

# India - Socio-Economic Survey, Household Schedule 10: Employment and Unemployment July, 2004-June, 2005 - IPUMS Subset

**National Sample Survey Organization, Government of India, Minnesota Population  
Center - University of Minnesota**

Report generated on: April 30, 2018

Visit our data catalog at: <http://microdata.worldbank.org>



# Sampling

## Sampling Procedure

---

MICRODATA SOURCE: National Sample Survey Organization, Government of India

SAMPLE DESIGN: Two-staged, stratified systematic samples drawn by the country. Stage 1: In rural sector, regions are stratified based on population and crop pattern. Census villages (primary sampling units) are selected from region strata circular systematically with probability proportional to population. In urban sector, districts are stratified by population. Urban frame survey (UFS) blocks are the primary sampling units and selected from district strata circular systematically with equal probability. Stage 2: Selected large villages/blocks are split into hamlet-groups (rural) or sub-blocks (urban), some of which are randomly selected and they form the strata for Stage II, together with small villages/blocks selected in Stage I. Households are selected from those Stage II strata by circular systematically with a random start. Affluent households are over-sampled. The ratio of affluent to other households is 2:8 in rural/urban sector.

SAMPLE UNIT: Household

SAMPLE FRACTION: .06%

SAMPLE SIZE (person records): 602,833

## Response Rate

---

COVERAGE: 100% of the Indian Union excepting (1) Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu and Kashmir, (2) interior villages of nagaland situated beyond 5 kms. of a bus route, and (3) villages of Andaman and Nicobar Islands remaining inaccessible throught the year.

## Weighting

---

Weights calculated based on probability of selection at both levels

# Questionnaires

## Overview

---

A single form that consists of 9 sections on characteristics of sample households and household members

## Data Collection

### Data Collection Dates

| Start      | End        | Cycle |
|------------|------------|-------|
| 2004-07-01 | 2005-06-30 | N/A   |

### Time Periods

| Start      | End        | Cycle |
|------------|------------|-------|
| 2004-07-01 | 2005-06-30 | N/A   |

### Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

#### DATA COLLECTION NOTES

De jure, CENSUS DAY: July 2004 to June 2005, FIELD WORK PERIOD: One-year period from July 1st, 2004 to June 30th, 2005. Field work was spread out uniformly over different weeks or months within each of the three-month subround period.

#### SUPERVISION

Direct interview

# Data Processing

No content available

# Data Appraisal

No content available

## **File Description**

## Variable List

**IND2004-H-H**

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Content      | Household records   |
| Cases        | 0   |
| Variable(s)  | 54  |
| Structure    | Type: relational<br>Keys: SERIAL(Household serial number) |
| Version      | Version 6.4, IPUMS sample                                 |
| Producer     | Minnesota Population Center                               |
| Missing Data |   |

**Variables**

| ID  | Name         | Label   | Type     | Format    | Question  |
|-----|--------------|---|----------|-----------|---|
| V1  | RECTYPE      | Record type   | discrete | character |   |
| V2  | YEAR         | Year  | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V3  | SAMPLE       | IPUMS sample identifier   | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V4  | SERIAL       | Household serial number   | contin   | numeric   |   |
| V5  | PERSONS      | Number of person records in the household                                 | contin   | numeric   |   |
| V6  | SUBSAMP      | Subsample number  | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V7  | GQ           | Group quarters (collective dwelling) status                               | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V8  | UNREL        | Number of unrelated persons   | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V9  | URBAN        | Urban-rural status  | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V10 | REGIONW      | Continent and region of country   | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V11 | HHTYPE       | Household classification  | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V12 | NFAMS        | Number of families in household   | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V13 | HEADLOC      | Head's location in household  | contin   | numeric   |   |
| V14 | GEOLEV1      | 1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] | discrete | numeric   |   |
| V15 | IN2004A_0001 | Dwelling number   | contin   | numeric   | Dwelling number   |
| V16 | IN2004A_0006 | Number of persons in household  | discrete | numeric   | Number of persons in household  |
| V17 | IN2004A_0018 | State   | discrete | numeric   | 6. State - region ___ 7. District __ 8. Stratum __ 9. Sub-stratum __ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) _ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___ |
| V18 | IN2004A_0019 | Region  | discrete | numeric   | 6. State - region ___ 7. District __ 8. Stratum __ 9. Sub-stratum __ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) _ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___ |
| V19 | IN2004A_0020 | District  | contin   | numeric   | 6. State - region ___ 7. District __ 8. Stratum __ 9. Sub-stratum __ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) _ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___ |

| ID  | Name         | Label                                     | Type     | Format  | Question  |
|-----|--------------|---|----------|---------|---|
| V20 | IN2004A_0021 | Stratum                                   | contin   | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V21 | IN2004A_0022 | Sub-stratum number                        | contin   | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V22 | IN2004A_0023 | Survey period (sub-round)                 | discrete | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V23 | IN2004A_0024 | Sub-sample                                | discrete | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V24 | IN2004A_0025 | Field Operations Division (FOD) subregion | discrete | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V25 | IN2004A_0026 | Hamlet group/Sub-block number             | discrete | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V26 | IN2004A_0027 | Second-stage-stratum number               | discrete | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V27 | IN2004A_0028 | Sample household number                   | discrete | numeric | 6. State - region ___ 7. District ___ 8. Stratum ___ 9. Sub-stratum ___ 10. Sub - round ___ 11. Sub - sample ___ 12. FOD sub - region ___ 13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) ___ 14. Second-stage stratum ___ 15. Sample household no. ___                          |
| V28 | IN2004A_0030 | Urban                                     | discrete | numeric | 5. Sector: [ ] 1 Rural [ ] 2 Urban  |
| V29 | IN2004A_0031 | Informant serial number                   | discrete | numeric | 16. Serial no. of informant (as in question 1, section 4) ___   |
| V30 | IN2004A_0032 | Response code                             | discrete | numeric | 17. Response code: [ ] 1 Informant: co-operative and capable [ ] 2 Informant: co-operative but not capable [ ] 3 Informant: busy [ ] 4 Informant: reluctant [ ] 9 Others  |
| V31 | IN2004A_0033 | Survey code                               | discrete | numeric | 18. Survey code: [ ] 1 Household surveyed: original [ ] 2 Household surveyed: substitute [ ] 3 Household surveyed: casualty   |
| V32 | IN2004A_0034 | Substitution code                         | discrete | numeric | 19. Reason for substitution of original household: [ ] 1 Informant busy [ ] 2 Members away from home [ ] 3 Informant non-cooperative [ ] 9 Others   |
| V33 | IN2004A_0039 | Household size                            | discrete | numeric | 1. Household size ___   |
| V34 | IN2004A_0042 | Household type                            | discrete | numeric | 4. Household type: For rural areas: [ ] 1 Self-employed in non-agriculture [ ] 2 Agricultural labour [ ] 3 Other labour [ ] 4 Self-employed in agriculture [ ] 9 Others For urban areas: [ ] 1 Self-employed [ ] 2 Regular-wage/salary earning [ ] 3 Casual labour [ ] 9 Others |

| ID  | Name         | Label  | Type     | Format  | Question   |
|-----|--------------|--|----------|---------|--|
| V35 | IN2004A_0043 | Religion   | discrete | numeric | 5. Religion: [] 1 Hinduism [] 2 Islam [] 3 Christianity [] 4 Sikhism [] 5 Jainism [] 6 Buddhism [] 7 Zoroastrianism [] 9 Others  |
| V36 | IN2004A_0044 | Social group   | discrete | numeric | 6. Social group: [] 1 Scheduled tribe [] 2 Scheduled caste [] 3 Other backward class [] 9 Others   |
| V37 | IN2004A_0045 | Land owned   | contin   | numeric | 7. ___ Land owned as on date of survey (0.000 hectares) 8. ___ Land possessed as on date of survey (0.000 hectares) 9. ___ Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004 (0.000 hectares) Note: 1 Acre = 0.4047 Hectare, 1 hectare = 10,000 square metre |
| V38 | IN2004A_0046 | Land possessed   | contin   | numeric | 7. ___ Land owned as on date of survey (0.000 hectares) 8. ___ Land possessed as on date of survey (0.000 hectares) 9. ___ Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004 (0.000 hectares) Note: 1 Acre = 0.4047 Hectare, 1 hectare = 10,000 square metre |
| V39 | IN2004A_0048 | Public works-male  | discrete | numeric | Number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days: 10. ___ Male 11. ___ Female  |
| V40 | IN2004A_0049 | Public works-female  | discrete | numeric | Number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days: 10. ___ Male 11. ___ Female  |
| V41 | IN2004A_0050 | Monthly household consumer expenditure   | contin   | numeric | 12. Monthly household consumer expenditure (Rs) (to be copied from item 40 of section 9)   |
| V42 | IN2004A_0051 | Subsample-wise design based weights: NSS   | discrete | numeric | Subsample-wise design based weights: NSS   |
| V43 | IN2004A_0052 | Subsample-wise design based weights: NSC   | discrete | numeric | Subsample-wise design based weights: NSC   |
| V44 | IN2004A_0053 | Subsample-wise design-based weights: MLT_SS                                      | contin   | numeric | Subsample-wise design-based weights: MLT_SS  |
| V45 | IN2004A_0054 | Sub-round-wise subsample combined weights: MLT_SR                                | contin   | numeric | Sub-round-wise subsample combined weights: MLT_SR  |
| V46 | HHWT         | Household weight   | contin   | numeric |  |
| V47 | GEO1_IN      | India, State 1983 - 2004 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS]                   | discrete | numeric |  |
| V48 | GEO1_INX     | India, State 1983 - 2004 [Level 1; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name]  | discrete | numeric |  |
| V49 | GEO2_INX     | India, Region 1984 - 2004 [Level 2; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name] | discrete | numeric |  |
| V50 | NCOUPLES     | Number of married couples in household   | discrete | numeric |  |
| V51 | NMOTHERS     | Number of mothers in household   | discrete | numeric |  |
| V52 | NFATHERS     | Number of fathers in household   | discrete | numeric |  |
| V53 | COUNTRY      | Country  | discrete | numeric |  |
| V54 | STRATA       | Strata identifier  | contin   | numeric |  |

**IND2004-P-H**

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Content      | Person records  |
| Cases        | 0   |
| Variable(s)  | 81  |
| Structure    | Type: relational<br>Keys: PERNUM(Person number), SERIAL(Household serial number [person version]) |
| Version      | Version 6.4, IPUMS sample   |
| Producer     | Minnesota Population Center   |
| Missing Data |   |

**Variables**

| ID  | Name    | Label   | Type     | Format  | Question |
|-----|---------|---|----------|---------|----------|
| V55 | PERNUM  | Person number                                   | contin   | numeric |          |
| V56 | MOMLOC  | Mother's location in household                  | contin   | numeric |          |
| V57 | POPLOC  | Father's location in household                  | contin   | numeric |          |
| V58 | SPLOC   | Spouse's location in household                  | contin   | numeric |          |
| V59 | PARRULE | Rule for linking parent                         | discrete | numeric |          |
| V60 | SPRULE  | Rule for linking spouse                         | discrete | numeric |          |
| V61 | STPEMOM | Probable stepmother                             | discrete | numeric |          |
| V62 | STEPPOP | Probable stepfather                             | discrete | numeric |          |
| V63 | POLYMAL | Man with more than one wife linked              | discrete | numeric |          |
| V64 | POLY2ND | Woman is second or higher order wife            | discrete | numeric |          |
| V65 | FAMUNIT | Family unit membership                          | contin   | numeric |          |
| V66 | FAMSIZE | Number of own family members in household       | discrete | numeric |          |
| V67 | NCHILD  | Number of own children in household             | discrete | numeric |          |
| V68 | NCHLT5  | Number of own children under age 5 in household | discrete | numeric |          |
| V69 | ELDCH   | Age of eldest own child in household            | discrete | numeric |          |

| ID  | Name     | Label   | Type     | Format  | Question |
|-----|----------|---|----------|---------|----------|
| V70 | YNGCH    | Age of youngest own child in household                    | discrete | numeric |          |
| V71 | RELATE   | Relationship to household head [general version]          | discrete | numeric |          |
| V72 | RELATED  | Relationship to household head [detailed version]         | discrete | numeric |          |
| V73 | AGE      | Age   | discrete | numeric |          |
| V74 | AGE2     | Age, grouped into intervals                               | discrete | numeric |          |
| V75 | SEX      | Sex   | discrete | numeric |          |
| V76 | MARST    | Marital status [general version]                          | discrete | numeric |          |
| V77 | MARSTD   | Marital status [detailed version]                         | discrete | numeric |          |
| V78 | SCHOOL   | School attendance   | discrete | numeric |          |
| V79 | LIT      | Literacy  | discrete | numeric |          |
| V80 | EDUCIN   | Educational attainment, India                             | discrete | numeric |          |
| V81 | EMPSTAT  | Activity status (employment status) [general version]     | discrete | numeric |          |
| V82 | EMPSTATD | Activity status (employment status) [detailed version]    | discrete | numeric |          |
| V83 | OCCISCO  | Occupation, ISCO general                                  | discrete | numeric |          |
| V84 | OCC      | Occupation, unrecoded                                     | contin   | numeric |          |
| V85 | INDGEN   | Industry, general recode                                  | discrete | numeric |          |
| V86 | IND      | Industry, unrecoded                                       | contin   | numeric |          |
| V87 | CLASSWK  | Status in employment (class of worker) [general version]  | discrete | numeric |          |
| V88 | CLASSWKD | Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] | discrete | numeric |          |
| V89 | EMPSECT  | Sector of employment                                      | discrete | numeric |          |

