

Mongolia - Population and Housing Census 1989 - IPUMS Subset

**National Statistical Office of Mongolia, Minnesota Population Center - University of
Minnesota**

Report generated on: May 3, 2018

Visit our data catalog at: <http://microdata.worldbank.org>

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

MICRODATA SOURCE: National Statistical Office of Mongolia

SAMPLE DESIGN: Cluster sample of entire districts (soums) or portions of districts. Every province has some districts sampled.

NOTE: Because of extreme clustering, the sample weights may not ensure representative results for all types of analyses.

SAMPLE UNIT: Households

SAMPLE FRACTION: 10%

SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 190,631

Response Rate

COVERAGE: 100%

Weighting

Weights designed to yield the proper age structure for each province based on published census results. Household weights are computed as the mean of the person weights in the unit.

Questionnaires

Overview

There are three enumeration forms: 1) census questionnaire, 2) household questionnaire, and 3) housing questionnaire.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
1989-01-05	1989-01-09	N/A

Time Periods

Start	End	Cycle
1989-01-05	1989-01-05	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTION NOTES

De facto and de jure, CENSUS DAY: January 5, 1989, FIELD WORK PERIOD: January 5-9, 1989

SUPERVISION

Direct interview

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

MNG1989-H-H

Content	Household records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	72
Structure	Type: relational Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number)
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V1	RECTYPE	Record type	discrete	character	
V2	YEAR	Year	discrete	numeric	
V3	SAMPLE	IPUMS sample identifier	discrete	numeric	
V4	SERIAL	Household serial number	contin	numeric	
V5	PERSONS	Number of person records in the household	contin	numeric	
V6	SUBSAMP	Subsample number	discrete	numeric	
V7	GQ	Group quarters (collective dwelling) status	discrete	numeric	
V8	UNREL	Number of unrelated persons	discrete	numeric	
V9	REGIONW	Continent and region of country	discrete	numeric	
V10	WATSUP	Water supply	discrete	numeric	
V11	ROOMS	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	
V12	KITCHEN	Kitchen or cooking facilities	discrete	numeric	
V13	BATH	Bathing facilities	discrete	numeric	
V14	HHTYPE	Household classification	discrete	numeric	
V15	NFAMS	Number of families in household	discrete	numeric	
V16	HEADLOC	Head's location in household	contin	numeric	
V17	GEOLEV1	1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time]	discrete	numeric	
V18	MN1989A_0001	Dwelling number	contin	numeric	Dwelling number
V19	MN1989A_0006	Number of persons in household	discrete	numeric	Number of persons in household
V20	MN1989A_0016	Province (aimag)	discrete	numeric	Aimag (province) ____
V21	MN1989A_0021	Household size	discrete	numeric	Household size __ Of which: number of people working __ Of which: number of children age 0 to16 --
V22	MN1989A_0022	Number of people working	discrete	numeric	Household size __ Of which: number of people working __ Of which: number of children age 0 to16 --
V23	MN1989A_0023	Number of children aged 0 to16	discrete	numeric	Household size __ Of which: number of people working __ Of which: number of children age 0 to16 --

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V24	MN1989A_0024	Location	discrete	numeric	Aimag (province) ____ Soum (khoroo)(district) ____ Census: Commission ____ EA ____ [] 1 Capital city [] 2 Village [] 3 Soum (bag) center [] 4 Brigade, farm center [] 5 Countryside
V25	MN1989A_0025	House Type	discrete	numeric	House Type
V26	MN1989A_0026	Type of living quarters	discrete	numeric	1. Type of living quarters: [] 1 House, apartment [] 2 Some part of house, apartment [] 3 Public dormitory [] 4 Students dormitory
V27	MN1989A_0027	Ownership type of living quarters	discrete	numeric	2. Type of property: [] 1 Government [] 2 Agricultural cooperative [] 3 Joint venture [] 4 Cooperative [] 5 Private, had built with own money [] 6 Private, had built with a loan
V28	MN1989A_0028	Numbering of households in same house	discrete	numeric	Number of households in same house __
V29	MN1989A_0029	Number of rooms	discrete	numeric	3. Number of rooms ____ Useful living area (m2) ____ Total living area (m2) ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____
V30	MN1989A_0030	Useful living area (m2)	discrete	numeric	3. Number of rooms ____ Useful living area (m2) ____ Total living area (m2) ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____
V31	MN1989A_0031	Total living area (m2)	discrete	numeric	3. Number of rooms ____ Useful living area (m2) ____ Total living area (m2) ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____
V32	MN1989A_0032	Number of households	discrete	numeric	3. Number of rooms ____ Useful living area (m2) ____ Total living area (m2) ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____
V33	MN1989A_0033	Number of residents	discrete	numeric	3. Number of rooms ____ Useful living area (m2) ____ Total living area (m2) ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____
V34	MN1989A_0034	Type of heating	discrete	numeric	Type of heating: [] 01 Centralized [] 02 Non-centralized [] 03 Normal
V35	MN1989A_0035	Water supply	discrete	numeric	Water supply: [] 04 Hot and cold water pipe [] 05 Cold water pipe [] 06 Public inside of house [] 07 Outside of house
V36	MN1989A_0036	Sewage pipe for dirty water	discrete	numeric	Sewage pipe for dirty water: [] 08 Inside of house [] 09 Public inside of house [] 10 Outside of house
V37	MN1989A_0037	Kitchen	discrete	numeric	Kitchen: [] 11 Yes [] 12 No [] 13 Public
V38	MN1989A_0038	Bathroom/shower room	discrete	numeric	Bathroom/Shower room: [] 14 Yes [] 15 No [] 16 Public
V39	MN1989A_0039	Disposal of household waste	discrete	numeric	Disposal of household waste: [] 17 Through tube [] 18 No tube
V40	MN1989A_0040	Electricity	discrete	numeric	Electricity: [] 19 Yes [] 20 No
V41	MN1989A_0041	Stove	discrete	numeric	Stove: [] 21 Has stove [] 22 No stove
V42	MN1989A_0042	Stairs	discrete	numeric	Stairs: [] 23 Has stairs [] 24 No stairs
V43	MN1989A_0043	Number of government-owned gers	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 1 Government Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V44	MN1989A_0044	Number of walls (government-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 1 Government Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V45	MN1989A_0045	Number of households (government-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 1 Government Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V46	MN1989A_0046	Number of residents (government-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 1 Government Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V47	MN1989A_0047	Has electricity (government-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 1 Government Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V48	MN1989A_0048	Number of cooperative-owned gers	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 2 Agricultural cooperative Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V49	MN1989A_0049	Number of walls (cooperative-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 2 Agricultural cooperative Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V50	MN1989A_0050	Number of households (cooperative-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 2 Agricultural cooperative Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V51	MN1989A_0051	Number of residents (cooperative-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 2 Agricultural cooperative Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V52	MN1989A_0052	Has electricity (cooperative-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 2 Agricultural cooperative Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V53	MN1989A_0053	Number of private-owned gers	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 3 Private Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V54	MN1989A_0054	Number of walls (private-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 3 Private Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V55	MN1989A_0055	Number of households (private-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 3 Private Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V56	MN1989A_0056	Number of residents (private-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 3 Private Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V57	MN1989A_0057	Electricity (private-owned gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 3 Private Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V58	MN1989A_0058	Number of otriin gers	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 4 Otriin Ger Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V59	MN1989A_0059	Number of walls (otriin gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 4 Otriin Ger Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V60	MN1989A_0060	Number of households (otriin gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 4 Otriin Ger Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V61	MN1989A_0061	Number of residents (otriin gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 4 Otriin Ger Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V62	MN1989A_0062	Has electricity (otriin gers)	discrete	numeric	B. Ger Order of household in ger _ [] 4 Otriin Ger Number of Gers ____ Number of walls of ger ____ Number of households ____ Number of residents ____ Has electricity ____
V63	MN1989A_0063	Household weight	contin	numeric	Household weight
V64	HHWT	Household weight	contin	numeric	
V65	GEO1_MN	Mongolia, Province 1989 - 2000 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS]	discrete	numeric	
V66	GEO1_MNX	Mongolia, Province 1989 - 2000 [Level 1; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name]	discrete	numeric	
V67	NCOUPLES	Number of married couples in household	discrete	numeric	
V68	NMOTHERS	Number of mothers in household	discrete	numeric	
V69	NFATHERS	Number of fathers in household	discrete	numeric	
V70	COUNTRY	Country	discrete	numeric	
V71	ELECTRIC	Electricity	discrete	numeric	
V72	LIVEAREA	Living area in square meters	contin	numeric	

