHEN)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

KITCHEN indicates whether the household had a kitchen, cooking facilities, or room dedicated to food preparation.

Toilet (TOILET)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

TOILET indicates whether the household had access to a toilet and, in most cases, whether it was a flush toilet or other type of installation.

Bathing facilities (BATH)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Bathing facilities (BATH)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

BATH indicates whether the household had access to bathing facilities and, in most cases, whether it had exclusive access.

Stories in structure (STORIES)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

STORIES indicates the number of floors or levels in the building containing the responding housing unit.

Household classification (HHTYPE)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

HHTYPE is a constructed variable that describes the composition of households.

HHTYPE is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head), from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father), and from information on group quarters status, GQ.

Number of families in household (NFAMS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

Number of families in household (NFAMS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

NFAMS is a constructed variable that indicates the number of families within each household. A "family" is any group of persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage. An unrelated individual within the household is considered a separate family. Thus, a household consisting of a widow and her servant contains two families; a household consisting of a large, multiple-generation extended family with no lodgers or servants would count as a single family.

NFAMS is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head) and from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father). See those variable descriptions for more detail.

Head's location in household (HEADLOC)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HEADLOC gives the person number of the head of household in samples in which persons are organized into households.

Donated household (HHDONATE)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HHDONATE identifies households that were donated during the IPUMS data editing process.

Dwelling number (HU1990A_0001)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 6
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling number.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Dwelling number

Household number (within dwelling) (HU1990A_0002)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Household number (within dwelling) (HU1990A_0002)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the household number (within the dwelling).

Universe

All households

Literal question

Household number (within dwelling)

Number of households in dwelling (HU1990A_0004)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of households in the dwelling.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of households in dwelling

Number of persons in dwelling (HU1990A_0005)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-22

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons in the dwelling.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of persons in dwelling

Number of persons in household (HU1990A_0006)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Number of persons in household (HU1990A_0006)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-22

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons in the household.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of persons in household

Number of families in the dwelling (HU1990A_0018)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of families in the dwelling.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of families in the dwelling

Donated dwelling (HU1990A_0024)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates a donated dwelling.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Donated dwelling

Donation strata: strata number (HU1990A_0025)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Donation strata: strata number (HU1990A_0025)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-26

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates a donation strata: strata number.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Donation strata: strata number

Type of locality where enumerated (HU1990A_0035)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-4

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of locality where the household was enumerated.

Universe

All households

Literal question

The place of the census:

- ☐ Commune, town
- ☐ District
- ☐ Street, road, squares
- ☐ Street number
- ☐ Building
- ☐ Staircase
- ☐ Ground-floor, floor
- ☐ Door

Type of building (HU1990A_0037)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-5

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of building.

Universe

All households

Type of building (HU1990A_0037)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Literal question

Enumeration district _ _ _ _
 Serial number of the building _ _
 Character of the building _ _
 Serial number of the dwelling _ _

Location of dwelling (HU1990A_0038)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the location of dwelling.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

The place of the census:

___ Commune, town
 ___ District
 ___ Street, road, squares

 ___ Street number
 ___ Building
 ___ Staircase
 ___ Ground-floor, floor
 ___ Door

Occupied or vacant dwelling (HU1990A_0039)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the dwelling is occupied or vacant.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Occupied or vacant dwelling (HU1990A_0039)

File: HUN1990-H-H

12. Designation

☐ 1 Dwelling

☐ 2 Occupied other housing unit (e.g. shop, laundry, hut, hovel, house on wheels)

21. In case of vacant dwelling:

[Question 21 was asked in case of a vacant dwelling]

Since when has it been vacant? 19 __

Why is it vacant?

☐ 1 It is used only periodically (e.g. detached farm-stead)

☐ 2 The dwellers moved off, it has No new dweller

☐ 3 It is a new dwelling which is not yet occupied

☐ other; specify it ____

Question 12.

Other occupied housing unit stands for the following accommodations: butts, hovel, track-boats, caravans as well as shops, offices, workshops, stores etc. which have not been reconstructed into dwellings.

Type of ownership (HU1990A_0040)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of ownership.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Type of ownership (HU1990A_0040)

File: HUN1990-H-H

2. Ownership of the dwelling

☐ In personal ownership:

- ☐ 1 In a building of detached (family) house character
- ☐ 2 In a block of freehold flats or privately owned flat
- ☐ 3 Flat of housing co-operative

☐ In state ownership:

- ☐ 4 Council tenement-dwelling
- ☐ 5 Tenement-dwelling of an enterprise, official residence
- ☐ 6 In the ownership of a production, service or produce disposal co-operative
- ☐ 7 In other ownership (e.g. of the Church, of a foreign legal entity)

Question 2.

For dwellings being in a private semi-detached house or a joint house (terrace house, row house, atrium house) the answer "in a building of detached family house character" should be underlined. For dwellings in buildings with four or more dwelling units, which is under joint ownership, the answer is "in a block of freehold flats..." even if there is no deed of foundation about it. For dwellings under temporary usage the right answer is "company tenement-dwelling, official residence".

Interviewer instructions

2. Owner of the dwelling

In case privately owned dwellings are in twin-houses or attached houses (terraced houses, chain houses, and atrium houses) the answer is "family house type dwelling (1)". The building incorporating not more than three dwellings is regarded as family house type building.

The dwellings in buildings incorporating more than three dwellings in private property should be regarded as "condominium or dwelling in collectively owned building (2)" even in case no articles of incorporation have been signed by the owners. In case of transitory dwellings the proper marking is "company tenement flat, service dwelling (5)". The dwellings of the housing co-operatives must not be mixed with the dwellings owned by co-operatives in general.

Occupancy status of dwelling (HU1990A_0041)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the occupancy status of the dwelling.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Occupancy status of dwelling (HU1990A_0041)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Tenure of dwelling:

- ☐ Owner
- ☐ Tenant
- ☐ Joint tenant
- ☐ Cotenant
- ☐ Subtenant
- ☐ Bed tenant
- ☐ Without tenure
- ☐ The use of the tenure is authorized as a favor
- ☐ The connected relationship, e.g. owner's child, brother/sister of tenant

21. In case of vacant dwelling:

[Question 21 was asked in case of a vacant dwelling]

Since when has it been vacant? 19 __

Why is it vacant?

- ☐ 1 It is used only periodically (e.g. detached farm-stead)
- ☐ 2 The dwellers moved off, it has No new dweller
- ☐ 3 It is a new dwelling which is not yet occupied
- ☐ other; specify it ____

Housing Question

Question 12.

Other occupied housing unit stands for the following accommodations: butts, hovel, track-boats, caravans as well as shops, offices, workshops, stores etc. which have not been reconstructed into dwellings.

Year of construction (HU1990A_0042)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the year of construction of the building.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Year of construction (HU1990A_0042)

File: HUN1990-H-H

3. When was the dwelling built?

- ☐ 0 Before 1900
- ☐ 1 Between 1900 and 1919
- ☐ 2 Between 1920 and 1944
- ☐ 3 Between 1945 and 1959
- ☐ 4 Between 1960 and 1969
- ☐ 5 Between 1970 and 1979
- ☐ 6 Between 1980 and 1984
- ☐ 7 Between 1985 and 1987
- ☐ 8 In 1988
- ☐ 9 In 1989

Interviewer instructions

3. Year of construction of dwelling

In case of multi-dwelling houses it has to be checked whether the answers given by occupants of the different dwellings are the same. In this regard differences between the dwellings of the same building might be only in case of extension of the building, technical reconstruction of the building.

Water supply (HU1990A_0043)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the source of water supply.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings and not occupied other housing units

Literal question

4. The water supply of the dwelling

- ☐ 1 Piped water from water works in the dwelling
- ☐ 2 Piped water from the well in the court-yard is in the dwelling
- ☐ 3 Piped water from water works is only in the court-yard
- ☐ 4 You use the water of the well in the court-yard
- ☐ 5 From another place (e.g. from the well outside the plot, from a spring); specify ____

Interviewer instructions

4. Water supply of the dwelling

In case the dwelling is supplied with water from different sources the answer representing the more convenient source will be signed. The answer "the water from the public well I the street (5)" can be signed if community piped water is available there. In case the water is supplied from a dig or drilled well or the water is distributed in plastic bags the answer is "other source".

Flush toilet (HU1990A_0044)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Flush toilet (HU1990A_0044)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the availability of a flush toilet.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

6. Is there a flush toilet?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes, inside the dwelling
- ☐ 2 Yes, but outside the dwelling

Interviewer instructions

6. Availability of flush-toilet

The answer "yes, within the dwelling (1)" will be accepted provided the dwelling is supplied with running water in the dwelling and is connected to a sewage facility.

Sewage disposal system (HU1990A_0045)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of sewage disposal system.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

7. Is there a sewage disposal from the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes; in a public sewer
- ☐ 2 Yes; through a house sewer into a closed sewage reservoir
- ☐ 3 Yes; into desiccators (cesspool)
- ☐ 4 Yes; to another place

Interviewer instructions

7. Connection to the sewage facility

The answer "yes, local facility" can be marked provided the waste water is channeled into a closed desiccators. At least one of the answers should be marked.

Gas (HU1990A_0046)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Gas (HU1990A_0046)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the source of gas.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

8. Do you use gas in the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes; piped gas
- ☐ 2 Yes; bottle (propane-butane) gas

Heating (HU1990A_0047)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of heating system.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

9. How do you heat the dwelling?

- ☐ 1 District (block) heating, with thermal water
- ☐ 2 With individual central boiler heating several dwellings
- ☐ 3 Central heating (separate central heating for one flat) for one dwelling or family house
- ☐ 4 Premises heating (with gas convactor, stove, oil-stove, water-heating stove, oil- radiator, heat-radiator etc.)
- ☐ 0 There is no possibility for heating

Question 14.

If different types of heating materials are used, that used most frequently should be underlined on the list.

Interviewer instructions

9. Heating of the dwelling

If the heating of the dwelling different methods are applied the one used in the rooms should be marked.