| ID   | Name         | Label                            | Type     | Format  | Question  |
|------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------|---|
| V90  | ESTABSZ      | Size of work establishment       | discrete | numeric |   |
| V91  | INCWAGE      | Wage and salary income           | contin   | numeric |   |
| V92  | DISEMP       | Employment disability            | discrete | numeric |   |
| V93  | IN2004A_0003 | Person number (within household) | discrete | numeric | Person number (within household)  |
| V94  | IN2004A_0401 | Person serial number             | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 1. Serial no. ____   |
| V95  | IN2004A_0402 | Relation to head                 | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 3. Relation to head: [] 1 Self [] 2 Spouse of head [] 3 Married child [] 4 Spouse of married child [] 5 Unmarried child [] 6 Grandchild [] 7 Father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law [] 8 Brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives [] 9 Servants/employees/other non-relatives  |
| V96  | IN2004A_0403 | Sex                              | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 4. Sex: [] 1 Male [] 2 Female  |
| V97  | IN2004A_0404 | Age                              | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 5. Age (year) ____   |
| V98  | IN2004A_0405 | Marital status                   | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 6. Marital status: [] 1 Never married [] 2 Currently married [] 3 Widowed [] 4 Divorced/separated  |
| V99  | IN2004A_0406 | General education                | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 7. Educational standard - general: [] 01 Not literate Literate without formal schooling: [] 02 EGS/ NFEC/ AEC [] 03 TLC [] 04 Others Literate: [] 05 Below primary [] 06 Primary [] 07 Middle [] 08 Secondary [] 10 Higher secondary [] 11 Diploma/certificate course [] 12 Graduate [] 13 Postgraduate and above  |
| V100 | IN2004A_0407 | Technical education              | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 8. Educational standard - technical: [] 01 No technical education [] 02 Technical degree in agriculture/engineering/technology/medicine, etc. Diploma or certificate (below graduate level) in: [] 03 Agriculture [] 04 Engineering/technology [] 05 Medicine [] 06 Crafts [] 07 Other subjects Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level) in: [] 08 Agriculture [] 09 Engineering/technology [] 10 Medicine [] 11 Crafts [] 12 Other subjects  |
| V101 | IN2004A_0408 | Status of current attendance     | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members For persons of age below 30 years, Current attendance in educational institution [Questions 9-10 were asked of persons age below 30 years.] 9. Status of current attendance: Currently not attending any educational institution: Never attended: [] 01 School too far [] 02 To support household income [] 03 Education not considered necessary [] 04 To attend domestic chores [] 05 Others Ever attended but currently not attending: [] 11 School too far [] 12 To support household income [] 13 Education not considered necessary [] 14 To attend domestic chores [] 15 Others Currently attending in: [] 21 EGS/NFEC/AEC [] 22 TLC [] 23 Pre-primary (Nursery/kindergarten, etc.) [] 24 Primary (Class I to IV/V) [] 25 Middle [] 26 Secondary and higher secondary Graduate and above in: [] 27 Agriculture [] 28 Engineering/technology [] 29 Medicine [] 30 Other subjects Diploma or certificate (below graduate level): [] 31 Agriculture [] 32 Engineering/technology [] 33 Medicine [] 34 Crafts [] 35 Other subjects Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level): [] 36 Agriculture [] 37 Engineering/technology [] 38 Medicine [] 39 Crafts [] 40 Other subjects |

| ID   | Name         | Label                               | Type     | Format  | Question   |
|------|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------|--|
| V102 | IN2004A_0409 | Type of school institution          | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members For persons of age below 30 years, Current attendance in educational institution [Questions 9-10 were asked of persons age below 30 years.] 9. Status of current attendance: Currently not attending any educational institution: Never attended: [] 01 School too far [] 02 To support household income [] 03 Education not considered necessary [] 04 To attend domestic chores [] 05 Others Ever attended but currently not attending: [] 11 School too far [] 12 To support household income [] 13 Education not considered necessary [] 14 To attend domestic chores [] 15 Others Currently attending in: [] 21 EGS/NFEC/AEC [] 22 TLC [] 23 Pre-primary (Nursery/kindergarten, etc.) [] 24 Primary (Class I to IV/V) [] 25 Middle [] 26 Secondary and higher secondary Graduate and above in: [] 27 Agriculture [] 28 Engineering/technology [] 29 Medicine [] 30 Other subjects Diploma or certificate (below graduate level): [] 31 Agriculture [] 32 Engineering/technology [] 33 Medicine [] 34 Crafts [] 35 Other subjects Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level): [] 36 Agriculture [] 37 Engineering/technology [] 38 Medicine [] 39 Crafts [] 40 Other subjects 10. Type of institution: For codes 21-40 in question 9 [if currently attending in educational institution, per question 9], [] 1 Government [] 2 Local body [] 3 Private aided [] 4 Private unaided [] 5 Not known |
| V103 | IN2004A_0410 | Registered with employment exchange | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members 11. Whether currently registered with employment exchange: For persons of age below 65 years, [] 1 Yes [] 2 No  |
| V104 | IN2004A_0411 | Vocational training                 | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members For persons of age 15 to 29 years [Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.] 12. Whether receiving/received any vocational training: [] 1 Yes: receiving formal vocational training Received vocational training: [] 2 Formal [] 3 Non-formal: hereditary [] 4 Others [] 5 Did not receive any vocational training   |
| V105 | IN2004A_0412 | Field of training                   | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members For persons of age 15 to 29 years [Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.] For code 1 and 2 in question 12 [Questions 13-15 were asked of persons who were receiving/received formal vocational training, per question 12.] 13. Field of training: [] 01 Mechanical engineering trades [] 02 Electrical and electronic engineering trades [] 03 Computer trades [] 04 Civil engineering and building construction related works [] 05 Chemical engineering trades [] 06 Leather related work [] 07 Textile related work [] 08 Catering, nutrition, hotels and restaurant related work [] 09 Artisan/craftsman/ handicraft and cottage based production work [] 10 Creative arts/ artists [] 11 Agriculture and crop production related skills and food preservation related work [] 12 Non-crop based agricultural and other related activities [] 13 Health and paramedical services related work [] 14 Office and business related work [] 15 Driving and motor mechanic work [] 16 Beautician, hairdressing and related work [] 17 Work related to tour operators/ travel managers [] 18 Photography and related work [] 19 Work related to childcare, nutrition, pre-schools and crche [] 20 Journalism, mass communication and media related work [] 21 Printing technology related work [] 99 Other  |
| V106 | IN2004A_0413 | Duration of training                | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members For persons of age 15 to 29 years [Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.] For code 1 and 2 in question 12 [Questions 13-15 were asked of persons who were receiving/received formal vocational training, per question 12.] 14. Duration of training (in weeks) ____   |

| ID   | Name         | Label                              | Type     | Format  | Question   |
|------|--------------|------------------------------------|----------|---------|--|
| V107 | IN2004A_0414 | Source of degree, etc              | discrete | numeric | [4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members For persons of age 15 to 29 years [Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.] For code 1 and 2 in question 12 [Questions 13-15 were asked of persons who were receiving/received formal vocational training, per question 12.] 15. Source from where degree/diploma/certificate received/to be received: [] 01 Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs)/Industrial Training centers (ITCs) [] 02 School offering vocational courses (Secondary, Higher Secondary level) [] 03 UGC (first degree level) [] 04 Polytechnics [] 05 Community Polytechniques/Jansiksha Sanstha [] 06 National Open School [] 07 Hotel Management Institutes [] 08 Food craft and Catering Institutes [] 09 Small Industries Service Institutes/District Industries Centres/Tool Room Centres [] 10 Fashion Technology Institutes [] 11 Tailoring, Embroidery and Stitch Craft Institutes [] 12 Nursing Institutes [] 13 Rehabilitation/ Physiotherapy /Ophthalmic and Dental Institutes [] 14 Institutes giving Diploma in Pharmacy [] 15 Hospital and Medical Training Institutes [] 16 Nursery Teachers' Training Institutes [] 17 Institutes offering training for Agricultural Extension [] 18 Training provided by Carpet Weaving Centers [] 19 Handloom/ Handicraft Design Training Centers/ KVIC [] 20 Recognised Motor Driving Schools [] 21 Institute for Secretariat Practices [] 22 Recognised Beautician Schools [] 23 Institutes run by Companies/ Corporations [] 24 Institutes for Journalism and Mass Communication [] 99 Other institutes |
| V108 | IN2004A_0415 | Beneficiary of assistance scheme   | discrete | numeric | 16. Whether a beneficiary of the scheme during last 365 days: Yes: [] 1 Annapurna [] 2 ICDS [] 3 Midday meal [] 4 Food for work [] 5. No   |
| V109 | IN2004A_0416 | Total wage and salary earnings     | contin   | numeric | Wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs. 0.00) [Questions 15-17] 15. ____ Cash 16. ____ Kind 17. ____ Total  |
| V110 | IN2004A_0418 | Usual principal activity status    | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Usual principal activity [Questions 3-6] 3. Status: [] 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker [] 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer [] 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker) [] 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee [] 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works [] 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work [] 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work [] 91 Attended educational institution [] 92 Attended domestic duties only [] 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use [] 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. [] 95 Not able to work due to disability [] 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.)   |
| V111 | IN2004A_0434 | Usual principal industry, 3 digits | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Usual principal activity [Questions 3-6] 3. Status: [] 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker [] 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer [] 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker) [] 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee [] 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works [] 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work [] 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work [] 91 Attended educational institution [] 92 Attended domestic duties only [] 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use [] 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. [] 95 Not able to work due to disability [] 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.) For codes 11-51 in question 3 [Questions 4-6 were asked of persons who worked, per question 3.] Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 _  |

| ID   | Name         | Label                               | Type     | Format  | Question   |
|------|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------|--|
| V112 | IN2004A_0420 | Usual principal occupation - NCO 68 | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Usual principal activity [Questions 3-6] 3. Status: <input type="checkbox"/> 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker <input type="checkbox"/> 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer <input type="checkbox"/> 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker) <input type="checkbox"/> 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee <input type="checkbox"/> 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works <input type="checkbox"/> 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work <input type="checkbox"/> 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work <input type="checkbox"/> 91 Attended educational institution <input type="checkbox"/> 92 Attended domestic duties only <input type="checkbox"/> 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use <input type="checkbox"/> 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> 95 Not able to work due to disability <input type="checkbox"/> 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.) For codes 11-51 in question 3 [Questions 4-6 were asked of persons who worked, per question 3.] Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____                       |
| V113 | IN2004A_0421 | Whether in subsidiary activity      | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members 7. Whether engaged in any work in subsidiary capacity: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 2 No  |
| V114 | IN2004A_0422 | Location of workplace               | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] 8. Location of workplace: <input type="checkbox"/> 10 No fixed workplace Workplace in rural areas and located in: <input type="checkbox"/> 11 Own dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 12 Own enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside own dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 13 Employer's dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 14 Employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 15 Street with fixed location <input type="checkbox"/> 16 Street without fixed location <input type="checkbox"/> 17 Construction site <input type="checkbox"/> 19 Others Workplace in urban areas and located in: <input type="checkbox"/> 21 Own dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 22 Own enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside own dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 23 Employer's dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 24 Employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling <input type="checkbox"/> 25 Street with fixed location <input type="checkbox"/> 26 Street without fixed location <input type="checkbox"/> 27 Construction site <input type="checkbox"/> 29 Others |
| V115 | IN2004A_0423 | Enterprise type                     | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] 9. Enterprise type: Proprietary: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Male <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Female Partnership: <input type="checkbox"/> 3 With members from same household <input type="checkbox"/> 4 With members from different household <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Government/public sector <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Public/private limited company <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Co-operative society/trust/other nonprofit institutions <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Employer's household (i.e., private households employing maid servant, watchman, cook, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Not known   |
| V116 | IN2004A_0425 | Number of workers in enterprise     | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] 11. Number of workers in the enterprise: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Less than 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 6 to 9 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 10 and above but less than 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 20 and above <input type="checkbox"/> 9 Not known  |

| ID   | Name         | Label                    | Type     | Format  | Question  |
|------|--------------|--------------------------|----------|---------|---|
| V117 | IN2004A_0426 | Type of job contract     | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3 [Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.] 12. Type of job contract: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 No written job contract Written job contract: <input type="checkbox"/> 2 For 1 year or less <input type="checkbox"/> 3 More than 1 year to 3 years <input type="checkbox"/> 4 More than 3 years  |
| V118 | IN2004A_0427 | Eligible for paid leave  | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3 [Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.] 13. Whether eligible for paid leave: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 2 No   |
| V119 | IN2004A_0428 | Social security benefits | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3 [Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.] 14. Availability of social security benefits: Eligible for: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Only PF/ pension (i.e., GPF, CPF, PPF, pension, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Only gratuity <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Only health care and maternity benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Only PF/ pension and gratuity <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Only PF/ pension and health care and maternity benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Only gratuity and health care and maternity benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 7 PF/ pension, gratuity, health care and maternity benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Not eligible for any of above social security benefits |
| V120 | IN2004A_0429 | Method of payment        | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members Industry-occupation [Questions 4-6] 4. Description ____ 5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 ____ 6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 ____ For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 in question 5 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.] For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3 [Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.] 15. Method of payment: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Regular monthly salary <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Regular weekly payment <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Daily payment <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Piece rate payment <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Others   |
| V121 | IN2004A_0430 | Availability of work     | discrete | numeric | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members 16. Period of seeking/available for work during last 365 days: For persons of age 5 years and above, Sought/available for: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Less than 1 month <input type="checkbox"/> 2 1 to 2 months <input type="checkbox"/> 3 3 to 6 months <input type="checkbox"/> 4 7 to 9 months <input type="checkbox"/> 5 10 to 12 months <input type="checkbox"/> 6. Did not seek/not available  |

| ID   | Name         | Label   | Type     | Format    | Question   |
|------|--------------|---|----------|-----------|--|
| V122 | IN2004A_0432 | Participated voluntarily without pay                            | discrete | numeric   | [5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members 3. Status: [] 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker [] 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer [] 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker) [] 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee [] 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works [] 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work [] 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work [] 91 Attended educational institution [] 92 Attended domestic duties only [] 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use [] 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. [] 95 Not able to work due to disability [] 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.) 7. Whether engaged in any work in subsidiary capacity: [] 1 Yes [] 2 No For persons with codes 81- 97 in question 3 along with code 2 in question 7 [Questions 18-19 were asked of persons who did not work, per question 3, and did not engage in any work in subsidiary capacity, per question 7.] 18. Whether participated voluntarily without remuneration in production of goods and services: Yes: production of goods in: [] 1 Philanthropic organization/institution [] 2 Others Yes: production of services in: [] 3 Philanthropic organization/institution [] 4 Others [] 5 No |
| V123 | IN2004A_0435 | Current weekly activity status                                  | discrete | numeric   | Current weekly activity status   |
| V124 | IN2004A_0437 | Current weekly industry, 3 digit                                | discrete | numeric   | Current weekly industry, 3 digit   |
| V125 | IN2004A_0438 | Current weekly occupation                                       | discrete | numeric   | Current weekly occupation  |
| V126 | PERWT        | Person weight   | contin   | numeric   |  |
| V127 | EDATTAIN     | Educational attainment, international recode [general version]  | discrete | numeric   |  |
| V128 | EDATTAIND    | Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] | discrete | numeric   |  |
| V129 | RELIGION     | Religion [general version]                                      | discrete | numeric   |  |
| V130 | RELIGIOND    | Religion [detailed version]                                     | discrete | numeric   |  |
| V131 | YEARP        | Year [person version]   | contin   | numeric   |  |
| V132 | SAMPLEP      | IPUMS sample identifier [person version]                        | contin   | numeric   |  |
| V133 | SERIAL       | Household serial number [person version]                        | contin   | numeric   |  |
| V134 | COUNTRYP     | Country [person version]  | contin   | numeric   |  |
| V135 | RECTYPEP     | Record type [person version]                                    | discrete | character |  |



## Record type (RECTYPE)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0

Format: character

Invalid: 0

Width: 1

### Description

RECTYPE identifies the type of record for the case: household or person.