MNG1989-P-H

Content	Person records
Cases	0
Variable(s)	63
Structure	Type: relational Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version])
Version	Version 6.4, IPUMS sample
Producer	Minnesota Population Center
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V73	PERNUM	Person number	contin	numeric	
V74	MOMLOC	Mother's location in household	contin	numeric	
V75	POPLOC	Father's location in household	contin	numeric	
V76	SPLOC	Spouse's location in household	contin	numeric	
V77	PARRULE	Rule for linking parent	discrete	numeric	
V78	SPRULE	Rule for linking spouse	discrete	numeric	
V79	STEPMOM	Probable stepmother	discrete	numeric	
V80	STEPPOP	Probable stepfather	discrete	numeric	
V81	POLYMAL	Man with more than one wife linked	discrete	numeric	
V82	POLY2ND	Woman is second or higher order wife	discrete	numeric	
V83	FAMUNIT	Family unit membership	contin	numeric	
V84	FAMSIZE	Number of own family members in household	discrete	numeric	
V85	NCHILD	Number of own children in household	discrete	numeric	
V86	NCHLT5	Number of own children under age 5 in household	discrete	numeric	
V87	ELDCH	Age of eldest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V88	YNGCH	Age of youngest own child in household	discrete	numeric	
V89	RELATE	Relationship to household head [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V90	RELATED	Relationship to household head [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V91	AGE	Age	discrete	numeric	
V92	AGE2	Age, grouped into intervals	discrete	numeric	
V93	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	
V94	MARST	Marital status [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V95	MARSTD	Marital status [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V96	BIRTHMO	Month of birth	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V97	CHBORN	Children ever born	discrete	numeric	
V98	CHSURV	Children surviving	discrete	numeric	
V99	BPLMN	Province of birth, Mongolia	discrete	numeric	
V100	CITIZEN	Citizenship	discrete	numeric	
V101	NATION	Country of citizenship	discrete	numeric	
V102	LIT	Literacy	discrete	numeric	
V103	EDUCMN	Educational attainment, Mongolia	discrete	numeric	
V104	BIRTHYR	Year of birth	discrete	numeric	
V105	RESIDENT	Residence status: de facto, de jure	discrete	numeric	
V106	MN1989A_0003	Person number (within household)	discrete	numeric	Person number (within household)
V107	MN1989A_0400	Person number	discrete	numeric	Person number
V108	MN1989A_0401	Relationship to household head	discrete	numeric	1. Relationship to household head: [] 01 Household head [] 02 Wife/husband [] 03 Daughter/son [] 04 Parents [] 05 Sister/brother [] 07 Daughter/son-in-law [] 08 Grandparents [] 09 Grandchild [] 10 Other relatives [] 11 Single [] 12 Separated from household
V109	MN1989A_0402	Resident type	discrete	numeric	2. [Residency status] [] 1 Resident [] 2 Temporary absent [] 3 Visitor
V110	MN1989A_0403	Visitor: aimag	discrete	numeric	2. [Residency status] [] 1 Resident [] 2 Temporary absent [] 3 Visitor
V111	MN1989A_0405	Sex	discrete	numeric	3. Sex: [] 1 Male [] 2 Female
V112	MN1989A_0406	Year of birth	discrete	numeric	4. Date of birth: Year ____ Month ____ Day ____ Age __ Aimag (province) ____ Soum (district) ____
V113	MN1989A_0407	Month of birth	discrete	numeric	4. Date of birth: Year ____ Month ____ Day ____ Age __ Aimag (province) ____ Soum (district) ____
V114	MN1989A_0409	Age	discrete	numeric	4. Date of birth: Year ____ Month ____ Day ____ Age __ Aimag (province) ____ Soum (district) ____
V115	MN1989A_0410	Province (aimag) of birth	discrete	numeric	4. Date of birth: Year ____ Month ____ Day ____ Age __ Aimag (province) ____ Soum (district) ____
V116	MN1989A_0412	Ethnicity	discrete	numeric	5. Ethnicity ____
V117	MN1989A_0413	Citizenship	discrete	numeric	6. Citizenship ____
V118	MN1989A_0414	Social status of origin	discrete	numeric	9. Social origin: [] 1 Employee [] 2 Civil servant (intellectual) [] 3 Herder [] 4 Member of cooperatives [] 5 Member of craftsman [] 6 Other
V119	MN1989A_0415	Social group	discrete	numeric	10. Social group: [] 1 Employee [] 2 Civil servant (intellectual) [] 3 Member of cooperatives [] 4 Other
V120	MN1989A_0416	Income source	discrete	numeric	11. Income source: [] 1 Industry, enterprise, official organization [] 2 Agricultural cooperative [] 3 Pension [] 4 Student stipend [] 5 Other kind of pension, benefits [] 6 Under care of others [] 7 Own farm, private labor [] 8 Society for labor, work (cooperative) [] 9 Other

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V121	MN1989A_0417	Education level	discrete	numeric	12. Education: [] 1 Completed high [] 2 Non completed high [] 3 Technical vocational [] 4 General education Grade 9-10 [] 5 General education Grade 4-8 [] 6 Primary [] 7 Literate [] 8 Illiterate
V122	MN1989A_0418	Marital status	discrete	numeric	14. Marital status: [] 1 Married [] 2 Widowed [] 3 Divorced [] 4 Never married
V123	MN1989A_0419	Number of children ever born	discrete	numeric	[Question 15 was asked only of women.] 15. Number of children ever born __ Of which: number of living children __
V124	MN1989A_0420	Number of living children	discrete	numeric	[Question 15 was asked only of women.] 15. Number of children ever born __ Of which: number of living children __
V125	MN1989A_0421	Person weight	contin	numeric	Person weight
V126	PERWT	Person weight	contin	numeric	
V127	EDATTAIN	Educational attainment, international recode [general version]	discrete	numeric	
V128	EDATTAIND	Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version]	discrete	numeric	
V129	ETHNICMN	Ethnicity, Mongolia	discrete	numeric	
V130	NATIVITY	Nativity status	discrete	numeric	
V131	YEARP	Year [person version]	contin	numeric	
V132	SAMPLEP	IPUMS sample identifier [person version]	contin	numeric	
V133	SERIAL	Household serial number [person version]	contin	numeric	
V134	COUNTRYP	Country [person version]	contin	numeric	
V135	RECTYPEP	Record type [person version]	discrete	character	

Record type (RECTYPE)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.

NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of 'H' for household records and 'P' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

Year (YEAR)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1960-2011

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 9
Decimals: 0
Range: 32197001-894201001

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g., 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002
Colombia 1993, 2005
Costa Rica 1984, 2000
Cuba 2002
Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010
Ecuador 1990, 2001
Germany 1971
Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001
Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001
Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000
Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005
Nigeria 2006
Panama 2000
Peru 1993, 2007
Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001
Spain 1991
Uruguay 2011
Venezuela 1990, 2001
Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.

SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

Number of person records in the household (PERSONS)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99. Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract 10% of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

Number of unrelated persons (UNREL)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

UNREL indicates the number of persons in the household who are unrelated to the head.

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 11-54

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

Water supply (WATSUP)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

WATSUP describes the physical means by which the housing unit receives its water. The primary distinction is whether or not the household had piped (running) water.

Number of rooms (ROOMS)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ROOMS indicates the number of rooms occupied by the housing unit.

Kitchen or cooking facilities (KITCHEN)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

KITCHEN indicates whether the household had a kitchen, cooking facilities, or room dedicated to food preparation.

Bathing facilities (BATH)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Bathing facilities (BATH)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BATH indicates whether the household had access to bathing facilities and, in most cases, whether it had exclusive access.

Household classification (HHTYPE)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HHTYPE is a constructed variable that describes the composition of households.

HHTYPE is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head), from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father), and from information on group quarters status, GQ.

Number of families in household (NFAMS)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NFAMS is a constructed variable that indicates the number of families within each household. A "family" is any group of persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage. An unrelated individual within the household is considered a separate family. Thus, a household consisting of a widow and her servant contains two families; a household consisting of a large, multiple-generation extended family with no lodgers or servants would count as a single family.

NFAMS is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head) and from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father). See those variable descriptions for more detail.

Head's location in household (HEADLOC)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HEADLOC gives the person number of the head of household in samples in which persons are organized into households.

1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 6
Decimals: 0
Range: 32002-894010

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEOLEV1 indicates the major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. First administrative units in GEOLEV1 have been spatiotemporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

Dwelling number (MN1989A_0001)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the dwelling number.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Dwelling number

Number of persons in household (MN1989A_0006)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons in the household.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Number of persons in household

Province (aimag) (MN1989A_0016)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Province (aimag) (MN1989A_0016)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-21

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the province (aimag) in which the household resides.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Aimag (province) ____

Interviewer instructions

97. Aimag (city) Here the name of the respective Aimag or City should be filled out . For example, like: Khovd or Dornod or Umnugovi or Ulaanbaatar or Erdenet. Appendix 3 shall be referred for writing a code (letters) for each Aimag or city; and it shall be filled out in block letters.

Household size (MN1989A_0021)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of persons in the household.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Household size __

Of which: number of people working __

Of which: number of children age 0 to16 __

Interviewer instructions

201. The Number of Household Members. People who live under one roof and who have either family or relationship relations and who have one budget shall be considered to be one household. However, during the Census process there might be some guests (people) staying at the household who do not belong to the household or any household member who might be away from the household (like soldier or students or pupils or those who are away temporarily).

The number of household members shall be written in the indicator of "the members of the household". The number of the household members may not be the same as either the number of the household members counted or the number permanently living in the household.

Note: In the part "b" of Household Questionnaire only household members living together shall be written (people living separately from their household such as soldier or students or pupils shall be counted wherever they are being located).

Number of people working (MN1989A_0022)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Number of people working (MN1989A_0022)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-16

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of household members who work.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Household size __

Of which: number of people working __

Of which: number of children age 0 to16 __

Interviewer instructions

202. Status of Employment. People if the household working for state or public organizations or cooperative shall be written in the section.

Number of children aged 0 to16 (MN1989A_0023)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-14

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of children in the household who are 16 years old or younger.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Household size __

Of which: number of people working __

Of which: number of children age 0 to16 __

Interviewer instructions

203. Children aged from 0 to 16. All children of the household aged 0-16 (less than 15 years, 12 months and 30 days) shall be filled in the Census Questionnaire for this question. However, a enumerator shall pay attention that children are only being categorized according to their age and children aged 16 and working are also being double counted under the question of "working children aged 0-16".