Hot water (HU1990A_0048)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Hot water (HU1990A_0048)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the source of hot water.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

5. Is there hot running water in the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes; from a long-distance pipe-line
- ☐ 2 Yes; from a central boiler
- ☐ 3 Yes; from a gas boiler
- ☐ 4 Yes; from an electric boiler
- ☐ 5 Yes; from a bathroom stove
- ☐ In another way; specify it ____

Interviewer instructions

5. Hot water supply of the dwelling

Any kind of hot water supply, even a boiler used for washing-up is accepted. In case the hot water is supplied from several sources the one used for bath should be marked.

Number of kitchens (including kitchenettes and summer kitchens) (HU1990A_0049)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of kitchens, including kitchenettes and summer kitchens, in the dwelling.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Number of kitchens (including kitchenettes and summer kitchens) (HU1990A_0049)

File: HUN1990-H-H

10. [Number of rooms]

Please enter the number of the following places.

- ☐ Rooms over 12 square meters
- ☐ Rooms over 6 square meters, but maximum 12 square meters
- ☐ Rooms 4-6 square meters
- ☐ Kitchen (4 square meters and larger)
- ☐ Kitchenette, cupboard for cooking (under 4 square meters)
- ☐ Summer kitchen
- ☐ Bathroom, shower-room, wash-basin alcove

Question 10.

A room must have at least an area of 4m², be supplied with door and window and be used as a room (e.g. living-room, bedroom, child-room). Halls and dinning-rooms supplied with window, as well as consulting rooms, reception rooms and offices should also be considered as rooms. When finding out the floor-space of a room or of a kitchen, the areas of built-in wardrobes and places attaching to the main one without doors (e. g. alcove, dining place) must be added to the area of the given room. If the dwelling consists of one room only, then that room has to be appropriately categorized by size.

Interviewer instructions

10. Number of premises

Only premises provided with direct natural light and ventilation (with doors, windows), with a floor space of at least 4 m², serving for sleeping or staying during the day (bedroom, children's room, dining-room etc.) should be marked as rooms. The hall and the eating-place having also a window, as well as the premises of room-like character used as consultation rooms, waiting rooms, offices etc. also figure among the rooms.

While counting the total surface of dwelling the floor-space covered by the built-in furniture and the premises adjoining without a door (alcove, dining area) has to be taken into account too.

The premises built and used as a bathroom is regarded as a bathroom even if there is no running water in the dwelling.

In case of one-premises dwelling the total surface should be marked as the surface of the room.

Number of bathrooms and wash-basin alcoves (HU1990A_0050)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of bathrooms and wash-basin alcoves in the dwelling.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Number of bathrooms and wash-basin alcoves (HU1990A_0050)

File: HUN1990-H-H

10. [Number of rooms]

Please enter the number of the following places.

- ☐ Rooms over 12 square meters
- ☐ Rooms over 6 square meters, but maximum 12 square meters
- ☐ Rooms 4-6 square meters
- ☐ Kitchen (4 square meters and larger)
- ☐ Kitchenette, cupboard for cooking (under 4 square meters)
- ☐ Summer kitchen
- ☐ Bathroom, shower-room, wash-basin alcove

Question 10.

A room must have at least an area of 4m², be supplied with door and window and be used as a room (e.g. living-room, bedroom, child-room). Halls and dining-rooms supplied with window, as well as consulting rooms, reception rooms and offices should also be considered as rooms. When finding out the floor-space of a room or of a kitchen, the areas of built-in wardrobes and places attaching to the main one without doors (e. g. alcove, dining place) must be added to the area of the given room. If the dwelling consists of one room only, then that room has to be appropriately categorized by size.

Interviewer instructions

10. Number of premises

Only premises provided with direct natural light and ventilation (with doors, windows), with a floor space of at least 4 m², serving for sleeping or staying during the day (bedroom, children's room, dining-room etc.) should be marked as rooms. The hall and the eating-place having also a window, as well as the premises of room-like character used as consultation rooms, waiting rooms, offices etc. also figure among the rooms.

While counting the total surface of dwelling the floor-space covered by the built-in furniture and the premises adjoining without a door (alcove, dining area) has to be taken into account too.

The premises built and used as a bathroom is regarded as a bathroom even if there is no running water in the dwelling.

In case of one-premises dwelling the total surface should be marked as the surface of the room.

Number of rooms (HU1990A_0051)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-15

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of rooms.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings and not occupied other housing units

Literal question

Number of rooms (HU1990A_0051)

File: HUN1990-H-H

10. [Number of rooms]

Please enter the number of the following places.

- ☐ Rooms over 12 square meters
- ☐ Rooms over 6 square meters, but maximum 12 square meters
- ☐ Rooms 4-6 square meters
- ☐ Kitchen (4 square meters and larger)
- ☐ Kitchenette, cupboard for cooking (under 4 square meters)
- ☐ Summer kitchen
- ☐ Bathroom, shower-room, wash-basin alcove

Question 10.

A room must have at least an area of 4m², be supplied with door and window and be used as a room (e.g. living-room, bedroom, child-room). Halls and dining-rooms supplied with window, as well as consulting rooms, reception rooms and offices should also be considered as rooms. When finding out the floor-space of a room or of a kitchen, the areas of built-in wardrobes and places attaching to the main one without doors (e. g. alcove, dining place) must be added to the area of the given room. If the dwelling consists of one room only, then that room has to be appropriately categorized by size.

Interviewer instructions

10. Number of premises

Only premises provided with direct natural light and ventilation (with doors, windows), with a floor space of at least 4 m², serving for sleeping or staying during the day (bedroom, children's room, dining-room etc.) should be marked as rooms. The hall and the eating-place having also a window, as well as the premises of room-like character used as consultation rooms, waiting rooms, offices etc. also figure among the rooms.

While counting the total surface of dwelling the floor-space covered by the built-in furniture and the premises adjoining without a door (alcove, dining area) has to be taken into account too.

The premises built and used as a bathroom is regarded as a bathroom even if there is no running water in the dwelling.

In case of one-premises dwelling the total surface should be marked as the surface of the room.

Level of comfort (HU1990A_0053)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling's level of comfort.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings and not occupied other housing units

Literal question

Level of comfort (HU1990A_0053)

File: HUN1990-H-H

4. The water supply of the dwelling

- ☐ 1 Piped water from water works in the dwelling
- ☐ 2 Piped water from the well in the court-yard is in the dwelling
- ☐ 3 Piped water from water works is only in the court-yard
- ☐ 4 You use the water of the well in the court-yard
- ☐ 5 From another place (e.g. from the well outside the plot, from a spring); specify ____

5. Is there hot running water in the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes; from a long-distance pipe-line
- ☐ 2 Yes; from a central boiler
- ☐ 3 Yes; from a gas boiler
- ☐ 4 Yes; from an electric boiler
- ☐ 5 Yes; from a bathroom stove
- ☐ In another way; specify it ____

6. Is there a flush toilet?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes, inside the dwelling
- ☐ 2 Yes, but outside the dwelling

7. Is there a sewage disposal from the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes; in a public sewer
- ☐ 2 Yes; through a house sewer into a closed sewage reservoir
- ☐ 3 Yes; into desiccators (cesspool)
- ☐ 4 Yes; to another place

8. Do you use gas in the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes; piped gas
- ☐ 2 Yes; bottle (propane-butane) gas

9. How do you heat the dwelling?

- ☐ 1 District (block) heating, with thermal water
- ☐ 2 With individual central boiler heating several dwellings
- ☐ 3 Central heating (separate central heating for one flat) for one dwelling or family house
- ☐ 4 Premises heating (with gas convector, stove, oil-stove, water-heating stove, oil- radiator, heat-radiator etc.)
- ☐ 0 There is no possibility for heating

15 Is there a telephone in the dwelling?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ 1 Yes

19. Do you find satisfactory the present housing conditions of the family?

Maximum [of] three replies may be underlined [indicated].

- ☐ 0 Yes
- ☐ 1 No, because it has few rooms or its floor-space is small
- ☐ 2 No, because the floor-space is large
- ☐ 3 No, because it is badly designed
- ☐ 4 No, because its comfort is not satisfactory
- ☐ 5 No, because the costs of its maintenance are high
- ☐ 6 No, because the environment of the dwelling is noisy
- ☐ 7 No, because the air of the environment is vitiated
- ☐ 8 No, because the environment of the dwelling is not satisfactory in another respect
- ☐ 9 No, because you have no separate dwelling

Questions 18 and 19 should be answered by the first and -- if any -- the second family living in the dwelling.

Level of comfort (HU1990A_0053)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Interviewer instructions

4. Water supply of the dwelling

In case the dwelling is supplied with water from different sources the answer representing the more convenient source will be signed. The answer "the water from the public well I the street (5)" can be signed if community piped water is available there. In case the water is supplied from a dig or drilled well or the water is distributed in plastic bags the answer is "other source".

5. Hot water supply of the dwelling

Any kind of hot water supply, even a boiler used for washing-up is accepted. In case the hot water is supplied from several sources the one used for bath should be marked.

6. Availability of flush-toilet

The answer "yes, within the dwelling (1)" will be accepted provided the dwelling is supplied with running water in the dwelling and is connected to a sewage facility.

7. Connection to the sewage facility

The answer "yes, local facility" can be marked provided the waste water is channeled into a closed desiccators. At least one of the answers should be marked.

9. Heating of the dwelling

If the heating of the dwelling different methods are applied the one used in the rooms should be marked.

Number of floors of the building containing the dwelling (HU1990A_0054)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-98

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of floors of the building containing the dwelling.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings with more than one floor

Literal question

Number of floors of the building containing the dwelling

Household composition (HU1990A_0055)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number and composition of families with a household.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Household composition (HU1990A_0055)

File: HUN1990-H-H

[Instructions:]

Enter the persons in the table by households, within them grouped by families, following the order of the possibilities of reply of graph "family status". The persons belonging to a common household should get the same serial number of household (first household = 1, second household = 2, etc.). To a common household belong such persons living together who bear jointly the costs of living (e.g. meal, daily expenses).

The subtenants and bed-tenants as well as the cotenants (with their family members) always belong to a separate household.

[The following three lists provide information from a table on the census form. The table indicates the appropriate response to the family status question corresponding to various family arrangements. In the list below, the family-status responses are shown at the end of each line, after the colon.]