NOTE: RECTYPE is an alphabetic (character string) variable with a value of 'H' for household records and 'P' for person records. RECTYPE will not appear as a variable in the default rectangular extracts produced by the data extract system. It is only available in hierarchical extracts, to distinguish between the two record types.

## Year (YEAR)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric

Invalid: 0

Width: 4

Decimals: 0

Range: 1960-2011

### Description

YEAR gives the year in which the census was taken.

## IPUMS sample identifier (SAMPLE)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete

Valid cases: 0

Format: numeric

Invalid: 0

Width: 9

Decimals: 0

Range: 32197001-894201001

### Description

SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 9-digit code. The code is structured as follows:

The first 3 digits are the ISO/UN codes used in COUNTRY

The next 4 digits are the year of the census/survey

The final 2 digits identify the sample within the year. For the last two digits, censuses or large census-like surveys have a value "0" (e.g., 01) in the second-to-last digit, household surveys have a value of "2" (e.g., 21), and employment surveys have a value of "4" (e.g., 41).

## Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: IND2004-H-H

## Household serial number (SERIAL)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 10        |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers -- see PERNUM.) The combination of SAMPLE and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS-International database; SAMPLE, SERIAL and PERNUM uniquely identify every person in the database.

SERIAL can be used to identify dwellings in some samples. In these samples, the first 7 digits of SERIAL provide the dwelling number common to all households that were sampled from the same structure. The last three digits give the sequence of the household within the dwelling. The following is a list of samples in which dwellings can be inferred:

Chile 1970, 1992, 2002  
 Colombia 1993, 2005  
 Costa Rica 1984, 2000  
 Cuba 2002  
 Dominican Republic 1981, 2002, 2010  
 Ecuador 1990, 2001  
 Germany 1971  
 Hungary 1980, 1990, 2001  
 Jamaica 1982, 1991, 2001  
 Malaysia 1970, 1991, 2000  
 Mexico 1995, 1990, 2000, 2005  
 Nigeria 2006  
 Panama 2000  
 Peru 1993, 2007  
 Portugal 1981, 1991, 2001  
 Spain 1991  
 Uruguay 2011  
 Venezuela 1990, 2001  
 Vietnam 1989

In all other samples, the last 3 digits are always zeroes.

SERIAL was constructed for IPUMS-International, and has no relation to the serial number in the original datasets.

## Number of person records in the household (PERSONS)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

PERSONS indicates how many person records are included in the household (i.e., the number of person records associated with the household record in the sample). These person records will all have the same serial number (SERIAL) as the household record. The information contained in the household record will normally apply to all of these persons.

## Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: IND2004-H-H

## Subsample number (SUBSAMP)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

SUBSAMP allocates each case to one of 100 subsample replicates, randomly numbered from 0 to 99. Each subsample is nationally representative and preserves any stratification of the sample from which it is drawn. Users who need a representative subset of a sample can use SUBSAMP to select their cases. For example, to randomly extract 10% of the cases from a sample, select any 10 of the 100 subsamples.

## Group quarters (collective dwelling) status (GQ)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

GQ identifies households as vacant dwellings, group quarters, or private households. Group quarters -- collective dwellings -- are generally institutions and other group living arrangements such as rooming houses and boarding schools.

Institutions often retain persons under formal supervision or custody, such as correctional institutions, military barracks, asylums, or nursing homes. Educational and religious group dwellings (e.g., boarding schools, convents, monasteries, etc.) are also included in the institutional classification.

Group quarter designations are often useful for understanding the universe of households that answered questions about household characteristics. Censuses will often exclude group quarters from such questions.

## Number of unrelated persons (UNREL)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

UNREL indicates the number of persons in the household who are unrelated to the head.

## Urban-rural status (URBAN)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

## Urban-rural status (URBAN)

File: IND2004-H-H

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

URBAN indicates whether the household was located in a place designated as urban or as rural.

## Continent and region of country (REGIONW)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 11-54

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

REGIONW identifies the continent and region of each country.

## Household classification (HHTYPE)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

HHTYPE is a constructed variable that describes the composition of households.

HHTYPE is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head), from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father), and from information on group quarters status, GQ.

## Number of families in household (NFAMS)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

NFAMS is a constructed variable that indicates the number of families within each household. A "family" is any group of persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage. An unrelated individual within the household is considered a separate family. Thus, a household consisting of a widow and her servant contains two families; a household consisting of a large, multiple-generation extended family with no lodgers or servants would count as a single family.

NFAMS is constructed from information in RELATE (relationship to head) and from the constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father). See those variable descriptions for more detail.

## Head's location in household (HEADLOC)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

HEADLOC gives the person number of the head of household in samples in which persons are organized into households.

## 1st subnational geographic level, world [consistent boundaries over time] (GEOLEV1)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                     |                |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete      | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric     | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 6            |                |
| Decimals: 0         |                |
| Range: 32002-894010 |                |

### Description

GEOLEV1 indicates the major administrative unit in which the household was enumerated. The variable incorporates the geographies for every country, to enable cross-national geographic analysis over time. First administrative units in GEOLEV1 have been spatiotemporally harmonized to provide spatially consistent boundaries across samples in each country.

## Dwelling number (IN2004A\_0001)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 6         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the dwelling number.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

Dwelling number

## Number of persons in household (IN2004A\_0006)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-36     |                |

### Description

## Number of persons in household (IN2004A\_0006)

File: IND2004-H-H

This variable indicates the number of persons in the household.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

Number of persons in household

## State (IN2004A\_0018)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-35

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the state in which the household is located.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

6. State - region \_ \_ \_

7. District \_ \_

8. Stratum \_ \_

9. Sub-stratum \_ \_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_ \_ \_ \_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## Region (IN2004A\_0019)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 11-351

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the region in which the household is located.

### Universe

All households

## Region (IN2004A\_0019)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Literal question

6. State - region \_ \_ \_
7. District \_ \_
8. Stratum \_ \_
9. Sub-stratum \_ \_
10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_
11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_
12. FOD sub - region \_ \_ \_ \_
13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_
14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_
15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## District (IN2004A\_0020)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 5  
 Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the district in which the household is located.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

6. State - region \_ \_ \_
7. District \_ \_
8. Stratum \_ \_
9. Sub-stratum \_ \_
10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_
11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_
12. FOD sub - region \_ \_ \_ \_
13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_
14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_
15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## Stratum (IN2004A\_0021)

File: IND2004-H-H

## Stratum (IN2004A\_0021)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 7  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the stratum from which the household was drawn. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

6. State - region \_\_\_

7. District \_\_

8. Stratum \_\_

9. Sub-stratum \_\_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_\_\_\_\_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## Sub-stratum number (IN2004A\_0022)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 9  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the sub-stratum number of the household. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

**Sub-stratum number (IN2004A\_0022)****File: IND2004-H-H**

6. State - region \_\_\_

7. District \_\_

8. Stratum \_\_

9. Sub-stratum \_\_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_\_\_\_\_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

**Survey period (sub-round) (IN2004A\_0023)****File: IND2004-H-H****Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-4

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the sub-round in which the household was enumerated. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

**Universe**

All households

**Literal question**

6. State - region \_\_\_

7. District \_\_

8. Stratum \_\_

9. Sub-stratum \_\_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_\_\_\_\_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## Sub-sample (IN2004A\_0024)

File: IND2004-H-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the sub-sample in which the household was grouped. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

**Universe**

All households

**Literal question**

6. State - region \_ \_ \_

7. District \_ \_

8. Stratum \_ \_

9. Sub-stratum \_ \_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_ \_ \_ \_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## Field Operations Division (FOD) subregion (IN2004A\_0025)

File: IND2004-H-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 4  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 110-9999

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the Field Operations Division (FOD) sub-region in which the household is located. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

**Universe**

All households

**Literal question**

## Field Operations Division (FOD) subregion (IN2004A\_0025)

## File: IND2004-H-H

6. State - region \_\_\_

7. District \_\_

8. Stratum \_\_

9. Sub-stratum \_\_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_\_\_\_\_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

## Hamlet group/Sub-block number (IN2004A\_0026)

## File: IND2004-H-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the hamlet group/sub-block number in which the household is located. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

**Universe**

All households

**Literal question**

6. State - region \_\_\_

7. District \_\_

8. Stratum \_\_

9. Sub-stratum \_\_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_\_\_\_\_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

**Interviewer instructions**

## Hamlet group/Sub-block number (IN2004A\_0026)

File: IND2004-H-H

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.1 Item 13: Sample hamlet group/ sub-block number: This item will be obtained from the heading of block 5 of schedule 0.0.

## Second-stage-stratum number (IN2004A\_0027)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-3

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the second-stage-stratum number for the household. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

6. State - region \_ \_ \_

7. District \_ \_

8. Stratum \_ \_

9. Sub-stratum \_ \_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_ \_ \_ \_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

### Interviewer instructions

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.2 Item 14: Second stage stratum number: This will be taken from headings of columns (16) to (18) of block 5 of schedule 0.0. Entries will be any of 1, 2 or 3.

## Sample household number (IN2004A\_0028)

File: IND2004-H-H

## Sample household number (IN2004A\_0028)

File: IND2004-H-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-10

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the sample household number. See Chapter 1 of the enumeration instructions document on Sample Design.

**Universe**

All households

**Literal question**

6. State - region \_ \_ \_

7. District \_ \_

8. Stratum \_ \_

9. Sub-stratum \_ \_

10. Sub - round \_\_\_\_

11. Sub - sample \_\_\_\_

12. FOD sub - region \_ \_ \_ \_

13. Sample hamlet group/sub-block number (1/2) \_

14. Second-stage stratum \_\_\_\_

15. Sample household no. \_\_\_\_

**Interviewer instructions**

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.3 Item 15: Sample household number: This is same as the order of selection of the sample household and will be copied from columns (16) to (18) of block 5 of schedule 0.0.

## Urban (IN2004A\_0030)

File: IND2004-H-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates whether the household is located in an urban or rural sector.

**Universe**

All households

**Literal question**

## Urban (IN2004A\_0030)

File: IND2004-H-H

5. Sector:

- 1 Rural  
 2 Urban

## Informant serial number (IN2004A\_0031)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-99     |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the number of the informant for the enumeration within the household.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

16. Serial no. of informant (as in question 1, section 4) \_\_\_\_

### Interviewer instructions

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.4 Item 16: Serial number of informant: The serial number of the person recorded in column 1 of block 4 from whom the bulk of the information is collected will be entered here. Information is to be collected from members of the household. However, under the compelling circumstances if bulk of the information is collected from a person who is not a member of the household, '99' will be recorded against this item.

## Response code (IN2004A\_0032)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-9      |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the type of response the informant in the household had to the enumeration.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

17. Response code:

- 1 Informant: co-operative and capable  
 2 Informant: co-operative but not capable  
 3 Informant: busy  
 4 Informant: reluctant  
 9 Others

## Response code (IN2004A\_0032)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Interviewer instructions

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.5 Item 17: Response code: This item will be filled in after collecting information for all items in the schedule. The entry is to be made in terms of codes on the basis of the impression formed by the investigator regarding the overall response of the informant. The codes are:

1. Informant co-operative and capable
2. Informant co-operative but not capable
3. Informant busy
4. Informant reluctant
9. Others

## Survey code (IN2004A\_0033)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates whether the household was originally selected sample household or a substitute.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

18. Survey code:

- 1 Household surveyed: original  
 2 Household surveyed: substitute  
 3 Household surveyed: casualty

### Interviewer instructions

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.6 Item 18: Survey code: Whether the originally selected sample household or a substitute household has been surveyed will be indicated against this item by recording code '1' if the originally selected household has been surveyed and code '2' if the substitute household has been surveyed. If neither the originally selected household nor a substitute household could be surveyed, i.e., if the sample household is a casualty, code '3' will be recorded. In case of a casualty only the blocks 0, 1, 2, 10 and 11 are to be filled up and on the top of the front page of the schedule the word 'CASUALTY' will be written in block capitals.

## Substitution code (IN2004A\_0034)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

## Substitution code (IN2004A\_0034)

File: IND2004-H-H

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the reason for using a substitute household and not surveying the original household.

### Universe

Substitute households

### Literal question

19. Reason for substitution of original household:

- 1 Informant busy
- 2 Members away from home
- 3 Informant non-cooperative
- 9 Others

### Interviewer instructions

4.1.0 Block 1: Identification of sample household: The identification particulars of the sample household are to be recorded against items 1, 4 to 15. The entries against items 2 and 3 are already printed in the schedule. Items 1 and 4-12 will be copied from the relevant items of block 1 of schedule 0.0.

4.1.7 Item 19: Reason for substitution of original household (code): For an originally selected sample household, which could not be surveyed, irrespective of whether a substituted household could be surveyed or not, the reason for not surveying the original household will be recorded against item 19 in terms of codes. The codes are:

1. Informant busy
2. Members away from home
3. Informant non-cooperative
9. Others

[P. 52]

This item is applicable if the entry against item 18 is either 2 or 3. Otherwise, this item is to be left blank.

