Costa Rica - Censos Nacionales. III de Vivienda – VII de Población 1973 - IPUMS Subset

Dirección General de Estadísticas y Censos, Ministerio de Economía, Industria y Comercio, Minnesota Population Center

Report generated on: August 27, 2019

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Overview

Identification

ID NUMBER
CRI_1973_PHC_v01_M_v03_A_IPUMS

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION
Version 6.4. The datasets contain selected variables from the original census microdata plus harmonized variables from the IPUMS-International database.

In v6.4, the research team continued to carry out improvements to geography, providing harmonized geographic units for the second administrative level for roughly half the countries. More information about IPUMS geography variables is available here. Also, approximately 100 integrated variables were renamed. Affected variables with their current and previous names are listed here. Geography variable also underwent wholesale renaming.

In this update, IPUMS added 19 new samples for Armenia, Austria, Costa Rica, Ethiopia, France, Ghana, Mozambique, Paraguay, Portugal, Puerto Rico, South Africa, and Spain. Ethiopia, Mozambique, and Paraguay were newly added countries to IPUMS. Samples for other countries extend pre-existing series for those countries.

PRODUCTION DATE
2016-04-25

Overview

ABSTRACT
IPUMS-International is an effort to inventory, preserve, harmonize, and disseminate census microdata from around the world. The project has collected the world's largest archive of publicly available census samples. The data are coded and documented consistently across countries and over time to facillitate comparative research. IPUMS-International makes these data available to qualified researchers free of charge through a web dissemination system.

The IPUMS project is a collaboration of the Minnesota Population Center, National Statistical Offices, and international data archives. Major funding is provided by the U.S. National Science Foundation and the Demographic and Behavioral Sciences Branch of the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development. Additional support is provided by the University of Minnesota Office of the Vice President for Research, the Minnesota Population Center, and Sun Microsystems.

KIND OF DATA
Census/enumeration data [cen]

UNITS OF ANALYSIS
Dwelling

UNITS IDENTIFIED:

- Dwellings: Not available in microdata sample

- Vacant units: Yes

- Households: Yes

- Individuals: Yes

- Group quarters: Yes

UNIT DESCRIPTIONS:

- Dwellings: A building or house occupied entirely by a Census Family or Non Family Group. If a building or house is divided into flats or rooms, each flat or room inhabited by a different Census Family or Non Family Group constitutes a separate dwelling.

- Group quarters: NON FAMILY GROUP: Group of persons, generally without family ties, that lives together for reasons of discipline, health, education etc. such as those who live in jails, reformatories, hotels, boarding houses, boarding school, etc. Include also families who have six or more boarders.

TOPICS

Topic	Vocabulary	URI
Technical Household Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Group Quarters Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Geography: Global Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Utilities Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Appliances, Mechanicals, Other Amenities Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Dwelling Characteristics Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Constructed Household Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Technical Person Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Constructed Family Interrelationship Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Demographic Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Fertility and Mortality Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Nativity and Birthplace Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Education Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Work Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Migration Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Geography: A-L Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Household Economic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD	IPUMS	
Income Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Work: Occupation Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	
Work: Industry Variables -- PERSON	IPUMS	

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE
National coverage

GEOGRAPHIC UNIT
Cantons with 20,000+ population in 2000; combined as necessary by MPC

UNIVERSE
All individuals residing in the country at midnight May 15, 1973 (i.e. between May 14 and May 15).

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Dirección General de Estadísticas y Censos, Ministerio de Economía, Industria y Comercio	
Minnesota Population Center	University of Minnesota

Metadata Production

METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
Minnesota Population Center	MPC	University of Minnesota	Integration Harmonization Documentation

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION
2016-04-25

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION
- v6.4 April 2016

Documentation of census data and harmonized variables as found in IPUMS-International. The International Household Survey Network (IHSN) contracted IPUMS International for generating DDI and Dublin Core-compliant metadata related to population and housing census datasets from developing countries. The objective was to provide countries with detailed metadata in a format compatible with the DDI standard used by most of these countries, with a view to guarantee the preservation of the data and metadata, and the publishing of metadata.

The intellectual rights (including copyright) for the data and metadata in IPUMS are retained by the countries under a Memorandum of Understanding with the contributing countries. IPUMS-International has distribution rights to the metadata and data. The XML documents generated by this process are viewed as a distribution of the metadata.

Fields edited by the World Bank are: DDI ID and study ID to match World Bank study naming convention, as well as DDI Document Version and Version Description to reflect changes included in version 6.4.

Previous version documented in the World Bank Microdata Library:

- v6.3 (August 2014)

DDI DOCUMENT ID
DDI_CRI_1973_PHC_v01_M_v03_A_IPUMS

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

MICRODATA SOURCE: Celade

SAMPLE DESIGN: Systematic sample of every 10th household.

SAMPLE UNIT: Household

SAMPLE FRACTION: 10%

SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 186,762

Questionnaires

Overview

Single enumeration form that requested information on the dwelling and individuals.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start
1973-05-14

End
1973-05-14

Cycle
N/A

Time Periods

Start
1973-05-14

End
1973-05-14

Cycle
N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

Data Collection Notes

De jure, CENSUS DAY: May 14, 1973, FIELD WORK PERIOD: Clearly longer than May, 1973.

Questionnaires

Single enumeration form that requested information on the dwelling and individuals.

Supervision

Face to face interview (direct enumeration) conducted by trained personnel mainly selected from a pool of teachers and students.

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

CRI1973-H-H

Content	Household records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	73
Structure	Type: relational Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number)
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	NAME	LABEL	TYPE	FORMAT	QUESTION
V1	RECTYPE	Record type	discrete	character	
V2	YEAR	Year	discrete	numeric	
V3	SAMPLE	IPUMS sample identifier	discrete	numeric	
V4	SERIAL	Household serial number	contin	numeric	
V5	PERSONS	Number of person records in the household	contin	numeric	
V6	SUBSAMP	Subsample number	discrete	numeric	
V7	GQ	Group quarters (collective dwelling) status	discrete	numeric	
V8	UNREL	Number of unrelated persons	discrete	numeric	
V9	URBAN	Urban-rural status	discrete	numeric	
V10	REGIONW	Continent and region of country	discrete	numeric	
V11	WATSUP	Water supply	discrete	numeric	
V12	SEWAGE	Sewage	discrete	numeric	
V13	PHONE	Telephone availability	discrete	numeric	
V14	REFRIG	Refrigerator	discrete	numeric	
V15	TV	Television set	discrete	numeric	
V16	RADIO	Radio in household	discrete	numeric	
V17	ROOMS	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	
V18	TOILET	Toilet	discrete	numeric	
V19	BATH	Bathing facilities	discrete	numeric	
V20	FLOOR	Floor material	discrete	numeric	
V21	HHTYPE	Household classification	discrete	numeric	
V22	NFAMS	Number of families in household	discrete	numeric	
V23	HEADLOC	Head's location in household	contin	numeric	
V24	GEOLEV1	1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time]	discrete	numeric	
V25	CR1973A_0001	Dwelling number	contin	numeric	Dwelling number

V26	CR1973A_0003	Number of persons in household	discrete	numeric	Number of persons in household
V27	CR1973A_0053	Household created by splitting apart a large dwelling	discrete	numeric	Household created by splitting apart a large dwelling
V28	CR1973A_0054	Number of persons in large dwelling before it was split	discrete	numeric	Number of persons in large dwelling before it was split
V29	CR1973A_0015	Region	discrete	numeric	___ Province ___ Canton ___ District ___ Segment ___ Zone number ___ Section number [] Urban [] Rural _ _ Office use _ _ _ _ Dwelling number (visit order) ___ Neighborhood or hamlet ___ Highway, route, etc. ___ Avenues (numbers) ___ Streets (names) ___ Institution (name)
V30	CR1973A_0016	Urban	discrete	numeric	___ Province ___ Canton ___ District ___ Segment ___ Zone number ___ Section number [] Urban [] Rural _ _ Office use _ _ _ _ Dwelling number (visit order) ___ Neighborhood or hamlet ___ Highway, route, etc. ___ Avenues (numbers) ___ Streets (names) ___ Institution (name)
V31	CR1973A_0017	Dwelling type	discrete	numeric	1. Type Private dwelling: [] 1 Ordinary [] 2 Shack (rancho) [] 3 Marginal [] 4 Mobile [] 5 Collective dwelling
V32	CR1973A_0018	Occupancy and ownership status	discrete	numeric	2. Occupancy - tenure - rental Occupied: [] 0 Rented ___ colones monthly rent [] 1 X owned [] 2 X other (specify) Unoccupied: [] 3 For rent [] 4 For sale [] 5 Summer home [] 6 Under repair [] 7 Under construction [] 8 Other (specify) ___ [] 9 Unknown
V33	CR1973A_0019	Monthly rent	contin	numeric	2. Occupancy - tenure - rental Occupied: [] 0 Rented ___ colones monthly rent [] 1 X owned [] 2 X other (specify) Unoccupied: [] 3 For rent [] 4 For sale [] 5 Summer home [] 6 Under repair [] 7 Under construction [] 8 Other (specify) ___ [] 9 Unknown
V34	CR1973A_0020	Wall material	discrete	numeric	3. In the exterior walls [] 1 Wood [] 2 Cemented material (brick, cement block, metal sheet, etc.) [] 3 Adobe or cane with earth covering (bahareque) (not cemented) [] 4 Other (specify) ___
V35	CR1973A_0021	Floor material	discrete	numeric	4. In the floor [] 1 Wood [] 2 Tile [] 3 Earth [] 4 Other (specify) ___
V36	CR1973A_0022	Roof material	discrete	numeric	5. In the roof [] 1 Clay tiles [] 2 Metal sheet (zinc, etc.) [] 3 Asbestos cement [] 4 Other (specify) ___
V37	CR1973A_0023	Condition of the dwelling	discrete	numeric	6. Condition [] 1 Good [] 2 Fair [] 3 Poor
V38	CR1973A_0024	Total number of rooms	discrete	numeric	7. Rooms and bedrooms Total number of rooms ___ Of these, how many are bedrooms? ___
V39	CR1973A_0025	Rooms used only as bedrooms	discrete	numeric	7. Rooms and bedrooms Total number of rooms ___ Of these, how many are bedrooms? ___
V40	CR1973A_0026	Water supply	discrete	numeric	8. Water supply By pipe: Public system [] 1 For this dwelling only [] 2 For this and other dwellings Private system [] 3 For this dwelling only [] 4 For this and other dwellings By other means: [] 5 Well [] 6 Public source [] 7 Other (specify) ___

V41	CR1973A_0027	Bathroom facility	discrete	numeric	9. Bathroom facilities By pipe: [] 1 For this dwelling only [] 2 For this and other dwellings [] 3 By other means (specify) ____ [] 4 None
V42	CR1973A_0028	Type and use of toilet	discrete	numeric	10. Type and use of toilet facilities Sewer [] 0 For this dwelling only [] 1 For this and other dwellings Septic tank [] 2 For this dwelling only [] 3 For this and other dwellings Concrete pit toilet [] 4 For this dwelling only [] 5 For this and other dwellings Wooden pit toilet [] 6 For this dwelling only [] 7 For this and other dwellings Other type [] 8 For this dwelling only [] 9 For this and other dwellings None [] Y
V43	CR1973A_0029	Type of lighting	discrete	numeric	11. Lighting type Electric [] 1 From public utility [] 2 From private generator [] 3 From another source Other types [] 4 Kerosene (canfín) [] 5 Other (specify) ____ [] 6 None
V44	CR1973A_0030	Cooking fuel	discrete	numeric	12. Cooking fuel [] 1 Electricity [] 2 Propane gas [] 3 Kerosene (canfín) [] 4 Charcoal [] 5 Wood [] 6 Other (specify) ____ [] 7 No cooking
V45	CR1973A_0031	Radio and television	discrete	numeric	13. Appliances in the dwelling Radio - television [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4
V46	CR1973A_0032	Stove and refrigerator	discrete	numeric	13. Appliances in the dwelling Stove - refrigerator [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4
V47	CR1973A_0033	Washing machine and water heater	discrete	numeric	13. Appliances in the dwelling Washing machine - hot water heater for bath [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4
V48	CR1973A_0034	Electric iron and vacuum cleaner	discrete	numeric	13. Appliances in the dwelling Electric iron - vacuum cleaner [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4
V49	CR1973A_0035	Telephone	discrete	numeric	13. Appliances in the dwelling Telephone [] 1 [] 2
V50	CR1973A_0039	Ownership of appliances (one or more)	discrete	numeric	Ownership of appliances (one or more)
V51	CR1973A_0040	Crowding (occupants vs. sleeping rooms)	discrete	numeric	Crowding (occupants vs. sleeping rooms)
V52	CR1973A_0041	Dwelling classification	discrete	numeric	Dwelling classification
V53	CR1973A_0042	Condition of the dwelling	discrete	numeric	6. Condition [] 1 Good [] 2 Fair [] 3 Poor
V54	CR1973A_0043	Household type (composition)	discrete	numeric	Household type (composition)
V55	CR1973A_0063	Strata	contin	numeric	Strata
V56	HHWT	Household weight	contin	numeric	
V57	GEOLEV2	2nd subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time]	discrete	numeric	
V58	GEO1_CR	Costa Rica, Province 1963 - 2011 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V59	GEO1_CR1973	Costa Rica, Province 1973 [Level 1, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V60	GEO2_CR	Costa Rica, Canton 1963 - 2011 [Level 2; consistent boundaries, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V61	GEO2_CR1973	Costa Rica, Canton 1973 [Level 2, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V62	REGNCR	Costa Rica, Region	discrete	numeric	