A family is formed by:

a married couple with or without children: husband; wife; child
 a partner-in-life relation with or without children: partner-in-life, child
 a mother or father with children (without a spouse, partner in life): mother or father living alone with her/his child, child

To a family belongs the person living with the family but forming no separate family:

one parent or grandparent (great-grandparent) of the husband, wife, partner-in-life, mother or father living alone with her/his child, their father-in-law or mother-in-law: ascendant
 except those enumerated every relative (e.g. brother/sister, grandchild): other relative
 persons being in no relation to the members of the family (e.g. child under state care, person with a contract relating to support for life): non-relative

If the person living in the household doesn't form a family:

in case of living together of relatives: other relative
 in all other cases: non-relative
 if the household consists of one person: person living alone

Kinship relation between families (HU1990A_0056)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the kinship relation between families in the household.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Kinship relation between families (HU1990A_0056)

File: HUN1990-H-H

[Instructions:]

Enter the persons in the table by households, within them grouped by families, following the order of the possibilities of reply of graph "family status". The persons belonging to a common household should get the same serial number of household (first household = 1, second household = 2, etc.). To a common household belong such persons living together who bear jointly the costs of living (e.g. meal, daily expenses).

The subtenants and bed-tenants as well as the cotenants (with their family members) always belong to a separate household.

[The following three lists provide information from a table on the census form. The table indicates the appropriate response to the family status question corresponding to various family arrangements. In the list below, the family-status responses are shown at the end of each line, after the colon.]

A family is formed by:

a married couple with or without children: husband; wife; child
 a partner-in-life relation with or without children: partner-in-life, child
 a mother or father with children (without a spouse, partner in life): mother or father living alone with her/his child, child

To a family belongs the person living with the family but forming no separate family:

one parent or grandparent (great-grandparent) of the husband, wife, partner-in-life, mother or father living alone with her/his child, their father-in-law or mother-in-law: ascendant
 except those enumerated every relative (e.g. brother/sister, grandchild): other relative
 persons being in no relation to the members of the family (e.g. child under state care, person with a contract relating to support for life): non-relative

If the person living in the household doesn't form a family:

in case of living together of relatives: other relative
 in all other cases: non-relative
 if the household consists of one person: person living alone

Tenure status of households in the dwelling (HU1990A_0057)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the tenure status of the households in the dwelling.

Universe

Non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Tenure status of households in the dwelling (HU1990A_0057)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Tenure of dwelling:

- ☐ Owner
- ☐ Tenant
- ☐ Joint tenant
- ☐ Cotenant
- ☐ Subtenant
- ☐ Bed tenant
- ☐ Without tenure
- ☐ The use of the tenure is authorized as a favor
- ☐ The connected relationship, e.g. owner's child, brother/sister of tenant

Question 1/e (last column of the table).

Beneficial owners should also answer as "owners". The kinship relation to the owner can only be noted if the person living in the dwelling pays no rent. If rent is paid, the answer "tenant", "co-tenant", "apartment-sharer" (in case of relatives, the appropriate expression supplemented with the degree of relation, too) or "subtenant", "bed-tenant" should be given. The legal title for those who rent the whole dwelling from private person is always the "tenant".

Interviewer instructions

2. Owner of the dwelling

In case privately owned dwellings are in twin-houses or attached houses (terraced houses, chain houses, and atrium houses) the answer is "family house type dwelling (1)". The building incorporating not more than three dwellings is regarded as family house type building.

The dwellings in buildings incorporating more than three dwellings in private property should be regarded as "condominium or dwelling in collectively owned building (2)" even in case no articles of incorporation have been signed by the owners. In case of transitory dwellings the proper marking is "company tenement flat, service dwelling (5)". The dwellings of the housing co-operatives must not be mixed with the dwellings owned by co-operatives in general.

Household weight (HHWT)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCOUPLES is a constructed variable indicating the number of married/in-union couples within a household.

NCOUPLES is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable SPLOC (spouse's location in the household).

Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NMOTHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of mothers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NMOTHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable MOMLOC (mother's location in the household).

Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NFATHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of fathers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NFATHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable POPLOC (father's location in the household).

Country (COUNTRY)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 32-894

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

Number of bathrooms (BATHROOMS)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BATHROOMS indicates the number of bathrooms in the dwelling available for use by the household.

Year structure was built (BUILTYR)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BUILTYR indicates the year in which construction was completed on the building in which the household resides.

Age of structure, coded from intervals (AGESTRUCT2)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGESTRUCT2 gives the estimated age of the structure.

Ownership of dwelling [general version] (OWNERSHIP)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

Ownership of dwelling [detailed version] (OWNERSHIPD)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

Hot water heater (HOTWATER)

File: HUN1990-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HOTWATER indicates whether the housing unit had a water heater.

Person number (PERNUM)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with "1" for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

Mother's location in household (MOMLOC)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MOMLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's mother lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the mother (see PERNUM). MOMLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) mothers.

The method by which probable child-mother links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of MOMLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: MOMLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepmother and adopted mother) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPMOM is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Father's location in household (POPLOC)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's father lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the father (see PERNUM). POPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) fathers.

The method by which probable child-father links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of POPLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: POPLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepfather and adopted father) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPPOP is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Spouse's location in household (SPLOC)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's spouse lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number (PERNUM) of the spouse. SPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of (probable) spouses.

The method by which probable spouse-spouse links are identified is described in SPRULE.

The general design of SPLOC and other constructed variables is modeled on the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships", but the details vary significantly.

Rule for linking parent (PARRULE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-52

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PARRULE describes the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variables MOMLOC and POPLOC linked the person to a probable mother and/or father.

IPUMS-International establishes child-parent links according to five basic rules, and PARRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A link to any parent automatically generates a second link to that parent's spouse or partner, so only one rule is needed to describe both MOMLOC and POPLOC.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Rule for linking spouse (SPRULE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SPRULE explains the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variable SPLOC linked the person to his/her probable spouse.

IPUMS-International establishes spouse-spouse links according to five basic rules, and SPRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A sixth rule identifies sample-specific linking procedures only imposed in selected instances.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Probable stepmother (STEPMOM)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPMOM indicates whether a person's mother, as identified by MOMLOC, was most probably not the person's biological mother. Non-zero values of STEPMOM explain why it is probable that the person's mother was a step- or adopted mother. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepmother because (1) the mother identified in MOMLOC was probably the biological mother or (2) there is no mother of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPMOM are as follows:

- 0 = Biological mother or no mother of this person present in household.
- 1 = Mother has no children borne or surviving.
- 2 = Child reports mother is deceased.
- 3 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner, stepchild/child-in-law).
- 4 = Mother reports no children in the home.
- 5 = Age difference between mother and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
- 6 = Child exceeds known fertility of mother.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepmothers and adopted mothers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPMOM will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Probable stepfather (STEPPOP)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPPOP indicates whether a person's father, as identified by POPLOC, was most probably not the person's biological father. Non-zero values of STEPPPOP explain why it is probable that the person's father was a step- or adopted father. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepfather because (1) the father identified in POPLOC was probably the biological father or (2) there is no father of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPPPOP are as follows:

- 0 = Biological father or no father of this person present in household.
- 1 = Child reports father is deceased.
- 2 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner; stepchild/child-in-law).
- 3 = Age difference between father and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepfathers and adopted fathers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPPPOP will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Man with more than one wife linked (POLYMAL)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POLYMAL indicates if a man had more than one wife linked to him in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household.

The point of POLYMAL is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Woman is second or higher order wife (POLY2ND)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POLY2ND indicates if a woman was the second or higher order wife linked to a husband in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household. The variable does not suggest the actual marital order of wives, only their relative positions in the person order of the household as it was enumerated.

The point of POLY2ND is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Family unit membership (FAMUNIT)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FAMUNIT is a constructed variable indicating to which family within the household a person belongs.

All persons related to the household head receive a 1 (see RELATE). Each secondary family or secondary individual receives a higher code. For purposes of FAMUNIT, secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FAMSIZE counts the number of the person's own family members living in the household with her/him, including the person her/himself. These include all persons related to the person by blood, adoption, or marriage as indicated by the census forms or inferred from them.

FAMSIZE is calculated from the units identified in the IPUMS constructed variable FAMUNIT (family unit membership). The primary family is defined as all persons related to the head in the RELATE variable. Secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own children in household (NCHILD)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHILD provides a count of the person's own children living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Number of own children under age 5 in household (NCHLT5)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHLT5 provides a count of the person's own children under age five living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Description

ELDCH gives the age of the person's oldest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

ELDCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Age of youngest own child in household (YNGCH)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

YNGCH gives the age of the person's youngest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

YNGCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1000-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RELATED describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to head, Europe (ERELATE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 10-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ERELATE describes for the European samples the relationship of the individual to the head of household -- sometimes called the householder or reference person.

ERELATE has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

Age (AGE)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

Sex (SEX)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

Marital status [general version] (MARST)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status, Europe (EMARST)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMARST describes for the European samples the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. European census instructions generally limit marital status to legal unions, but there are exceptions.

EMARST has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses.

Year of first marriage (MARRYR)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Year of first marriage (MARRYR)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1887-9999	

Description

MARRYR reports the year of first marriage for women.

Relationship to head of subfamily (SUBFREL)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1000-9999	

Description

SUBFREL describes the relationship of the individual to the head of the subfamily (in most cases, conjugal unit). It is distinct from RELATE, which identifies a person's relationship to the head of the household. There can be multiple subfamilies within households. The particular subfamily to which a person belongs is recorded in SUBFNUM.

Persons living alone without other family are identified as "heads" of family.

Subfamily membership number (SUBFNUM)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-13	

Description

SUBFNUM gives the number of the subfamily to which the person belongs within the household (1 = first subfamily, 2 = second subfamily, etc.). SUBFNUM records the identification of subfamilies in the original dataset, which generally correspond to conjugal units and their offspring.

Children ever born (CHBORN)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

CHBORN reports the number of children ever born to each woman of whom the question was asked. In most samples, women were to report all live births by all fathers, whether or not the child was still living.

First non-mother-tongue spoken, Hungary (LANGHU1)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-56

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

LANGHU1 indicates language spoken in addition to mother tongue in Hungary. The mother tongue was the language learned in childhood and spoken in the home. The language was one which the person could understand and make oneself understood by others. If the person knew more than one, they were to report the one used most often.

School attendance (SCHOOL)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SCHOOL indicates whether or not the person attended school at the time of the census or within some specified period of time prior to the census.