## Household size (IN2004A\_0039)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-36

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the size of the household. The household includes people who are temporarily away for less than 6 months; it does not include people who are temporary visitors or guests who stay less than 6 months.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

1. Household size \_\_\_\_

### Interviewer instructions

## Household size (IN2004A\_0039)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.1 Item 1: Household size: The size of the sample household, i.e., the total number of persons normally residing together (i.e., under the same roof) and taking food from the same kitchen (including temporary stay aways and excluding temporary visitors) will be recorded against this item. This number will be same as the last serial number recorded in column 1 of block 4.

## Household type (IN2004A\_0042)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the household type, based on the household income source.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

4. Household type:

For rural areas:

- 1 Self-employed in non-agriculture
- 2 Agricultural labour
- 3 Other labour
- 4 Self-employed in agriculture
- 9 Others

For urban areas:

- 1 Self-employed
- 2 Regular-wage/salary earning
- 3 Casual labour
- 9 Others

#### Interviewer instructions

## Household type (IN2004A\_0042)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.5 Item 4: Household type (code): For the rural areas, the selected household will be assigned appropriate type code out of the following five different household type codes:

1. Self-employed in non-agriculture
2. Agricultural labour
3. Other labour
4. Self-employed in agriculture
9. Others

For urban areas, the household type codes are as follows:

1. Self-employed
2. Regular wage/salary earning
3. Casual labour
9. Others

[P.53]

4.3.6 The procedure for assigning household type codes for both rural and urban areas has been discussed in Chapter Three. A household, which does not have any income from economic activities, will get type code 9 (others).

## Religion (IN2004A\_0043)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the religion of the household. If different members of the household have different religions, the religion of the head of the household will be considered the religion of the household.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

5. Religion:

- 1 Hinduism
- 2 Islam
- 3 Christianity
- 4 Sikhism
- 5 Jainism
- 6 Buddhism
- 7 Zoroastrianism
- 9 Others

#### Interviewer instructions

## Religion (IN2004A\_0043)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.7 Item 5: Religion (code): The religion of the household will be recorded against this item in codes. If different members of the household claim to belong to different religions, the religion of the head of the household will be considered as the religion of the household. The codes are:

1. Hinduism
2. Islam
3. Christianity
4. Sikhism
5. Jainism
6. Buddhism
7. Zoroastrianism
9. Others

## Social group (IN2004A\_0044)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the social group of the household. If different members of the household have different social groups, the group of the head of the household will be considered the social group of the household.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

6. Social group:

- 1 Scheduled tribe
- 2 Scheduled caste
- 3 Other backward class
- 9 Others

#### Interviewer instructions

## Social group (IN2004A\_0044)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.8 Item 6: Social group (code): Whether or not the household belongs to scheduled tribe, scheduled caste or other backward class will be indicated against this item in terms of the specified codes, which are:

1. Scheduled tribe
2. Scheduled caste
3. Other backward class
9. Others

Those who do not come under any one of the first three social groups will be assigned code 9, meant to cover all other categories. In case different members belong to different social groups, the group to which the head of the household belongs will be considered as the 'social group' of the household.

## Land owned (IN2004A\_0045)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 9         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

#### Description

This variable indicates the amount of land owned by the household in hectares.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

7. \_\_\_ Land owned as on date of survey (0.000 hectares)
8. \_\_\_ Land possessed as on date of survey (0.000 hectares)
9. \_\_\_ Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004 (0.000 hectares)

Note: 1 Acre = 0.4047 Hectare, 1 hectare = 10,000 square metre

#### Interviewer instructions

## Land owned (IN2004A\_0045)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.9 Item 7: Land owned as on date of survey: The land area owned by the household as on the date of survey will be recorded in hectares in three places of decimal. Separate provision has been kept for recording integral and decimal parts. For 'nil' entry a dash (-) may be recorded here. A piece of land is considered 'owned by the household' if permanent heritable possession with or without the right to transfer the title is vested in a member or members of the household. Land held in owner-like possession under long-term lease or assignment is also considered as land owned. Detailed discussion regarding ownership of land has been made in Chapter Three.

4.3.10 Item 8: Land possessed as on date of survey: Land possessed is given by land owned (including land under 'owner like possession') + land leased in -- land leased out + land held by the household but neither owned nor leased in (e.g., encroached land). The land area possessed by the household as on the date of survey will be recorded in hectares in three places of decimal. Separate provision has been kept for recording integral and decimal parts. For 'nil' entry a dash (-) may be recorded here. Detailed discussion regarding possession of land has been made in Chapter Three.

[P.54]

4.3.11 Item 9: Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003-June 2004: Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during the agricultural year 2003-2004, i.e., July 2003 to June 2004 will be recorded against this item. Land cultivated may be from the land 'owned', 'land leased-in' or from 'land neither owned nor leased-in'. It will be recorded against item 9 in hectares in three places of decimal. Separate provision has been kept for recording integral and decimal parts. For 'nil' entry a dash (-) may be recorded here. It may be noted that area with field crops and area under orchards and plantations will be counted only once in the same year/ season.

## Land possessed (IN2004A\_0046)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 9  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the land possessed by the household in hectares. Land possessed includes land owned plus land held by the household that is neither owned nor leased plus land leased in minus land leased out.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

7. \_\_\_ Land owned as on date of survey (0.000 hectares)

8. \_\_\_ Land possessed as on date of survey (0.000 hectares)

9. \_\_\_ Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004 (0.000 hectares)

Note: 1 Acre = 0.4047 Hectare, 1 hectare = 10,000 square metre

#### Interviewer instructions

## Land possessed (IN2004A\_0046)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.9 Item 7: Land owned as on date of survey: The land area owned by the household as on the date of survey will be recorded in hectares in three places of decimal. Separate provision has been kept for recording integral and decimal parts. For 'nil' entry a dash (-) may be recorded here. A piece of land is considered 'owned by the household' if permanent heritable possession with or without the right to transfer the title is vested in a member or members of the household. Land held in owner-like possession under long-term lease or assignment is also considered as land owned. Detailed discussion regarding ownership of land has been made in Chapter Three.

4.3.10 Item 8: Land possessed as on date of survey: Land possessed is given by land owned (including land under 'owner like possession') + land leased in -- land leased out + land held by the household but neither owned nor leased in (e.g., encroached land). The land area possessed by the household as on the date of survey will be recorded in hectares in three places of decimal. Separate provision has been kept for recording integral and decimal parts. For 'nil' entry a dash (-) may be recorded here. Detailed discussion regarding possession of land has been made in Chapter Three.

[P.54]

4.3.11 Item 9: Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003-June 2004: Land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during the agricultural year 2003-2004, i.e., July 2003 to June 2004 will be recorded against this item. Land cultivated may be from the land 'owned', 'land leased-in' or from 'land neither owned nor leased-in'. It will be recorded against item 9 in hectares in three places of decimal. Separate provision has been kept for recording integral and decimal parts. For 'nil' entry a dash (-) may be recorded here. It may be noted that area with field crops and area under orchards and plantations will be counted only once in the same year/ season.

## Public works-male (IN2004A\_0048)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the number of males in the household who had work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days prior to the survey. Public works includes jobs in local area development projects.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

Number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days:

10. \_\_\_ Male  
11. \_\_\_ Female

#### Interviewer instructions

## Public works-male (IN2004A\_0048)

### File: IND2004-H-H

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.12 Items 10 and 11: Number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during last 365 days: It will be first ascertained if any member of the household got any work for at least 60 days during last 365 days preceding the date of survey in 'public works'. Public works covers local area development works like construction of roads, dams, bunds, digging of ponds etc. as relief measures, or as an outcome of the employment generation schemes under the poverty alleviation programmes such as National Rural Employment Programme (NREP), Rural Landless Employment Guarantee Programme (RLEGP), Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY), Minimum Needs Programme (MNP), etc. The number of male and female members who got work in 'public works' will be recorded against items 10 and 11, respectively. If no member got any such work '0' will be recorded against these items.

## Public works-female (IN2004A\_0049)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the number of females in the household who had work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days prior to the survey. Public works includes jobs in local area development projects.

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

Number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days:

10. \_\_\_ Male  
11. \_\_\_ Female

#### Interviewer instructions

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.12 Items 10 and 11: Number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during last 365 days: It will be first ascertained if any member of the household got any work for at least 60 days during last 365 days preceding the date of survey in 'public works'. Public works covers local area development works like construction of roads, dams, bunds, digging of ponds etc. as relief measures, or as an outcome of the employment generation schemes under the poverty alleviation programmes such as National Rural Employment Programme (NREP), Rural Landless Employment Guarantee Programme (RLEGP), Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY), Minimum Needs Programme (MNP), etc. The number of male and female members who got work in 'public works' will be recorded against items 10 and 11, respectively. If no member got any such work '0' will be recorded against these items.

## Monthly household consumer expenditure (IN2004A\_0050)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 8  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) for the household in rupees (Rs).

#### Universe

All households

#### Literal question

12. Monthly household consumer expenditure (Rs)  
(to be copied from item 40 of section 9)

#### Interviewer instructions

4.3.0 Block 3: Household characteristics: Certain household characteristics, such as, household size, household type, religion, social-group, household industry, household occupation, monthly household consumer expenditure, number of members who got work for at least 60 days in public works during the last 365 days, land owned/ land possessed as on the date of survey, land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2003 - June 2004, etc., which are intended to be used mainly as classificatory characteristics in studying the indicators of employment and unemployment will be recorded in this block.

4.3.13 Item 12: Monthly household consumer expenditure (Rs): This item will be copied from item 40 of block 9.

## Subsample-wise design based weights: NSS (IN2004A\_0051)

### File: IND2004-H-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-4

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the subsample-wise design based weights: NSS for the household.

The instructional text for the weights follows:

For generating subsample-wise estimates based on data of all subrounds taken together, either Subsample-1 households or Subsample-2 households are to be considered at one time. Apply weight (or multipliers) as follows:

weight = IN04A053 [IN04A\_WTMLTSS]  
(2 implied decimals)

For generating subsample-combined estimates based on data of all subrounds taken together all households are to be considered. Apply weight (or multipliers) as follows:

weight = IN04A053, if IN04A051=IN04A052 [IN04A\_WTNSS and WTNSSC]  
weight = IN04A053/2, otherwise.  
(2 implied decimals)

Note: the latter version is the weight used in the integrated variable WTPER.

#### Universe

All households

## Subsample-wise design based weights: NSS (IN2004A\_0051)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Literal question

Subsample-wise design based weights: NSS

## Subsample-wise design based weights: NSC (IN2004A\_0052)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-8

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the subsample-wise design based weights: NSC for the household.

The instructional text for the weights follows:

For generating sub-round-wise subsample combined estimates, either all Sub-round-1 households or all Sub-round-2 households or all Sub-round-3 households or all Sub-round-4 households are to be considered at one time. Apply the weight.

There are two implied decimals.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

Subsample-wise design based weights: NSC

## Subsample-wise design-based weights: MLT\_SS (IN2004A\_0053)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 10  
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the subsample-wise design based weights: MLT\_SS for the household.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

Subsample-wise design-based weights: MLT\_SS

## Sub-round-wise subsample combined weights: MLT\_SR (IN2004A\_0054)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

## Sub-round-wise subsample combined weights: MLT\_SR (IN2004A\_0054)

File: IND2004-H-H

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 10  
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the sub-round wise subsample combined weights: MLT\_SR for the household.

### Universe

All households

### Literal question

Sub-round-wise subsample combined weights: MLT\_SR

## Household weight (HHWT)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 8  
Decimals: 2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

HHWT indicates the number of households in the population represented by the household in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), HHWT must be used to yield accurate household-level statistics.

NOTE: HHWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

## India, State 1983 - 2004 [Level 1; consistent boundaries, GIS] (GEO1\_IN)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 6  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 356001-356035

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

GEO1\_IN identifies the household's state within India in all sample years. States are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1\_IN is spatially harmonized to account for political boundary changes across census years. Some detail is lost in harmonization; see the comparability discussion. A GIS map (in shapefile format), corresponding to GEO1\_IN can be downloaded from the GIS Boundary files page in the IPUMS International web site.

The full set of geography variables for India can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level, refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for India. Year specific geography and maps along with variables that are spatially harmonized at the second level of geography and account for political boundary changes across census years will become available in the near future.

## India, State 1983 - 2004 [Level 1; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name] (GEO1\_INX)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-36

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

GEO1\_INX identifies the household's state within India in all sample years. States are the first level administrative units of the country. GEO1\_INX is harmonized by name and does not account for boundary changes over time.

The full set of geography variables for India can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for India. Year specific geography and maps along with variables that are spatially harmonized at the second level of geography and account for political boundary changes across census years will become available in the near future.

## India, Region 1984 - 2004 [Level 2; inconsistent boundaries, harmonized by name] (GEO2\_INX)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 11-361

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

GEO2\_INX identifies the household's region within India in all sample years. Regions are the second level administrative units of the country, after states. Regions are created by the National Sample Survey (NSS) as a second level of territorial organization.

GEO2\_INX is harmonized by name and does not account for boundary changes over time.

The full set of geography variables for India can be found in the IPUMS International Geography variables list. For cross-national geographic analysis on the first and second major administrative level refer to GEOLEV1, and GEOLEV2. More information on IPUMS-International geography can be found here.

At the present moment, IPUMS International is only releasing integrated geography for the first level of geography for India. Year specific geography and maps along with variables that are spatially harmonized at the second level of geography and account for political boundary changes across census years will become available in the near future.

## Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

## Number of married couples in household (NCOUPLES)

File: IND2004-H-H

NCOUPLES is a constructed variable indicating the number of married/in-union couples within a household.

NCOUPLES is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable SPLOC (spouse's location in the household).

## Number of mothers in household (NMOTHERS)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

NMOTHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of mothers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NMOTHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable MOMLOC (mother's location in the household).

## Number of fathers in household (NFATHERS)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

NFATHERS is a constructed variable indicating the number of fathers -- of persons of any age -- within a household.

NFATHERS is constructed using the IPUMS-International pointer variable POPLOC (father's location in the household).

## Country (COUNTRY)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 32-894

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

COUNTRY gives the country from which the sample was drawn. The codes assigned to each country are those used by the UN Statistics Division and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization).