V63	NCOUPLES	Number of married couples in household	discrete	numeric
V64	NMOTHERS	Number of mothers in household	discrete	numeric
V65	NFATHERS	Number of fathers in household	discrete	numeric
V66	COUNTRY	Country	discrete	numeric
V67	ELECTRIC	Electricity	discrete	numeric
V68	OWNERSHIP	Ownership of dwelling [general version]	discrete	numeric
V69	OWNERSHIPD	Ownership of dwelling [detailed version]	discrete	numeric
V70	HOTWATER	Hot water heater	discrete	numeric
V71	BEDROOMS	Number of bedrooms	discrete	numeric
V72	ROOF	Roof material	discrete	numeric
V73	STRATA	Strata identifier	contin	numeric

CRI1973-P-H

Content	Person records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	83
Structure	Type: relational Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version])
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	NAME	LABEL	TYPE	FORMAT	QUESTION
V74	PERNUM	Person number	contin	numeric	
V75	MOMLOC	Mother's location in household	contin	numeric	
V76	POPLOC	Father's location in household	contin	numeric	
V77	SPLOC	Spouse's location in household	contin	numeric	
V78	PARRULE	Rule for linking parent	discrete	numeric	
V79	SPRULE	Rule for linking spouse	discrete	numeric	
V80	STEPMOM	Probable stepmother	discrete	numeric	
V81	STEPPOP	Probable stepfather	discrete	numeric	
V82	POLYMAL	Man with more than one wife linked	discrete	numeric	
V83	POLY2ND	Woman is second or higher order wife	discrete	numeric	
V84	FAMUNIT	Family unit membership	contin	numeric	
V85	FAMSIZE	Number of own family members in household	discrete	numeric	
V86	NCHILD	Number of own children in household	discrete	numeric	
V87	NCHLT5	Number of own children under age 5 in household	discrete	numeric	
V88	ELDCH	Age of eldest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V89	YNGCH	Age of youngest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V90	RELATE	Relationship to household head [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V91	RELATED	Relationship to household head [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V92	AGE	Age	discrete	numeric	

V93	AGE2	Age, grouped into intervals	discrete	numeric	
V94	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	
V95	MARST	Marital status [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V96	MARSTD	Marital status [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V97	CONSENS	Consensual union	discrete	numeric	
V98	CHBORN	Children ever born	discrete	numeric	
V99	CHSURV	Children surviving	discrete	numeric	
V100	BPLCR	Province of birth, Costa Rica	discrete	numeric	
V101	CITIZEN	Citizenship	discrete	numeric	
V102	NATION	Country of citizenship	discrete	numeric	
V103	SCHOOL	School attendance	discrete	numeric	
V104	LIT	Literacy	discrete	numeric	
V105	EDUCCR	Educational attainment, Costa Rica	discrete	numeric	
V106	EMPSTAT	Activity status (employment status) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V107	EMPSTATD	Activity status (employment status) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V108	OCCISCO	Occupation, ISCO general	discrete	numeric	
V109	OCC	Occupation, unrecoded	contin	numeric	
V110	INDGEN	Industry, general recode	discrete	numeric	
V111	IND	Industry, unrecoded	contin	numeric	
V112	CLASSWK	Status in employment (class of worker) [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V113	CLASSWKD	Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V114	MIGCR2	Canton of residence 5 years ago, Costa Rica	discrete	numeric	
V115	CR1973A_0002	Person number (within household)	discrete	numeric	Person number (within household)

V116	CR1973A_0400	Relationship to head of the household	discrete	numeric	2. Relationship to the head: Mark the appropriate circle according to the relationship of the person to the "Head of the Census Family" or to the "Head of the Non-Family Group." When using the "other relatives" space, specify the relationship- circle 3 When using the "other non-relatives" space, specify the relationship- circle 5 First Person X Head In this column, put only information pertaining to the "Head of the Census Family" or "Head of the Non-Family Group." Second Person [] 1 Wife or companion [] 2 Son (Daughter) [] 3 Other relatives (specify) ____ [] 4 Servants and their relatives [] Other non-relatives (specify) ____
V117	CR1973A_0401	Sex	discrete	numeric	3. Sex Mark the appropriate circle [] 1 Male [] 2 Female
V118	CR1973A_0402	Age	discrete	numeric	4. Age Write in one space only. For those one year of age and older, write the number of years. Number of years ____ For those under one year, mark the circle [] YY Less than 1 year
V119	CR1973A_0403	Children ever born	discrete	numeric	Only for women 15 years of age and older: [Applies to questions 5 - 6] 5. How many living children have you had? [] 00 None ____ Children [] YY Unknown
V120	CR1973A_0404	Children surviving at the census time	discrete	numeric	Only for women 15 years of age and older: [Applies to questions 5 - 6] 6. How many children currently alive do you have? [] 00 None ____ Children [] YY Unknown
V121	CR1973A_0405	Marital status	discrete	numeric	7. Current marital status: Mark only one circle. Single: a person of any age who has never contracted matrimony and does not live in a consensual union. Married: one who contracted matrimony and lives in that state. Widowed: one who has not contracted matrimony since the death of a spouse, nor lives in a consensual union. Divorced: one who is legally separated and has neither remarried nor lives in a consensual union. Consensual union: one who lives in a marital union. Married separated: one who contracted matrimony and lives separately from the spouse, and does not live in a consensual union. [] 1 Single [] 2 Married [] 3 Widowed [] 4 Divorced [] 5 Consensual union [] 6 Married separated
V122	CR1973A_0406	Different canton 5 years ago	discrete	numeric	8. Habitual place of residence 5 years ago. This question refers only to people 5 years of age and older. Mark the circle "Here" if the person has lived in this canton for five or more years. If the person lived in another canton or country in Mary 1968, write the name of the canton or country. [] X Here _ _ _ ____
V123	CR1973A_0407	Residence 5 years ago, canton or country	discrete	numeric	8. Habitual place of residence 5 years ago. This question refers only to people 5 years of age and older. Mark the circle "Here" if the person has lived in this canton for five or more years. If the person lived in another canton or country in Mary 1968, write the name of the canton or country. [] X Here _ _ _ ____
V124	CR1973A_0408	Place of birth this canton	discrete	numeric	9. Place of birth Mark the circle "Here" if the mother lived in this canton at the time of the person's birth. If the mother lived in another canton write that canton. If the mother lived abroad write the country. [] X Here _ _ _ ____

V125	CR1973A_0410	Citizenship	discrete	numeric	10. Nationality Mark the "X" circle if Costa Rican by birth. Mark the "YX" circle if Costa Rican by naturalization. If a foreigner, write the appropriate nationality. [] X [] YX _ _ ____
V126	CR1973A_0411	Nationality code	discrete	numeric	10. Nationality Mark the "X" circle if Costa Rican by birth. Mark the "YX" circle if Costa Rican by naturalization. If a foreigner, write the appropriate nationality. [] X [] YX _ _ ____
V127	CR1973A_0412	Social Security affiliation	discrete	numeric	11. Social security Mark only the appropriate circle according to the coverage status of the enumerated person. [] 1 Directly covered [] 2 Covered by family member [] X Not covered
V128	CR1973A_0413	Social Security type	discrete	numeric	12. Mark only the appropriate circle according to the type of coverage of the enumerated person. [] 3 Illness and maternity [] 4 Disability, old age and death [] 5 Both coverages
V129	CR1973A_0414	Currently attending regular schooling	discrete	numeric	Only for people 6 years of age or older [Applies to questions 13 - 16] 13. Attending school, high school or university? [] 1 Yes [] 2 No
V130	CR1973A_0415	Currently attending any other type of education institution	discrete	numeric	Only for people 6 years of age or older [Applies to questions 13 - 16] 14. Attending another non regular education center? Specify: commercial, I.N.A., sewing, etc., or if not attending mark a "Y" in the "No" box. ____ [] No
V131	CR1973A_0416	Educational attainement, regular schooling	discrete	numeric	Only for people 6 years of age or older [Applies to questions 13 - 16] 15. Level of instruction What is the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, whether primary, secondary or university? Write the number corresponding to the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, after the respective level. If the person has not completed any grade, mark the circle 40. 1 Primary ____ 2 Middle (secondary) ____ 3 University ____ [] 40 No grade
V132	CR1973A_0417	Educational level	discrete	numeric	Only for people 6 years of age or older [Applies to questions 13 - 16] 15. Level of instruction What is the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, whether primary, secondary or university? Write the number corresponding to the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, after the respective level. If the person has not completed any grade, mark the circle 40. 1 Primary ____ 2 Middle (secondary) ____ 3 University ____ [] 40 No grade
V133	CR1973A_0418	Literacy	discrete	numeric	Only for people 6 years of age or older [Applies to questions 13 - 16] 16. Literacy. For individuals 10 years of age and older: Are you able to read and write? [] 1 Yes [] 2 No
V134	CR1973A_0419	Employment status	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] 17. Activity status. Mark only one circle according to the instruction on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. [] 1 Worked [] 2 Did not work [] 3X Looked for work for the first time [] 4X Student [] 5X Household duties [] 6X Pensioner or rentier [] 9X Others (specify) ____

V135	CR1973A_0420	Occupation, 3 digits	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 18. Principal occupation Specify the principal occupation held during the week of May 7th - 12th. If the status was "did not work," write the last occupation held. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. ___ _ _ _
V136	CR1973A_0421	Occupation, 2 digits	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 18. Principal occupation Specify the principal occupation held during the week of May 7th - 12th. If the status was "did not work," write the last occupation held. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. ___ _ _ _
V137	CR1973A_0422	Occupation, 1 digit	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 18. Principal occupation Specify the principal occupation held during the week of May 7th - 12th. If the status was "did not work," write the last occupation held. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. ___ _ _ _
V138	CR1973A_0423	Industry, 4 digits	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 19. Industry Write the type of activity or establishment in which the occupation noted in the previous question is pursued. If the status was "did not work," write the type of establishment in which the most recent occupation was pursued. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. ___ _ _ _ _
V139	CR1973A_0425	Industry, 2 digits	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 19. Industry Write the type of activity or establishment in which the occupation noted in the previous question is pursued. If the status was "did not work," write the type of establishment in which the most recent occupation was pursued. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. ___ _ _ _ _
V140	CR1973A_0426	Industry, 1 digit	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 19. Industry Write the type of activity or establishment in which the occupation noted in the previous question is pursued. If the status was "did not work," write the type of establishment in which the most recent occupation was pursued. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual. ___ _ _ _ _

V141	CR1973A_0427	Class of worker	discrete	numeric	Only for individuals 12 years of age and older [Applies to questions 17 - 22] Only for those who "worked" or "did not work" [Applies to questions 18-20] 20. Occupational category (employment status) [] 1 Paid worker [] 2 Own-account worker [] 3 Owner [] 4 Unpaid family worker
V142	CR1973A_0428	Household type, person record	discrete	numeric	Household type, person record
V143	CR1973A_0429	Years of schooling	discrete	numeric	Only for people 6 years of age or older [Applies to questions 13 - 16] 15. Level of instruction What is the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, whether primary, secondary or university? Write the number corresponding to the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, after the respective level. If the person has not completed any grade, mark the circle 40. 1 Primary ____ 2 Middle (secondary) ____ 3 University ____ [] 40 No grade
V144	PERWT	Person weight	contin	numeric	
V145	YRSCHOOL	Years of schooling	discrete	numeric	
V146	MIGRATE5	Migration status, 5 years	discrete	numeric	
V147	EDATTAIN	Educational attainment, international recode [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V148	EDATTAIND	Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V149	BPLCOUNTRY	Country of birth	discrete	numeric	
V150	MIGCTRY5	Country of residence 5 years ago	discrete	numeric	
V151	NATIVITY	Nativity status	discrete	numeric	
V152	YEARP	Year [person version]	contin	numeric	
V153	SAMPLEP	IPUMS sample identifier [person version]	contin	numeric	
V154	SERIAL	Household serial number [person version]	contin	numeric	
V155	COUNTRYP	Country [person version]	contin	numeric	
V156	RECTYPEP	Record type [person version]	discrete	character	

Record type (RECTYPE)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: character	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	

Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.

NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of 'H' for household records and 'P' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

Year (YEAR)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1960-2011	

Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 32197001-894201001	

Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g, 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

Household serial number (SERIAL)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002
Colombia 1993, 2005
Costa Rica 1984, 2000
Cuba 2002
Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010
Ecuador 1990, 2001
Germany 1971
Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001
Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001
Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000
Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005
Nigeria 2006
Panama 2000
Peru 1993, 2007
Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001
Spain 1991
Uruguay 2011
Venezuela 1990, 2001
Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.

SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

Number of person records in the household (PERSONS)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99. Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract 10% of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

Number of unrelated persons (UNREL)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

UNREL indicates the number of persons in the household who are unrelated to the head.

Urban-rural status (URBAN)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

URBAN indicates whether the household was located in a place designated as urban or as rural.

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-54

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

Water supply (WATSUP)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

WATSUP describes the physical means by which the housing unit receives its water. The primary distinction is whether or not the household had piped (running) water.

Sewage (SEWAGE)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SEWAGE indicates whether the household has access to a sewage system or septic tank.

Telephone availability (PHONE)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PHONE indicates the availability of a telephone in the dwelling.

Refrigerator (REFRIG)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

REFRIG indicates whether the household had a refrigerator.

Television set (TV)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

TV indicates whether the household had a television.

Radio in household (RADIO)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RADIO indicates whether the household had a radio.

Number of rooms (ROOMS)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ROOMS indicates the number of rooms occupied by the housing unit.

Toilet (TOILET)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

TOILET indicates whether the household had access to a toilet and, in most cases, whether it was a flush toilet or other type of installation.

Bathing facilities (BATH)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

BATH indicates whether the household had access to bathing facilities and, in most cases, whether it had exclusive access.

Floor material (FLOOR)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

FLOOR indicates the dwelling's predominant flooring material.

Household classification (HHTYPE)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

HHTYPE is a constructed variable that describes the composition of households.
HHTYPE is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head), from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father), and from information on group quarters status, GQ.

Number of families in household (NFAMS)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

NFAMS is a constructed variable that indicates the number of families within each household. A "family" is any group of persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage. An unrelated individual within the household is considered a separate family. Thus, a household consisting of a widow and her servant contains two families; a household consisting of a large, multiple-generation extended family with no lodgers or servants would count as a single family.

NFAMS is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head) and from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father). See those variable descriptions for more detail.

Head's location in household (HEADLOC)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

HEADLOC gives the person number of the head of household in samples in which persons are organized into households.

1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 6	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 32002-894010	

Description

GEOLEV1 indicates the major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. First administrative units in GEOLEV1 have been spatiotemporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

Dwelling number (CR1973A_0001)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 6	
Decimals: 0	

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling/household number.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Dwelling number

Number of persons in household (CR1973A_0003)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-30

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates number of persons in a household.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of persons in household

Household created by splitting apart a large dwelling (CR1973A_0053)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates if household created by splitting apart a large dwelling.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Household created by splitting apart a large dwelling

Number of persons in large dwelling before it was split (CR1973A_0054)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-949

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates number of persons in large dwelling before it was split.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of persons in large dwelling before it was split

Region (CR1973A_0015)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the household's region.

Universe

All households

Literal question

___ Province
___ Canton
___ District
___ Segment
___ Zone number
___ Section number

[] Urban
[] Rural

_ _ Office use
_ _ _ _ Dwelling number (visit order)
___ Neighborhood or hamlet
___ Highway, route, etc.
___ Avenues (numbers)
___ Streets (names)
___ Institution (name)

Interviewer instructions

The information referring to: Province, Canton, District, Segment, Zone, Section, Urban or Rural, should be taken from the title page of the folder, since they are equal for all forms of each segment.

Urban (CR1973A_0016)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the household is located in an urban or rural area.

Universe

All households

Literal question

____ Province
____ Canton
____ District
____ Segment
____ Zone number
____ Section number

[] Urban
[] Rural

_ _ Office use
_ _ _ _ Dwelling number (visit order)
____ Neighborhood or hamlet
____ Highway, route, etc.
____ Avenues (numbers)
____ Streets (names)
____ Institution (name)

Interviewer instructions

The information referring to: Province, Canton, District, Segment, Zone, Section, Urban or Rural, should be taken from the title page of the folder, since they are equal for all forms of each segment.

Dwelling type (CR1973A_0017)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling type (ordinary, ranch, improvise, or collective).

Universe

All households

Literal question

1. Type

Private dwelling:

[] 1 Ordinary
[] 2 Shack (rancho)
[] 3 Marginal
[] 4 Mobile

[] 5 Collective dwelling

Interviewer instructions

4.3.- Question No. 1. Type:

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

4.3.1.- Private Dwelling: is used as a living quarters by a Census Family. It is classified in the following types:

4.3.1.1.- Ordinary: Private Dwelling of Ordinary Type is a room or group of rooms and their dependencies, located in a house, building or permanent place, permanent is considered as with a durability of 10 years or more and has been built with long lasting materials like cement, cement blocks, bricks, wood, etc.

In this type of place are found: houses, apartments, independent flats, etc

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4.3.1.2.- Shack: is any room or group of rooms built with rustic local materials without any special treatment. Generally they have a roof and/or walls of palm leaves, straw, bamboo, etc. In this type of dwelling are found shacks, cabins, huts, etc.

4.3.1.3.- Marginal: In this type of dwelling are included

a) Improvised Dwelling: is a room or group of rooms built with discarded materials, without any preconceived plan and that is found to be occupied on the day of the enumeration.

This type of dwelling always is found on the banks of rivers, under bridges, in the outskirts of cities, and the majority is found in groups. It is a so-called hovel.

b) Dwelling in a building or permanent place not meant to be a human dwelling: dwelling units that have not been built, adapted or transformed for human habitation, but that are found to be occupied as a dwelling on the day of enumeration. Examples: Dwelling Units in wine cellars, granaries, stables, factories, garages, stores, offices, guard booths, etc.

c) Other places not meant to be a human dwelling: is a place not meant to be a human dwelling, but used as such the day of enumeration. Examples: Caves or any other natural refuge.

4.3.1.4.- Mobile: A mobile dwelling is understood to be a place built to be moved and that is found to be inhabited the day of enumeration.

Examples: Camping tents, ships, boats, railroad cars, trailers, etc.

4.3.2.- Collective Dwelling: is a house, building or place where a Non- Family Group resides, therefore in it persons are lodged for reasons of health, discipline, security, work, study, social adaptation, religious seclusion, etc.

Examples: Hospitals, jails, reformatories, convents, interned institutions, campgrounds, etc.

Mark the circle corresponding to collective dwelling (5) when in the identification you wrote down the name corresponding to an institution. When it concerns this type of dwelling do not ask the rest of the questions referring to the Dwelling form and continue with the Population form.

Occupancy and ownership status (CR1973A_0018)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the type of occupancy and ownership status of the dwelling.

Universe

Private dwellings

Literal question

2. Occupancy - tenure - rental

Occupied:

[] 0 Rented

____ colones monthly rent

[] 1 X owned
[] 2 X other (specify)

Unoccupied:

[] 3 For rent
[] 4 For sale
[] 5 Summer home
[] 6 Under repair
[] 7 Under construction
[] 8 Other (specify) ____

[] 9 Unknown

Interviewer instructions

4.4.- Question No. 2.- Occupancy, tenure, rental.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

[p. 22]

4.4.1.- Occupied: is a Private Dwelling where one or more persons reside on the date of the census, May 14, 1973 or the day of enumeration.

It can be occupied under only one of the following forms of Ownership:

4.4.1.1.- Rented: When rent is paid for living in it.

If a Private Dwelling is rented, the amount in colones that is paid by the month should be written down. Do not write down cents. For example: If they pay 300, 50 colones, only write down 300.oo colones.

If the form of payment is not monthly, write it down in "Observations", for example: Weekly, every two weeks, annually, etc.

4.4.1.2.- Owned: is a Private dwelling that belongs to the Head of the Census Family or to some or all of the members of the family.

A dwelling is owned even when it is mortgaged, or is not completely paid for.

Hovels and dwellings in poor areas, write them down as owned.

4.4.1.3.- Other: Included in this form of ownership are private dwellings that are not found to be occupied, by "Renters" Rented or by "Owners" Owned.

Examples: When a family inhabits a dwelling freely [without paying]. When a worker or employee of a farm lives in a house for which rent is not paid, that is, the dwelling is ceded for the services that are provided, or for other reasons.

4.4.2.- Unoccupied: is a Private Dwelling in which one or more persons does not reside on the date of the census May 14, 1973 or the day of enumeration.

It can be unoccupied under only one of the following forms of ownership: for rent, for sale, for the summer, under repair, under construction, other, do not know.

When a dwelling is under construction, the degree of construction should be taken into account on the date of the census May 14, 1973 or the day of enumeration.

If a Private Dwelling is unoccupied because it is going to be torn down or is in the process of demolition, it should not be taken into account in the census.

Keep in mind that marginal and mobile dwellings, by definition, only are to be enumerated if they are occupied on the day of enumeration.

If the dwelling was written down as unoccupied, finish the enumeration of this dwelling with this question.

Monthly rent (CR1973A_0019)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	

Description

This variable indicates the monthly rent paid for rented dwellings.

Universe

Occupied, rented private dwellings

Literal question

2. Occupancy - tenure - rental

Occupied:

[] 0 Rented

____ colones monthly rent

[] 1 X owned
[] 2 X other (specify)

Unoccupied:

[] 3 For rent
[] 4 For sale
[] 5 Summer home
[] 6 Under repair
[] 7 Under construction
[] 8 Other (specify) ____

[] 9 Unknown

Interviewer instructions

4.4.- Question No. 2.- Occupancy, tenure, rental.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

[p. 22]

4.4.1.- Occupied: is a Private Dwelling where one or more persons reside on the date of the census, May 14, 1973 or the day of enumeration.

It can be occupied under only one of the following forms of Ownership:

4.4.1.1.- Rented: When rent is paid for living in it.

If a Private Dwelling is rented, the amount in colones that is paid by the month should be written down. Do not write down cents. For example: If they pay 300, 50 colones, only write down 300.oo colones.

If the form of payment is not monthly, write it down in "Observations", for example: Weekly, every two weeks, annually, etc.

4.4.1.2.- Owned: is a Private dwelling that belongs to the Head of the Census Family or to some or all of the members of the family.

A dwelling is owned even when it is mortgaged, or is not completely paid for.

Hovels and dwellings in poor areas, write them down as owned.

4.4.1.3.- Other: Included in this form of ownership are private dwellings that are not found to be occupied, by "Renters" Rented or by "Owners" Owned.

Examples: When a family inhabits a dwelling freely [without paying]. When a worker or employee of a farm lives in a house for which rent is not paid, that is, the dwelling is ceded for the services that are provided, or for other reasons.

4.4.2.- Unoccupied: is a Private Dwelling in which one or more persons does not reside on the date of the census May 14, 1973 or the day of enumeration.

It can be unoccupied under only one of the following forms of ownership: for rent, for sale, for the summer, under repair, under construction, other, do not know.

When a dwelling is under construction, the degree of construction should be taken into account on the date of the census May 14, 1973 or the day of enumeration.

If a Private Dwelling is unoccupied because it is going to be torn down or is in the process of demolition, it should not be taken into account in the census.