Educational attainment, Hungary (EDUCHU)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDUCHU indicates the person's educational attainment in Hungary in terms of the level of schooling completed.

Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT) File: HUN1990-P-H

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] (EMPSTATD) File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Labor force status, Hungary (LABORHU) File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 10-80

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

LABORHU describes economic status for the Hungary samples.

Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO) File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO)

File: HUN1990-P-H

OCCISCO records the person's primary occupation, coded according to the major categories in the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) scheme for 1988. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is typically the one in which the person had spent the most time or earned the most money.

Occupation, unrecoded (OCC)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

OCC records the person's primary occupation, classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is usually the one in which the person spent the most time or earned the most money, although this may not have been explicit in the instructions for a specific census.

To ensure confidentiality, very small occupations are recoded to a residual category indicating the persons had an occupation, but the job title is not identified. The number of cases recoded should be too small to affect analyses.

Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] (CLASSWK)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] (CLASSWKD)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] (CLASSWKD)

File: HUN1990-P-H

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

Sector of employment (EMPSECT)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMPSECT indicates the economic sector in which the person was employed. Economic sector is defined in terms of ownership or control of the enterprise in which the person worked.

Age at first marriage or union (AGEMARR)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGEMARR indicates the person's age at first marriage or consensual union.

Person number (within household) (HU1990A_0003)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-22

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person number (within the household).

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Person number (within household)

Family composition (HU1990A_0404)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the family composition.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Family composition

Age (HU1990A_0405)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-102

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's age.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Birth date:

___ Day
___ Month
___ Year

Sex (HU1990A_0406)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's gender.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Sex

[] 1 Male
[] 2 Female

Marital status (HU1990A_0407)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-4

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's marital status.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

6. Marital status:

- ☐ 1 Single
- ☐ 2 Married
- ☐ 3 Widowed
- ☐ 4 Divorced

Question 6.

The so-called separated person whose marriage has not been dissolved by a final judgment is to be counted as married. A person whose former spouse died after the dissolution of the marriage is not to be counted as widowed but as being divorced.

Interviewer instructions

6. Marital status

The legal marital status will be taken into account. The legally married person is regarded as such even though his/her spouse is not living with nevertheless the marriage had not been terminated by court. The marital status of the persons cohabiting without legal marriage should be registered according to the legal status, e.g. in case a never married female is living with a married male, their marital status will be marked as "never married" and "married" respectively.

Serial number of household (within dwelling) (HU1990A_0408)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the serial number of a household (within dwelling).

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Serial number of household (within dwelling) (HU1990A_0408)

File: HUN1990-P-H

1. The data of the persons living in the dwelling

[The form provides a table with space for each person living in the dwelling.
Instructions for this set of questions are given below.]

Serial number of the household: ____

The person's serial number [pre-filled, number 1-8].

The person's surname and name: ____

Maiden name, for those not bearing the name of their husband, also the name of the husband, in case of a partner-in-life relation, also the name of the partner-in-life.

Serial number of family (within household) (HU1990A_0409)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the serial number of a family (within household).

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Family status:

- ☐ 1 Husband
- ☐ 2 Wife
- ☐ 3 Partner-in-life
- ☐ 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child
- ☐ 5 Child
- ☐ 6 Ascendant
- ☐ 7 Other relative
- ☐ 8 Non-relative
- ☐ 9 Person living alone

Type of family (HU1990A_0410)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-7

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of family of the respondent.

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Type of family (HU1990A_0410)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Literal question

Family status:

- ☐ 1 Husband
- ☐ 2 Wife
- ☐ 3 Partner-in-life
- ☐ 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child
- ☐ 5 Child
- ☐ 6 Ascendant
- ☐ 7 Other relative
- ☐ 8 Non-relative
- ☐ 9 Person living alone

Interviewer instructions

Type of family (HU1990A_0410)

File: HUN1990-P-H

1. Data on the persons living in the dwelling

The on the first page of the dwelling questionnaire will be filled in with the help of the respondent. The persons living in the dwelling will be grouped by households, within the households by families. By listing the family members the sequence should follow the family ties, or rather the family status. The printed versions at the table will help the classification of the family members. The persons belonging to the same family will be allotted by the same family number while those belonging to the same household will be marked with the same household number.

A common household is a group of persons living together in a common housing unit or in a part of it, bearing together, at least partly, the costs of living (i.e. daily expenses, meals). Subtenants, night-lodgers and co-tenants should be marked always with individual household numbers.

Consequently before starting the enumeration it has to be defined the number of households, families living in the dwelling, than the families and the households should be "set up". The next step is the fixing of the family status.

Family is formed from the following persons living in a common household:

- Married couple with or without child(ren);
- Persons living in consensual union with or without child(ren);

[p. 6]

- Mother or father living with child(ren) (unless the spouse or cohabiting partner does not live in the same dwelling, while

The following persons do not live in a family:

- The related or non-related persons (other than listed above), e.g. two siblings, three friends, etc.;
- Lone persons.

Fixing the family status (heading "d")

One of the printed answers will be underlined:

- "Husband (1)" or "wife(2)" in case of legally married male and female;
- "Consensual partner (3)" in case of males and females living in consensual partnership without legal marriage;
- "Mother or father living with at least one child (4)" in case one of the parents lives with the children);
- "Child (5)" in case of a child (own or foster) of the previously mentioned persons irrespective of the age of the person;
- "Ascending relative (6)" in case of parent, grand-parent, brother-in-law, father-in-law of a "husband", "wife", "consensual partner" or "lone parent with children" in case the ascending relative lives in the family without his/her spouse;
- "Other relative (7)" in case of any non-ascending relative not forming an independent family (e.g. aunt, sibling, grandchild);
- "Non-relative (8)" in case of a persons other than blood-related (e.g. child in state care).

In case the household consist of one person the answer is "lone person "9") while in case of several -- related and non-related -- persons not forming a family the answer is either

- "Other relative (7)" or
- "Non-relative (8)".

The title of use of dwelling (heading "e") should be marked in case of every person. The following title of use of dwelling can be marked: owner (including beneficiary user), tenant (including service dwelling), co-owner, co-tenant, subtenant, night-lodger, persons having family ties to the former persons (e.g. child of the owner, brother of the tenant, etc.) as well as courtesy user, inhabitant without legal rights and user upon settlement o contract for life. The right of use on family ties can be marked provided not rental fee is paid. The title of use of dwelling of those renting the entire flat is always "tenant".

If more than 8 persons live in the dwelling an additional Dwelling questionnaire will be used as a supplement.

Family status: relationship to family head (HU1990A_0411)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the family status: relationship to family head.

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Family status:

- ☐ 1 Husband
- ☐ 2 Wife
- ☐ 3 Partner-in-life
- ☐ 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child
- ☐ 5 Child
- ☐ 6 Ascendant
- ☐ 7 Other relative
- ☐ 8 Non-relative
- ☐ 9 Person living alone

Interviewer instructions

Family status: relationship to family head (HU1990A_0411)

File: HUN1990-P-H

1. Data on the persons living in the dwelling

The on the first page of the dwelling questionnaire will be filled in with the help of the respondent. The persons living in the dwelling will be grouped by households, within the households by families. By listing the family members the sequence should follow the family ties, or rather the family status. The printed versions at the table will help the classification of the family members. The persons belonging to the same family will be allotted by the same family number while those belonging to the same household will be marked with the same household number.

A common household is a group of persons living together in a common housing unit or in a part of it, bearing together, at least partly, the costs of living (i.e. daily expenses, meals). Subtenants, night-lodgers and co-tenants should be marked always with individual household numbers.

Consequently before starting the enumeration it has to be defined the number of households, families living in the dwelling, than the families and the households should be "set up". The next step is the fixing of the family status.

Family is formed from the following persons living in a common household:

- Married couple with or without child(ren);
- Persons living in consensual union with or without child(ren);

[p. 6]

- Mother or father living with child(ren) (unless the spouse or cohabiting partner does not live in the same dwelling, while

The following persons do not live in a family:

- The related or non-related persons (other than listed above), e.g. two siblings, three friends, etc.;
- Lone persons.

Fixing the family status (heading "d")

One of the printed answers will be underlined:

- "Husband (1)" or "wife(2)" in case of legally married male and female;
- "Consensual partner (3)" in case of males and females living in consensual partnership without legal marriage;
- "Mother or father living with at least one child (4)" in case one of the parents lives with the children);
- "Child (5)" in case of a child (own or foster) of the previously mentioned persons irrespective of the age of the person;
- "Ascending relative (6)" in case of parent, grand-parent, brother-in-law, father-in-law of a "husband", "wife", "consensual partner" or "lone parent with children" in case the ascending relative lives in the family without his/her spouse;
- "Other relative (7)" in case of any non-ascending relative not forming an independent family (e.g. aunt, sibling, grandchild);
- "Non-relative (8)" in case of a persons other than blood-related (e.g. child in state care).

In case the household consist of one person the answer is "lone person "9") while in case of several -- related and non-related -- persons not forming a family the answer is either

- "Other relative (7)" or
- "Non-relative (8)".

The title of use of dwelling (heading "e") should be marked in case of every person. The following title of use of dwelling can be marked: owner (including beneficiary user), tenant (including service dwelling), co-owner, co-tenant, subtenant, night-lodger, persons having family ties to the former persons (e.g. child of the owner, brother of the tenant, etc.) as well as courtesy user, inhabitant without legal rights and user upon settlement o contract for life. The right of use on family ties can be marked provided not rental fee is paid. The title of use of dwelling of those renting the entire flat is always "tenant".

If more than 8 persons live in the dwelling an additional Dwelling questionnaire will be used as a supplement.

Degree of kinship (HU1990A_0412)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the degree of kinship.

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Family status:

- ☐ 1 Husband
- ☐ 2 Wife
- ☐ 3 Partner-in-life
- ☐ 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child
- ☐ 5 Child
- ☐ 6 Ascendant
- ☐ 7 Other relative
- ☐ 8 Non-relative
- ☐ 9 Person living alone

Interviewer instructions

Degree of kinship (HU1990A_0412)

File: HUN1990-P-H

1. Data on the persons living in the dwelling

The on the first page of the dwelling questionnaire will be filled in with the help of the respondent. The persons living in the dwelling will be grouped by households, within the households by families. By listing the family members the sequence should follow the family ties, or rather the family status. The printed versions at the table will help the classification of the family members. The persons belonging to the same family will be allotted by the same family number while those belonging to the same household will be marked with the same household number.