## Strata identifier (STRATA)

File: IND2004-H-H

### Overview

## Strata identifier (STRATA)

File: IND2004-H-H

Type: Continuous

Format: numeric

Width: 12

Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

### **Description**

This variable is the strata identifier for the sample. The STRATA variable provides information about the sample design that can be used to improve estimation.

## Person number (PERNUM)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively (starting with "1" for the first person record of each household). When combined with SAMPLE and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person in the IPUMS-International database.

## Mother's location in household (MOMLOC)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

MOMLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's mother lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the mother (see PERNUM). MOMLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) mothers.

The method by which probable child-mother links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of MOMLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: MOMLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepmother and adopted mother) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPMOM is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

## Father's location in household (POPLOC)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

POPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's father lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number of the father (see PERNUM). POPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of children and their (probable) fathers.

The method by which probable child-father links are identified is described in PARRULE.

The general design of POPLOC and other constructed variables follows the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships," but the details vary significantly.

Note: POPLOC identifies social relationships (such as stepfather and adopted father) as well as biological relationships. The variable STEPPOP is designed to identify some of these social relationships.

## Spouse's location in household (SPLOC)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

SPLOC is a constructed variable that indicates whether or not the person's spouse lived in the same household and, if so, gives the person number (PERNUM) of the spouse. SPLOC makes it easy for researchers to link the characteristics of (probable) spouses.

The method by which probable spouse-spouse links are identified is described in SPRULE.

The general design of SPLOC and other constructed variables is modeled on the methods developed for IPUMS-USA "Family Interrelationships", but the details vary significantly.

## Rule for linking parent (PARRULE)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-52     |                |

### Description

PARRULE describes the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variables MOMLOC and POPLOC linked the person to a probable mother and/or father.

IPUMS-International establishes child-parent links according to five basic rules, and PARRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A link to any parent automatically generates a second link to that parent's spouse or partner, so only one rule is needed to describe both MOMLOC and POPLOC.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

## Rule for linking spouse (SPRULE)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-6      |                |

### Description

SPRULE explains the criteria by which the IPUMS-International variable SPLOC linked the person to his/her probable spouse.

IPUMS-International establishes spouse-spouse links according to five basic rules, and SPRULE gives the number of the rule that applied to the link in question. A sixth rule identifies sample-specific linking procedures only imposed in selected instances.

The design of the interrelationship variables is described in this paper on IPUMSI family linking methodology.

## Probable stepmother (STEPMOM)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-6

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

STEPMOM indicates whether a person's mother, as identified by MOMLOC, was most probably not the person's biological mother. Non-zero values of STEPMOM explain why it is probable that the person's mother was a step- or adopted mother. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepmother because (1) the mother identified in MOMLOC was probably the biological mother or (2) there is no mother of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPMOM are as follows:

- 0 = Biological mother or no mother of this person present in household.
- 1 = Mother has no children borne or surviving.
- 2 = Child reports mother is deceased.
- 3 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner, stepchild/child-in-law).
- 4 = Mother reports no children in the home.
- 5 = Age difference between mother and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.
- 6 = Child exceeds known fertility of mother.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepmothers and adopted mothers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPMOM will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

## Probable stepfather (STEPPOP)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-3

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

STEPPOP indicates whether a person's father, as identified by POPLOC, was most probably not the person's biological father. Non-zero values of STEPPPOP explain why it is probable that the person's father was a step- or adopted father. A value of 0 indicates no likely stepfather because (1) the father identified in POPLOC was probably the biological father or (2) there is no father of this person present in the household.

The codes for STEPPPOP are as follows:

- 0 = Biological father or no father of this person present in household.
- 1 = Child reports father is deceased.
- 2 = Explicitly identified relationship (stepchild, adopted child, child of unmarried partner; stepchild/child-in-law).
- 3 = Age difference between father and child was less than 12 or greater than 54 years.

See PARRULE for a description of the linking process.

Users should note that there are many stepfathers and adopted fathers in the population that cannot be identified with information available in the censuses. Therefore, STEPPPOP will always under-represent their actual number in the population.

## Man with more than one wife linked (POLYMAL)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

POLYMAL indicates if a man had more than one wife linked to him in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household.

The point of POLYMAL is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

## Woman is second or higher order wife (POLY2ND)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-1

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

POLY2ND indicates if a woman was the second or higher order wife linked to a husband in the constructed IPUMS variable SPLOC -- Spouse's Location in Household. The variable does not suggest the actual marital order of wives, only their relative positions in the person order of the household as it was enumerated.

The point of POLY2ND is to facilitate using SPLOC in samples that identify polygamy. Some statistical matching procedures expect to find only one matching record for each subject record.

## Family unit membership (FAMUNIT)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

FAMUNIT is a constructed variable indicating to which family within the household a person belongs.

All persons related to the household head receive a 1 (see RELATE). Each secondary family or secondary individual receives a higher code. For purposes of FAMUNIT, secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

## Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

## Number of own family members in household (FAMSIZE)

File: IND2004-P-H

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

FAMSIZE counts the number of the person's own family members living in the household with her/him, including the person her/himself. These include all persons related to the person by blood, adoption, or marriage as indicated by the census forms or inferred from them.

FAMSIZE is calculated from the units identified in the IPUMS constructed variable FAMUNIT (family unit membership). The primary family is defined as all persons related to the head in the RELATE variable. Secondary families are individuals or groups of persons linked together by the IPUMS constructed pointer variables SPLOC, MOMLOC, and POPLOC (location of spouse, mother, and father).

## Number of own children in household (NCHILD)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

NCHILD provides a count of the person's own children living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

## Number of own children under age 5 in household (NCHLT5)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

NCHLT5 provides a count of the person's own children under age five living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

## Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

## Age of eldest own child in household (ELDCH)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Description

ELDCH gives the age of the person's oldest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

ELDCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

## Age of youngest own child in household (YNGCH)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

YNGCH gives the age of the person's youngest own child living in the household with her or him. These include all children linked to the person via the constructed IPUMS pointer variables MOMLOC or POPLOC -- mother's and father's location in the household.

YNGCH is top-coded at age 50 or older.

## Relationship to household head [general version] (RELATE)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

RELATE describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

## Relationship to household head [detailed version] (RELATED)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1000-9999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

RELATED describes the relationship of the individual to the head of household (sometimes called the householder or reference person).

## Age (AGE)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-999    |                |

### Description

AGE gives age in years as of the person's last birthday prior to or on the day of enumeration.

## Age, grouped into intervals (AGE2)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-98     |                |

### Description

AGE2 gives computed years of age grouped into intervals.

## Sex (SEX)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-9      |                |

### Description

SEX reports the sex (gender) of the respondent.

## Marital status [general version] (MARST)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9      |                |

### Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARST describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

## Marital status [detailed version] (MARSTD)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-999    |                |

### Description

[program universe for et,mz samples.

MARSTD describes the person's current marital status according to law or custom. Individuals who remarried should report the status relevant to their most recent marriage. Census instructions rarely explicitly limit marital status to strictly legal unions.

Note regarding universe: The lowest age at which a person can be anything but "never married" varies among samples.

## School attendance (SCHOOL)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9      |                |

### Description

SCHOOL indicates whether or not the person attended school at the time of the census or within some specified period of time prior to the census.

## Literacy (LIT)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9      |                |

### Description

LIT indicates whether or not the respondent could read and write in any language. A person is typically considered literate if he or she can both read and write. All other persons are illiterate, including those who can either read or write but cannot do both.

## Educational attainment, India (EDUCIN)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-9      |                |

## Educational attainment, India (EDUCIN)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Description

EDUCIN indicates the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed.

## Activity status (employment status) [general version] (EMPSTAT)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

## Activity status (employment status) [detailed version] (EMPSTATD)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

EMPSTAT indicates whether or not the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- over a specified period of time. Depending on the sample, EMPSTAT can also convey further information.

The first digit of EMPSTAT is fully comparable, and classifies the population into three groups: employed, unemployed, and inactive. The combination of employed and unemployed yields the total labor force. The second and third digits of EMPSTAT preserve additional information available for some countries and census years but not for others.

Employment status is sometimes referred to in other sources as "activity status".

## Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

## Occupation, ISCO general (OCCISCO)

File: IND2004-P-H

OCCISCO records the person's primary occupation, coded according to the major categories in the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) scheme for 1988. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is typically the one in which the person had spent the most time or earned the most money.

## Occupation, unrecoded (OCC)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

OCC records the person's primary occupation, classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time. For someone with more than one job, the primary occupation is usually the one in which the person spent the most time or earned the most money, although this may not have been explicit in the instructions for a specific census.

To ensure confidentiality, very small occupations are recoded to a residual category indicating the persons had an occupation, but the job title is not identified. The number of cases recoded should be too small to affect analyses.

## Industry, general recode (INDGEN)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

INDGEN recodes the industrial classifications of the various samples into twelve groups that can be fairly consistently identified across all available samples. The groupings roughly conform to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). The third digit of INDGEN retains important detail among the service industries that could not be consistently distinguished in all samples.

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which a person worked.

## Industry, unrecoded (IND)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 5  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

"Industry" refers to the activity or product of the establishment or sector in which the person worked. IND is classified according to the system used by the respective national census office at the time, and is not recoded by IPUMS-International.

## Status in employment (class of worker) [general version] (CLASSWK)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

## Status in employment (class of worker) [detailed version] (CLASSWKD)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

CLASSWK refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his or her employment -- that is, the type of explicit or implicit contract of employment with other persons or organizations that the person has in his/her job. In general, the variable indicates whether a person was self-employed, or worked for someone else, either for pay or as an unpaid family worker. CLASSWK is related to EMPSTAT, which is used to define the universe in many samples.

Class of worker is often referred to as "status in employment" in other sources.

## Sector of employment (EMPSECT)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

EMPSECT indicates the economic sector in which the person was employed. Economic sector is defined in terms of ownership or control of the enterprise in which the person worked.

## Size of work establishment (ESTABSZ)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

## Size of work establishment (ESTABSZ)

File: IND2004-P-H

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

ESTABSZ reports the number of people employed in the respondent's work establishment.

## Wage and salary income (INCWAGE)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 7  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

INCWAGE reports the respondent's weekly, monthly or annual wage and salary income.

## Employment disability (DISEMP)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

DISEMP indicates if the respondent was economically inactive because of disabilities.

## Person number (within household) (IN2004A\_0003)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-36

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the person number within household.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

Person number (within household)

## Person serial number (IN2004A\_0401)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-36     |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the person's serial number within the household.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

1. Serial no. \_\_\_\_

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.1 Column (1): Serial number: All the members of the sample household will be listed in block 4 using a continuous serial number in column (1). In the list, the head of the household will appear first followed by head's spouse, the first son, first son's wife and their children, second son, second son's wife and their children and so on. After the sons are enumerated, the daughters will be listed followed by other relations, dependants, servants, etc.

## Relation to head (IN2004A\_0402)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 1-9      |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the person's relationship to the head of household.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

## Relation to head (IN2004A\_0402)

File: IND2004-P-H

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

### 3. Relation to head:

- 1 Self
- 2 Spouse of head
- 3 Married child
- 4 Spouse of married child
- 5 Unmarried child
- 6 Grandchild
- 7 Father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law
- 8 Brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives
- 9 Servants/employees/other non-relatives

#### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.3 Column 3: Relation to head: The family relationship of each member of the household with the head of the household (for the head, the relationship is 'self') expressed in terms of specified codes will be recorded in this column. The codes are:

1. Self
2. Spouse of head
3. Married child
4. Spouse of married child
5. Unmarried child
6. Grandchild
7. Father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law
8. Brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives
9. Servants/employees/other non-relatives

## Sex (IN2004A\_0403)

File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the person's sex.

#### Universe

All persons

#### Literal question

## Sex (IN2004A\_0403)

File: IND2004-P-H

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

4. Sex:

1 Male

2 Female

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.4 Column 4: Sex: For each and every member of the household, sex in terms of the code (male-1, female-2) will be recorded in this column. For eunuch, code '1' will be recorded.

## Age (IN2004A\_0404)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-115

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the person's age in completed years.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

5. Age (year) \_\_\_\_

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.5 Column 5: Age (years): The age in completed years of all the members listed, will be ascertained and recorded in column (5). For infants below one year of age at the time of listing, '0' will be entered in column (5). Similarly for persons of age 105 years, entry under this column will be 105.

## Marital status (IN2004A\_0405)

File: IND2004-P-H

## Marital status (IN2004A\_0405)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the person's marital status.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

6. Marital status:

- 1 Never married
- 2 Currently married
- 3 Widowed
- 4 Divorced/separated

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.6 Column (6): Marital status: The marital status of each member will be recorded in this column in codes. The codes for different marital statuses are as follows:

1. Never married
2. Currently married
3. Widowed
4. Divorced/separated

## General education (IN2004A\_0406)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the highest level of general education the person has completed.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

## General education (IN2004A\_0406)

### File: IND2004-P-H

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

7. Educational standard - general:

01 Not literate

Literate without formal schooling:

02 EGS/ NFEC/ AEC

03 TLC

04 Others

Literate:

05 Below primary

06 Primary

07 Middle

08 Secondary

10 Higher secondary

11 Diploma/certificate course

12 Graduate

13 Postgraduate and above

**Interviewer instructions**

## General education (IN2004A\_0406)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.7 Educational level: Information on the highest level of education successfully completed by each member of the household considering his/ her all general/ technical/ vocational educational level will be recorded in terms of codes in column (7), whereas in column (8), the highest level of technical education successfully completed will be recorded. A person who has studied up to say, first year B.A. or has failed in the final B.A. Examination, his educational attainment will be considered only as 'higher secondary', for the purpose of column (7).