Location (MN1989A_0024)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-5

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Location (MN1989A_0024)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the household's location (broadly urban or rural area).

Universe

All households

Literal question

Aimag (province) ____

Soum (khoroo)(district) ____

Census:

Commission ____

EA ____

☐ 1 Capital city

☐ 2 Village

☐ 3 Soum (bag) center

☐ 4 Brigade, farm center

☐ 5 Countryside

Interviewer instructions

204. Address. Whether a household is living in a city or settled area or Soum (Khoroo) or brigade or rural areas shall be underlined. The addresses of household members in the Census Questionnaire shall be the same as this address.

House Type (MN1989A_0025)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of house in which the household resides.

Universe

All households

Literal question

House Type

Interviewer instructions

208. Enumerators shall write how many families (or households) are living in one flat or house or ger. If two or more families are living in one flat or house or ger then Enumerator shall specify whether the flat or house or ger is being owned by one of the families or jointly by all of them.

209. In case if a household has both a house or a ger then Housing Census Questionnaire shall be filled in which one of them the household is living at the moment of counting. If household members live separately then both Housing Census Questionnaires shall be filled in separately without double counting.

Type of living quarters (MN1989A_0026)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type of living quarters (MN1989A_0026)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of living quarters in which the household resides.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

1. Type of living quarters:

- ☐ 1 House, apartment
- ☐ 2 Some part of house, apartment
- ☐ 3 Public dormitory
- ☐ 4 Students dormitory

Interviewer instructions

212. Types of Housing. All residential apartment and flats shall be divided into the following 4 categories: "a whole flat"; "a part of the whole flat"; "a public flat" and "a dormitory".

[p. 27]

a. Whole Flats. Flats designed for living condition for a household or consisting of a few rooms shall be considered as to be "a whole flat";

b. A part of the whole flat. Flats which were given by a housing office or factory or other organizations for two families by issuing orders for both of them or a private flat in which two or more households are living shall be considered as to be "a part of the whole flat".

In case two or more households are living in a whole flat (not depending whether the flat was issued by a housing office or factory or other organizations for two families by issuing orders for both of them) one of the household shall be considered as living in a whole flat and the remaining households shall be considered as to be living in "a part of the whole flat".

In order to conduct a survey on housing provisions and condition the indicator of "a part of the whole flat" was added into the census questionnaire. In order to make distinction between "a whole flat" and "a part of the whole flat" a question "the numbering if the households in the flat" was added.

Note: Enumerators shall explain to the households living in one flat that there is no significance in numbering them as 1; 2 or 3 and ask them to decide which one of them they would like to be written under the number One. If they have disagreement on that then the Enumerator shall choose which one he/she shall write under the number One.

The Housing Census Questionnaire for the household under the number one shall include answers for questions on the total number of rooms; the size of living (or useful) area; the number of rooms; the number of permanent residents; conditions and total area of the flat. The Housing Census Questionnaires for the households (they shall be considered as living in "a part of the whole flat") under the numbers 2, 3 or 4 shall include only the number of rooms of the size of the living (or useful) area they are living in as well as the number of its own household members. And conditions of the flat shall be the same as the household's under the number one.

c. A Public Flats. A flat designed for accommodating workers or employees of factories or economic entities or other organizations shall be considered as to be "a public flat".

d. Dormitories for Students or Pupils. A flat designed for accommodating students of Universities or Institutes or Colleges for Vocation Training as well as school pupils shall be considered to be "dormitory".

Ownership type of living quarters (MN1989A_0027)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Ownership type of living quarters (MN1989A_0027)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of ownership of the living quarters in which the household resides.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

2. Type of property:

- ☐ 1 Government
- ☐ 2 Agricultural cooperative
- ☐ 3 Joint venture
- ☐ 4 Cooperative
- ☐ 5 Private, had built with own money
- ☐ 6 Private, had built with a loan

Interviewer instructions

213. The ownership of flats and houses. The ownership of houses (flats) shall be classified as owned either by state or Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities or Organizational (Ulaanbaatar Railway etc) Cooperatives: OR private built by owners own resources or private built upon credit resources.

[p. 28]

- a. State owned (flats). Flats owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) shall be considered as to be "state flat" (state property);
- b. Flats owned either by Agricultural Entities or Joint Agricultural Entities Cooperatives shall be considered to be "flats of Agricultural Entities or Joint Agricultural Entities Cooperatives".
- c. Flats with Joint Ownership. Flats jointly owned by organizations belonging to two countries such as Railway or Sovmongoltsvetmet shall be considered to be "flats with joint ownership".
- d. Flats owned by Cooperatives. Flats owned by Cooperatives of private individuals such as "Teacher" or Enerel in Unaalbaatar shall be considered to be "flats of cooperatives".
- e. Private houses shall be divided into two categories: a house built by the owner's own resources and a house built upon credit resources.

A house built by resources of its owner shall be considered to be a house built by "individual's own resources" and a house built on resources its owner borrowed from a bank shall be considered to be a house build by "credit resources".

Numbering of households in same house (MN1989A_0028)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the numbering of households in the same house. The number of households could be different from the number written here.

Universe

Numbering of households in same house (MN1989A_0028)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in houses

Literal question

Number of households in same house __

Interviewer instructions

208. Enumerators shall write how many families (or households) are living in one flat or house or ger. If two or more families are living in one flat or house or ger then Enumerator shall specify whether the flat or house or ger is being owned by one of the families or jointly by all of them.

209. In case if a household has both a house or a ger then Housing Census Questionnaire shall be filled in which one of them the household is living at the moment of counting. If household members live separately then both Housing Census Questionnaires shall be filled in separately without double counting.

Number of rooms (MN1989A_0029)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of rooms in the house in which the household lives.

The criteria for determining the number of rooms is different depending upon whether or not the household is listed as the first household in the house. For households listed first, enumerators recorded the total number of rooms. For households listed subsequent to the first household, enumerators recorded only the number of rooms used by that household.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

3.
Number of rooms ____
Useful living area (m2) ____
Total living area (m2) ____
Number of households ____
Number of residents ____

Interviewer instructions

215. The Housing Census Questionnaire for the household under the number one shall include answers for questions on the total number of rooms; the size of living (or useful) area; the number of rooms; the number of permanent residents; living conditions and total area of the flat. The Housing Census Questionnaires for the households under the numbers 2, 3 or 4 shall include only the number of rooms of the size of the living (or useful) area they are living in as well as the number of its own household members.

216. And living conditions or ownership of the flat (ger) living in one flat (ger) shall be filled in the same.

217. The Number of Rooms. The number of rooms shall be written only in figures (1, 2, 3 and 4 etc.) and the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline shall be complied.

Useful living area (m2) (MN1989A_0030)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Useful living area (m2) (MN1989A_0030)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 4-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the amount (in square meters) of useful living area in the house in which the household lives.

The criteria for determining how to record the useful living area differs depending upon whether a household is listed as the first household in the house or a subsequent household. For households listed first, enumerators recorded the total useful living area of the entire house. For subsequent households, enumerators recorded only the useful living area in use by that household.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

3.
Number of rooms ____
Useful living area (m2) ____
Total living area (m2) ____
Number of households ____
Number of residents ____

Interviewer instructions

215. The Housing Census Questionnaire for the household under the number one shall include answers for questions on the total number of rooms; the size of living (or useful) area; the number of rooms; the number of permanent residents; living conditions and total area of the flat. The Housing Census Questionnaires for the households under the numbers 2, 3 or 4 shall include only the number of rooms of the size of the living (or useful) area they are living in as well as the number of its own household members.

216. And living conditions or ownership of the flat (ger) living in one flat (ger) shall be filled in the same.

218. Useful Area. The useful area of a flat shall be equal to the sum of the area of the flat (living room, working room) and supplemental rooms (corridor, kitchen, bathroom, toilets). For the household written under the number one the areas of the useful area shall be the total sum of the useful areas of the flat and for the households under the number 2,3 and 4 it shall be the total sum of the area of the room in which they live in.

Total living area (m2) (MN1989A_0031)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 2-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the total living area (in square meters) of the house in which the household lives.

The criteria for determining how to record the total living area differs depending upon whether a household is listed as the first household in the house or a subsequent household. For households listed first, enumerators recorded the total living area of the entire house. For subsequent households, enumerators recorded only the total living area that was actually in use by that household.

Universe

Households living in houses

Total living area (m2) (MN1989A_0031)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Literal question

3.
 Number of rooms _____
 Useful living area (m2) _____
 Total living area (m2) _____
 Number of households _____
 Number of residents _____

Interviewer instructions

215. The Housing Census Questionnaire for the household under the number one shall include answers for questions on the total number of rooms; the size of living (or useful) area; the number of rooms; the number of permanent residents; living conditions and total area of the flat. The Housing Census Questionnaires for the households under the numbers 2, 3 or 4 shall include only the number of rooms of the size of the living (or useful) area they are living in as well as the number of its own household members.

216. And living conditions or ownership of the flat (ger) living in one flat (ger) shall be filled in the same.

219. The Area of the flat. The sum of areas of living room and working room of the flat shall be considered to be "the area of the flat". For the household written under the number one the area of the flat shall be the total sum of the flat and for the households under the number 2,3 and 4 it shall be the total sum of the area of the room which they live in.

220. If a flat owner does not know the size of the useful area and the total area of the flat then a enumerator shall get that either from their flat ownership contract or measuring the areas himself/herself.