A common household is a group of persons living together in a common housing unit or in a part of it, bearing together, at least partly, the costs of living (i.e. daily expenses, meals). Subtenants, night-lodgers and co-tenants should be marked always with individual household numbers.

Consequently before starting the enumeration it has to be defined the number of households, families living in the dwelling, than the families and the households should be "set up". The next step is the fixing of the family status.

Family is formed from the following persons living in a common household:

- Married couple with or without child(ren);
- Persons living in consensual union with or without child(ren);

[p. 6]

- Mother or father living with child(ren) (unless the spouse or cohabiting partner does not live in the same dwelling, while

The following persons do not live in a family:

- The related or non-related persons (other than listed above), e.g. two siblings, three friends, etc.;
- Lone persons.

Fixing the family status (heading "d")

One of the printed answers will be underlined:

- "Husband (1)" or "wife(2)" in case of legally married male and female;
- "Consensual partner (3)" in case of males and females living in consensual partnership without legal marriage;
- "Mother or father living with at least one child (4)" in case one of the parents lives with the children);
- "Child (5)" in case of a child (own or foster) of the previously mentioned persons irrespective of the age of the person;
- "Ascending relative (6)" in case of parent, grand-parent, brother-in-law, father-in-law of a "husband", "wife", "consensual partner" or "lone parent with children" in case the ascending relative lives in the family without his/her spouse;
- "Other relative (7)" in case of any non-ascending relative not forming an independent family (e.g. aunt, sibling, grandchild);
- "Non-relative (8)" in case of a persons other than blood-related (e.g. child in state care).

In case the household consist of one person the answer is "lone person "9") while in case of several -- related and non-related -- persons not forming a family the answer is either

- "Other relative (7)" or
- "Non-relative (8)".

The title of use of dwelling (heading "e") should be marked in case of every person. The following title of use of dwelling can be marked: owner (including beneficiary user), tenant (including service dwelling), co-owner, co-tenant, subtenant, night-lodger, persons having family ties to the former persons (e.g. child of the owner, brother of the tenant, etc.) as well as courtesy user, inhabitant without legal rights and user upon settlement o contract for life. The right of use on family ties can be marked provided not rental fee is paid. The title of use of dwelling of those renting the entire flat is always "tenant".

If more than 8 persons live in the dwelling an additional Dwelling questionnaire will be used as a supplement.

Year of first marriage (HU1990A_0413)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 7-90

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the year of first marriage.

Universe

Ever-married persons

Literal question

8. Year of first marriage:

[] 19 __
[] 90 Never married

Interviewer instructions

8. Year of first marriage

The question should be answered by every married, widowed or divorced person by a four digit number. The answer "Never married 90" can be marked only for males and females who have never lived in a legal marriage. The year of the first marriage should be marked even in case a person has had several marriages.

Number of live-born children (HU1990A_0414)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of children born alive.

Universe

Persons age 14+

Literal question

9. Number of live-born children __

Please, take into consideration also your adult children living elsewhere or deceased.

Interviewer instructions

9. Number of live-born children

Live-birth is the coming into the world of the fetus giving some sign of life (e.g. breathing, heart function, decisive motion of the volitional muscles, and pulsation of the umbilical cord). While answering the question all child born-alive -- living with in other household, moved, deceased -- should be marked. The foster children and the children under state care must not be registered.

Tenure status in the dwelling (HU1990A_0415)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Tenure status in the dwelling (HU1990A_0415)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the tenure status in the dwelling.

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Tenure of dwelling:

- ☐ Owner
- ☐ Tenant
- ☐ Joint tenant
- ☐ Cotenant
- ☐ Subtenant
- ☐ Bed tenant
- ☐ Without tenure
- ☐ The use of the tenure is authorized as a favor
- ☐ The connected relationship, e.g. owner's child, brother/sister of tenant

Question 1/e (last column of the table).

Beneficial owners should also answer as "owners". The kinship relation to the owner can only be noted if the person living in the dwelling pays no rent. If rent is paid, the answer "tenant", "co-tenant", "apartment-sharer" (in case of relatives, the appropriate expression supplemented with the degree of relation, too) or "subtenant", "bed-tenant" should be given. The legal title for those who rent the whole dwelling from private person is always the "tenant".

Interviewer instructions

2. Owner of the dwelling

In case privately owned dwellings are in twin-houses or attached houses (terraced houses, chain houses, and atrium houses) the answer is "family house type dwelling (1)". The building incorporating not more than three dwellings is regarded as family house type building.

The dwellings in buildings incorporating more than three dwellings in private property should be regarded as "condominium or dwelling in collectively owned building (2)" even in case no articles of incorporation have been signed by the owners. In case of transitory dwellings the proper marking is "company tenement flat, service dwelling (5)". The dwellings of the housing co-operatives must not be mixed with the dwellings owned by co-operatives in general.

Nationality (HU1990A_0416)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's nationality.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Nationality (HU1990A_0416)

File: HUN1990-P-H

10. Nationality:

- ☐ 1 Hungarian
- ☐ 2 Slovakian
- ☐ 3 Romanian
- ☐ 4 Croatian
- ☐ 5 Serbian
- ☐ 6 Slovenian
- ☐ 7 German
- ☐ 8 Gipsy
- ☐ Other, specify: ____

Interviewer instructions

10. Nationality

Every person is counted as belonging to the national group to which he/she declared to belong, free of all influences and without regard to his/her mother tongue.

Mother tongue (HU1990A_0417)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-94

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's mother tongue.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

11. Mother tongue:

- ☐ 01 Hungarian
- ☐ 02 Slovakian
- ☐ 03 Romanian
- ☐ 04 Croatian
- ☐ 05 Serbian
- ☐ 06 Slovenian
- ☐ 07 German
- ☐ 08 Gipsy
- ☐ Other, specify it: ____

12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ Yes, specify: ____

Interviewer instructions

Mother tongue (HU1990A_0417)

File: HUN1990-P-H

11. Mother tongue

Mother tongue is the living language which one learns in one's childhood (as one's first language) and in which the person generally speaks with the members of his/her family and which one, free of all influences and true reality, declares to be his/her mother tongue. The mother tongue of the dumb and the infants unable to speak is the language in which their next of kin regularly speak.

12. Language spoken besides mother tongue

The living language besides mother tongue is the one in which the person is capable to understand and to make him/her understood by others. In case the person speaks several languages other than the mother tongue the one mostly used will be marked.

First language spoken other than mother tongue (HU1990A_0418)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the first foreign language the person speaks.

Universe

Persons who speak at least one language other than mother tongue.

Literal question

11. Mother tongue:

- ☐ 01 Hungarian
- ☐ 02 Slovakian
- ☐ 03 Romanian
- ☐ 04 Croatian
- ☐ 05 Serbian
- ☐ 06 Slovenian
- ☐ 07 German
- ☐ 08 Gipsy
- ☐ Other, specify it: ____

12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ Yes, specify: ____

Interviewer instructions

11. Mother tongue

Mother tongue is the living language which one learns in one's childhood (as one's first language) and in which the person generally speaks with the members of his/her family and which one, free of all influences and true reality, declares to be his/her mother tongue. The mother tongue of the dumb and the infants unable to speak is the language in which their next of kin regularly speak.

12. Language spoken besides mother tongue

The living language besides mother tongue is the one in which the person is capable to understand and to make him/her understood by others. In case the person speaks several languages other than the mother tongue the one mostly used will be marked.

Second language spoken other than mother tongue (HU1990A_0419) File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the second foreign language the person speaks.

Universe

Persons who speak more than one language other than mother tongue

Literal question

11. Mother tongue:

- ☐ 01 Hungarian
- ☐ 02 Slovakian
- ☐ 03 Romanian
- ☐ 04 Croatian
- ☐ 05 Serbian
- ☐ 06 Slovenian
- ☐ 07 German
- ☐ 08 Gipsy
- ☐ Other, specify it: ____

12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ Yes, specify: ____

Interviewer instructions

11. Mother tongue

Mother tongue is the living language which one learns in one's childhood (as one's first language) and in which the person generally speaks with the members of his/her family and which one, free of all influences and true reality, declares to be his/her mother tongue. The mother tongue of the dumb and the infants unable to speak is the language in which their next of kin regularly speak.

12. Language spoken besides mother tongue

The living language besides mother tongue is the one in which the person is capable to understand and to make him/her understood by others. In case the person speaks several languages other than the mother tongue the one mostly used will be marked.

Third language spoken other than mother tongue (HU1990A_0420) File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the third foreign language the person speaks.

Universe

Persons who speak more than two languages other than mother tongue

Third language spoken other than mother tongue (HU1990A_0420)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Literal question

11. Mother tongue:

- ☐ 01 Hungarian
- ☐ 02 Slovakian
- ☐ 03 Romanian
- ☐ 04 Croatian
- ☐ 05 Serbian
- ☐ 06 Slovenian
- ☐ 07 German
- ☐ 08 Gipsy
- ☐ Other, specify it: ____

12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ Yes, specify: ____

Interviewer instructions

11. Mother tongue

Mother tongue is the living language which one learns in one's childhood (as one's first language) and in which the person generally speaks with the members of his/her family and which one, free of all influences and true reality, declares to be his/her mother tongue. The mother tongue of the dumb and the infants unable to speak is the language in which their next of kin regularly speak.

12. Language spoken besides mother tongue

The living language besides mother tongue is the one in which the person is capable to understand and to make him/her understood by others. In case the person speaks several languages other than the mother tongue the one mostly used will be marked.

Number of languages spoken (HU1990A_0421)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of foreign languages spoken by the person.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Number of languages spoken (HU1990A_0421)

File: HUN1990-P-H

11. Mother tongue:

- ☐ 01 Hungarian
- ☐ 02 Slovakian
- ☐ 03 Romanian
- ☐ 04 Croatian
- ☐ 05 Serbian
- ☐ 06 Slovenian
- ☐ 07 German
- ☐ 08 Gipsy
- ☐ Other, specify it: ____

12. Do you speak any other language besides your mother tongue?

- ☐ 0 No
- ☐ Yes, specify: ____

Interviewer instructions

11. Mother tongue

Mother tongue is the living language which one learns in one's childhood (as one's first language) and in which the person generally speaks with the members of his/her family and which one, free of all influences and true reality, declares to be his/her mother tongue. The mother tongue of the dumb and the infants unable to speak is the language in which their next of kin regularly speak.