4.4.8 Column (7): General: In column (7), the highest level of education successfully completed by the members of the household considering general/ technical/ vocational education will be recorded in codes which are given below:

01 Not literate

Literate without formal schooling:

02 EGS/ NFEC/ AEC

03 TLC

04 Others

Literate:

05 Below primary

06 Primary

07 Middle

08 Secondary

10 Higher secondary

11 Diploma/certificate course

12 Graduate

13 Postgraduate and above

A person who can both read and write a simple message with understanding in at least one language is to be considered literate. Those who are not able to do so, are to be considered not literate and will be assigned code 01. Some persons achieve literacy by attending Non-formal Education Courses (NFEC) or Adult Education Centres (AEC) or by attending primary schools created under Education Guarantee Scheme (EGS). Such persons will be given code 02. Persons who have become literate through attending Total Literacy Campaign (TLC) will be given code 03. Persons who are literate through means other than formal schooling or the two enumerated above will be given code 04. Those, who are by definition literate through formal schooling but are yet to pass primary standard examination, will be assigned code 05. Similarly codes 06, 07, 08, and 10 to 13 will be assigned to those who have passed the appropriate levels. The criteria for deciding primary, middle, secondary, etc. levels will be that followed in the concerned states/union territories. Persons who have attained proficiency in Oriental languages (e.g., Sanskrit, Persian, etc.) through formal but not through the general type of education will be classified appropriately at the equivalent level of general education standard. For them who have completed some diploma or certificate course in general or technical education, which is equivalent to below graduation level, code 11 will be assigned. Whereas, code 12 will be recorded for them who have obtained degree or diploma or certificate in general or technical education, which is equivalent to graduation level. Similarly, code 13 will be assigned for them who have obtained degree or diploma or certificate in general or technical education, which is equivalent to post-graduation level and above.

## Technical education (IN2004A\_0407)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

## Technical education (IN2004A\_0407)

File: IND2004-P-H

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the highest level of technical education the person has completed.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

8. Educational standard - technical:

- 01 No technical education
- 02 Technical degree in agriculture/engineering/technology/medicine, etc.

Diploma or certificate (below graduate level) in:

- 03 Agriculture
- 04 Engineering/technology
- 05 Medicine
- 06 Crafts
- 07 Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level) in:

- 08 Agriculture
- 09 Engineering/technology
- 10 Medicine
- 11 Crafts
- 12 Other subjects

### Interviewer instructions

## Technical education (IN2004A\_0407)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.7 Educational level: Information on the highest level of education successfully completed by each member of the household considering his/ her all general/ technical/ vocational educational level will be recorded in terms of codes in column (7), whereas in column (8), the highest level of technical education successfully completed will be recorded. A person who has studied up to say, first year B.A. or has failed in the final B.A. Examination, his educational attainment will be considered only as 'higher secondary', for the purpose of column (7).

4.4.9 Column (8): Technical: Technical education standard achieved by the members of the household will be recorded in one of the following codes:

[P.58]

01. No technical education  
02. Technical degree in agriculture/engineering/technology/medicine etc.  
Diploma or certificate (below graduate level) in:

- 03. Agriculture
- 04. Engineering/technology
- 05. Medicine
- 06. Crafts
- 07. Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level) in:

- 08. Agriculture
- 09. Engineering/technology
- 10. Medicine
- 11. Crafts
- 12. Other subjects

Technical diploma or certificate in 'other subjects' will cover diploma or certificate in management, applied arts, etc. If more than one of the codes 03 to 07 are applicable, the code indicating the diploma/ certificate last received will be considered. Similar will be the treatment when more than one of the codes 08 to 12 are applicable for a person. It may be noted that the technical certificate/ diploma obtained by the person need not necessarily be recognised by the Government.

## Status of current attendance (IN2004A\_0408)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates whether the person is currently attending any educational institution, which includes the registration for correspondence or distance courses.

#### Universe

Persons under age 30

#### Literal question

## Status of current attendance (IN2004A\_0408)

File: IND2004-P-H

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

For persons of age below 30 years,  
Current attendance in educational institution  
[Questions 9-10 were asked of persons age below 30 years.]

### 9. Status of current attendance:

Currently not attending any educational institution:

Never attended:

- 01 School too far
- 02 To support household income
- 03 Education not considered necessary
- 04 To attend domestic chores
- 05 Others

Ever attended but currently not attending:

- 11 School too far
- 12 To support household income
- 13 Education not considered necessary
- 14 To attend domestic chores
- 15 Others

Currently attending in:

- 21 EGS/NFEC/AEC
- 22 TLC
- 23 Pre-primary (Nursery/kindergarten, etc.)
- 24 Primary (Class I to IV/V)
- 25 Middle
- 26 Secondary and higher secondary

Graduate and above in:

- 27 Agriculture
- 28 Engineering/technology
- 29 Medicine
- 30 Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (below graduate level):

- 31 Agriculture
- 32 Engineering/technology
- 33 Medicine
- 34 Crafts
- 35 Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level):

- 36 Agriculture
- 37 Engineering/technology
- 38 Medicine
- 39 Crafts
- 40 Other subjects

**Interviewer instructions**

## Status of current attendance (IN2004A\_0408)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.10 Column (9) and (10): Current attendance in educational institution: Columns (9) and (10) will be used to record the particulars of current attendance in educational institution for persons of age below 30 years. Column (9) will be used to record 'status of current attendance'. Column (10) will be used to record 'type of institution' for those who are currently attending educational institution, i.e., with entry 21-40 in column (9). Procedure for recording the particulars in these columns is explained in the subsequent paragraphs.

4.4.11 Column (9): Status of current attendance. It will be first ascertained if the person is currently attending any educational institutions (government or private) or not. Persons who are registered for any regular correspondence courses or distance education courses for a stipulated period at the end of which, are allowed to appear in the examination for the course, will also be considered as 'currently attending'. Persons who are awaiting results will be considered as 'currently attending' and the appropriate code for the level for which they have appeared in the examinations will be recorded. Persons who are not currently attending any educational institutions, reason for not attending will be ascertained and will be given any of the codes 01 to 05 if they have never attended and 11 to 15, if they ever attended but currently not attending. For those who are found 'currently attending', the course of study pursued by them will be further ascertained and codes will be assigned depending on the course of study pursued by them. For persons attending more than one course, the one which is of full time will be considered for recording current attendance, in case only one of the courses is full time. In case more than one of the courses are full time, the one, which is of higher level will be considered for current attendance. If the full time courses are of same level, the one with longer duration will be considered. If the person is pursuing only part time courses, the course to be considered for current attendance will be determined in the similar way as is done for full time course.

[P.59]

Currently not attending any educational institution:

Never attended:

01. School too far
02. To support household income
03. Education not considered necessary
04. To attend domestic chores
05. Others

Ever attended but currently not attending:

11. School too far
12. To support household income
13. Education not considered necessary
14. To attend domestic chores
15. Others

Currently attending in:

21. EGS/NFEC/AEC
22. TLC
23. Pre-primary (Nursery/kindergarten, etc.)
24. Primary (Class I to IV/V)
25. Middle
26. Secondary and higher secondary

Graduate and above in:

27. Agriculture
28. Engineering/technology
29. Medicine
30. Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (below graduate level):

31. Agriculture
32. Engineering/technology
33. Medicine
34. Crafts
35. Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level):

36. Agriculture
37. Engineering/technology
38. Medicine
39. Crafts
40. Other subjects

## Type of school institution (IN2004A\_0409)

File: IND2004-P-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the type of private or public educational institution the person is currently attending.

**Universe**

Persons under age 30 who are currently attending school

**Literal question**

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

For persons of age below 30 years,  
 Current attendance in educational institution  
 [Questions 9-10 were asked of persons age below 30 years.]

## 9. Status of current attendance:

Currently not attending any educational institution:

Never attended:

- 01 School too far
- 02 To support household income
- 03 Education not considered necessary
- 04 To attend domestic chores
- 05 Others

Ever attended but currently not attending:

- 11 School too far
- 12 To support household income
- 13 Education not considered necessary
- 14 To attend domestic chores
- 15 Others

Currently attending in:

- 21 EGS/NFEC/AEC
- 22 TLC
- 23 Pre-primary (Nursery/kindergarten, etc.)
- 24 Primary (Class I to IV/V)
- 25 Middle
- 26 Secondary and higher secondary

Graduate and above in:

- 27 Agriculture
- 28 Engineering/technology
- 29 Medicine
- 30 Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (below graduate level):

- 31 Agriculture
- 32 Engineering/technology
- 33 Medicine
- 34 Crafts
- 35 Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level):

- 36 Agriculture
- 37 Engineering/technology
- 38 Medicine
- 39 Crafts
- 40 Other subjects

## 10. Type of institution:

For codes 21-40 in question 9 [if currently attending in educational institution, per question 9],

- 1 Government
- 2 Local body
- 3 Private aided
- 4 Private unaided
- 5 Not known

**Interviewer instructions**

## Type of school institution (IN2004A\_0409)

## File: IND2004-P-H

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.10 Column (9) and (10): Current attendance in educational institution: Columns (9) and (10) will be used to record the particulars of current attendance in educational institution for persons of age below 30 years. Column (9) will be used to record 'status of current attendance'. Column (10) will be used to record 'type of institution' for those who are currently attending educational institution, i.e., with entry 21-40 in column (9). Procedure for recording the particulars in these columns is explained in the subsequent paragraphs.

4.4.11 Column (9): Status of current attendance. It will be first ascertained if the person is currently attending any educational institutions (government or private) or not. Persons who are registered for any regular correspondence courses or distance education courses for a stipulated period at the end of which, are allowed to appear in the examination for the course, will also be considered as 'currently attending'. Persons who are awaiting results will be considered as 'currently attending' and the appropriate code for the level for which they have appeared in the examinations will be recorded. Persons who are not currently attending any educational institutions, reason for not attending will be ascertained and will be given any of the codes 01 to 05 if they have never attended and 11 to 15, if they ever attended but currently not attending. For those who are found 'currently attending', the course of study pursued by them will be further ascertained and codes will be assigned depending on the course of study pursued by them. For persons attending more than one course, the one which is of full time will be considered for recording current attendance, in case only one of the courses is full time. In case more than one of the courses are full time, the one, which is of higher level will be considered for current attendance. If the full time courses are of same level, the one with longer duration will be considered. If the person is pursuing only part time courses, the course to be considered for current attendance will be determined in the similar way as is done for full time course.

[P.59]

Currently not attending any educational institution:

Never attended:

- 01. School too far
- 02. To support household income
- 03. Education not considered necessary
- 04. To attend domestic chores
- 05. Others

Ever attended but currently not attending:

- 11. School too far
- 12. To support household income
- 13. Education not considered necessary
- 14. To attend domestic chores
- 15. Others

Currently attending in:

- 21. EGS/NFEC/AEC
- 22. TLC
- 23. Pre-primary (Nursery/kindergarten, etc.)
- 24. Primary (Class I to IV/V)
- 25. Middle
- 26. Secondary and higher secondary

Graduate and above in:

- 27. Agriculture
- 28. Engineering/technology
- 29. Medicine
- 30. Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (below graduate level):

- 31. Agriculture
- 32. Engineering/technology
- 33. Medicine
- 34. Crafts
- 35. Other subjects

Diploma or certificate (graduate and above level):

- 36. Agriculture
- 37. Engineering/technology
- 38. Medicine
- 39. Crafts
- 40. Other subjects

4.4.12 Column (10): Type of institution: Those with code 21-40 in column (9) will be considered for recording entries here. The type of institution refers to the type of management by which the institution is run. It may be government, local body, or private body receiving government aid. Thus the type may be (a) Government, (b) Local body, (c) Private aided or (d) Private unaided. All schools/ institutions run by the State, Central Government, Public Sector Undertakings or Autonomous Organisations, which are completely financed by the Government will be treated as government institutions. Schools/ institutions where some intervention of government is in the management and are mainly financed by the government will also be treated as government institutions. All institutions run by municipal corporations, municipal committees, notified area committees, zilla parishads, panchayat samitis, cantonment boards, etc. will be treated as local body institutions. Private aided institution is one, which is run by an individual or a private organisation and receives maintenance grant partly or fully from the Government or local body. Private unaided institution is one that is managed by an individual or a private organisation and not receiving maintenance grant either from a Government or a local body.

Relevant codes to be given are:

- 1. Government
- 2. Local body
- 3. Private aided
- 4. Private unaided
- 5. Not known

## Registered with employment exchange (IN2004A\_0410)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates whether the person is currently on the live register of the employment exchange at the time of the census.

### Universe

Persons under age 65

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

11. Whether currently registered with employment exchange:

For persons of age below 65 years,

- 1 Yes  
 2 No

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.13 Column (11): Currently registered with employment exchange: For persons of age below 65 years listed in column (1) of this block, it is to be ascertained whether or not they are currently on the live register of the employment exchange. For a person to be currently on the live register, he or she should renew his/her registration before it lapses, i.e. when the renewal becomes due. The period specified for renewal varies from state to state and also perhaps, from one employment category to the other. The investigator, therefore, should ascertain from some knowledgeable sources, the period specified for such renewal in the particular region where he has to carry out the field work. With this background information, the investigator should find out when the person has registered in the employment exchange, whether he has renewed the registration, etc. and thus determine whether or not he or she was currently on the live register of the employment exchange. If the name of the person is in the live register of the employment exchange, code 1 and if not, code 2 will be recorded in this column.

## Vocational training (IN2004A\_0411)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the type of vocational training received or being received by the person.

### Universe

Persons age 15 to 29

### Literal question

## Vocational training (IN2004A\_0411)

File: IND2004-P-H

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

For persons of age 15 to 29 years

[Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.]

12. Whether receiving/received any vocational training:

1 Yes: receiving formal vocational training

Received vocational training:

2 Formal

3 Non-formal: hereditary

4 Others

5 Did not receive any vocational training

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.14 Column (12) to (15): Particulars of vocational training: Columns (12) to (15) will be used to record particulars of vocational training received/ being received by persons of age 15 to 29 years. Procedure for recording the particulars in these columns is explained in the subsequent paragraphs.

4.4.15 Column (12): Whether receiving/received any vocational training: Information on whether the household member is receiving or has received any vocational training will be collected in this column in codes given below:

1. Receiving formal vocational training

Received vocational training:

2. Formal

3. Non-formal: hereditary

4. Others

5. Did not receive any vocational training

## Field of training (IN2004A\_0412)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the person's field of training in which the formal vocational training has been or is being received.

## Field of training (IN2004A\_0412)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Universe

Persons age 15 to 29 who have ever received formal vocational training

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

For persons of age 15 to 29 years

[Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.]

For code 1 and 2 in question 12

[Questions 13-15 were asked of persons who were receiving/received formal vocational training, per question 12.]