Keep in mind that marginal and mobile dwellings, by definition, only are to be enumerated if they are occupied on the day of enumeration.

If the dwelling was written down as unoccupied, finish the enumeration of this dwelling with this question.

Wall material (CR1973A_0020)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description	

This variable indicates the predominant material of the dwelling's walls.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

3. In the exterior walls

[] 1 Wood
[] 2 Cemented material (brick, cement block, metal sheet, etc.)
[] 3 Adobe or cane with earth covering (bahareque) (not cemented)
[] 4 Other (specify) ____

Interviewer instructions

4.5.- Question 3.- Predominant Materials in the Exterior Walls:

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

[p. 23]

The circle corresponding to what is the predominant material in the construction of the outside walls should be marked.

4.5.1.- Wood: Wood of any class

4.5.2.- Cemented Material: Include all cemented (repellado) material like: Brick, concrete block, stone, etc. Outside walls of adobe and cane with earth covered with a cement cap (bahareque) should be included also.

4.5.3.- Adobe or Bahareque: Include blocks of earth called adobe. Also bahareque should be included, which is a structure formed by beams of wood, cane, mud and pieces of tile.

4.5.4.- Other: The material that is different that those described in the previous points should be specified. Examples: Straw, palm, sticks, etc.

Floor material (CR1973A_0021)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the predominant material of the dwelling's floor.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

4. In the floor

[] 1 Wood
[] 2 Tile
[] 3 Earth
[] 4 Other (specify) ____

Interviewer instructions

4.6.- Question 4.- Predominant Materials in the Floor:

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

The circle corresponding to what is the predominant material in the majority of the floors of the rooms in the dwelling should be marked.

Do not forget to write down in the space "Other", to indicate the material that it concerns.

Examples: Terrazzo, concrete, brick, parquet, etc.

Roof material (CR1973A_0022)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the predominant material of the dwelling's roof.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

5. In the roof

[] 1 Clay tiles
[] 2 Metal sheet (zinc, etc.)
[] 3 Asbestos cement
[] 4 Other (specify) ____

Interviewer instructions

4.7.- Question 5.- Predominant Material in the Roof

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

Equally as in the previous question, mark the corresponding circle. If you had to mark "Other", do not forget to specify the material; examples: plastic sheets, palm, etc.

Condition of the dwelling (CR1973A_0023)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the condition of the dwelling.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

6. Condition

[] 1 Good
[] 2 Fair
[] 3 Poor

Interviewer instructions

4.8.- Question 6.- Condition

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

4.8.1.- Good: A dwelling in good condition to be inhabited, and that does not show apparent flaws.

4.8.2.- Fair: A dwelling that requires repairs of some importance, by damages or lack of floor, ceiling, or defects in the walls or roofs.

4.8.3- Bad: is a dwelling that is found to be very deteriorated by a sunken or cracked base, cracked collapsing walls with holes or, deteriorated or unsafe roofs, foundations in a bad state, etc.

Also to be considered is the case of an inadequate dwelling having discarded materials used in the foundation, walls or roof.

Therefore, the general criteria for classifying a dwelling as bad will be that such building should be totally eliminated or substituted.

A hovel is a dwelling in a bad state.

Total number of rooms (CR1973A_0024)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description
This variable indicates the total number of rooms in the dwelling.

Universe
Occupied private dwellings

Literal question
7. Rooms and bedrooms

Total number of rooms ____
Of these, how many are bedrooms? ____

Interviewer instructions
4.9.- Rooms and Bedrooms.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

4.9.1.- Total Number of Rooms: Ask, - How many rooms does the dwelling have?

Remember that "Room" is any compartment or area that the dwelling has for purposes of lodging: Living room, dining room, kitchen, bedrooms, studies, patios, recreation rooms, servants' rooms.

To be excluded are: Hallway, porches, bathrooms, inner patios, depots or garages.

Those rooms that are used exclusively for commercial, industrial or service purposes should not be considered rooms of a Dwelling. For example: Office of a lawyer, dentist, doctor, store, local store, bar, workshop, barber shop, etc.

4.9.2.- Of these how many are Bedrooms?: A bedroom is any room used principally for sleeping.

In the case of dwellings of only one room, zero (0) bedrooms will be marked. It is also the case of places that are, for example: A shoe store's workshop, wine cellar, local store, or any other that also serves as residence to one or more persons. Those dwellings that consist of one room and that is used exclusively for sleeping should be written down 1 room and 1 bedroom.

Rooms used only as bedrooms (CR1973A_0025)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of rooms used exclusively as bedrooms.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

7. Rooms and bedrooms

Total number of rooms ____
Of these, how many are bedrooms? ____

Interviewer instructions

4.9.- Rooms and Bedrooms.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

4.9.1.- Total Number of Rooms: Ask, - How many rooms does the dwelling have?

Remember that "Room" is any compartment or area that the dwelling has for purposes of lodging: Living room, dining room, kitchen, bedrooms, studies, patios, recreation rooms, servants' rooms.

To be excluded are: Hallway, porches, bathrooms, inner patios, depots or garages.

Those rooms that are used exclusively for commercial, industrial or service purposes should not be considered rooms of a Dwelling. For example: Office of a lawyer, dentist, doctor, store, local store, bar, workshop, barber shop, etc.

4.9.2.- Of these how many are Bedrooms?: A bedroom is any room used principally for sleeping.

In the case of dwellings of only one room, zero (0) bedrooms will be marked. It is also the case of places that are, for example: A shoe store's workshop, wine cellar, local store, or any other that also serves as residence to one or more persons. Those dwellings that consist of one room and that is used exclusively for sleeping should be written down 1 room and 1 bedroom.

Water supply (CR1973A_0026)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the source of drinking water of the dwelling.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

8. Water supply

By pipe:

Public system

[] 1 For this dwelling only
[] 2 For this and other dwellings

Private system

[] 3 For this dwelling only
[] 4 For this and other dwellings

By other means:

[] 5 Well
[] 6 Public source
[] 7 Other (specify) ____

Interviewer instructions

5.1.- Question 8.- Water Supply

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

5.1.1.- Piped: should be understood as a piped water supply, supplied through pipes, from a public or private system.

5.1.1.1.- Public System: belongs to a public entity. Examples: National Service of Water and Sewer Systems "SNAA", and the Municipalities.

5.1.1.2.- Private System: is the property of a private entity, any that has its own jurisdiction, such as individuals, cooperatives, societies, etc. Example: Water facilities in private forms.

5.1.1.3.- Only for this Dwelling: is the case of the water supply that is connected for the exclusive use of the dwelling.

5.1.1.4.- For this and other Dwellings: When the connection of the pipe is for the use of one or more dwellings. It is the case of a pipe that is generally outside of the dwelling.

5.1.2.- By other means:

5.1.2.1.- Well: When underground water is extracted by means of a pump or by a bucket, etc. we have the water supply by well.

5.1.2.2.- Public Source: The water supply is from the Public Source when the water is taken from a public place for communal use.

5.1.2.3.- Other: In the case that the dwelling does not have any of the previous supply systems, the supply source where the water is obtained will be specified. Examples: River, gully, irrigation ditch, rain water, etc.

Do not forget that only a single circle should be marked.

Bathroom facility (CR1973A_0027)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the type of bathroom facilities available.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

9. Bathroom facilities

By pipe:

[] 1 For this dwelling only
[] 2 For this and other dwellings

[] 3 By other means (specify) ____
[] 4 None

Interviewer instructions

5.2.- Question 9.- Bathroom facilities.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

It is considered that the dwelling has a bath when it is provided from a place for these facilities. The place can be outside or inside the dwelling.

[5.2.1.-] Piped: The corresponding circle is to be marked if the bath receives water by means of pipes, for the exclusive use of a dwelling or for two or more dwellings.

5.2.2.- By other Means: Here the corresponding circle is marked when the dwelling has bath facilities, that does not receive water through pipes. Where the water comes from should be specified, for example: River, well, irrigation ditch, public source, etc.

5.2.3.- Does not have: When the dwelling does not have a place meant for bathing, the circle corresponding to "Does not have" will be marked.

In rented houses in narrow streets (pasajes) or when there are rooms in places to be rented and the bath is for the service of all the dwellings, it should be considered that each one has bath facilities.

Type and use of toilet (CR1973A_0028)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the type and use of the dwelling's toilet facilities.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

10. Type and use of toilet facilities

Sewer

[] 0 For this dwelling only
[] 1 For this and other dwellings

Septic tank

[] 2 For this dwelling only
[] 3 For this and other dwellings

Concrete pit toilet

[] 4 For this dwelling only
[] 5 For this and other dwellings

Wooden pit toilet

[] 6 For this dwelling only
[] 7 For this and other dwellings

Other type

[] 8 For this dwelling only
[] 9 For this and other dwellings

None

[] Y

Interviewer instructions

5.3.- Question 10.- Class and Use of Sanitary Facilities

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

[p. 27]

Mark with a single "X" the circle corresponding to the service that the dwelling has, either for the use of a single or for two or more dwellings.

5.3.1.- Sewer: System of toilet bowls connected to the system of water supply which eliminates human residue through means of water and pressure and is connected to a public or private system of sewers or sanitary sewer system.

Sewer (sewer system) exists when a system is correctly installed and covered [underground] that eliminates sewage. It can be that which serves a whole city of part of it and that takes the residue to the sea, a river, a common tank, as is the case with some private residential complexes (ciudadelas).

5.3.2.- Septic Tank: is a system of toilet bowls that is connected to a cement tank, which eliminates "negras" waters by special Procedures and that generally is built in the patio of the house.

5.3.3.- Pit Toilet (Pozo Negro): consists of a pit more or less deep over which is a hut. They can be of two classes.

5.3.3.1.- Of Concrete: When the floor and the walls are concrete.

5.3.3.2.- Of Wood: When the floor or the walls or both are wooden.

5.3.4.- Other Type: It is marked here when the dwelling does not have any of the types of facilities described in the previous points.

5.3.5.- Does not have: When the dwelling does not have any type of sanitary facilities.

Type of lighting (CR1973A_0029)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the type of lighting in the dwelling.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

11. Lighting type

Electric

[] 1 From public utility
[] 2 From private generator
[] 3 From another source

Other types

[] 4 Kerosene (canfín)
[] 5 Other (specify) ____

[] 6 None

Interviewer instructions

5.4.- Question 11.- Lighting Type

[Below the box is a filled out form.]

Only a single circle should be marked, according to whether the type of lighting and agreeing with the following criteria:

5.4.1.- Electric

5.4.1.1.- From public utility: is considered as such, service supplied by: the Costa Rican Institute of Electricity "ICE", National Company of Power and Light, Administrative Board of Electrical Services of Cartago "JASEC", etc., Municipalities, Electric Cooperatives, private companies, or persons whose job is to supply this type of service to various dwellings.

[p. 28]

5.4.1.2.- From private generator: The dwellings that have a system of electric light of exclusive use are considered, a plant, dynamo, etc.

5.4.1.3.- From another source: If the dwelling does not have any of the types of lighting previously described, it will be marked in this heading, it can be like service because of (compensation to) working on a farm, a factory, mine, etc.

5.4.2.- Other Types: Types of lighting different than electric will be indicated here, like kerosene, candles, etc., being careful to specify always what is used in the space "Other".

5.4.3.- Does not have: is considered when the dwelling does not have any type of lighting.

Cooking fuel (CR1973A_0030)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the cooking fuel used in the dwelling.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

12. Cooking fuel

[] 1 Electricity
[] 2 Propane gas
[] 3 Kerosene (canfín)
[] 4 Charcoal
[] 5 Wood
[] 6 Other (specify) ____
[] 7 No cooking

Interviewer instructions

5.5.- Question 12.- Cooking Fuel

[Below the box is a filled out form.]

The corresponding circle should be marked according to the type or class of fuel used most frequently for cooking.

The heading "No Kitchen" is marked when in the dwelling the kitchen is not used to prepare food or meals are not prepared, although it has a kitchen or other similar facilities.

Radio and television (CR1973A_0031)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates if the household owns a radio or a TV.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

13. Appliances in the dwelling

Radio - television

[] 1
[] 2
[] 3
[] 4

Interviewer instructions

5.6.- Question 13.- Appliances in the Dwelling

Question No. 13 refers only to the following appliances existing in the Dwelling:

Radio - Television Set
Stove - Refrigerator
Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath
Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner
Telephone

In this question only one circle should be marked in each case

5.6.1.- Radio - Television Set: It should be asked if it [the dwelling] has a Radio and if it has a Television Set. If it only has a Radio circle 1 will be marked, if it only has a Television Set circle 2 will be marked, in case it has both appliances circle 3 will be marked, when it does not have either circle 0 will be marked.

Stove and refrigerator (CR1973A_0032)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates if a household owns a stove or a refrigerator.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

13. Appliances in the dwelling

Stove - refrigerator

[] 1
[] 2
[] 3
[] 4

Interviewer instructions

5.6.- Question 13.- Appliances in the Dwelling

Question No. 13 refers only to the following appliances existing in the Dwelling:

Radio - Television Set
Stove - Refrigerator
Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath
Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner
Telephone

In this question only one circle should be marked in each case

5.6.2.- Stove - Refrigerator: It should be asked if it has an Oven and if it has a Refrigerator. If it only has an Oven circle 1 will be marked, if it only has a Refrigerator circle 2 will be marked, in case it has both appliances circle 3 will be marked, when it does not have either circle 0 will be marked

Washing machine and water heater (CR1973A_0033)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates if the household owns a washing machine or a water heater for the bath.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

13. Appliances in the dwelling

Washing machine - hot water heater for bath

[] 1
[] 2
[] 3
[] 4

Interviewer instructions

5.6.- Question 13.- Appliances in the Dwelling

Question No. 13 refers only to the following appliances existing in the Dwelling:

Radio - Television Set
Stove - Refrigerator
Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath
Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner
Telephone

In this question only one circle should be marked in each case

5.6.3.- Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath: It should be asked if it has a Washer and if it has a Bath Warmer. If it only has a Washer circle 1 will be marked, if it only has a Bath Warmer circle 2 will be marked, in case it has both appliances circle 3 will be marked, when it does not have either circle 0 will be marked.

Electric iron and vacuum cleaner (CR1973A_0034)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description
This variable indicates if the household owns an iron or a vacuum cleaner.

Universe
Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

13. Appliances in the dwelling

Electric iron - vacuum cleaner

[] 1
[] 2
[] 3
[] 4

Interviewer instructions

5.6.- Question 13.- Appliances in the Dwelling

Question No. 13 refers only to the following appliances existing in the Dwelling:

Radio - Television Set
Stove - Refrigerator
Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath
Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner
Telephone

In this question only one circle should be marked in each case

5.6.4.- Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner: It should be asked if it has an Electric Iron and if it has an Electric Toothbrush. If it only has an Electric Iron circle 1 will be marked, if it only has a Electric Toothbrush circle 2 will be marked, in case it has both appliances circle 3 will be marked, when it does not have either circle 0 will be marked.

Telephone (CR1973A_0035)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description
This variable indicates if the household has a telephone.

Universe
Occupied private dwellings

Literal question
13. Appliances in the dwelling

Telephone

[] 1
[] 2

Interviewer instructions

5.6.- Question 13.- Appliances in the Dwelling

Question No. 13 refers only to the following appliances existing in the Dwelling:

Radio - Television Set
Stove - Refrigerator
Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath
Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner
Telephone

In this question only one circle should be marked in each case

5.6.5.- Telephone: It should be asked if it has one or it does not have one. If it has a telephone circle 1 should be marked and if it does not have one circle 0 should be marked.

Ownership of appliances (one or more) (CR1973A_0039)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the household owns one or more appliances.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

Ownership of appliances (one or more)

Interviewer instructions

5.6.- Question 13.- Appliances in the Dwelling

Question No. 13 refers only to the following appliances existing in the Dwelling:

Radio - Television Set
Stove - Refrigerator
Washing Machine - Hot Water Heater for Bath
Electric Iron - Vacuum Cleaner
Telephone

In this question only one circle should be marked in each case

Crowding (occupants vs. sleeping rooms) (CR1973A_0040)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the household is crowded or not (in terms of number of people per room).

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

Crowding (occupants vs. sleeping rooms)

Dwelling classification (CR1973A_0041)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates the adequacy of the dwelling for habitation purposes.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

Dwelling classification

Condition of the dwelling (CR1973A_0042)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the condition of the dwelling.

Universe

Occupied private dwellings

Literal question

6. Condition

[] 1 Good
[] 2 Fair
[] 3 Poor

Interviewer instructions

4.8.- Question 6.- Condition

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

4.8.1.- Good: A dwelling in good condition to be inhabited, and that does not show apparent flaws.

4.8.2.- Fair: A dwelling that requires repairs of some importance, by damages or lack of floor, ceiling, or defects in the walls or roofs.

4.8.3- Bad: is a dwelling that is found to be very deteriorated by a sunken or cracked base, cracked collapsing walls with holes or, deteriorated or unsafe roofs, foundations in a bad state, etc.

Also to be considered is the case of an inadequate dwelling having discarded materials used in the foundation, walls or roof.

Therefore, the general criteria for classifying a dwelling as bad will be that such building should be totally eliminated or substituted.

A hovel is a dwelling in a bad state.

Household type (composition) (CR1973A_0043)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of household, according to its composition.

Universe

Occupied private and collective dwellings

Literal question

Household type (composition)

Strata (CR1973A_0063)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable is the strata identifier for the sample. Strata is a constructed variable that captures the implicit geographic stratification resulting from the sample design. It is created by assigning a unique identifier to groups of between 10 and 19 adjacent households. Additional documentation is available on the Variance Estimation page.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Strata

Household weight (HHWT)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

2nd subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV2)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 9
Decimals: 0
Range: 32002001-888888888

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEOLEV2 indicates the second major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. Second administrative units in GEOLEV2 have been spatio-temporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

Costa Rica, Province 1963 - 2011 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1_CR)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 6	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 188001-188007	

Description

GEO1_CR identifies the household's province within Costa Rica in all sample years. Provinces are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1_CR is spatially harmonized to account for political boundary changes across census years. Some detail is lost in harmonization. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_CR can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for Costa Rica can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

Costa Rica, Province 1973 [Level 1, GIS] (GEO1_CR1973)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-7	

Description

GEO1_CR1973 identifies the household's province within Costa Rica in 1973. Provinces are the first level administrative units of the country. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_CR1973 can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for Costa Rica can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

Costa Rica, Canton 1963 - 2011 [Level 2; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO2_CR)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 188001001-188007003	

Description

GEO2_CR identifies the household's canton within Costa Rica in all sample years. Cantons are the second level administrative units of the country, after provinces. GEO2_CR is spatially harmonized to account for political boundary changes across census years. Some detail is lost in harmonization; see the comparability discussion. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO2_CR can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for Costa Rica can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

Costa Rica, Canton 1973 [Level 2, GIS] (GEO2_CR1973)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 6
Decimals: 0
Range: 1001-7003

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEO2_CR1973 identifies the household's canton within Costa Rica in 1973. Cantons are the second level administrative units of the country, after provinces. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO2_CR1973 can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for Costa Rica can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

Costa Rica, Region (REGNCR)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-7

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

REGNCR identifies the region within Costa Rica in all sample years. REGNCR is harmonized by name and does not account for boundary changes over time.

The full set of geography variables for Costa Rica can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level of any country refer to GEOLEV1 , and GEOLEV2 . More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCOUPLES is a constructed variable indicating the number of married/in-union couples within a household.

NCOUPLES is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable SPLOC (spouse's location in the household).

Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

NMOTHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of mothers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NMOTHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable MOMLOC (mother's location in the household).

Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

NFATHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of fathers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NFATHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable POPLOC (father's location in the household).

Country (COUNTRY)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 32-894	

Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

Electricity (ELECTRIC)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

ELECTRIC indicates whether the household had access to electricity.

Ownership of dwelling [general version] (OWNERSHIP)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

Ownership of dwelling [detailed version] (OWNERSHIPD)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

OWNERSHIP indicates whether a member of the household owned the housing unit. Households that acquired their unit with a mortgage or other lending arrangement were understood to "own" their unit even if they had not yet completed repayment. For those that did not own their housing unit, several options were possible: renting (from various types of owners), subletting, usufruct, and de facto occupation.

Hot water heater (HOTWATER)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

HOTWATER indicates whether the housing unit had a water heater.

Number of bedrooms (BEDROOMS)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BEDROOMS indicates the number of rooms available to members of the household for sleeping.

Roof material (ROOF)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling's predominant roofing material.

Strata identifier (STRATA)
File: CRI1973-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 12
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable is the strata identifier for the sample. The STRATA variable provides information about the sample design that can be used to improve estimation.

Person number (PERNUM)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with "1" for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

Mother's location in household (MOMLOC)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MOMLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's mother lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the mother (see PERNUM). MOMLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) mothers.

The method by which probable child-mother links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of MOMLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: MOMLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepmother and adopted mother) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPMOM is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Father's location in household (POPLOC)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's father lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the father (see PERNUM). POPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) fathers.

The method by which probable child-father links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of POPLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: POPLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepfather and adopted father) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPPOP is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Spouse's location in household (SPLOC)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	

Description

SPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's spouse lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number (PERNUM) of the spouse. SPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of (probable) spouses.

The method by which probable spouse-spouse links are identified is described in SPRULE.

The general design of SPLOC and other constructed variables is modeled on the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships", but the details vary significantly.

Rule for linking parent (PARRULE)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-52	

Description

PARRULE describes the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variables MOMLOC and POPLOC linked the person to a probable mother and/or father.

IPUMS-International establishes child-parent links according to five basic rules, and PARRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A link to any parent automatically generates a second link to that parent's spouse or partner, so only one rule is needed to describe both MOMLOC and POPLOC.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Rule for linking spouse (SPRULE)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-6	

Description

SPRULE explains the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variable SPLOC linked the person to his/her probable spouse.

IPUMS-International establishes spouse-spouse links according to five basic rules, and SPRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A sixth rule identifies sample-specific linking procedures only imposed in selected instances.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Probable stepmother (STEPMOM)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPMOM indicates whether a person's mother, as identified by MOMLOC, was most probably not the person's biological mother. Non-zero values of STEPMOM explain why it is probable that the person's mother was a step- or adopted mother. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepmother because (1) the mother identified in MOMLOC was probably the biological mother or (2) there is no mother of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPMOM are as follows:

0 = Biological mother or no mother of this person present in household.
1 = Mother has no children borne or surviving.
2 = Child reports mother is deceased.
3 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner, stepchild/child-in-law).
4 = Mother reports no children in the home.
5 = Age difference between mother and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
6 = Child exceeds known fertility of mother.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepmothers and adopted mothers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPMOM will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Probable stepfather (STEPPOP)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPPOP indicates whether a person's father, as identified by POPLOC , was most probably not the person's biological father. Non-zero values of STEPPOP explain why it is probable that the person's father was a step- or adopted father. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepfather because (1) the father identified in POPLOC was probably the biological father or (2) there is no father of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPPOP are as follows:

0 = Biological father or no father of this person present in household.
1 = Child reports father is deceased.
2 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner; stepchild/child-in-law).
3 = Age difference between father and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepfathers and adopted fathers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPPOP will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Man with more than one wife linked (POLYMAL)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-1	

Description

POLYMAL indicates if a man had more than one wife linked to him in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household.

The point of POLYMAL is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Woman is second or higher order wife (POLY2ND)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-1	

Description

POLY2ND indicates if a woman was the second or higher order wife linked to a husband in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household. The variable does not suggest the actual marital order of wives, only their relative positions in the person order of the household as it was enumerated.

The point of POLY2ND is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Family unit membership (FAMUNIT)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	

Description

FAMUNIT is a constructed variable indicating to which family within the household a person belongs.

All persons related to the household head receive a 1 (see RELATE). Each secondary family or secondary individual receives a higher code. For purposes of FAMUNIT, secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FAMSIZE counts the number of the person's own family members living in the household with her/him, including the person her/himself. These include all persons related to the person by blood, adoption, or marriage as indicated by the census forms or inferred from them.

FAMSIZE is calculated from the units identified in the IPUMS constructed variable FAMUNIT (family unit membebership). The primary family is defined as all persons related to the head in the RELATE variable. Secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own children in household (NCHILD)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHILD provides a count of the person's own children living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Number of own children under age 5 in household (NCHLT5)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHLT5 provides a count of the person's own children under age five living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ELDCH gives the age of the person's oldest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

ELDCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Age of youngest own child in household (YNGCH)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

YNGCH gives the age of the person's youngest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

YNGCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1000-9999	

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Age (AGE)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-98	

Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

Sex (SEX)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

Marital status [general version] (MARST)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Consensual union (CONSENS)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CONSENS indicates whether the respondent was in a consensual union -- a de facto marriage.

Children ever born (CHBORN)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CHBORN reports the number of children ever born to each woman of whom the question was asked. In most samples, women were to report all live births by all fathers, whether or not the child was still living.

Children surviving (CHSURV)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CHSURV reports the number of children born to a woman who were still living at the time of the census.

Province of birth, Costa Rica (BPLCR)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description

BPLCR indicates the province in Costa Rica in which the person was born.

Citizenship (CITIZEN)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

CITIZEN indicates the person's citizenship status within the country in which they were enumerated.

Country of citizenship (NATION)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 5	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99999	

Description

NATION indicates the person's country of citizenship.

School attendance (SCHOOL)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	**Valid cases: 0**
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

SCHOOL indicates whether or not the person attended school at the time of the census or within some specified period of time prior to the census.

Literacy (LIT)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

LIT indicates whether or not the respondent could read and write in any language. A person is typically considered literate if he or she can both read and write. All other persons are illiterate, including those who can either read or write but cannot do both.

Educational attainment, Costa Rica (EDUCCR)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDUCCR indicates the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed and the number of years completed at that level.

Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] (EMPSTATD)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description

OCCISCO records the person's primary occupation, coded according to the major categories in the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) scheme for 1988. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is typically the one in which the person had spent the most time or earned the most money.

Occupation, unrecoded (OCC)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	

Description

OCC records the person's primary occupation, classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is usually the one in which the person spent the most time or earned the most money, although this may not have been explicit in the instructions for a specific census.

To ensure confidentiality, very small occupations are recoded to a residual category indicating the persons had an occupation, but the job title is not identified. The number of cases recoded should be too small to affect analyses.

Industry, general recode (INDGEN)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

INDGEN recodes the industrial classifications of the various samples into twelve groups that can be fairly consistently identified across all available samples. The groupings roughly conform to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). The third digit of INDGEN retains important detail among the service industries that could not be consistently distinguished in all samples.

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which a person worked.

Industry, unrecoded (IND)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 5	
Decimals: 0	

Description

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which the person worked. IND is classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time, and is not recoded by IPUMS-International.

Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] (CLASSWK)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] (CLASSWKD)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

Canton of residence 5 years ago, Costa Rica (MIGCR2)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MIGCR2 indicates the person's canton of residence 5 years prior to the census.

Person number (within household) (CR1973A_0002)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-30

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person number within the household.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Person number (within household)

Relationship to head of the household (CR1973A_0400)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-7

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's relationship to the head of the household.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

2. Relationship to the head:

Mark the appropriate circle according to the relationship of the person to the "Head of the Census Family" or to the "Head of the Non-Family Group."
When using the "other relatives" space, specify the relationship- circle 3
When using the "other non-relatives" space, specify the relationship- circle 5

First Person

X Head

In this column, put only information pertaining to the "Head of the Census Family" or "Head of the Non-Family Group."

Second Person

[] 1 Wife or companion
[] 2 Son (Daughter)
[] 3 Other relatives (specify) ____
[] 4 Servants and their relatives
[] Other non-relatives (specify) ____

Interviewer instructions

9.- Question No. 2.- Relation to the head

Mark the corresponding circle agreeing with the link or relation of every person with the Head of the Census Family or Non Family Group. Remember that only one circle should be marked in each case.

When you mark the circle "Other relatives", do not forget to specify the relation, for example: uncle, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, nephew, grandfather, brother, sister-in-law, etc.

Also, when marking the circle "Others not Related", do not forget to specify the relation; for example: Guest, accused, sick, student, professor, nun, priest, guard, inmate, etc.

In any case whether Census Family or Non Family Group, the Head is the one who the other members consider as such.

In the case of Non Family Groups, for the other persons, the relation will be written down in "Others not Related".

Sex (CR1973A_0401)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-2	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's sex.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

3. Sex

Mark the appropriate circle

[] 1 Male
[] 2 Female

Interviewer instructions

10.- Question No. 3.- Sex

Mark the corresponding box. Ask the question if the name is not sufficient to determine the sex and can be, in many cases, applied to men or women; examples: Rosario, Carmen, Concepción, etc.

Age (CR1973A_0402)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's age.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Age

Write in one space only.

For those one year of age and older, write the number of years.

Number of years ____

For those under one year, mark the circle

[] YY Less than 1 year

Interviewer instructions

11.- Question No. 4.- Age

The enumerator should ask: How old are you in completed years?

When a person is one year old or more write down the number of years, using the space "Number of Years".

When a person is less than one year mark the corresponding circle only.

Generally persons have the tendency to lower the number of years of some ages, others on the other hand prefer to raise them, principally at older ages.

Another inconvenience that is possible is meeting persons with the tendency to declare their age approximately, principally stating the so called "attractive ages" like for example: 1-5, 10, 15, 18, 20, 25, 40, 60, 65 years old, etc.

All enumerators should insist in getting the exact age of every person, avoiding when possible, annotation of rounded numbers.

This information refers to the date of the census and not the date of the visit. If the person is not sure of the age of a person, the enumerator should suggest that they consult the date of the birth document or proof of birth.

When it is impossible to get the exact age of a person, try to help the person to get approximate information, it being good to know local and national historic events. When the information that you write down is approximate, you should indicate it as such in the space for "Observations".

Children ever born (CR1973A_0403)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's number of children born alive.

Universe

Females age 15+

Literal question

Only for women 15 years of age and older:
[Applies to questions 5 - 6]

5. How many living children have you had?

[] 00 None
____ Children
[] YY Unknown

Interviewer instructions

12.- Question No. 5.- Children born alive

All women 15 years old or older should be asked, how many children born alive have you had?

For this the following definition should be taken into account:

Child born alive: is a child who when born breathes, cries and moves. If any of these signs of life manifested themselves and later the child died, it is born alive.

[p. 41]

If when being born the child shows none of the signs mentioned previously, it is a still birth.

It should be kept in mind that generally a woman tends to omit those children who where born alive and died later or at the time of birth, declaring only those that currently are alive, you should insist on this in order to avoid that some children who were born alive do not get written down.

Once the number of children born alive is assured, the name should be written down in the corresponding space. When there are no children born alive mark the circle "None".

When the woman does not know the number of children born alive mark an X in the circle corresponding to "Not Known".

In the case of women 14 years old or less, and for all men, because of not being asked the question, cross out the corresponding box with a big X.

Children surviving at the census time (CR1973A_0404)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's number of children born alive surviving at the time of the census.

Universe

Females age 15+ with children ever born

Literal question

Only for women 15 years of age and older:
[Applies to questions 5 - 6]

6. How many children currently alive do you have?

[] 00 None
___ Children
[] YY Unknown

Interviewer instructions

12.- Question No. 5.- Children born alive

All women 15 years old or older should be asked, how many children born alive have you had?

For this the following definition should be taken into account:

13.- Question No. 6.- Children alive

This question should be asked to all women 15 years old or older who have had children born alive, in the contrary case, mark the circle "None".

It should be asked: How many children are currently living?

One should proceed according to the following definition:

Children alive: are those who on the date of the Census May 14, 1973, are found to be with life, independent of whether they live with their parents or not or that they reside in another geographic place in the country or abroad.

When the number of children alive is assured, make the annotation in the corresponding space. When the woman does not know the number of children alive write down "Not Known".

In the case of women 14 years old or older and for all men, because of not being asked the question, cross out the corresponding box with a big x.

Marital status (CR1973A_0405)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-6	

Description

This variable indicates the marital status of the respondent.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

7. Current marital status: Mark only one circle.

Single: a person of any age who has never contracted matrimony and does not live in a consensual union.
Married: one who contracted matrimony and lives in that state.
Widowed: one who has not contracted matrimony since the death of a spouse, nor lives in a consensual union.
Divorced: one who is legally separated and has neither remarried nor lives in a consensual union.
Consensual union: one who lives in a marital union.
Married separated: one who contracted matrimony and lives separately from the spouse, and does not live in a consensual union.

[] 1 Single
[] 2 Married
[] 3 Widowed
[] 4 Divorced
[] 5 Consensual union
[] 6 Married separated

Interviewer instructions

14.- Question No. 7.- Current Marital Status

Mark the corresponding circle according to the case; remember that you should only mark one circle.

14.1.- Single: A person of any age who is legally married and does not live in Consensual Union.

14.4.- Married: One who is married as a catholic or civilly and lives in this state.

[p. 42]

14.3.- Widowed: One who has not married again after the death of their spouse, nor lives in Consensual Union.

If a person has married again or lives in Consensual Union, you should indicate this current civil state.

[14.4.-] Divorced: One who legally separated and has not married again or lives in Free Union.

14.5- Married separated: One who was legally married and lives separately from the spouse and does not live in Free Union.

The separation can be de facto or physical separation declared by competent authority. It should not be confused with divorce, which is a total and definitive separation.

14.6.- Consensual Union: It is said that a pair lives in Free Union when without being married, its members are thought to be a well defined family by themselves and their family members. You should proceed with tact at the time of the interview, avoiding discussions or expressions that could spoil the success of the interview.

When it is possible, the enumerator should abstain from suggesting the response of the person, over all in the case of divorced, married separated, and free union; so you will avoid an unfavorable atmosphere when the person is very sensitive in this sense.

Some times the person does not give this information in a truthful form, principally in some of the cases cited before; so for example, they say that they are married and in reality they live in Free Union. In many of these cases, the enumerator will realize the falseness of the information in the course of the interview, but you should never insist in this matter; when this happens you should explain it in the space for "Observations", and write down there the information that you consider correct. You should be careful to do it later after you have finished the interview, to avoid displeasure or resentment of the person.

Different canton 5 years ago (CR1973A_0406)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates if the respondent lived in the same or a different canton five years prior to the census.

Universe

Persons age 5+

Literal question

8. Habitual place of residence 5 years ago.

This question refers only to people 5 years of age and older.
Mark the circle "Here" if the person has lived in this canton for five or more years.
If the person lived in another canton or country in Mary 1968, write the name of the canton or country.

[] X Here _ _ _

___

Interviewer instructions

15.- Question No. 8.- Habitual place of residence 5 years ago

This question should refer to persons 5 years old or older.

For persons 4 years old or younger, cross out the corresponding box with a big X.

Mark the circle "Here" if a person has resided 5 years or more in the canton that is being enumerated.

If a person resided in another canton or country in May 1968, write down the name of this canton or country.

Examples: Central de Heredia, Central de Limón, Poás, Goicoechea, etc.

If a person lived abroad write down the name of the country.

[p. 43]

Residence 5 years ago, canton or country (CR1973A_0407)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 4	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 101-9999	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's canton or country of residence 5 years prior to the census.

Universe

Persons age 5+

Literal question

8. Habitual place of residence 5 years ago.

This question refers only to people 5 years of age and older.
Mark the circle "Here" if the person has lived in this canton for five or more years.
If the person lived in another canton or country in Mary 1968, write the name of the canton or country.

[] X Here _ _ _

___

Interviewer instructions

15.- Question No. 8.- Habitual place of residence 5 years ago

This question should refer to persons 5 years old or older.

For persons 4 years old or younger, cross out the corresponding box with a big X.

Mark the circle "Here" if a person has resided 5 years or more in the canton that is being enumerated.

If a person resided in another canton or country in May 1968, write down the name of this canton or country.

Examples: Central de Heredia, Central de Limón, Poás, Goicoechea, etc.

If a person lived abroad write down the name of the country.

[p. 43]

Place of birth this canton (CR1973A_0408)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent was born in the canton (county) of current residence or a different one.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

9. Place of birth

Mark the circle "Here" if the mother lived in this canton at the time of the person's birth.
If the mother lived in another canton write that canton. If the mother lived abroad write the country.

[] X Here _ _ _

___

Interviewer instructions

16.- Question No. 9.- Place of birth

The place of birth of each person is the place where their mother lived when the birth occurred.

One should not simply ask for the place of birth, because the majority of persons were born in hospitals, clinics, etc., that, generally, are not in the same place where the mother resided. Make the annotation that corresponds agreeing with the following:

16.1.- Mark the circle "Here" if when being born the mother resided in the canton that is being enumerated.

16.2.- If the mother resided in another canton write down the name of the canton and when you cannot get the name of the canton, write down the district and province.

16.3.- If the mother lived abroad, write down the name of the country.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

Citizenship (CR1973A_0410)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

Description

This variable indicates if the respondent is a Costa Rican citizen by birth or naturalization.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

10. Nationality

Mark the "X" circle if Costa Rican by birth.
Mark the "YX" circle if Costa Rican by naturalization. If a foreigner, write the appropriate nationality.

[] X
[] YX _ _

___

Interviewer instructions

17.- Question No. 10.- Nationality

Ask the question and write down the annotation according to the following:

17.1.- If one is Costa Rican by birth, write down an X.

17.2.- If one is a naturalized Costa Rican, write down SX.

17.3.- If one is a foreigner, write down the nationality that the person reports. If a person has more than one nationality, write down the one that is preferred.

Nationality code (CR1973A_0411)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description

Indicates the country of citizenship of the respondent.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

10. Nationality

Mark the "X" circle if Costa Rican by birth.
Mark the "YX" circle if Costa Rican by naturalization. If a foreigner, write the appropriate nationality.

[] X
[] YX _ _

___

Interviewer instructions

17.- Question No. 10.- Nationality

Ask the question and write down the annotation according to the following:

17.1.- If one is Costa Rican by birth, write down an X.

17.2.- If one is a naturalized Costa Rican, write down SX.

17.3.- If one is a foreigner, write down the nationality that the person reports. If a person has more than one nationality, write down the one that is preferred.

Social Security affiliation (CR1973A_0412)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent was covered by Social Security.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

11. Social security

Mark only the appropriate circle according to the coverage status of the enumerated person.

[] 1 Directly covered
[] 2 Covered by family member
[] X Not covered

Interviewer instructions

18.- Questions Nos. 11 and 12.- Social Security

This question should be referred to all persons. By means of it, what is to be known is the size and the location of the population that enjoys the protection of Social Security, through any of its regimes, such as Sickness and Maternity, Invalid ,Old Age and Death; and in direct "direct insurance" or indirect "family insurance".

[p. 44]

You should mark the corresponding box according to whether the person is protected or not in direct or indirect form, by any regime of Social Security.

If the circle "Not Insured" is marked, the following questions do not apply.

Social Security type (CR1973A_0413)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 3-9	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's type of Social Security coverage.

Universe

Persons with social security coverage

Literal question

12. Mark only the appropriate circle according to the type of coverage of the enumerated person.

[] 3 Illness and maternity
[] 4 Disability, old age and death
[] 5 Both coverages

Interviewer instructions

18.- Questions Nos. 11 and 12.- Social Security

This question should be referred to all persons. By means of it, what is to be known is the size and the location of the population that enjoys the protection of Social Security, through any of its regimes, such as Sickness and Maternity, Invalid ,Old Age and Death; and in direct "direct insurance" or indirect "family insurance".

[p. 44]

You should mark the corresponding box according to whether the person is protected or not in direct or indirect form, by any regime of Social Security.

If the circle "Not Insured" is marked, the following questions do not apply.

Currently attending regular schooling (CR1973A_0414)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is currently attending regular schooling.

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

Only for people 6 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 13 - 16]

13. Attending school, high school or university?

[] 1 Yes
[] 2 No

Interviewer instructions

19.- Question No. 13.- Do you attend school, high school or university

This question should be asked to all persons 6 years old or older. It is convenient to consult the age (line 4), so that compatibility exists in the responses.

Mark the circle "Yes" when a person 6 years old or older regularly attends a regular education center; and the circle "No" in the contrary case.

"Regular education" will be understood to be that which persons receive in primary school, middle schools including vocational, and University.

Normal schools are considered university level.

Currently attending any other type of education institution (CR1973A_0415)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates if the respondent is attending an educational institution different from that of "regular education."

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

Only for people 6 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 13 - 16]

14. Attending another non regular education center? Specify: commercial, I.N.A., sewing, etc., or if not attending mark a "Y" in the "No" box.

‾‾‾
[] No

Interviewer instructions

20.- Question no. 14.- Do you attend other non regular education centers

This question should be asked to persons 6 years old or older. It is convenient to consult the age (line 4), so that compatibility exists in the responses.

If a person attends a non regular education center, write down the type of center: Business School, School of Languages, National Institute of Teaching, Institute of Beauty, Academy of Fashion, etc. If a person does not attend any of these centers, mark with a Y the box "No".

Educational attainement, regular schooling (CR1973A_0416)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the last year of regular schooling attained by the respondent.

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

Only for people 6 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 13 - 16]

15. Level of instruction

What is the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, whether primary, secondary or university? Write the number corresponding to the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, after the respective level.
If the person has not completed any grade, mark the circle 40.

1 Primary ____
2 Middle (secondary) ____
3 University ____
[] 40 No grade

Interviewer instructions

21.- Question No. 15.- Level of instruction

Like the previous question, this one should be asked only to persons 6 years old or older. Write the number of the highest grade or year that a person has passed. In this question it is necessary to insist a little, since, generally, a person tends to say the grade or year that the person is in; while the last passed is what is to be known.

You should write down the number of the grade or year in the corresponding line agreeing with the level of education. If a person does not remember the information exactly, but knows they attended primary school, secondary school or university, write down a "d" (which means unknown in the respective line.

Many university students take subjects of different years, always write down the last year that they have completely passed.

In the case of university graduates, who although they are have not taken the exams to obtain their professional title, the last year passed should always be written down. If a person has a university degree medical, law, or economy, etc., write a "G" (which means graduated) in the line that says "University".

When a person has not passed any grade, mark the box that has this name "No Grade"; this box should be marked for two groups of persons, namely:

Those being 6 or more years old, never have attended school.

Children or any other person who is taking first grade in primary education.

Educational level (CR1973A_0417)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's educational level.

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

Only for people 6 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 13 - 16]

15. Level of instruction

What is the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, whether primary, secondary or university? Write the number corresponding to the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, after the respective level.
If the person has not completed any grade, mark the circle 40.

1 Primary ____
2 Middle (secondary) ____
3 University ____
[] 40 No grade

Interviewer instructions

21.- Question No. 15.- Level of instruction

Like the previous question, this one should be asked only to persons 6 years old or older. Write the number of the highest grade or year that a person has passed. In this question it is necessary to insist a little, since, generally, a person tends to say the grade or year that the person is in; while the last passed is what is to be known.

You should write down the number of the grade or year in the corresponding line agreeing with the level of education. If a person does not remember the information exactly, but knows they attended primary school, secondary school or university, write down a "d" (which means unknown in the respective line.

Many university students take subjects of different years, always write down the last year that they have completely passed.

In the case of university graduates, who although they are have not taken the exams to obtain their professional title, the last year passed should always be written down. If a person has a university degree medical, law, or economy, etc., write a "G" (which means graduated) in the line that says "University".

When a person has not passed any grade, mark the box that has this name "No Grade"; this box should be marked for two groups of persons, namely:

Those being 6 or more years old, never have attended school.

Children or any other person who is taking first grade in primary education.

Literacy (CR1973A_0418)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-9	

Description

This variable indicates whether the respondent is able to read and write.

Universe

Persons age 10+

Literal question

Only for people 6 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 13 - 16]

16. Literacy. For individuals 10 years of age and older: Are you able to read and write?

[] 1 Yes
[] 2 No

Interviewer instructions

22.- Question No. 16.- Literacy

This question should be asked only for persons 10 years old or older.

Mark the box "Yes" when a person can read and write a simple paragraph in any language. The box "No" should be marked for four groups of persons, namely:

22.1.- Those who do not know how to read or write a simple paragraph.

22.2.- Those who only know how to read.

22.3.- Those who only know how to sign and/or write their name.

Those who at one time knew how to read and write but have forgotten it.

Employment status (CR1973A_0419)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's economic activity or employment status.

Universe

Persons age 12+

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

17. Activity status.

Mark only one circle according to the instruction on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

[] 1 Worked
[] 2 Did not work
[] 3X Looked for work for the first time
[] 4X Student
[] 5X Household duties
[] 6X Pensioner or rentier
[] 9X Others (specify) ____

Interviewer instructions

23.- Question No. 17.- Activity status

Only one circle should be marked for each person. Ask what the person does and then include it in the corresponding space.

23.1.- Worked: refers to all persons 12 years old or older who during the week of may 7 to 12 worked one hour or more or was in possession of a job.

This job could have been for:

23.1.1.- a) Received remuneration, in money, in kind or in both.

23.1.2.- b) Having had incomes or not; such is the case of "worker by own account".

23.1.3.- c) Not having had remuneration or incomes, such is the case of "non remunerated family worker".

All persons who during the week of May 7 to 12 were in possession of a job should be included, even if they were on vacation, sick, on strike, involuntary work stoppage, etc.

It is not considered that a person "worked", if a person is dedicated exclusively to domestic crafts or household duties, such as painting it, working in the garden, repairing it, etc.

23.2.- Did not Work: refers to every person 12 years old or more WHO WAS CAPABLE OF WORKING who in the week of May 7 to 12 did not have a job, and either was looking for it or did not look for it because they thought they were not going to find it.

23.3.- Looked for Work for the First Time: refers to every person 12 years old or more who was capable of working, who never has worked and looks for work for the first time, including those who took the steps to work for their own account or as employer.

23.4.- Student: refers to a person 12 years old or more who is dedicated exclusively to studying during the week from May 7 to 12. That is, if a person worked during the aforementioned week, it should be written down as such.

23.5.- Domestic Crafts: refers to every person 12 years old or more who in the week of May 7 to 12 were dedicated exclusively to the care of their own home. Generally they are understood to be women and as an exception, men.

Servants and other paid employees of the house should be written down as "worked".

23.6.- Pensioned, Rentiers or Retirees: refer to persons who live exclusively from a pension, retirement payment or investment. They should always be written down as such, even if they do household duties "Domestic Crafts".

23.7.- Others: are those persons 12 years old or older who cannot be classified in the previous points. The persons referred to in this group are

23.7.1.- Persons Interned in Institutions: are residents in a permanent form in jails, convents, asylums, etc.

[p. 47]

23.7.2.- Other Persons: includes persons such as the blind, beggars, paralytics, and others with mental or physical deficiencies who do not work in any occupation.

Children who finished their primary education or now do not attend school, who do not work, or who do not look for work for the first time, should be included in this group.

Also all persons not included in the previous classifications are included here, such as: Persons 65 years old or older, vagabonds, antisocial persons, etc.

Occupation, 3 digits (CR1973A_0420)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's occupation (3 digits).

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

18. Principal occupation

Specify the principal occupation held during the week of May 7th - 12th.
If the status was "did not work," write the last occupation held.
Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

—— – – –

Interviewer instructions

24.- Question No. 18.- Principal occupation

Ask this question only to persons in the classifications "Worked" or "Did not Work".

Clearly write in this space the nature of the occupation that the person did during the week of May 7 to 12.

If the occupation cannot be written down with one defined name, describe the nature of the job, for example: puts lining on steering wheels of vehicles.

When a person has had more than one occupation in this period, ask and write down that which is considered the principal.

Avoid the use of generic terms such as: worker, aid, owner, day laborer, etc., which say nothing about nature or class of work that a person did during the period of reference.

When it concerns not worked, ask the last occupation they had, it does not matter how long ago it was.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

Keep in mind that here what you should write down is the occupation and not profession. Of course, it can happen, and it is very frequent, that both (occupation and profession) coincide; but also it can happen that they do not; for example: it is common that doctors, engineers, lawyers, etc. work in the same profession; nevertheless also it can be that a doctor is the administrator of a hospital, or an engineer the manager of a company. It is evident that in the last two examples, the occupation of the doctor is administrator and that of the engineer is manager.

[p. 48]

Examples of correct and incorrect occupations:

[Below are two columns, one marked Incorrect and one marked Correct. In this translation we list them in a single column.]

Incorrect

Professor

Correct

Professor of Primary School
Professor of Secondary School
Professor of Dance, Song, etc.

Incorrect

Mechanic

Correct

Automobile Mechanic
Thresher Mechanic
Aviation Mechanic

Incorrect

Construction Worker

Correct

Mason
Carpenter
Carpenter's Helper

Incorrect

Worker

Correct

Agricultural Worker
Quarry Worker
Poultry Farm Worker

Occupation, 2 digits (CR1973A_0421)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's occupation (2 digits).

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

18. Principal occupation

Specify the principal occupation held during the week of May 7th - 12th.
If the status was "did not work," write the last occupation held.
Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

____ _ _ _

Interviewer instructions

24.- Question No. 18.- Principal occupation

Ask this question only to persons in the classifications "Worked" or "Did not Work".

Clearly write in this space the nature of the occupation that the person did during the week of May 7 to 12.

If the occupation cannot be written down with one defined name, describe the nature of the job, for example: puts lining on steering wheels of vehicles.

When a person has had more than one occupation in this period, ask and write down that which is considered the principal.

Avoid the use of generic terms such as: worker, aid, owner, day laborer, etc., which say nothing about nature or class of work that a person did during the period of reference.

When it concerns not worked, ask the last occupation they had, it does not matter how long ago it was.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

Keep in mind that here what you should write down is the occupation and not profession. Of course, it can happen, and it is very frequent, that both (occupation and profession) coincide; but also it can happen that they do not; for example: it is common that doctors, engineers, lawyers, etc. work in the same profession; nevertheless also it can be that a doctor is the administrator of a hospital, or an engineer the manager of a company. It is evident that in the last two examples, the occupation of the doctor is administrator and that of the engineer is manager.

[p. 48]

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Incorrect

Professor

Correct

Professor of Primary School
Professor of Secondary School
Professor of Dance, Song, etc.

Incorrect

Mechanic

Correct

Automobile Mechanic
Thresher Mechanic
Aviation Mechanic

Incorrect

Construction Worker

Correct

Mason
Carpenter
Carpenter's Helper

Incorrect

Worker

Correct

Agricultural Worker
Quarry Worker
Poultry Farm Worker

Occupation, 1 digit (CR1973A_0422)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's occupation (1 digit).

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

18. Principal occupation

Specify the principal occupation held during the week of May 7th - 12th.
If the status was "did not work," write the last occupation held.
Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

___ _ _ _

Interviewer instructions

24.- Question No. 18.- Principal occupation

Ask this question only to persons in the classifications "Worked" or "Did not Work".

Clearly write in this space the nature of the occupation that the person did during the week of May 7 to 12.

If the occupation cannot be written down with one defined name, describe the nature of the job, for example: puts lining on steering wheels of vehicles.

When a person has had more than one occupation in this period, ask and write down that which is considered the principal.

Avoid the use of generic terms such as: worker, aid, owner, day laborer, etc., which say nothing about nature or class of work that a person did during the period of reference.

When it concerns not worked, ask the last occupation they had, it does not matter how long ago it was.

[Below the text is a filled out form.]

Keep in mind that here what you should write down is the occupation and not profession. Of course, it can happen, and it is very frequent, that both (occupation and profession) coincide; but also it can happen that they do not; for example: it is common that doctors, engineers, lawyers, etc. work in the same profession; nevertheless also it can be that a doctor is the administrator of a hospital, or an engineer the manager of a company. It is evident that in the last two examples, the occupation of the doctor is administrator and that of the engineer is manager.

[p. 48]

Examples of correct and incorrect occupations:

[Below are two columns, one marked Incorrect and one marked Correct. In this translation we list them in a single column.]

Incorrect

Professor

Correct

Professor of Primary School
Professor of Secondary School
Professor of Dance, Song, etc.

Incorrect

Mechanic

Correct

Automobile Mechanic
Thresher Mechanic
Aviation Mechanic

Incorrect

Construction Worker

Correct

Mason
Carpenter
Carpenter's Helper

Incorrect

Worker

Correct

Agricultural Worker
Quarry Worker
Poultry Farm Worker

Industry, 4 digits (CR1973A_0423)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1110-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the industry in which the respondent worked (4 digits).

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

19. Industry

Write the type of activity or establishment in which the occupation noted in the previous question is pursued.
If the status was "did not work," write the type of establishment in which the most recent occupation was pursued. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

——— – – – –
Interviewer instructions

25.- Question No. 19.- Industry

Ask this question only to persons in the classifications "Worked" or "Did not Work".

This question is intimately related to the previous, you should write down the industry that corresponds to the occupation written down in it, that is to say, the type of industry, institution, farm operations, public dependence, etc., in which the person did their occupation.

Avoid generic terms that do not give a clear idea where the person works.

[Below are two columns, one marked Incorrect and one marked Correct. In this translation we list them in a single column.]

Incorrect

Workshop

Correct

Workshop for the repair of automobiles
Workshop of a thresher mechanic
Workshop for a dressmaker

Incorrect

Factory

Correct

Shoe factory
Clothes factory
Cardboard box factory

Incorrect

Club

Correct

Football club
Social club
Night club

Incorrect

Store

Correct

Grocery store
Warehouse
Clothing store

Incorrect

Laboratory

Correct

Clinical laboratory
Dental laboratory
Chemical laboratory

When it concerns a commercial establishment, specify if it is Wholesale or Retail.

If a person works for a company that manages more than one activity write down the activity which carries out the occupation written down before.

Industry, 2 digits (CR1973A_0425)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the industry in which the respondent worked (2 digits).

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

19. Industry

Write the type of activity or establishment in which the occupation noted in the previous question is pursued.
If the status was "did not work," write the type of establishment in which the most recent occupation was pursued. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

____ _ _ _ _

Interviewer instructions

25.- Question No. 19.- Industry

Ask this question only to persons in the classifications "Worked" or "Did not Work".

This question is intimately related to the previous, you should write down the industry that corresponds to the occupation written down in it, that is to say, the type of industry, institution, farm operations, public dependence, etc., in which the person did their occupation.

Avoid generic terms that do not give a clear idea where the person works.

[Below are two columns, one marked Incorrect and one marked Correct. In this translation we list them in a single column.]

Incorrect

Workshop

Correct

Workshop for the repair of automobiles
Workshop of a thresher mechanic
Workshop for a dressmaker

Incorrect

Factory

Correct

Shoe factory
Clothes factory
Cardboard box factory

Incorrect

Club

Correct

Football club
Social club
Night club

Incorrect

Store

Correct

Grocery store
Warehouse
Clothing store

Incorrect

Laboratory

Correct

Clinical laboratory
Dental laboratory
Chemical laboratory

When it concerns a commercial establishment, specify if it is Wholesale or Retail.

If a person works for a company that manages more than one activity write down the activity which carries out the occupation written down before.

Industry, 1 digit (CR1973A_0426)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the industry in which the respondent worked (1 digit).

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

19. Industry

Write the type of activity or establishment in which the occupation noted in the previous question is pursued.
If the status was "did not work," write the type of establishment in which the most recent occupation was pursued. Do not forget to write the answer according to the instructions on page 47 of the Enumerator's Manual.

——— – – – –
Interviewer instructions

25.- Question No. 19.- Industry

Ask this question only to persons in the classifications "Worked" or "Did not Work".

This question is intimately related to the previous, you should write down the industry that corresponds to the occupation written down in it, that is to say, the type of industry, institution, farm operations, public dependence, etc., in which the person did their occupation.

Avoid generic terms that do not give a clear idea where the person works.

[Below are two columns, one marked Incorrect and one marked Correct. In this translation we list them in a single column.]

Incorrect

Workshop

Correct

Workshop for the repair of automobiles
Workshop of a thresher mechanic
Workshop for a dressmaker

Incorrect

Factory

Correct

Shoe factory
Clothes factory
Cardboard box factory

Incorrect

Club

Correct

Football club
Social club
Night club

Incorrect

Store

Correct

Grocery store
Warehouse
Clothing store

Incorrect

Laboratory

Correct

Clinical laboratory
Dental laboratory
Chemical laboratory

When it concerns a commercial establishment, specify if it is Wholesale or Retail.

If a person works for a company that manages more than one activity write down the activity which carries out the occupation written down before.

Class of worker (CR1973A_0427)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the respondent's employment type.

Universe

Persons age 12+ who worked or had worked in the past

Literal question

Only for individuals 12 years of age and older
[Applies to questions 17 - 22]

Only for those who "worked" or "did not work"
[Applies to questions 18-20]

20. Occupational category (employment status)

[] 1 Paid worker
[] 2 Own-account worker
[] 3 Owner
[] 4 Unpaid family worker

Interviewer instructions

26.- Question No. 20.- Occupational Category

This question should be asked only to persons of the classifications worked and not worked.

Every person should be assigned a corresponding category of occupation agreeing with the occupation and industry written down before.

Remember that only one circle should be marked.

[26.1.-] Remunerated Worker: is a person who receives remuneration in the form of salary, wage, commission, paid by the job or in kind and who works for an employer.

Examples: A carpenter in a construction site, a typist in a factory, a secretary in a public dependence.

26.2.- For Their Own Account: is a person who is dedicated to an occupation, profession or office, alone or with associates in an independent form, that is, without remunerated employees, nor being employed by anyone. It can be that there are family workers or apprentices without wages.

Examples: A taxi chauffeur, the owner of a local store or a place in the market, the owner of a cabinet making shop who works with their children, who do not receive any payment.

26.3.- Employer: is the owner of any company, big or small, or one who manages a profession or craft and has one or more remunerated workers.

Examples: The owner of a factory who has remunerated employees, a doctor who has a private practice and has a secretary or a nurse.

[26.4.-] Non-Remunerated Family Worker: is a person who manages a non remunerated occupation in a company in which a family member is owner.

Examples: An underage child who works on his father's farm; a spouse who attends to the local store of the spouse, a nephew who keeps the accounting books for his uncle's bakery, etc.

You should, according to the previous definitions, assign to each person the corresponding category. When you find any special situation that you consider doubtful, write it down in the space "Observations".

Household type, person record (CR1973A_0428)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

Description

This variable indicates the type (composition) of household the respondent lives in.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Household type, person record

Years of schooling (CR1973A_0429)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

This variable indicates the total years of schooling of the respondent.

Universe

Persons age 6+

Literal question

Only for people 6 years of age or older
[Applies to questions 13 - 16]

15. Level of instruction

What is the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, whether primary, secondary or university? Write the number corresponding to the last grade or year of regular schooling completed, after the respective level.
If the person has not completed any grade, mark the circle 40.

1 Primary ____
2 Middle (secondary) ____
3 University ____
[] 40 No grade

Interviewer instructions

21.- Question No. 15.- Level of instruction

Like the previous question, this one should be asked only to persons 6 years old or older. Write the number of the highest grade or year that a person has passed. In this question it is necessary to insist a little, since, generally, a person tends to say the grade or year that the person is in; while the last passed is what is to be known.

You should write down the number of the grade or year in the corresponding line agreeing with the level of education. If a person does not remember the information exactly, but knows they attended primary school, secondary school or university, write down a "d" (which means unknown in the respective line.

Many university students take subjects of different years, always write down the last year that they have completely passed.

In the case of university graduates, who although they are have not taken the exams to obtain their professional title, the last year passed should always be written down. If a person has a university degree medical, law, or economy, etc., write a "G" (which means graduated) in the line that says "University".

When a person has not passed any grade, mark the box that has this name "No Grade"; this box should be marked for two groups of persons, namely:

Those being 6 or more years old, never have attended school.

Children or any other person who is taking first grade in primary education.

Person weight (PERWT)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 2	

Description

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Years of schooling (YRSCHOOL)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

YRSCHOOL indicates the highest grade/level of schooling the person had completed, in years. Only formal schooling is counted. YRSCHOOL accounts for the number of years of study, regardless of the track or kind of study. Information on degree and/or technical track is available in EDATTAIN. Years of schooling for Israel, categorized into intervals, are given in YRSCHOOL2.

Users should pay close attention to the top-codes in each sample, as discussed in the comparability section.

Migration status, 5 years (MIGRATE5)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

Description

MIGRATE5 indicates the person's place of residence 5 years ago. The first digit records movement across major administrative divisions and countries. The second digit reports movement across minor administrative divisions, for samples in which that detail is available.

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Country of birth (BPLCOUNTRY)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 5	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99999	

Description

BPLCOUNTRY indicates the person's country of birth.

Country of residence 5 years ago (MIGCTRY5)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MIGCTRY5 indicates the country of residence 5 years ago for international migrants. Persons who did not live abroad 5 years earlier are coded to the "non-migrant" category.

Nativity status (NATIVITY)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NATIVITY indicates whether the person was native- or foreign-born.

Year [person version] (YEARP)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 9
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Country [person version] (COUNTRYP)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview	
Overview	

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)
File: CRI1973-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]