12. Language spoken besides mother tongue

The living language besides mother tongue is the one in which the person is capable to understand and to make him/her understood by others. In case the person speaks several languages other than the mother tongue the one mostly used will be marked.

Highest educational attainment (HU1990A_0422)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's highest educational attainment.

Universe

Persons age 7+

Literal question

Highest educational attainment (HU1990A_0422)

File: HUN1990-P-H

13. Education level:

If you completed any of the 1-4 forms of the grammar school or 8 forms before 1950, enter it to the number of forms of higher elementary school. Several replies may be given.

- ☐ Attended no school
- ☐ Form(s) of primary (elementary) school [specify number of forms]: ____
- ☐ Form(s) of higher elementary school [specify number of forms]: ____
- ☐ Certificate of skilled worker got at the day section of an apprentice school in the year 19 __
- ☐ Certificate at the day section of a vocational school in the year 19 __
- ☐ Secondary school leaving certificate, certificate of qualification
- ☐ Certificate of higher school of non-university level
- ☐ University certificate, diploma

Question 13.

For each person the highest grade reached in the primary (general) school and in the higher elementary school, respectively, should be registered. Further on, only those completed qualifications can be indicated which were obtained within the formal education system. Completed educational attainments are the following:

A certificate obtained upon the conclusion of full-time studies in an apprentice school,
 A certificate obtained upon the conclusion of full-time studies in a vocational school,
 The secondary school final exam certificate obtained in a grammar school or other secondary school; furthermore, the secondary school leaving certificates which were issued between 1974 and 1986,
 A diploma or certificate obtained at a university, college or other third-level educational institution.

The following cannot be taken into consideration: qualifications given after a training-course, certificate of apprentice or vocational school obtained within the frame of adult education, specializations obtained at a third-level educational institutions after graduation (specializations in medicine, engineering, law etc.).

Certificates obtained in the Marxism-Leninism evening school can only be accepted in cases when the certificate is about specialization (equivalent to the diploma of non-university third-level education) and issued between 1958-1982.

Interviewer instructions

Highest educational attainment (HU1990A_0422)

File: HUN1990-P-H

13. Educational attainment

The aim of the interrogation is to acquire information on the level of schooling of the population. Therefore the types of schools and the classes, grades completed and the qualifications obtained in other types of schools not listed in the questionnaire must not be recorded. The answer "without completed school (00)" is marked for persons who did not even complete the general (primary) school, irrespective of their illiteracy.

The highest education i.e. the highest grade completed (also in case of the students) in the general (primary) school must be registered in the respective boxes, while the other institutions of the official school system the marking is necessary if the person has completed studies.

The completed studies abroad should be classified according to the Hungarian system, qualifications obtainable.

The different types of schools are the following

[Comment of the translator: quite many of the school types refer to educational systems that no longer apply. The names of the institutions might seem not familiar for the experts in the (traditional) classification of the educational institutions]:

The general (primary) school includes -- with the exemption of schools for extensive training -- each educational institution of elementary training, popular school, schools for back warded pupils and the so called "civilian school", as well as the first four years of the grammar school of 8 grades.

[p. 11]

The boxes at the "civilian school" can be used only if persons born before 1935.

The educational attainment, i.e. the grades completed must not be converted into the present educational system, e.g. in case a persons completed the 4th class of the "civilian school" "4" should be marked in the respective box.

While answering the further questions only the completed studies will be marked. The following items are regarded as completed studies:

- Certificate of profession obtained on the day course of the school for training skilled laborers (former apprentice schools);
- The certificate of profession obtained on the day course of the former course as well as the examinations on professional qualification;
- The General Certificate of Education obtained in a grammar school or other secondary school as well as the final certificate on completion of the secondary school in the years from 1974 to 1986;
- The certificate, diploma obtained by completing the studies in a university or other higher educational institution.

The manual further gives a detailed list on the educational institutions of secondary and high level education, the translation of the individual items seems not necessary.

The following qualifications must not taken into account even in case those have been obtained in an educational institution of the regular school system: certificates obtained in course raining, certificate of profession obtained within the adult training, certificate on completing the grades of higher educational institutions, special exams passed in postgraduate training (e.g. specialized physician, specialized engineer, judge, etc.).

Living together with parent(s) (HU1990A_0423)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the person lives together with his/her parent(s).

Living together with parent(s) (HU1990A_0423)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

18. How did the family get this dwelling?

- ☐ 1 It was built
- ☐ 2 It was bought
- ☐ 3 Flat of the National Savings Bank or co-operative flat allocated by the local council
- ☐ 4 Tenement dwelling of the local council, allocation of official residence
- ☐ 5 Exchange of dwellings
- ☐ 6 It was inherited or assigned
- ☐ 7 You have no separate dwelling: you live with the parents, relatives
- ☐ 8 You rent a complete flat from a private person
- ☐ 9 You are subtenant or you entered into a contract relating to support for life
- ☐ Other, specify it ____

Questions 18 and 19 should be answered by the first and -- if any -- the second family living in the dwelling.

Question 18.

The question should be answered according to the circumstances that existed when they moved in the dwelling. (If, for example, a person with his/her spouse had been admitted to the parents' dwelling but in the meanwhile the parents moved away or died, the answer "living with parents/relatives" has to be chosen. In the case when the parents were no more registered in the dwelling at the moment when the person moved in, the answer "inherited or relinquished" should be given.) The exchange of privately owned flats, furthermore, the exchange of a tenement-flat allocated by the council for a privately owned flat, have to be categorized as purchasing, too. The answer "Council-allocated dwelling built by the National Saving Bank; or council-allocated co-operative dwelling" should be underlined even if the right to purchase a privately owned flat was bought by the respondent's employer. The answer "dwelling exchange" can be accepted in cases of council-owned flats only, that is, if the given person exchanged his/her former dwelling of any legal status for his/her present council-owned flat.

Economic activity (HU1990A_0424)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 10-90

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's economic activity.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Economic activity (HU1990A_0424)

File: HUN1990-P-H

14. Do you work, are you economically active?

Those working while getting a pension by own right or a child care allowance must underline "no".

☐ Yes☐ No, because:

- ☐ 20 You get a child care fee
- ☐ 21 You get a child care allowance
- ☐ 30 You are an old-age pensioner by own right
- ☐ 31 You are a disability pensioner by own right
- ☐ 32 You are a disability or other rentier by own right
- ☐ 33 You are a pensioner, rentier by widow's right
- ☐ 40 You want to get a job the first time
- ☐ 50 You are unemployed looking for a job
- ☐ 60 You are a child attending a crche
- ☐ 61 You are a child attending a kindergarten
- ☐ 70 You are a pupil of primary school
- ☐ 71 You are an apprentice
- ☐ 72 You are a pupil of secondary vocational school
- ☐ 73 You are a pupil of secondary school
- ☐ 74 You are a student of college, university
- ☐ 80 Other dependent
- ☐ You don't belong to the above groups; Specify: ____

E.g. you entered into a contract relating to support for life or life annuity; you get a social allowance; you are a bed-tenant; you make your living by having a bed-tenant.

Interviewer instructions

Economic activity (HU1990A_0424)

File: HUN1990-P-H

14. Work performance, work for material compensation (active earner)

The persons having been worked for wage, enumeration in the last week of 1989 are regarded as active earners. The category does not include those who worked besides receiving child care allowance or pension on own right. The following people belong to the group:

- Employees, outside workers working for companies, institutions, public offices, co-operatives, business association formed by private persons;
- Working members of agricultural, special, industrial and handicraft co-operatives;
- Private entrepreneurs;
- Family helper in non agricultural activities.

Irrespective the factual working activity in the last week of 1989, i.e. persons might have been absent from the work due to being on winter holidays, maternity or other unpaid holidays, illness, participating on a training course, etc.

The following persons are regarded also as active earners:

- Persons living in the course of 1989 of work performed as causal hand (including the agricultural day-laborers);
- Persons having performed in 1989 at least 90 (10 hours) days agricultural work as family helper (with the exemption of the same agricultural performance of the students on daily course, the persons receiving childcare allowance or pension on own right);

[p. 12]

- Conscripts and reservist on duty provided they were active earners before the enrolment;
- The imprisoned persons provided they were active earners before the enrolment;
- Persons receiving invalidity pension or pension on derivative right while working actively;
- Old age pensioners working without receiving their pension.

In case of the above persons, the answer is "yes (10)".

In case the persons can not be classified as active earner after underlining the answer "no", it should be indicated which category the given person belongs to. The answer will be marked by taking into account the following:

- The person is on "childcare allowance leave (20)" if when taking care of the child the given person is on unpaid holidays, and till the 2nd year the child is entitled to get an allowance from the state in a defined percentage of the salary before the unpaid leave.
- The person is on "childcare contribution (30)" if taking care of a child from 2 to 3 years of age the persons is on unpaid holidays and receives a cash contribution to the upbringing of the child. The status in case of a child with acute illness, can be prolonged till the 6th year of age. The person on childcare contribution leave -- within certain limits -- is entitled to work for cash compensation.
- "Old age pensioner on own right (30)", "invalidity pensioner on own right (31)" and "invalidity or other renter on own right (32)" is the person who is receiving old-age pension, invalidity pension or invalidity or other rent on own right and does not perform any working activity for compensation>
- "Pensioner on derivative (widow's) right (33)" is the person receiving a pension on the right of the deceased spouse or other relative and he/she is not a student on day course of an educational institution and neither has a working contract, is nor working member of a co-operative or private entrepreneur.
- The person is qualified as "never worked, looking for first job (40)" if a person, after concluding his studies is not working yet nevertheless is actively looking for an employment (e.g. contacted the labor office, placed an advertisement, have asked the help of friends to find the job, etc.).
- The person is "unemployed looking for a job (50)" if he/she has been working before but at the date of the enumeration does not have a workplace and has already taken the steps for finding a new job.
- The answers to questions "child in nursery (60)" and child in kindergarten (61)" are self-evident.

One of the following answers will be underlined if the person is not working for money, is not conducting his studies while receiving childcare allowance or childcare contribution but is studying on the daily course or private pupil in a

- "General, primary school (70)";
- "Trainee (71)";
- "Student in a special institution of secondary level (72)";
- "Secondary school student (73)";
- "University (higher educational institution's) student (74)".

To ensure the unequivocal classification it should be mentioned that the pupils attending the school of the mentally handicapped are regarded as pupils in general (primary) schools, the persons studying in schools for stenographers/shorthand writers and medical assistants are regarded as secondary school attendants while those visiting the so called "special vocational schools" are regarded as trainees. The trainees attending the third grade of the special vocational school and already receiving some compensation for their work will be regarded as students. Similarly the persons studying in a high level educational institution university while receiving a bursary or performing some (usually causal) work for compensation will be regarded as students as well.

[p. 13]

The answer is "other dependent (80)" in case of children under 14 years of age not attending the day nursery or kindergarten, and in case of a person aged 15 years and over working as a housewife or family helper in agriculture performing in 1989 less than 90 days. The persons not belonging to the categories listed above and who do not have any regular income or social benefit practically maintained by the members of the family, etc. are classified into this group too. Furthermore the category includes the conscripts and the imprisoned persons not having been worked before their enrolment.

If the answer is "persons not belonging to any other category listed (90)" the source of livelihood should be always entered at the dotted line at the answer. The entry might be: living of letting their land, house, holiday house, etc., of having subtenants, night-lodgers, of selling their property, of having a life annuity contract, etc.

The base rules of answering the questions from 15 to 19 are as follows:

Question 14:

- Persons answering "yes (10)" will give information on their main occupation.
- Persons being on child-care leave answering "no (20)" should give should give information on their main occupation before the leave. Each person other than before should not give an answer to questions form 15 to 19.

Questions from 16 to 19:

- Professional and civilian members of the armed forces and security bodies will not answer question 19/a.
- Private entrepreneurs should not answer questions 17 and 19/a.
- Family helpers should not answer questions 17, 18 and 19/a.
- Causal workers and agricultural day laborers will skip questions from 16 to 19.

Occupation (HU1990A_0425)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's occupation.

Universe

Economically active persons

Literal question

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

15. Scope of work (occupation): _____

Interviewer instructions

Occupation (HU1990A_0425)

File: HUN1990-P-H

15. Scope of work (occupation)

The description of the scope of work (occupation) should give (detailed) information on the actual work performed, in case of managers on the concrete assignment. General denominations as outside worker, worker, teacher, etc. must not be accepted.

Some guidelines for marking the answers:

-- In case of persons in leading, managing positions, the concrete assignment should be marked too, e.g. head of technical department, head of section for product development, foreman of roofers, chief physician managing a hospital section, assistant professor leading a faculty, leading kindergarten teacher.

-- In case of persons working in intellectual occupations in the ministries, nation-wide organizations, offices of parties, mass organizations -- with the exemption of financial, accountancy and administrative positions -- the marking of clerk, executive, collaborator, chief collaborator, head of section, head of department is sufficient. In case of the exemptions, a more precise description is required, e.g. financial clerk, head of section of accountancy, payroll clerk, stenographer-typist, and accountant.

-- In case of persons working for transportation companies (Hungarian Railways, Hungarian Shipping Company, etc.) instead of the office rank (e.g. officer, councilor, etc.) the actual activity should be marked, such as external traffic controller, switchman, etc.

[p. 14]

-- In case of persons working as managers of a store, restaurant, service shop (hairdresser, laundry, etc.) the number of persons managed should be indicated, e.g. head of shoe shop employing three persons, etc.

-- In case of an agricultural foreman and regardless of level of competence (independent or not), the field should be entered, e.g. independent foreman of teamsters, independent foreman of fruit producers, etc.

-- In case of private traders, reference should be given to the goods traded e.g. trader in dry goods, trader in fruits and vegetables, etc.

-- In case of persons working for the armed forces or security organizations, it is sufficient to refer the respective body, e.g. employed by the M(inistry of) I(nterior), employed by the M(inistry of) J(ustice) employed by the M(inistry of) D(efense), fireman, excise officer, militiaman, etc.

-- In case of family helpers, the entry should give information on the supported person (whether is an agricultural private entrepreneur, member of an agricultural co-operative, private locksmith, etc.).

-- Agricultural casual worker or roustabout can be marked only in case the work is performed occasionally and usually not for the same employer. In this case the questions from 16 to 19 will be skipped.

Status in employment (HU1990A_0426)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's employment status.

Universe

Economically active and under childcare fee or allowance

Literal question

Status in employment (HU1990A_0426)

File: HUN1990-P-H

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

16. Occupational status:

- ☐ 1 Employed
- ☐ 2 Member of co-operative
- ☐ 3 Own-account worker, person of liberal profession -- family helper

Interviewer instructions

16. Employment status

The answer should be given by underlining the respective answer. The following remarks should be taken into account:

-- "Employee (1)" is the person having a working contract with a company, office, institution, co-operative, private entrepreneur/private person, an organization formed by private persons (private business partnership, company of general partnership, working team of lawyers, etc.) and his working activity is compensated by a wage or salary.

-- "Member of co-operative (2)" is marked for working members of agricultural, industrial and other co-operatives;

-- "Private entrepreneur, freelancer" is the persons working on his own as agricultural farmer, artisan, trader, freighter, etc., as a commissioned renter of a productive or commercial unit, member of a working team of private individuals, etc.;

-- "Family helper" is the person working in a shop, store, and private venture of one of his family member.

Staff group (HU1990A_0427)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the person belongs to a staff group.

Universe

Economically active and under childcare fee or allowance

Literal question

Staff group (HU1990A_0427)

File: HUN1990-P-H

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

17. Staff group, post:

In case of manual occupation:

- ☐ 1 Skilled worker
- ☐ 2 Semi-skilled worker
- ☐ 3 Unskilled worker

In case of non-manual occupation:

- ☐ 7 Leader, manger
- ☐ 8 Subordinate professional (specialized employee)
- ☐ 9 Subordinate office worker

Interviewer instructions

17. Staff group, assignment

The question should be answered only by the employees and the working members of co-operatives by distinguishing the intellectual and manual workers.

In case of a manual worker, the respondent should give information whether he is employed as "skilled worker (1)", "semi-skilled worker (2)" or "unskilled worker (3)".

In case of the intellectual workers, the answer should be given by underlining the appropriate answer. The assignment, i.e. "leader, manager (7)", "subordinated clerk (8)" or "subordinated administrative officer (9)", informs on the place of the person in the hierarchy of the division of labour.

[p. 15]

Special attention is needed in marking the occupation of the persons working in the health sector, where the following instructions must be taken into account:

-- Ambulance men, maternity nurse, assistant nurses, helpers in operating rooms, masseurs, anatomists, assistant anatomists are always regarded as manual workers;

-- The district and nurses as well as the nurses working in the medical cabinets of a production plant are classified always as intellectual workers;

-- The nurses in general, with the exemption of the former categories will be classified as manual or intellectual workers according to their workplace. The nurses are classified as manual workers in case they work in maternity hospitals, children's homes, old people's homes, occupational therapy establishments, as well as those working as "nurses at beds" in hospitals, other health institutions.

Employer's sector (HU1990A_0429)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Employer's sector (HU1990A_0429)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Description

This variable indicates the employer's sector.

Universe

Economically active and under childcare fee or allowance

Literal question

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

16. Occupational status:

- ☐ 1 Employed
- ☐ 2 Member of co-operative
- ☐ 3 Own-account worker, person of liberal profession -- family helper

18. Name of employer: _____

Interviewer instructions

19. Place of work

As an answer to the sub-question 19/a the section, plant, subsidiary of the employer should given, e.g. the weaving mill of a textile company, the retail shop of a trading company, the general (primary) school of the municipality of a given locality, etc.

In sub-question 19/b the name of the locality (in case of Budapest the district too) of the workplace should be entered. It has to be marked whether the given person is going daily for work from his/her permanent or provisional address. The address marked in case of persons working

- On an alternate place (e.g. those working for the railways, etc.) the locality of the daily briefing;
- For a construction company the actual place of the construction;
- For an agricultural employer which has plants in several localities the name of the locality of the plant where the given person worked for the longest period of the year 1989;
- Abroad the country of work is sufficient.

Code of commuting (HU1990A_0430)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates how the person commutes to the place of work.

Universe

Economically active persons

Literal question

Code of commuting (HU1990A_0430)

File: HUN1990-P-H

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

19. Working place:

a) Name: _____

b) It's location and from where do you go there every day?

[Location:]

_____ Town/commune

_____ District

[Go there from:]

☐ 1 From your permanent residence

☐ 2 From your temporary residence

Questions 26-32 must be filled in only concerning the economically active persons

[Questions 26-32 were asked of economically active persons, per question 14]

29. Do you commute between the place of your residence and your working place?

☐ 0 No

☐ 1 Yes, daily and also from time to time

☐ 2 Yes, every day

☐ 3 Yes, from time to time

If you commute:

[Questions 29.a-29.d were asked of persons who commute to work, per question 29]

a) The start of daily commuting: in the year 19 __ __

b) The cause of commuting:

☐ 1 You found no job in the place of your residence

☐ 2 You didn't find a job corresponding to your qualification in the place of your residence

☐ 3 A job meeting your financial demands

☐ 4 A job corresponding to your physical faculties

☐ 5 A job ensuring a further development, the continuation of studies

☐ 6 You can't get a dwelling in the settlement of your working place

☐ 7 You cling to the place of your residence

☐ 8 You follow the manner of life of your environment

☐ Other, specify it; _____

c) The start of commuting from time to time: in the year 19 __ __

d) The frequency of commuting from time to time:

☐ 1 Every week

☐ 2 Every two-three weeks

☐ 3 Every month

☐ 4 Less frequently

Where does he/she go to work from (HU1990A_0431)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the person goes to work from a permanent or a temporary residence.

Universe

Economically active and under childcare fee or allowance

Literal question

Where does he/she go to work from (HU1990A_0431)

File: HUN1990-P-H

1. The place of the census:

- ☐ Commune, town
- ☐ District
- ☐ Street, road, squares
- ☐ Street Number
- ☐ Building
- ☐ Staircase
- ☐ Ground-floor, floor
- ☐ Door

Type of registration:

- ☐ 1 Permanent
- ☐ 2 Temporary

- ☐ Enumeration district
- ☐ Serial number of the list
- ☐ Serial number of the dwelling
- ☐ Serial number of the person

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

19. Working place:

a) Name: _____

b) It's location and from where do you go there every day?