Number of households (MN1989A_0032)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 1	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-9	

Description

This variable indicates the number of households living in the house in which the household lives if the household was listed as the first one in the house. For households listed second, third, fourth, etc., the number of households was recorded as 1.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

3.
 Number of rooms _____
 Useful living area (m2) _____
 Total living area (m2) _____
 Number of households _____
 Number of residents _____

Interviewer instructions

221. The number of households. As for the households written under the number one the total number of the households shall be written in and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1.

Number of residents (MN1989A_0033)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Number of residents (MN1989A_0033)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of residents living in the house in which the household resides if the household is listed as the first one in the house. For subsequent households, the variable indicates only the number of residents in that household.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

3.
Number of rooms _____
Useful living area (m2) _____
Total living area (m2) _____
Number of households _____
Number of residents _____

Interviewer instructions

222. Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one, the total number of the permanent residents shall be written in and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

Type of heating (MN1989A_0034)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of heating used in the house in which the household lives.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Type of heating:

☐ 01 Centralized
☐ 02 Non-centralized
☐ 03 Normal

Interviewer instructions

Type of heating (MN1989A_0034)

File: MNG1989-H-H

223. Heating Heating for flats shall be divided into 3 categories: "central heating", "non-central heating" and "simple heating".

- a) Central heating. Flats that are heated by either power station or factory's power plant shall be considered as having "central heating".
- b) Non - central heating. Flats which are heated by specially built power plant shall be considered as having "non-central heating".
- c) Simple heating. Flats which have a simply stove shall be considered as having "simple heating".

Either one of the above described shall be chosen for the answer for the heating question in the census questionnaire.

Water supply (MN1989A_0035)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of water supply system in the house in which the household lives.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Water supply:

- ☐ 04 Hot and cold water pipe
- ☐ 05 Cold water pipe
- ☐ 06 Public inside of house
- ☐ 07 Outside of house

Interviewer instructions

224. Water Supply Any type of water supply system of flat like whether the flat has hot water or cold water supply or has water supply inside or outside of the flat shall be specified and the respective answer in census questionnaire shall be circled accordingly.

Sewage pipe for dirty water (MN1989A_0036)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the type of sewage system in the house in which the household lives.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Sewage pipe for dirty water (MN1989A_0036)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Sewage pipe for dirty water:

- ☐ 08 Inside of house
- ☐ 09 Public inside of house
- ☐ 10 Outside of house

Interviewer instructions

225. Sewage Pipes Any type of sewage pipe of the flat whether the sewage pipes are installed internally or externally shall be specified and the respective answer in the census questionnaire shall be circled accordingly.

Kitchen (MN1989A_0037)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the house in which the household lives has a kitchen.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Kitchen:

- ☐ 11 Yes
- ☐ 12 No
- ☐ 13 Public

Interviewer instructions

226. Kitchen One of the answers: whether a flat "has its own kitchen" or "kitchen is for general use" or "does not have a kitchen" shall be chosen and circled accordingly for a question about kitchen in the census questionnaire.

Bathroom/shower room (MN1989A_0038)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the house has a bathroom/shower room.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Bathroom/Shower room:

- ☐ 14 Yes
- ☐ 15 No
- ☐ 16 Public

Interviewer instructions

Bathroom/shower room (MN1989A_0038)

File: MNG1989-H-H

227. Bathroom One of the answers: whether a flat "has its own bathroom" or "bathroom is for general use" or "does not have a bathroom" shall be chosen and circled accordingly for a question about bathroom in the census questionnaire.

Disposal of household waste (MN1989A_0039)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates how the household disposes of the household waste.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Disposal of household waste:

- ☐ 17 Through tube
- ☐ 18 No tube

Interviewer instructions

228. Tunnel for Rubbish Dumping One of the answers: whether a flat "has its own tunnel for rubbish dumping" or "tunnel for rubbish dumping is for general use" or "does not have a tunnel for rubbish dumping" shall be chosen and circled accordingly for a question about tunnel for rubbish dumping in the census questionnaire.

Electricity (MN1989A_0040)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the house in which the household resides has electricity.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Electricity:

- ☐ 19 Yes
- ☐ 20 No

Interviewer instructions

229. Electricity One of the answers: whether a flat "has electricity" or "does not have electricity" or "has a stove" or "does not have a stove" or "a building has a lift" or "a building does not have a lift" shall be chosen and circled accordingly for a question about electricity in the census questionnaire.

If any electrical stove or lift happens to be broken or taken away for repair than it shall be circled as being there.

Stove (MN1989A_0041)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the house in which the household resides has a stove.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Stove:

- ☐ 21 Has stove
- ☐ 22 No stove

Interviewer instructions

229. Electricity One of the answers: whether a flat "has electricity" or "does not have electricity" or "has a stove" or "does not have a stove" or "a building has a lift" or "a building does not have a lift" shall be chosen and circled accordingly for a question about electricity in the census questionnaire.

If any electrical stove or lift happens to be broken or taken away for repair than it shall be circled as being there.

Stairs (MN1989A_0042)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the house in which the household resides has stairs.

Universe

Households living in houses

Literal question

Stairs:

- ☐ 23 Has stairs
- ☐ 24 No stairs

Interviewer instructions

229. Electricity One of the answers: whether a flat "has electricity" or "does not have electricity" or "has a stove" or "does not have a stove" or "a building has a lift" or "a building does not have a lift" shall be chosen and circled accordingly for a question about electricity in the census questionnaire.

If any electrical stove or lift happens to be broken or taken away for repair than it shall be circled as being there.

Number of government-owned gers (MN1989A_0043)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Number of government-owned gers (MN1989A_0043)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of government owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Households living in gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 1 Government

Number of Gers ____
Number of walls of ger ____
Number of households ____
Number of residents ____
Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of government-owned gers (MN1989A_0043)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of walls (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0044)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 4-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of walls in the government owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of walls (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0044)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in government owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 1 Government

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of walls (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0044)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of households (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0045)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of households (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0045)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of households living in the government owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of households in the government owned ger. If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records 1 for the number of households.

Universe

Households living in government owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 1 Government

Number of Gers ____
 Number of walls of ger ____
 Number of households ____
 Number of residents ____
 Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of households (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0045)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of residents (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0046)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of residents (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0046)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of residents living in the government owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of residents in the government owned ger. If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records only the number of residents for that household.

Universe

Households living in government owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 1 Government

Number of Gers ____
 Number of walls of ger ____
 Number of households ____
 Number of residents ____
 Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of residents (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0046)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Has electricity (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0047)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the government owned ger(s) in which the household resides has electricity. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Has electricity (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0047)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in government owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 1 Government

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Has electricity (government-owned gers) (MN1989A_0047)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of cooperative-owned gers (MN1989A_0048)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of cooperative owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of cooperative-owned gers (MN1989A_0048)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 2 Agricultural cooperative

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of cooperative-owned gers (MN1989A_0048)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of walls (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0049)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 4-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of walls in the cooperative owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of walls (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0049)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in cooperative owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 2 Agricultural cooperative

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of walls (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0049)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of households (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0050)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of households (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0050)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of households in the cooperative owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of households in the cooperative owned ger(s). If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records 1 for the number of households.

Universe

Households living in cooperative owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 2 Agricultural cooperative

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of households (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0050)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of residents (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0051)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of residents (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0051)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of residents in the cooperative owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may also reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of residents in the cooperative owned ger. If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records only the number of residents for that household.

Universe

Households living in cooperative owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 2 Agricultural cooperative

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of residents (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0051)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Has electricity (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0052)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the cooperative owned ger(s) in which the household resides has electricity. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Has electricity (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0052)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in cooperative owned gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 2 Agricultural cooperative

Number of Gers _____

Number of walls of ger _____

Number of households _____

Number of residents _____

Has electricity _____

Interviewer instructions

Has electricity (cooperative-owned gers) (MN1989A_0052)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of private-owned gers (MN1989A_0053)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of privately owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of private-owned gers (MN1989A_0053)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 3 Private

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of private-owned gers (MN1989A_0053)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of walls (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0054)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 3-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of walls in the privately owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of walls (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0054)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in private gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 3 Private

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of walls (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0054)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of households (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0055)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of households (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0055)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of households live in the privately owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of households in the privately owned ger(s). If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records 1 for the number of households.

Universe

Households living in private gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 3 Private

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of households (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0055)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of residents (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0056)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of residents (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0056)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of residents live in the privately owned ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of residents in the privately owned ger. If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records only the number of residents for that household.

Universe

Households living in private gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 3 Private

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of residents (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0056)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Electricity (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0057)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the privately owned ger(s) in which the household lives has electricity. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Electricity (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0057)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in private gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 3 Private

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Electricity (private-owned gers) (MN1989A_0057)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of otriin gers (MN1989A_0058)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of Otriin gers in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of otriin gers (MN1989A_0058)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 4 Otriin Ger

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of otriin gers (MN1989A_0058)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of walls (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0059)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 3-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of walls in the Otriin ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Number of walls (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0059)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in otriin gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 4 Otriin Ger

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of walls (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0059)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of households (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0060)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of households (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0060)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of households living in the Otriin ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of households in the Otriin ger. If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records 1 for the number of households.

Universe

Households living in otriin gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 4 Otriin Ger

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of households (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0060)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Number of residents (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0061)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Number of residents (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0061)

File: MNG1989-H-H

This variable indicates the number of residents in the Otriin ger(s) in which the household resides. The household may reside in other types of gers.