### 13. Field of training:

- 01 Mechanical engineering trades
- 02 Electrical and electronic engineering trades
- 03 Computer trades
- 04 Civil engineering and building construction related works
- 05 Chemical engineering trades
- 06 Leather related work
- 07 Textile related work
- 08 Catering, nutrition, hotels and restaurant related work
- 09 Artisan/craftsman/ handicraft and cottage based production work
- 10 Creative arts/ artists
- 11 Agriculture and crop production related skills and food preservation related work
- 12 Non-crop based agricultural and other related activities
- 13 Health and paramedical services related work
- 14 Office and business related work
- 15 Driving and motor mechanic work
- 16 Beautician, hairdressing and related work
- 17 Work related to tour operators/ travel managers
- 18 Photography and related work
- 19 Work related to childcare, nutrition, pre-schools and crche
- 20 Journalism, mass communication and media related work
- 21 Printing technology related work
- 99 Other

### Interviewer instructions

## Field of training (IN2004A\_0412)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.14 Column (12) to (15): Particulars of vocational training: Columns (12) to (15) will be used to record particulars of vocational training received/ being received by persons of age 15 to 29 years. Procedure for recording the particulars in these columns is explained in the subsequent paragraphs.

Columns (13) to (15) will be filled in for those who are receiving/received formal vocational training, i.e., for code 1 or 2 in column (12)

4.4.16 Column (13): Field of training (code): Field of training in this column refers to the broad area/ trade, say, 'Mechanical engineering trades', 'Electrical and electronic trades', 'Leather related work', etc. on which the formal vocational training has been received/being received by the household member. 'Field of training' will be recorded in terms of 2 digit codes.

The codes for the field of training to be used for making entry in this column are given below:

Field of training:

01. Mechanical engineering trades
02. Electrical and electronic engineering trades
03. Computer trades
04. Civil engineering and building construction related works
05. Chemical engineering trades
06. Leather related work
07. Textile related work
08. Catering, nutrition, hotels and restaurant related work
09. Artisan/craftsman/ handicraft and cottage based production work
10. Creative arts/ artists
11. Agriculture and crop production related skills and food preservation related work
12. Non-crop based agricultural and other related activities
13. Health and paramedical services related work
14. Office and business related work
15. Driving and motor mechanic work
16. Beautician, hairdressing and related work
17. Work related to tour operators/ travel managers
18. Photography and related work
19. Work related to childcare, nutrition, pre-schools and crche
20. Journalism, mass communication and media related work
21. Printing technology related work
99. Other

[P.62]

For a formal vocational training, if the 'field of training' is not covered by any of the codes 01 to 21, code 99 will be assigned to that field of training. It may be noted that under a particular broad area of the training stated above, an individual may have received the vocational training for development of skill in specific area(s).

For example, a vocational training may develop skill in specific area(s) like 'blacksmithy', 'fitter', etc. under the broad area 'Mechanical engineering trades' or in the specific area 'Cutting and Tailoring' under the broad area 'Textile related work' or in the specific area 'Cane and Bamboo work' under the broad area 'Artisan/ craftsman/ handicraft and cottage based production work'. Specific areas and broad areas of the vocational training, in most cases, will be understood from the name of trade/training course.

To facilitate the collection of data on 'field of training', an indicative list of specific areas on which one can receive the vocational training and the broad area covering the specific area(s) is given in Annexure 2. There may be cases where broad area of training can be understood from the specific area of training but the specific area is not covered under any of the broad areas in the list given in Annexure 2. For a person when more than one of the codes are applicable, last training received will be considered for giving code for 'field of training'.

Some instances for recording field of training are being illustrated with the help of the following examples:

1. A person has received a vocational training for which the name of the training course is 'Fitter'. In this case the specific area of the training is 'Fitter' and the broad area will be 'Mechanical engineering trades'. In this case, the entry against 'field of training' will be the code for the broad area of training 'Mechanical engineering trades', i.e., 01.
2. For the vocational training course 'Cutting and Tailoring', the specific area is 'Cutting and Tailoring', and the broad area will be 'Textile related work'. In this case, the entry against 'field of training' will be the code for the broad area of training 'Textile related work', i.e., 07.

## Duration of training (IN2004A\_0413)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable describes the duration in weeks of the person's formal vocational training needed to successfully complete the course.

### Universe

Persons age 15 to 29 who have ever received formal vocational training

### Literal question

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

For persons of age 15 to 29 years  
[Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.]

For code 1 and 2 in question 12  
[Questions 13-15 were asked of persons who were receiving/received formal vocational training, per question 12.]

14. Duration of training (in weeks) \_\_\_\_

### Interviewer instructions

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.14 Column (12) to (15): Particulars of vocational training: Columns (12) to (15) will be used to record particulars of vocational training received/ being received by persons of age 15 to 29 years. Procedure for recording the particulars in these columns is explained in the subsequent paragraphs.

Columns (13) to (15) will be filled in for those who are receiving/received formal vocational training, i.e., for code 1 or 2 in column (12)

4.4.17 Column (14): Duration of training: Duration of the formal vocational training, in weeks, will be entered here. The stipulated duration that the training may take for successfully completing the course will be recorded for those who are receiving the training on the date of survey. In case, the duration of formal vocational training received/being received is in months or in years then it will be rounded off to the nearest week. For this purpose, one month will be considered as 4 weeks, three months will be considered as 13 weeks, 6 months will be considered as 26 weeks and one year will be considered as 52 weeks. If the duration of training is in terms of days then it will be converted to weeks and entry will be made in whole number.

## Source of degree, etc (IN2004A\_0414)

File: IND2004-P-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the source (type of institution) from where the person's degree/diploma/certificate for the formal vocational training was received or will be received.

**Universe**

Persons age 15 to 29 who have ever received formal vocational training

**Literal question**

[4] Demographic and migration particulars of household members

For persons of age 15 to 29 years  
 [Questions 12-15 were asked of age 15 to 29 years.]

For code 1 and 2 in question 12  
 [Questions 13-15 were asked of persons who were receiving/received formal vocational training, per question 12.]

15. Source from where degree/diploma/certificate received/to be received:

- 01 Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs)/Industrial Training centers (ITCs)
- 02 School offering vocational courses (Secondary, Higher Secondary level)
- 03 UGC (first degree level)
- 04 Polytechnics
- 05 Community Polytechniques/Jansiksha Sanstha
- 06 National Open School
- 07 Hotel Management Institutes
- 08 Food craft and Catering Institutes
- 09 Small Industries Service Institutes/District Industries Centres/Tool Room Centres
- 10 Fashion Technology Institutes
- 11 Tailoring, Embroidery and Stitch Craft Institutes
- 12 Nursing Institutes
- 13 Rehabilitation/ Physiotherapy /Ophthalmic and Dental Institutes
- 14 Institutes giving Diploma in Pharmacy
- 15 Hospital and Medical Training Institutes
- 16 Nursery Teachers' Training Institutes
- 17 Institutes offering training for Agricultural Extension
- 18 Training provided by Carpet Weaving Centers
- 19 Handloom/ Handicraft Design Training Centers/ KVIC
- 20 Recognised Motor Driving Schools
- 21 Institute for Secretariat Practices
- 22 Recognised Beautician Schools
- 23 Institutes run by Companies/ Corporations
- 24 Institutes for Journalism and Mass Communication
- 99 Other institutes

**Interviewer instructions**

## Source of degree, etc (IN2004A\_0414)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.4.0 Block 4: Demographic particulars of household members: This block is meant to record the demographic particulars like sex, age, marital status, educational level, current attendance in educational institution, current registration with employment exchange and receipt of vocational training, etc., of all the household members. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.4.14 Column (12) to (15): Particulars of vocational training: Columns (12) to (15) will be used to record particulars of vocational training received/ being received by persons of age 15 to 29 years. Procedure for recording the particulars in these columns is explained in the subsequent paragraphs.

Columns (13) to (15) will be filled in for those who are receiving/received formal vocational training, i.e., for code 1 or 2 in column (12)

4.4.18 Column (15): Source from where degree/diploma/certificate received/to be received: This column will be used to record the source, i.e., agency/authority from where degree/diploma/certificate received/to be received by the members of the household who have received or are receiving formal vocational training, i.e, those with code 1 or 2 in column (12).

The relevant source codes that are to be used for recording the information are given next.

01. Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs)/Industrial Training centers (ITCs)
02. School offering vocational courses (Secondary, Higher Secondary level)
03. UGC (first degree level)
04. Polytechnics
05. Community Polytechniques/ Jansiksha Sanstha
06. National Open School
07. Hotel Management Institutes
08. Food craft and Catering Institutes
09. Small Industries Service Institutes/District Industries Centres/Tool Room Centres
10. Fashion Technology Institutes
11. Tailoring, Embroidery and Stitch Craft Institutes
12. Nursing Institutes
13. Rehabilitation/ Physiotherapy /Ophthalmic and Dental Institutes
14. Institutes giving Diploma in Pharmacy
15. Hospital and Medical Training Institutes
16. Nursery Teachers' Training Institutes
17. Institutes offering training for Agricultural Extension
18. Training provided by Carpet Weaving Centers
19. Handloom/ Handicraft Design Training Centers/ KVIC
20. Recognised Motor Driving Schools
21. Institute for Secretariat Practices
22. Recognised Beautician Schools
23. Institutes run by Companies/ Corporations
24. Institutes for Journalism and Mass Communication
99. Other institutes

## Beneficiary of assistance scheme (IN2004A\_0415)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

## Beneficiary of assistance scheme (IN2004A\_0415)

### File: IND2004-P-H

This variable indicates whether the person was a beneficiary of any of the particular schemes like midday meal and Food for work.

#### Universe

All persons

#### Literal question

16. Whether a beneficiary of the scheme during last 365 days:

Yes:

- 1 Annapurna
- 2 ICDS
- 3 Midday meal
- 4 Food for work

5. No

#### Interviewer instructions

4.4.19 Column (16): Whether beneficiary of the scheme during last 365 days: In this column information on whether the household member is a beneficiary of any of the schemes, viz., Annapurna, ICDS, Midday Meal and Food for Work will be recorded in code. Details about these schemes have been given in Chapter One. The following codes will be used to record entry in this column:

Yes:

1. Annapurna
2. ICDS
3. Midday meal
4. Food for work

5. No

If the member is not beneficiary of any of the above schemes (codes 1 to 4), then code 5 will be assigned. It may be noted that if more than one code is applicable, then the code appearing first in the code list will be recorded.

## Total wage and salary earnings (IN2004A\_0416)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 6  
Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

The variable describes the person's total wage and salary earnings for the work done during the reference week in rupees (Rs).

#### Universe

All persons

#### Literal question

Wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs. 0.00)

[Questions 15-17]

15. \_\_\_ Cash
16. \_\_\_ Kind
17. \_\_\_ Total

#### Interviewer instructions

## Total wage and salary earnings (IN2004A\_0416)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.3.14 Columns (15) to (17): Wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs): The wage and salary earnings (not total earnings) receivable for the wage/ salaried work done during the reference week, separately for each of the relevant activities pursued by each person, will be recorded in these columns. The wage and salary earnings are collected for regular salaried/wage employees and casual wage labours, the relevant status codes for which wages and salary are to be recorded are 31, 41, 51, 71 and 72. The wages and salaries receivable for the work done during the reference week may be already received or may still be due to be received in cash or in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind. The total wage or salary receivable for the week in cash will be recorded in column (15) and the value of salary or wages in kind (evaluated at the current retail price) receivable for the week will be recorded in column (16). The total of columns (15) and (16) will be entered in column (17). The entries for all these columns will be made in whole number in rupees. For recording the wages or salaries, amount receivable as 'overtime' for the additional work done even from the same economic activity beyond normal working time will be excluded. Bonus (expected or paid) and perquisites evaluated at retail prices duly apportioned for the reference week, will be considered as wages and included for making entries in these columns. For the activity status '71' and '72', the amount receivable for the week will be worked out on the basis of the number of days reported under the activity during the week.

Usual principal activity status (IN2004A\_0418)

File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 11-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the activity on which the person spent relatively longer time during the 365 days preceding the survey.

#### Universe

Persons age 5+

#### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Usual principal activity  
[Questions 3-6]

3. Status:

- 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker
- 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer
- 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker)
- 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee
- 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works
- 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work
- 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work
- 91 Attended educational institution
- 92 Attended domestic duties only
- 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use
- 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
- 95 Not able to work due to disability
- 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.)

#### Interviewer instructions

## Usual principal activity status (IN2004A\_0418)

File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.2 Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in columns (3) to (6) of this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members.

4.5.1.3 Column (3): Status: For each of the members, the usual principal activity status will be recorded in this column. In the first instance, the broad usual principal activity of the person will be identified based on the various activities pursued by the person during the reference period of last 365 days adopting a 'relatively long time (or major time)' criterion, not necessarily for a continuous period. The broad usual principal activity status will be one of the three categories viz. 'employed' (working), 'unemployed' (available for work) or 'not in labour force' (neither working nor available for work). It is to be noted that in deciding this, only the period normally available in a day for pursuing various activities need to be considered, and not the 24 hours of a day.

[P.65]

4.5.1.4 Identification of broad usual principal activity status: The broad usual principal activity status will be obtained on the basis of a two stage dichotomous classification depending on the major time spent. Persons will be classified in the first stage into (i) those who are engaged in any economic activity (i.e. employed) and / or available for any economic activity (i.e., unemployed) and (ii) who are not engaged and also not available for any economic activity (i.e., not in labour force). Thus, the persons will be first classified as those in the labour force and those not in the labour force depending on in which status, out of these two, the person spent major part of the year. In the second stage, those who are found in the labour force will be further classified into working (i.e., engaged in economic activity or employed) and seeking and/or available for work (i.e., unemployed) based on the major time spent. Thus, we can obtain the broad usual principal status as one of the three viz. employed, unemployed and out of labour force. Flow chart 1 explains the procedure for determining the broad usual principal activity status.

Flow Chart 1: Determination of Broad Usual Principal Status

During the major time of the reference year, was the person working or available for work?

No: Broad status is 'not in labour force'. [end]

Yes: Was the major time in labour force spent on 'work'?

Yes: Broad status is 'employed'.  
No: Broad status is 'unemployed'.

4.5.1.5 The following examples will help in clarifying the procedure for identifying broad usual principal activity status of individual.