[Location:]

- ☐ Town/commune
- ☐ District

[Go there from:]

- ☐ 1 From your permanent residence
- ☐ 2 From your temporary residence

Interviewer instructions

Where does he/she go to work from (HU1990A_0431)

File: HUN1990-P-H

19. Place of work

As an answer to the sub-question 19/a the section, plant, subsidiary of the employer should be given, e.g. the weaving mill of a textile company, the retail shop of a trading company, the general (primary) school of the municipality of a given locality, etc.

In sub-question 19/b the name of the locality (in case of Budapest the district too) of the workplace should be entered. It has to be marked whether the given person is going daily for work from his/her permanent or provisional address. The address marked in case of persons working

- On an alternate place (e.g. those working for the railways, etc.) the locality of the daily briefing;
- For a construction company the actual place of the construction;
- For an agricultural employer which has plants in several localities the name of the locality of the plant where the given person worked for the longest period of the year 1989;
- Abroad the country of work is sufficient.

Type of locality of workplace (HU1990A_0432)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of locality of the person's workplace.

Universe

Economically active persons

Literal question

[Questions 15-19 were asked of persons who are economically active, work or get a child care fee or child care allowance, per question 14]

19. Working place:

a) Name: _____

b) It's location and from where do you go there every day?

[Location:]

_____ Town/commune
_____ District

[Go there from:]

- ☐ 1 From your permanent residence
- ☐ 2 From your temporary residence

Interviewer instructions

Type of locality of workplace (HU1990A_0432)

File: HUN1990-P-H

19. Place of work

As an answer to the sub-question 19/a the section, plant, subsidiary of the employer should given, e.g. the weaving mill of a textile company, the retail shop of a trading company, the general (primary) school of the municipality of a given locality, etc.

In sub-question 19/b the name of the locality (in case of Budapest the district too) of the workplace should be entered. It has to be marked whether the given person is going daily for work from his/her permanent or provisional address. The address marked in case of persons working

- On an alternate place (e.g. those working for the railways, etc.) the locality of the daily briefing;
- For a construction company the actual place of the construction;
- For an agricultural employer which has plants in several localities the name of the locality of the plant where the given person worked for the longest period of the year 1989;
- Abroad the country of work is sufficient.

Type of locality of actual residence (HU1990A_0433)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of locality of the person's actual residence.

Universe

Economically active persons

Literal question

1. The place of the census:

- ☐ Commune, town
- ☐ District
- ☐ Street, road, squares

- ☐ Street Number
- ☐ Building
- ☐ Staircase
- ☐ Ground-floor, floor
- ☐ Door

Type of registration:

- ☐ 1 Permanent
- ☐ 2 Temporary

- ☐ Enumeration district
- ☐ Serial number of the list
- ☐ Serial number of the dwelling
- ☐ Serial number of the person

Interviewer instructions

Type of locality of actual residence (HU1990A_0433)

File: HUN1990-P-H

The place of residence (address) should be registered according to the effective situation; while marking the answer the entry in the List of addresses and the names should not be respected. In case the person is resident in the dwelling though the official registration has not been arranged yet than the expected status (permanent or temporary resident) will be marked. This might happen in cases like

- The persons moved in the dwelling, changed his/her dwelling without arranging the registration;
- The person -- due to the lack of license for using the (new) dwelling -- is not entitled to let him/her registered at the authorities;
- The person moved from the outskirts of the locality into his flat in the inner area without arranging the official registration.

1. Place of enumeration

As marked on the Dwelling questionnaire the place of enumeration is the address of the dwelling where the enumeration is taking place. The answer "officially registered here" might mean either a "permanent (1)" or a "temporary (2)" registration; the appropriate answer will be underlined. In case the person is present on the place of enumeration without any official registration the answer will be marked according to his/her (in case of a child of his/her parents') future status (i.e. if he/she is willing to be registered there as temporary resident than answer "temporary (2)" will be underlined). The person's elsewhere (officially) registered address should be marked at question 7, nevertheless it has to be taken into account that a persons can not have more than one officially registered permanent address and more than one registered temporary address at the same time.

Relationship to household head (HU1990A_0434)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's relationship to the household head.

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Family status:

- ☐ 1 Husband
- ☐ 2 Wife
- ☐ 3 Partner-in-life
- ☐ 4 Mother or father living alone with her/his child
- ☐ 5 Child
- ☐ 6 Ascendant
- ☐ 7 Other relative
- ☐ 8 Non-relative
- ☐ 9 Person living alone

Interviewer instructions

Relationship to household head (HU1990A_0434)

File: HUN1990-P-H

1. Data on the persons living in the dwelling

The on the first page of the dwelling questionnaire will be filled in with the help of the respondent. The persons living in the dwelling will be grouped by households, within the households by families. By listing the family members the sequence should follow the family ties, or rather the family status. The printed versions at the table will help the classification of the family members. The persons belonging to the same family will be allotted by the same family number while those belonging to the same household will be marked with the same household number.

A common household is a group of persons living together in a common housing unit or in a part of it, bearing together, at least partly, the costs of living (i.e. daily expenses, meals). Subtenants, night-lodgers and co-tenants should be marked always with individual household numbers.

Consequently before starting the enumeration it has to be defined the number of households, families living in the dwelling, than the families and the households should be "set up". The next step is the fixing of the family status.

Family is formed from the following persons living in a common household:

- Married couple with or without child(ren);
- Persons living in consensual union with or without child(ren);

[p. 6]

- Mother or father living with child(ren) (unless the spouse or cohabiting partner does not live in the same dwelling, while

The following persons do not live in a family:

- The related or non-related persons (other than listed above), e.g. two siblings, three friends, etc.;
- Lone persons.

Fixing the family status (heading "d")

One of the printed answers will be underlined:

- "Husband (1)" or "wife(2)" in case of legally married male and female;
- "Consensual partner (3)" in case of males and females living in consensual partnership without legal marriage;
- "Mother or father living with at least one child (4)" in case one of the parents lives with the children);
- "Child (5)" in case of a child (own or foster) of the previously mentioned persons irrespective of the age of the person;
- "Ascending relative (6)" in case of parent, grand-parent, brother-in-law, father-in-law of a "husband", "wife", "consensual partner" or "lone parent with children" in case the ascending relative lives in the family without his/her spouse;
- "Other relative (7)" in case of any non-ascending relative not forming an independent family (e.g. aunt, sibling, grandchild);
- "Non-relative (8)" in case of a persons other than blood-related (e.g. child in state care).

In case the household consist of one person the answer is "lone person "9") while in case of several -- related and non-related -- persons not forming a family the answer is either

- "Other relative (7)" or
- "Non-relative (8)".

The title of use of dwelling (heading "e") should be marked in case of every person. The following title of use of dwelling can be marked: owner (including beneficiary user), tenant (including service dwelling), co-owner, co-tenant, subtenant, night-lodger, persons having family ties to the former persons (e.g. child of the owner, brother of the tenant, etc.) as well as courtesy user, inhabitant without legal rights and user upon settlement o contract for life. The right of use on family ties can be marked provided not rental fee is paid. The title of use of dwelling of those renting the entire flat is always "tenant".

If more than 8 persons live in the dwelling an additional Dwelling questionnaire will be used as a supplement.

Family number within household (HU1990A_0435)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's family number within the household.

Universe

Persons in non-collective dwellings

Literal question

Family number within household

Person weight (PERWT)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Years of schooling (YRSCHOOL)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

YRSCHOOL indicates the highest grade/level of schooling the person had completed, in years. Only formal schooling is counted. YRSCHOOL accounts for the number of years of study, regardless of the track or kind of study. Information on degree and/or technical track is available in EDATTAIN. Years of schooling for Israel, categorized into intervals, are given in YRSCHOOL2.

Users should pay close attention to the top-codes in each sample, as discussed in the comparability section.

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Educational attainment, Europe (EEDATTAIN)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EEDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone) for the European samples. The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary. All education that was relevant to the completion of a level should be taken into account even if it was provided outside of schools and universities.

EEDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EEDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EEDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country.

Hungary 1980 and 1990 also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL.

EEDATTAIN has been classified according to the recommendations of the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. EEDATTAIN presents a less detailed version of EDATTAIN for the European Samples.

Activity status (employment status), Europe (EEMPSTAT)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EEMPSTAT indicates for the European samples whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EEMPSTAT can also convey further information.

EEMPSTAT has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Employment Status" is referred to as "Activity Status" in the CES recommendations, but the former term is used to maintain consistency with IPUMS practices.

The economically active population constitutes the total labor force: employed and unemployed persons.

Status in employment (class of worker), Europe (ECLASSWK)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Status in employment (class of worker), Europe (ECLASSWK)

File: HUN1990-P-H

ECLASSWK refers in European Samples to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker.

ECLASSWK is related to EEMPSTAT (employment status), which is used to define the universe for the variable in many samples.

ECLASSWK has been classified according to the recommendations given by the Conference of European Statisticians for the 2010 Population and Housing Censuses. "Class of worker" is referred to as "Status in Employment" in the CES recommendations. The former term is used to maintain concordance with IPUMS practice.

Ethnicity, Hungary (ETHNICHU)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ETHNICHU indicates the ethnic group or "nationality" of the respondent in Hungary. The instructions emphasized that the response was to be the self-identification of the person and did not depend on mother tongue.

Mother tongue, Hungary (MTONGHU)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 10-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MTONGHU indicates the mother tongue or language spoken at home of persons in Hungary.

Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Country [person version] (COUNTRYP)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)

File: HUN1990-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: character	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Related Materials

Questionnaires

Census 1990 Household Questionnaire

Title Census 1990 Household Questionnaire
Author(s) Hungarian Central Statistical Office
Country Hungary
Language Hungarian
Filename enum_form_hu1990a.pdf

Technical documents

Census 1990 Enumerator's Manual

Title Census 1990 Enumerator's Manual
Author(s) Hungarian Central Statistical Office
Country Hungary
Language Hungarian
Filename enum_instruct_hu1990a.pdf