If the household is listed as the first household in the ger (for multi-household gers), the variable indicates the total number of residents in the Otriin ger. If the household is not the first one listed in the ger, this variable records only the number of residents for that household.

Universe

Households living in otriin gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 4 Otriin Ger

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Number of residents (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0061)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Has electricity (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0062)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates whether the Otriin ger in which the household resides has electricity. The household may reside in other types of gers.

Universe

Has electricity (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0062)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Households living in otriin gers

Literal question

B. Ger

Order of household in ger _

[] 4 Otriin Ger

Number of Gers ____

Number of walls of ger ____

Number of households ____

Number of residents ____

Has electricity ____

Interviewer instructions

Has electricity (otriin gers) (MN1989A_0062)

File: MNG1989-H-H

214. Numbering of households living in one flat (ger). Households living in one flat (ger) shall be numbered 1, 2, 3 etc. Which household shall be written under the number one shall be decided by the households and the numbers shall be written in the Housing Census Questionnaire accordingly. Enumerators shall understand that the number of household and the numbering of households in the Census Questionnaire are different.

The household which is written under the number one shall be considered as to be living in a "whole flat" (even if it is jointly owned). (Note under the sub-paragraph "b" and the paragraph 215 of this guideline).

b. Ger

230. The Numbering of Households in a ger shall be filled in as it is specified by the paragraph 214 of this Guideline. If only one household is living in one ger then the answers for indicator "the numbering of households in a ger" shall be filled in as 1. If two households are living in one ger then a Household Questionnaire shall be opened for both of them and the answers for living conditions shall be circled accordingly.

231. Gers shall be divided into three categories: "state", "entities" and "private".

a. State owned gers. gers owned by either by state or public organizations (Ministries or Special Departments or Factories or Vegetable Farm or other organizations) and being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "state owned gers";

b. Gers owned by entities. gers owned either by Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities being lived by their workers or employees shall be considered as to be "gers owned by either Agricultural Entities or Cooperatives of Joint Agricultural Entities".

c. Gers of Private Ownership. gers privately owned by individuals shall be considered as to be gers of Private Ownership;

d. Otriin ger -- shall mean the gers which are used for pasturing animals (to move around) and be filled in only by asking from herders if they have one or not.

[p. 31]

232. The number of gers The number of gers shall be defined by how many gers (1,2 etc) a household owns. Gers shall be differentiated with the number of their walls. For example: if a household has 2 gers one of which one has 5 walls and the other one has 65 walls then the ger number shall be filled in as 2 and the number of walls as 5.

233. The number of Households and Permanent Residents. As for the households written under the number one the number of the households shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only 1. As for the households written under the number one the number of the permanent residents shall be written in total and for the households written under the number other than one it shall be only the number of their permanent residents.

234. For answering a question whether a household living in a ger has electricity or not either one of "yes -- 1" or "no -- 0" shall be chosen.

Household weight (MN1989A_0063)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates expansion factor (weight) for the case.

Universe

All households

Literal question

Household weight (MN1989A_0063)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Household weight

Household weight (HHWT)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Mongolia, Province 1989 - 2000 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1_MN)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 6
Decimals: 0
Range: 496001-496021

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEO1_MN identifies the household's province (aimag) within Mongolia in all sample years. Provinces are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1_MN is spatially harmonized to account for political boundary changes across census years. Some detail is lost in harmonization; see the comparability discussion. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1_MN can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for Mongolia can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for Mongolia. Year specific geography and maps will become available in the near future.

Mongolia, Province 1989 - 2000 [Level 1; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name] (GEO1_MNX)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Mongolia, Province 1989 - 2000 [Level 1; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name] (GEO1_MNX)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-22

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

GEO1_MNX identifies the household's province (aimag) within Mongolia in all sample years. Provinces are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1_MNX is harmonized by name and does not account for boundary changes over time.

The full set of geography variables for Mongolia can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found [here](#).

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for Mongolia. Year specific geography and maps will become available in the near future.

Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCOUPLES is a constructed variable indicating the number of married/in-union couples within a household.

NCOUPLES is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable SPLOC (spouse's location in the household).

Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NMOTHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of mothers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NMOTHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable MOMLOC (mother's location in the household).

Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NFATHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of fathers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NFATHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable POPLOC (father's location in the household).

Country (COUNTRY)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 32-894

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

Electricity (ELECTRIC)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ELECTRIC indicates whether the household had access to electricity.

Living area in square meters (LIVEAREA)

File: MNG1989-H-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

LIVEAREA describes the total living area in the dwelling inhabited by the household.

Person number (PERNUM)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with "1" for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

Mother's location in household (MOMLOC)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

MOMLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's mother lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the mother (see PERNUM). MOMLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) mothers.

The method by which probable child-mother links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of MOMLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: MOMLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepmother and adopted mother) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPMOM is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Father's location in household (POPLOC)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's father lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the father (see PERNUM). POPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) fathers.

The method by which probable child-father links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of POPLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: POPLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepfather and adopted father) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPPOP is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

Spouse's location in household (SPLOC)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's spouse lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number (PERNUM) of the spouse. SPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of (probable) spouses.

The method by which probable spouse-spouse links are identified is described in SPRULE.

The general design of SPLOC and other constructed variables is modeled on the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships", but the details vary significantly.

Rule for linking parent (PARRULE)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-52

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

PARRULE describes the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variables MOMLOC and POPLOC linked the person to a probable mother and/or father.

IPUMS-International establishes child-parent links according to five basic rules, and PARRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A link to any parent automatically generates a second link to that parent's spouse or partner, so only one rule is needed to describe both MOMLOC and POPLOC.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Rule for linking spouse (SPRULE)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SPRULE explains the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variable SPLOC linked the person to his/her probable spouse.

IPUMS-International establishes spouse-spouse links according to five basic rules, and SPRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A sixth rule identifies sample-specific linking procedures only imposed in selected instances.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

Probable stepmother (STEPMOM)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPMOM indicates whether a person's mother, as identified by MOMLOC, was most probably not the person's biological mother. Non-zero values of STEPMOM explain why it is probable that the person's mother was a step- or adopted mother. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepmother because (1) the mother identified in MOMLOC was probably the biological mother or (2) there is no mother of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPMOM are as follows:

- 0 = Biological mother or no mother of this person present in household.
- 1 = Mother has no children borne or surviving.
- 2 = Child reports mother is deceased.
- 3 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner, stepchild/child-in-law).
- 4 = Mother reports no children in the home.
- 5 = Age difference between mother and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
- 6 = Child exceeds known fertility of mother.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepmothers and adopted mothers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPMOM will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Probable stepfather (STEPPOP)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

STEPPOP indicates whether a person's father, as identified by POPLOC, was most probably not the person's biological father. Non-zero values of STEPPPOP explain why it is probable that the person's father was a step- or adopted father. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepfather because (1) the father identified in POPLOC was probably the biological father or (2) there is no father of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPPPOP are as follows:

- 0 = Biological father or no father of this person present in household.
- 1 = Child reports father is deceased.
- 2 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner; stepchild/child-in-law).
- 3 = Age difference between father and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepfathers and adopted fathers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPPPOP will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

Man with more than one wife linked (POLYMAL)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POLYMAL indicates if a man had more than one wife linked to him in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household.

The point of POLYMAL is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Woman is second or higher order wife (POLY2ND)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

POLY2ND indicates if a woman was the second or higher order wife linked to a husband in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household. The variable does not suggest the actual marital order of wives, only their relative positions in the person order of the household as it was enumerated.

The point of POLY2ND is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

Family unit membership (FAMUNIT)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FAMUNIT is a constructed variable indicating to which family within the household a person belongs.

All persons related to the household head receive a 1 (see RELATE). Each secondary family or secondary individual receives a higher code. For purposes of FAMUNIT, secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

FAMSIZE counts the number of the person's own family members living in the household with her/him, including the person her/himself. These include all persons related to the person by blood, adoption, or marriage as indicated by the census forms or inferred from them.

FAMSIZE is calculated from the units identified in the IPUMS constructed variable FAMUNIT (family unit membership). The primary family is defined as all persons related to the head in the RELATE variable. Secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

Number of own children in household (NCHILD)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHILD provides a count of the person's own children living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Number of own children under age 5 in household (NCHLT5)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NCHLT5 provides a count of the person's own children under age five living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Description

ELDCH gives the age of the person's oldest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

ELDCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Age of youngest own child in household (YNGCH)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

YNGCH gives the age of the person's youngest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

YNGCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 1000-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RELATED describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

Age (AGE)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

Sex (SEX)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

Marital status [general version] (MARST)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARSTD describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

Month of birth (BIRTHMO)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BIRTHMO indicates the person's month of birth.

Children ever born (CHBORN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CHBORN reports the number of children ever born to each woman of whom the question was asked. In most samples, women were to report all live births by all fathers, whether or not the child was still living.

Children surviving (CHSURV)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CHSURV reports the number of children born to a woman who were still living at the time of the census.

Province of birth, Mongolia (BPLMN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BPLMN indicates the person's province (aimag) of birth within Mongolia.

Citizenship (CITIZEN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

CITIZEN indicates the person's citizenship status within the country in which they were enumerated.

Country of citizenship (NATION)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NATION indicates the person's country of citizenship.

Literacy (LIT)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

LIT indicates whether or not the respondent could read and write in any language. A person is typically considered literate if he or she can both read and write. All other persons are illiterate, including those who can either read or write but cannot do both.

Educational attainment, Mongolia (EDUCMN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDUCMN indicates the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed.

Year of birth (BIRTHYR)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

BIRTHYR gives the person's year of birth.

Residence status: de facto, de jure (RESIDENT)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

RESIDENT identifies whether an enumerated person is a household resident or a visitor and whether she or he was present at the time of enumeration. This variable is available only in samples that enumerated both de facto and de jure residents. It can be used to eliminate the double-counting of persons who were enumerated both at their permanent residence and at the residence they were visiting on census night.

De jure population: present residents and absent residents.

De facto population: present residents and visitors/non-residents.

Person number (within household) (MN1989A_0003)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-17

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person number (within household).

Person number (within household) (MN1989A_0003)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Person number (within household)

Person number (MN1989A_0400)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person number.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Person number

Relationship to household head (MN1989A_0401)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-12

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's relationship to the household head.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

1. Relationship to household head:

- ☐ 01 Household head
- ☐ 02 Wife/husband
- ☐ 03 Daughter/son
- ☐ 04 Parents
- ☐ 05 Sister/brother
- ☐ 07 Daughter/son-in-law
- ☐ 08 Grandparents
- ☐ 09 Grandchild
- ☐ 10 Other relatives
- ☐ 11 Single
- ☐ 12 Separated from household

Interviewer instructions

Relationship to household head (MN1989A_0401)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question One. Relationship to the Household Head

107. Any person of a household older than 16 may be considered the head of the household and household members shall decide whom to name as their household head. If they are unable to decide then a person who brings in the most income shall be considered as the head of the household. As to the other members of the household a respective answer from the given answers for the first question shall be found and underlined. "Single" member or "separated" member of the household shall be counted as the other members.

Singles. A person who is not married or lives separately from his/her household permanently and does not have any financial obligation shall be considered as "Singles".

Separated. A person who lives separately from his/her family permanently but has a financial obligation or is temporarily living separately from his/her household shall be considered as "separated".

Resident type (MN1989A_0402)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's residency status.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

2. [Residency status]

- ☐ 1 Resident
- ☐ 2 Temporary absent
- ☐ 3 Visitor

Interviewer instructions

Resident type (MN1989A_0402)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Two.

[p. 14]

108. Either one of the following three statements shall be underlined for a person who is being counted in his/her Census Questionnaire. The three statements are: "residing permanently" or "temporarily absent" or "residing temporarily".

109. Residing Permanently. People who live permanently in the territory of his/her administration unit and are counted by being present shall be considered as "residing permanently". In addition to the people described below also shall be considered as "residing permanently":

people who are working on night shift;
 watchmen or doormen or guards;
 people who work for a shift (for a few days) such as (people who work for railway or airline or truck drivers or postmen etc).
 people who went for stay over 1-2 days at resorts or children attending 24 hour kindergarten;
 people on the road (such as hunters or who looking for their cattle or preparing their wood etc).

110. "Temporarily Absent". People who are not living in their administrative units by living outside it (for less than 6 months) and absent during counting shall be considered as "temporarily absent".

Below described people also shall be considered as being "temporarily absent":

people on business trip (within a country);
 people on business trip abroad (for temporary duration or quarterly assignment);
 people who left for holiday or treatment or as tourists;
 practicum's at factories;
 people staying at hospitals (no more than 6 months);
 women and babies at maternity hospitals;
 people who left to visit their relatives;
 students studying in "forest resort";
 people who are on military calls or field training;
 people who are being held at detention centers;
 people who are arrested for petty crimes for up to 30 days.

111. Residing Temporarily. People who are residing in an administrative unit other than their own for duration of less than 6 months shall be considered as "residing temporarily". In other words, the people who registered as being "temporarily absent" in their own registered administration unit (paragraph 110) shall be counted as "residing temporarily" in the administration unit where they are residing temporarily. In addition to them people who are staying at airports or railway or bus stations during the census process and do not have "certificate" shall be counted there as "residing temporarily".

Visitor: aimag (MN1989A_0403)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the visitor's usual province (aimag) of residence.

Universe

Persons who are visitors

Visitor: aimag (MN1989A_0403)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Literal question

2. [Residency status]

- ☐ 1 Resident
- ☐ 2 Temporary absent
- ☐ 3 Visitor

Interviewer instructions

Question Two.

[p. 14]

108. Either one of the following three statements shall be underlined for a person who is being counted in his/her Census Questionnaire. The three statements are: "residing permanently" or "temporarily absent" or "residing temporarily".

109. Residing Permanently. People who live permanently in the territory of his/her administration unit and are counted by being present shall be considered as "residing permanently". In addition to the people described below also shall be considered as "residing permanently":

people who are working on night shift;
 watchmen or doormen or guards;
 people who work for a shift (for a few days) such as (people who work for railway or airline or truck drivers or postmen etc).
 people who went for stay over 1-2 days at resorts or children attending 24 hour kindergarten;
 people on the road (such as hunters or who looking for their cattle or preparing their wood etc).

110. "Temporarily Absent". People who are not living in their administrative units by living outside it (for less than 6 months) and absent during counting shall be considered as "temporarily absent".

Below described people also shall be considered as being "temporarily absent":

people on business trip (within a country);
 people on business trip abroad (for temporary duration or quarterly assignment);
 people who left for holiday or treatment or as tourists;
 practicum's at factories;
 people staying at hospitals (no more than 6 months);
 women and babies at maternity hospitals;
 people who left to visit their relatives;
 students studying in "forest resort";
 people who are on military calls or field training;
 people who are being held at detention centers;
 people who are arrested for petty crimes for up to 30 days.

111. Residing Temporarily. People who are residing in an administrative unit other than their own for duration of less than 6 months shall be considered as "residing temporarily". In other words, the people who registered as being "temporarily absent" in their own registered administration unit (paragraph 110) shall be counted as "residing temporarily" in the administration unit where they are residing temporarily. In addition to them people who are staying at airports or railway or bus stations during the census process and do not have "certificate" shall be counted there as "residing temporarily".

112. The Address of Permanent Residence of People who "residing temporarily". The name of Aimag or City or Soum or Khoroo or District for each person counted as "residing temporarily".

Sex (MN1989A_0405)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's sex.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

3. Sex:

[] 1 Male
 [] 2 Female

Year of birth (MN1989A_0406)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 4
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1884-1989

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's year of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Date of birth:

Year ____
 Month ____
 Day ____
 Age __

Aimag (province) ____

Soum (district) ____

Interviewer instructions

Year of birth (MN1989A_0406)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Four.

114. A person's date of birth shall be filled out as it is written in their registration number. (for example: 1940 -- 2 -- 25). However, the age shall be taken as the years aged. Age shall not be added up even if there is only a few days are left before the actual birth day. For example: if a child is 12 years and 11 months and 25 days old his/her age shall be filled out as being 12 not 13. The age for young children up to 12 months shall be filled out as 0.

115. People ages shall be defined through the following method: Age for people who were born before January 5 of each year shall be defined by subtracting their year of birth from 1989. For example: if Baldan was born January 3, 1939 then he will be 50 years old (1989 -- 1939). Age for people who were born after January 5 of each year shall be defined by deducting their year of birth from 1989, then subtracting 1 from the remainder. For example: if Dash was born January 10, 1943 then he will be 45 years old (1989 -- 1943 - 1). (For defining age please, refer to the Table in the Appendix 5).

116. Table 1 shall be used to determine the age for old people who are not able to say their DOB but knows them in the old lunar calendar.

Age

Year of Birth, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 8, 9, 10

Mouse, 5, 17, 29, 41, 53, 65, 77, 89, 101, 113

Cow, 4, 16, 28, 40, 52, 64, 76, 88, 100, 112

Tiger, 3, 15, 27, 39, 51, 63, 75, 87, 99, 111

Rabbit, 2, 14, 26, 38, 50, 62, 74, 86, 98, 100

Dragon, 1, 13, 25, 37, 49, 61, 73, 85, 97, 109

Snake, - , 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108

Horse, - , 11, 23, 35, 47, 59, 71, 83, 95, 107

Oxen, - , 10, 22, 34, 46, 58, 70, 82, 94, 106

Monkey, - , 9, 21, 33, 45, 57, 69, 81, 93, 105

Hen/Rooster, - , 8, 20, 32, 44, 56, 68, 80, 92, 104

Dog, - , 7, 19, 31, 43, 55, 67, 79, 91, 103

Pig, - , 6, 18, 30, 42, 54, 66, 78, 90, 102

Month of birth (MN1989A_0407)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's month of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Date of birth:

Year ____

Month ____

Day ____

Age __

Aimag (province) ____

Soum (district) ____

Interviewer instructions

Month of birth (MN1989A_0407)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Four.

114. A person's date of birth shall be filled out as it is written in their registration number. (for example: 1940 -- 2 -- 25). However, the age shall be taken as the years aged. Age shall not be added up even if there is only a few days are left before the actual birth day. For example: if a child is 12 years and 11 months and 25 days old his/her age shall be filled out as being 12 not 13. The age for young children up to 12 months shall be filled out as 0.

115. People ages shall be defined through the following method: Age for people who were born before January 5 of each year shall be defined by subtracting their year of birth from 1989. For example: if Baldan was born January 3, 1939 then he will be 50 years old (1989 -- 1939). Age for people who were born after January 5 of each year shall be defined by deducting their year of birth from 1989, then subtracting 1 from the remainder. For example: if Dash was born January 10, 1943 then he will be 45 years old (1989 -- 1943 - 1). (For defining age please, refer to the Table in the Appendix 5).