[P.66]

Person  
Number of months:Labour force: Employed \_  
Labour force: Unemployed \_  
Not in labour force \_Usual principal activity status \_\_\_\_  
Remarks \_\_\_\_

A

5  
4  
3

Employed

B  
4  
5  
3Unemployed  
Employed in subsidiary status (SS)C  
4  
3  
5

Employed

D  
4  
1  
7Not in labour force  
Employed in SSE  
3  
3  
6

Employed

F  
1  
0  
11Not in labour force  
Employed in SS

4.5.1.6 Detailed usual principal activity status: With the broad activity status identified for a person, detailed activity categories will be assigned on the basis of relatively longer time spent on a detailed activity. For example, suppose person A, in the example given above worked in household enterprises without hiring labour for 3 months and worked as casual labour for 2 months, then his usual principal activity status would be, worked in household enterprise (own account worker).

[P.67]

The detailed usual principal status activity codes are as given below:

Activity status

11. Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker
12. Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer
21. Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker)
31. Worked as regular salaried/wage employee
41. Worked as casual wage labour: in public works
51. Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work
81. Did not seek but was seeking and/or available for work
91. Attended educational institution
92. Attended domestic duties only
93. Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc., for household use
94. Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients etc.
95. Not able to work due to disability
97. Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.)

Codes 11, 12, 21, 31, 41 and 51 refer to the 'employed', 81 to the 'unemployed' and the remaining viz. 91 to 97 refer to the 'not in labour force'. For children of age 0 - 4 years, code 97 may be given.

4.5.1.7 Some special cases for determining usual principal activity status are listed below:

- (i) It is to be noted that availability for work being more of a status than an activity, a person being available for work may well be engaged in one or more of the activities denoted by codes 91 to 97. In all such cases except those engaged as students (code 91), persons will be categorised as 'unemployed' if he/she reports to be available for work for a relatively longer period, inspite of his/her being engaged simultaneously in a non-economic activity. But, if a person who is available for work is reported to have attended educational institution more or less regularly for a relatively longer period during the preceding 365 days, further probing as to whether he will give up the study if the job is available is to be made before considering him as 'unemployed'.
- (ii) Again, it also needs to be emphasised that the procedure to be followed in ascertaining the activity status of a domestic servant who is a member of the employer's household is different from that adopted for other members of the household. It may be noted that engagement in domestic duties by such household members is not considered economic activity as defined for the survey. On the other hand, although a domestic servant staying in the employer's household and taking food from the common kitchen is, by definition, a member of the employer's household, he/she is also engaged in domestic duties in return for wages in cash and/or kind. Thus, as a special case, domestic duties pursued by a domestic servant will be considered as an economic activity and the activity status code as is applicable will be assigned to him/her.
- (iii) Carpenters, masons, plumbers, etc., who move from place to place in search of work and carry out the work on a contract basis (not on wage basis) whenever work is available, will be considered as 'own-account worker'. But if such persons are working on a wage basis under a contractor, they will be considered as employee.

## Usual principal industry, 3 digits (IN2004A\_0434)

File: IND2004-P-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 3  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 11-999

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the principal industry corresponding to the activity in which the person spent relatively longer time during the 365 days preceding the date of the survey.

**Universe**

Persons who worked

**Literal question**

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Usual principal activity  
 [Questions 3-6]

## 3. Status:

- 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker
- 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer
- 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker)
- 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee
- 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works
- 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work
- 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work
- 91 Attended educational institution
- 92 Attended domestic duties only
- 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use
- 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
- 95 Not able to work due to disability
- 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.)

For codes 11-51 in question 3  
 [Questions 4-6 were asked of persons who worked, per question 3.]

Industry-occupation  
 [Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_\_\_\_\_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_\_\_\_

**Interviewer instructions**

## Usual principal industry, 3 digits (IN2004A\_0434)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.2 Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in columns (3) to (6) of this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members.

4.5.1.8 Columns (4) to (6): Principal industry-occupation: Columns (4) to (6) will be filled-in for those who are 'working', i.e., those with any one of codes 11, 12, 21, 31, 41, or 51 in column (3). The description of the industry-occupation relevant to the type of economic activity pursued by the person in the status recorded in column (3) will be given in column (4). The corresponding 5-digit industry code (NIC-98) and the 3-digit occupation code (NCO-68) will be entered in columns (5) and (6), respectively. In case, two or more industry-occupation combinations corresponding to the status code given in column (3) have been reported by a person, the principal industry-occupation will be the one in which relatively more time has been spent during the preceding 365 days by the person.

4.5.1.9 Care is to be taken regarding an important point in this connection. To identify certain category of workers separately, NIC-98 industry class code 9500 (tabulation category P) has been split into the following sub-classes, for the purpose of the survey, as given below:

Division 95: Private Households with Employed Persons

- 95001. Housemaid/servant
- 95002. Cook
- 95003. Gardener
- 95004. Gatekeeper/chowkidar/watchman
- 95005. Governess/baby-sitter
- 95009. Others

These additional codes are to be used, wherever necessary, in recording five digit industry codes in column 5 of block 5.1. In assigning the industry code under Division 95, it should be kept in mind that the work is to be performed predominantly in the premises of the household irrespective of whether it is performed in one or more than one household. If services provided by individuals to the household originate and terminate in the same household, they will be classified under Division 95.

For example, all persons who collect electric bills from the households for payment, who provide potable water in the container made available by the household, who collect grocery items from the shops/market as per the list of items supplied by the household, who give tuition to the members of the household at the residence of the household members, etc., will be classified under this division. On the other hand, if the households avail these services by approaching such persons (providing these services) in their establishment/house, then those services will not be classified under Division 95. They will be classified under appropriate division. For example, for a person giving tuition in his own coaching center or in his own house, his activity will be classified under NIC 80904. Similarly, a person who is supplying potable water to one or more households (and uses his own container - which is his asset) will be classified under NIC 93090.

Note that the persons classified under NIC division 95 in the above example will be considered as 'wage earners/employees', while those not classified under division 95 will be considered as 'self-employed'.

Renting of machinery and equipment, building is considered as economic activity if those are performed as a business activity, for which substantial amount of time is spent. In the current round, separate industry codes are to be given for renting of building for residential and non-residential purposes. For this purpose, 5-digit NIC-98 code 70101, which was for 'purchase, sale, letting and operating of real estate- residential and non-residential building' has been specially restructured into three 5-digit codes. The specially structured three codes are:

[P. 69]

- 70101. Purchase, sale and operating of real estate- residential and non-residential building.
- 70104. Letting of building for residential purposes
- 70105. Letting of building for non-residential purposes

Note that the activity of letting of residential and non-residential building has now been excluded from the coverage of 5-digit NIC-98 code 70101.

## Usual principal occupation - NCO 68 (IN2004A\_0420)

File: IND2004-P-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 3  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

The variable indicates the occupation the person had for the longest time during the 365 days prior to the survey.

**Universe**

Persons who worked

**Literal question**

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Usual principal activity  
 [Questions 3-6]

## 3. Status:

- 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker
- 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer
- 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker)
- 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee
- 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works
- 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work
- 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work
- 91 Attended educational institution
- 92 Attended domestic duties only
- 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use
- 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
- 95 Not able to work due to disability
- 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.)

For codes 11-51 in question 3  
 [Questions 4-6 were asked of persons who worked, per question 3.]

Industry-occupation  
 [Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

**Interviewer instructions**

## Usual principal occupation - NCO 68 (IN2004A\_0420)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.2 Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in columns (3) to (6) of this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members.

4.5.1.8 Columns (4) to (6): Principal industry-occupation: Columns (4) to (6) will be filled-in for those who are 'working', i.e., those with any one of codes 11, 12, 21, 31, 41, or 51 in column (3). The description of the industry-occupation relevant to the type of economic activity pursued by the person in the status recorded in column (3) will be given in column (4). The corresponding 5-digit industry code (NIC-98) and the 3-digit occupation code (NCO-68) will be entered in columns (5) and (6), respectively. In case, two or more industry-occupation combinations corresponding to the status code given in column (3) have been reported by a person, the principal industry-occupation will be the one in which relatively more time has been spent during the preceding 365 days by the person.

4.5.1.9 Care is to be taken regarding an important point in this connection. To identify certain category of workers separately, NIC-98 industry class code 9500 (tabulation category P) has been split into the following sub-classes, for the purpose of the survey, as given below:

Division 95: Private Households with Employed Persons

- 95001. Housemaid/servant
- 95002. Cook
- 95003. Gardener
- 95004. Gatekeeper/chowkidar/watchman
- 95005. Governess/baby-sitter
- 95009. Others

These additional codes are to be used, wherever necessary, in recording five digit industry codes in column 5 of block 5.1. In assigning the industry code under Division 95, it should be kept in mind that the work is to be performed predominantly in the premises of the household irrespective of whether it is performed in one or more than one household. If services provided by individuals to the household originate and terminate in the same household, they will be classified under Division 95.

For example, all persons who collect electric bills from the households for payment, who provide potable water in the container made available by the household, who collect grocery items from the shops/market as per the list of items supplied by the household, who give tuition to the members of the household at the residence of the household members, etc., will be classified under this division. On the other hand, if the households avail these services by approaching such persons (providing these services) in their establishment/house, then those services will not be classified under Division 95. They will be classified under appropriate division. For example, for a person giving tuition in his own coaching center or in his own house, his activity will be classified under NIC 80904. Similarly, a person who is supplying potable water to one or more households (and uses his own container - which is his asset) will be classified under NIC 93090.

Note that the persons classified under NIC division 95 in the above example will be considered as 'wage earners/employees', while those not classified under division 95 will be considered as 'self-employed'.

Renting of machinery and equipment, building is considered as economic activity if those are performed as a business activity, for which substantial amount of time is spent. In the current round, separate industry codes are to be given for renting of building for residential and non-residential purposes. For this purpose, 5-digit NIC-98 code 70101, which was for 'purchase, sale, letting and operating of real estate- residential and non-residential building' has been specially restructured into three 5-digit codes. The specially structured three codes are:

[P. 69]

- 70101. Purchase, sale and operating of real estate- residential and non-residential building.
- 70104. Letting of building for residential purposes
- 70105. Letting of building for non-residential purposes

Note that the activity of letting of residential and non-residential building has now been excluded from the coverage of 5-digit NIC-98 code 70101.

## Whether in subsidiary activity (IN2004A\_0421)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates whether the person was engaged in any work in a subsidiary capacity for a minimum of 30 days, not necessarily continuously, during the 365 days prior to the survey.

### Universe

All persons

### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

7. Whether engaged in any work in subsidiary capacity:

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

### Interviewer instructions

## Whether in subsidiary activity (IN2004A\_0421)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.10 Column (7): Whether engaged in any work in a subsidiary capacity (yes-1, no-2): For each member of the household listed in this block, it has to be ascertained whether he/she worked in a subsidiary capacity during the 365 days preceding the date of survey or in other words if he had any subsidiary economic status. A person will be considered to have worked in the subsidiary capacity if he/she has worked for a minimum period of 30 days, not necessarily for a continuous period, during the last 365 days, and for them code 1 will be recorded in this column. Otherwise, code will be 2.

4.5.1.11 The identification of those working in a subsidiary capacity will be done as follows:

(i) For example, a person categorised as working and assigned the usual principal activity status as own account worker may also be engaged for a relatively minor time, but not less than 30 days, during the reference year as casual wage labour. In such a case, he will be considered to have worked also in a subsidiary capacity, i.e., having a subsidiary economic status which is different from the principal economic status. A person may be own account worker in trading for a relatively longer period and simultaneously also engaged in agricultural production for a relatively minor time, say for at least 30 days. In such a case, the usual principal status will be own account worker in trade and usual subsidiary economic status will be own account worker in agriculture.

(ii) Similarly, persons categorised as 'unemployed' or 'not in labour force' on the basis of relatively long time criterion might have pursued some economic activity for relatively minor time, say for at least 30 days, during the year (as in the case of persons 'B', 'D' and 'F' in the example cited earlier). In such cases, they will be treated as having subsidiary economic activity and code 1 will be recorded in column (7).

It may be stated again that engagement in work in subsidiary capacity may arise out of two situations:

(i) A person may be engaged in a relatively longer period during the 365 days in economic (non-economic activity) and for a relatively minor period, which is not less than 30 days, in another economic activity (any economic activity). 30 days of work need not necessarily be for a continuous period but may be distributed over the last 365 days.

(ii) A person may be pursuing an economic activity (non-economic activity) almost throughout the year in the principal status and also simultaneously pursuing another economic activity (any economic activity) for relatively shorter time in a subsidiary capacity. In such cases, since both the activities are being pursued throughout the year and hence the duration of both the activities are more than 30 days, the activity which is being pursued for a relatively shorter time will be considered as his/her subsidiary activity.

[P.70]

Differentiation between usual principal economic activity and usual subsidiary economic activity will be made by considering activity status and industry at 2-digit level of NIC-98. Thus, while for a person with two or more economic activities pursued at different activity status, one of the economic activity will be considered as usual principal economic activity on the basis of major time criteria, another activity will be considered as usual subsidiary economic activity. On the other hand, if a person pursues two or more economic activities in the same activity status but if the industry at 2-digit level of NIC-98 are different, then the person will be considered to have different usual principal and usual subsidiary economic activity.

## Location of workplace (IN2004A\_0422)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

## Location of workplace (IN2004A\_0422)

File: IND2004-P-H

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 10-99

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the location of the person's workspace.

### Universe

Persons who worked except growing crops or mixed farming

### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation  
 [Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5  
 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

8. Location of workplace:

10 No fixed workplace

Workplace in rural areas and located in:

- 11 Own dwelling
- 12 Own enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside own dwelling
- 13 Employer's dwelling
- 14 Employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling
- 15 Street with fixed location
- 16 Street without fixed location
- 17 Construction site
- 19 Others

Workplace in urban areas and located in:

- 21 Own dwelling
- 22 Own enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside own dwelling
- 23 Employer's dwelling
- 24 Employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling
- 25 Street with fixed location
- 26 Street without fixed location
- 27 Construction site
- 29 Others

### Interviewer instructions

## Location of workplace (IN2004A\_0422)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.13 Column (8): Location of workplace (code): The location of the workplace will be recorded in terms of code under this column. The detailed codes are:

10. No fixed workplace

Workplace in rural areas and located in:

- 11. