

PEDIATRICS VIGNETTE
Simulation 1

Management of Pediatric Diarrhea

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS CORRESPOND TO A CLINICAL CASE SCENARIO THAT THE HEALTH WORKER COULD EXPECT TO OBSERVE IN THE HOSPITAL. READ THE CASE SCENARIOS AND QUESTIONS EXACTLY AS THEY ARE WRITTEN (EVERYTHING THAT IS IN **BOLD FONT**). DO NOT READ THE OPTIONS OF ANSWERS. FOR CERTAIN QUESTIONS, MULTIPLE ANSWERS ARE POSSIBLE; IN THIS CASE, CIRCLE ALL ANSWERS GIVEN BY THE HEALTH WORKER. AFTER THE HEALTH WORKER HAS FINISHED ANSWERING THE QUESTION, ASK "ANYTHING ELSE?" IF ADDITIONAL ANSWERS ARE GIVEN AT THAT TIME, MAKE DUE RECORD OF THEM ON THE SURVEY FORM. BE CAREFUL TO FOLLOW THE SKIPS AS THEY ARE MARKED. MAKE SURE THE HEALTH WORKER CANNOT SEE THE FORM YOU ARE FILLING.

DO NOT READ OPTIONS ALOUD. FOR EACH OPTION, NOTE WHETHER THE HEALTH WORKER MENTIONED THIS ACTION OR NOT.

RECORD TIME OF BEGINNING OF THE SIMULATION (HH:MM)

___:___AM/PM

OBSERVER READ SCENARIO: A little girl aged 25 months and weighing 10.5 kg is brought to the facility because she has been asleep since the morning and is very difficult to wake up. She hasn't eaten or drunk fluids since yesterday. When asked, the mother said that her daughter did not vomit and did not have any convulsions, but has had diarrhea for about six days. She also had fever for three days and a runny nose. You assessed the child and confirmed that the child was lethargic. You also performed a skin pinch and the skin came back very slowly. No other abnormal clinical signs were found. The family lives in a low malaria risk area, and has not traveled recently. There is no cholera in the area now. The patient has not had any contact with a suspected or confirmed Ebola patient and there have been no unexplained deaths in the family or community. The child does not have any unexplained bleeding. No Ebola has been detected anywhere in the country for over 3 months.

Q101: OBSERVER: Assuming that all the needed drugs, supplies and equipment are in stock in the health facility, and that testing and referral facilities are available, what are ALL the actions and/or prescriptions you would take to provide this child with the most appropriate treatment?

| Yes | No | Verify |
|-----|----|---------------------|
| | | Present/Not Present |

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| A. Recommend urgent referral to a hospital. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| B. Administer ringer lactate or normal saline IV solution. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| C. Administer liquid by naso-gastric tube. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| D. Inject one dose of an injectable antibiotic. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| E. Inject one dose of a second antibiotic. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| F. Prescribe injectable antibiotic for five days. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| G. Give one dose of oral antibiotic. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| H. Prescribe oral antibiotics for five days. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| I. Inject one dose of quinine. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| J. Give one dose of oral antimalarial. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| K. Prescribe quinine for five days. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| L. Prescribe oral antimalarials for 3 days. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| M. Administer oral rehydration salts (ORS) at the facility. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| N. Advise on giving oral rehydration salts (ORS) on the way to hospital. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| O. Prescribe oral rehydration salts (ORS) for home treatment. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| P. Give one dose of paracetamol. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Q. Prescribe paracetamol for home treatment. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| R. Give one dose of vitamin A. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| S. Treat to prevent low blood sugar. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| T. Recommend continuing breastfeeding. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |
| U. Recommend giving food and fluids other than breast milk. | 1 | 0 | N/A | |

RECORD TIME OF END OF THE SIMULATION (HH:MM)

___:___AM/PM

GO BACK TO EACH ITEM IN THE SIMULATION THAT REQUIRES A PIECE OF EQUIPMENT OR A MEDICATION AND VERIFY THAT THE EQUIPMENT OR MEDICATION IS PRESENT.

PLEASE PROVIDE ANY FURTHER COMMENTS ON THE QUALITY OF CARE:

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