116. Table 1 shall be used to determine the age for old people who are not able to say their DOB but knows them in the old lunar calendar.

Age

Year of Birth, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 8, 9, 10

Mouse, 5, 17, 29, 41, 53, 65, 77, 89, 101, 113

Cow, 4, 16, 28, 40, 52, 64, 76, 88, 100, 112

Tiger, 3, 15, 27, 39, 51, 63, 75, 87, 99, 111

Rabbit, 2, 14, 26, 38, 50, 62, 74, 86, 98, 100

Dragon, 1, 13, 25, 37, 49, 61, 73, 85, 97, 109

Snake, - , 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108

Horse, - , 11, 23, 35, 47, 59, 71, 83, 95, 107

Oxen, - , 10, 22, 34, 46, 58, 70, 82, 94, 106

Monkey, - , 9, 21, 33, 45, 57, 69, 81, 93, 105

Hen/Rooster, - , 8, 20, 32, 44, 56, 68, 80, 92, 104

Dog, - , 7, 19, 31, 43, 55, 67, 79, 91, 103

Pig, - , 6, 18, 30, 42, 54, 66, 78, 90, 102

Age (MN1989A_0409)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 3

Decimals: 0

Range: 0-104

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's age.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Date of birth:

Year ____

Month ____

Day ____

Age __

Aimag (province) ____

Soum (district) ____

Interviewer instructions

Age (MN1989A_0409)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Four.

114. A person's date of birth shall be filled out as it is written in their registration number. (for example: 1940 -- 2 -- 25). However, the age shall be taken as the years aged. Age shall not be added up even if there is only a few days are left before the actual birth day. For example: if a child is 12 years and 11 months and 25 days old his/her age shall be filled out as being 12 not 13. The age for young children up to 12 months shall be filled out as 0.

115. People ages shall be defined through the following method: Age for people who were born before January 5 of each year shall be defined by subtracting their year of birth from 1989. For example: if Baldan was born January 3, 1939 then he will be 50 years old (1989 -- 1939). Age for people who were born after January 5 of each year shall be defined by deducting their year of birth from 1989, then subtracting 1 from the remainder. For example: if Dash was born January 10, 1943 then he will be 45 years old (1989 -- 1943 - 1). (For defining age please, refer to the Table in the Appendix 5).

116. Table 1 shall be used to determine the age for old people who are not able to say their DOB but knows them in the old lunar calendar.

Age

Year of Birth, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 8, 9, 10

Mouse, 5, 17, 29, 41, 53, 65, 77, 89, 101, 113

Cow, 4, 16, 28, 40, 52, 64, 76, 88, 100, 112

Tiger, 3, 15, 27, 39, 51, 63, 75, 87, 99, 111

Rabbit, 2, 14, 26, 38, 50, 62, 74, 86, 98, 100

Dragon, 1, 13, 25, 37, 49, 61, 73, 85, 97, 109

Snake, - , 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108

Horse, - , 11, 23, 35, 47, 59, 71, 83, 95, 107

Oxen, - , 10, 22, 34, 46, 58, 70, 82, 94, 106

Monkey, - , 9, 21, 33, 45, 57, 69, 81, 93, 105

Hen/Rooster, - , 8, 20, 32, 44, 56, 68, 80, 92, 104

Dog, - , 7, 19, 31, 43, 55, 67, 79, 91, 103

Pig, - , 6, 18, 30, 42, 54, 66, 78, 90, 102

Province (aimag) of birth (MN1989A_0410)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's province (Aimag) of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

4. Date of birth:

Year ____

Month ____

Day ____

Age __

Aimag (province) ____

Soum (district) ____

Interviewer instructions

Province (aimag) of birth (MN1989A_0410)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Four.

114. A person's date of birth shall be filled out as it is written in their registration number. (for example: 1940 -- 2 -- 25). However, the age shall be taken as the years aged. Age shall not be added up even if there is only a few days are left before the actual birth day. For example: if a child is 12 years and 11 months and 25 days old his/her age shall be filled out as being 12 not 13. The age for young children up to 12 months shall be filled out as 0.

115. People ages shall be defined through the following method: Age for people who were born before January 5 of each year shall be defined by subtracting their year of birth from 1989. For example: if Baldan was born January 3, 1939 then he will be 50 years old (1989 -- 1939). Age for people who were born after January 5 of each year shall be defined by deducting their year of birth from 1989, then subtracting 1 from the remainder. For example: if Dash was born January 10, 1943 then he will be 45 years old (1989 -- 1943 - 1). (For defining age please, refer to the Table in the Appendix 5).

116. Table 1 shall be used to determine the age for old people who are not able to say their DOB but knows them in the old lunar calendar.

Age

Year of Birth, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 8, 9, 10

Mouse, 5, 17, 29, 41, 53, 65, 77, 89, 101, 113

Cow, 4, 16, 28, 40, 52, 64, 76, 88, 100, 112

Tiger, 3, 15, 27, 39, 51, 63, 75, 87, 99, 111

Rabbit, 2, 14, 26, 38, 50, 62, 74, 86, 98, 100

Dragon, 1, 13, 25, 37, 49, 61, 73, 85, 97, 109

Snake, - , 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108

Horse, - , 11, 23, 35, 47, 59, 71, 83, 95, 107

Oxen, - , 10, 22, 34, 46, 58, 70, 82, 94, 106

Monkey, - , 9, 21, 33, 45, 57, 69, 81, 93, 105

Hen/Rooster, - , 8, 20, 32, 44, 56, 68, 80, 92, 104

Dog, - , 7, 19, 31, 43, 55, 67, 79, 91, 103

Pig, - , 6, 18, 30, 42, 54, 66, 78, 90, 102

Ethnicity (MN1989A_0412)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's ethnicity.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

5. Ethnicity ____

Citizenship (MN1989A_0413)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-16

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

Citizenship (MN1989A_0413)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Description

This variable indicates the person's citizenship.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

6. Citizenship ____

Interviewer instructions

Question Five. Nationality

118. Nationality shall be recorded by a person's answer. Parents shall define their children's nationality. If parents are not able to define their child's nationality then the child's nationality shall be defined as his/her mother's.

119. Nationality of people shall be recorded as answered. Nationality of all citizens of the People's Republic of Mongolia shall be recorded as "Mongol" and nationality for people of other countries shall be defined as such as Russian or Bulgarian or Cuban or Chinese as shown in the Appendix 6.

120. If parents of a child are from different countries then the nationality of the child shall be defined as parents said. If parents have disagreement then the child's nationality shall be recorded/defined by their country of residency.

121. People without citizenship shall be recorded as people without citizenship.

122. People who reside in People's Republic of Mongolia but have not become citizens shall be recorded as nationality of their country of origin the word: "residing" shall be added.

Social status of origin (MN1989A_0414)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-6

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's social status of origin based upon the working status of the person's parent at the time of birth.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

9. Social origin:

- ☐ 1 Employee
- ☐ 2 Civil servant (intellectual)
- ☐ 3 Herder
- ☐ 4 Member of cooperatives
- ☐ 5 Member of craftsman
- ☐ 6 Other

Interviewer instructions

Social status of origin (MN1989A_0414)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Nine. Social Status

157. A social status of either of a person's parent at the moment of his/her birth shall be the person's social status. Upon an answer of a person being counted one of the following social status answers choices shall be underlined: "Worker"; "Employee"; "Herder"; "Cooperative" and "Other".

158. Worker. Any person who is mainly engaged in physical labor (at state or public organizations) and participating in the process of creating material values shall be named as to be "Worker". For example: If either one of a person's parent is/was a driller or a digger or a bricklayer or a plaster or an operator for all types of machinery or a tailor or a weaver or a carpenter or a shop assistant or a loader or a herder (for horses or cattle) or a milk woman then the person's social status shall be defined as to be "Worker".

159. Employee. A person who is mainly engaged in mental labor (at state or public organizations) shall be named as to an employee. For example: If either one of a person's parent is/was a chairman or a deputy chairman or an economist or an engineer or a teacher or veterinarian or zoo technician etc then the person's social status shall be defined as "Employee".

160. Herder. If either parent of a person at the moment of his/her birth was engaged in livestock herding (not livestock of cooperative but of their own) then the person's social status shall be defined as "Herder".

161. Cooperator. If either parent of a person at the moment of his/her birth was a member of any cooperative (livestock or handcrafting) then the person's social status shall be defined as to be "Cooperator".

[p. 21]

162. Others. If either parent of a person at the moment of his/her birth was engaged in employment other than specified by the paragraphs 158-161 of this Guideline shall be defined as "Others".

Social group (MN1989A_0415)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-4

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's social group.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

10. Social group:

- ☐ 1 Employee
- ☐ 2 Civil servant (intellectual)
- ☐ 3 Member of cooperatives
- ☐ 4 Other

Interviewer instructions

Social group (MN1989A_0415)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Question Ten. Social Groups

163. A person's social group shall be defined based on a person's organization he/she is working for and the position he/she is engaged in. Social groups shall be divided into 4 categories, such as: "Working Group"; "Employee's Group"; "Herder's Group"; "Cooperative's Group" and "Other Group". (Please, refer to the Appendix 9 for a list of positions at employment which are complicated to be defined).

164. Working Group. Any person who is mainly engaged in physical labor (at state or public organizations) and participating in the process of creating material values as well as his/her acknowledged dependants or a person who is retired from such a position of employment shall belong to "Working Group".

165. Employee's Group. A person who is mainly engaged in mental labor (at state or public organizations) as well as his/her acknowledged dependants or a person who is retired from such a position of employment shall belong to "Employee's Group".

166. Cooperative's Group. A person who is a member of cooperative or a person who is retired from cooperative as well as his/her acknowledged dependants shall belong to "Cooperative's Group".

167. Other Group. Social groups other than specified by the paragraphs 161-166 of this Guideline shall be defined as to be "Other Group".

168. A social group for children up to the age of 16 or those more than 16 years old but stays under the care and guardianship of others shall be defined either by social group of the household head or his/her guardian.

169. A social group for a person who went on to study at Universities or Institute or Vocation Training Courses or Colleges directly after finishing his/her school shall be defined by either one of his/her parent's social group or his/her guardian.

170. A social group for a person who went on to study at Universities or Institute or Vocation Training Courses or Colleges after having worked (being employed) or a person who is receiving disability benefit shall be defined by the social group they belonged to either prior to becoming students or receiving disability benefit.

171. A social group for a freelance person (such as a painter or a musician or an author or a sculptor) who does not work for any organization shall be filled out as to an employee's group.

Income source (MN1989A_0416)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's income source.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

11. Income source:

- ☐ 1 Industry, enterprise, official organization
- ☐ 2 Agricultural cooperative
- ☐ 3 Pension
- ☐ 4 Student stipend
- ☐ 5 Other kind of pension, benefits
- ☐ 6 Under care of others
- ☐ 7 Own farm, private labor
- ☐ 8 Society for labor, work (cooperative)
- ☐ 9 Other

Income source (MN1989A_0416)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Interviewer instructions

Question Eleven. Income Source

[p. 22]

172. Factory, Economic Entity, Organization. An income source of a person who works for any of state or public (except for an Agricultural Entity negdel) shall be filled out as "Factory, Economic Entity, Organization".

173. Agricultural Entity. An income source of a person who works for an agricultural entity or cooperative of joint Agricultural Entity entities or cooperatives shall be filled out as "An Agricultural Entity".

174. An income source of a person who working after being retired shall be filled out based on the present employment. And an income source of a person or a person who is attending a refresher training or a woman who is on maternity leave shall be filled out based on their previous employment. In such cases either "Factory, Economic Entity, Organization" or as "An Agricultural Entity" shall be underlined.

175. Pension. An income source of a pensioner (other than those who is working after being retired) shall be filled out as "Pension".

176. Stipend. An income source of a person who is studying at day classes of Universities or Institutes or Vocation Training Colleges with stipend shall be filled out as "Stipend". (Those who studies at evening shift or individually shall not be included here).

177. Other Stage Benefits. An income source of people who are staying at state Welfare Shelter or children who staying at Children's Shelter or those who are receiving benefit for loss of the breadwinner shall be filled out as "Other Stage Benefits".

178. Under the Care of Others. An income source of pre-school and school children or people who stay under others' care and do not have their own income shall be filled out as "Under the Care of Others".

179. Supplemental Private Entity Income. An income source of people who are engaged in their own business (and who do not receive a pension from Agricultural Entity) and their family members who are more than 16 years old shall be filled out as "Supplemental Private Entity Income".

179a. An income source of people who are engaged or work for a cooperative or manage a cooperative and receive most of their income from there shall be filled out as "cooperative". However, if a cooperative is a person's second place of employment then an income source of the person shall be filled out as "Factory, Economic Entity, Organization".

180. Other Source of Income. An income source of a person who is hired by others as (an au pair or cook or housekeeper etc) or a freelance person or person who is earning an income by renting his/her flat or person who is earning an income from interest rate of his/her private account shall be filled out as "other source of income".

Education level (MN1989A_0417)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's education level.

Universe

Persons age 7+

Literal question

Education level (MN1989A_0417)

File: MNG1989-P-H

12. Education:

- ☐ 1 Completed high
- ☐ 2 Non completed high
- ☐ 3 Technical vocational
- ☐ 4 General education Grade 9-10
- ☐ 5 General education Grade 4-8
- ☐ 6 Primary
- ☐ 7 Literate
- ☐ 8 Illiterate

Interviewer instructions

Question Twelve. Education

181. Complete High. People who graduated from University of Institute either locally or internationally shall be considered as being educated at "Complete High" level.
Also people who graduated from the Pedagogical Institute before the year of 1959 shall be considered to be as having a "Complete High" education.

182. Incomplete High. People who are studying at Universities or Institutes or people who graduated from the Pedagogical Institute after the year of 1959 or graduates from of Marxism -- Leninism Evening Institute or Institute of Eastern Studies or two years courses at Party's Institute shall be considered to be as having an "Incomplete High" education.

183. Vocational School. People who graduated from technicums or vocational schools or music and dance schools either in Mongolia or abroad shall be considered as having education of a Vocational School.

184. Education of Secondary School. People who finished the 10th grade of a secondary school shall be considered to be as having "complete secondary education"; people who finished the 7th (by an old system) or the 8th grade as having "incomplete secondary education" and people who finished the only 4th (by an old system) or the 3rd grade as having "primary education".

185. Literate or Illiterate. This question shall be answered by those people who are older than 11 and do not have any education. A person who can read and write in Cyrillic or old Mongolian script or any other country's language shall be considered as literate. However, if the person is not able to read at all he/she shall be considered illiterate.

186. School children of the second and third grades shall be considered as literate.

187. For school children of the first grade or children mentally retarded who are younger than 9 and do not go to school the section for education shall not be filled out.

Marital status (MN1989A_0418)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the person's marital status.

Universe

Persons age 15+

Literal question

14. Marital status:

- ☐ 1 Married
- ☐ 2 Widowed
- ☐ 3 Divorced
- ☐ 4 Never married

Marital status (MN1989A_0418)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Interviewer instructions

Question Fourteen. Marital Status

190. Married. Married or not married section should be filled in based on a if a person answers whether he/she is married or not depending on whether he/she has a marriage certificate.

This question shall only be answered by people who are 18 or above.

However, if a person is younger than 18, then he/she shall be considered as married as well.

191. Widow. A person whose spouse passed away and is not remarried shall be considered as widow.

192. Divorced. A person who is divorced and not remarried shall be considered as divorced.

193. Never Married. A person who is 18 or older and has never been married shall be considered as a person who never married.

Number of children ever born (MN1989A_0419)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of children ever born to a person.

Universe

Females age 15+

Literal question

[Question 15 was asked only of women.]

15. Number of children ever born __

Of which: number of living children __

Interviewer instructions

Question Fifteen. The Number of Children ever born

194. The Number of Children ever born. The question for this shall be asked only to women. A woman shall tell the number of all children she gave birth to (whether a child lives with her or not; dead or alive; or was given up for adoption or shelter).

For women who are 18 or older and have never given birth to a child, the answer shall be written as "-". For women who are younger than 18 years old then the number of her child shall be written.

195. Living Children. All children a woman gave birth to and who are living shall be written in this section.

Number of living children (MN1989A_0420)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Number of living children (MN1989A_0420)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the number of children who are still alive.

Universe

Females age 15+

Literal question

[Question 15 was asked only of women.]

15. Number of children ever born __

Of which: number of living children __

Interviewer instructions

Question Fifteen. The Number of Children ever born

194. The Number of Children ever born. The question for this shall be asked only to women. A woman shall tell the number of all children she gave birth to (whether a child lives with her or not; dead or alive; or was given up for adoption or shelter).

For women who are 18 or older and have never given birth to a child, the answer shall be written as "-". For women who are younger than 18 years old then the number of her child shall be written.

195. Living Children. All children a woman gave birth to and who are living shall be written in this section.

Person weight (MN1989A_0421)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 5
Decimals: 3

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

This variable indicates the expansion factor (weight) for the case.

Universe

All persons

Literal question

Person weight

Person weight (PERWT)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Person weight (PERWT)

File: MNG1989-P-H

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

Ethnicity, Mongolia (ETHNICMN)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

ETHNICMN indicates the person's ethnicity in Mongolia.

Nativity status (NATIVITY)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 1
Decimals: 0
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

NATIVITY indicates whether the person was native- or foreign-born.

Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 4
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 9
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 10
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Country [person version] (COUNTRYP)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Continuous
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)

File: MNG1989-P-H

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 1

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

Related Materials

Questionnaires

Population and Housing Census 1989. Questionnaire

Title	Population and Housing Census 1989. Questionnaire
Author(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Date	1989-01-05
Country	Mongolia
Language	English
Contributor(s)	Minnesota Population Center (translation)
Publisher(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Filename	enum_form_mn1989_tag.pdf

Population and Housing Census 1989. Questionnaire

Title	Population and Housing Census 1989. Questionnaire
Author(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Date	1989-01-05
Country	Mongolia
Language	Mongolian
Publisher(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Filename	enum_form_mn1989.pdf

Technical documents

Population and Housing Census 1989. Instructions on Filling out the Census Questionnaire

Title	Population and Housing Census 1989. Instructions on Filling out the Census Questionnaire
Author(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Date	1989-01-05
Country	Mongolia
Language	English
Contributor(s)	Minnesota Population Center (translation)
Publisher(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Filename	enum_instruct_mn1989_tag.pdf

Population and Housing Census 1989. Instructions on Filling out the Census Questionnaire

Title	Population and Housing Census 1989. Instructions on Filling out the Census Questionnaire
Author(s)	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia
Date	1988-01-01
Country	Mongolia
Language	Mongolian

Publisher(s) National Statistical Office of Mongolia, People's Republic of Mongolia

Filename enum_instruct_mn1989.pdf
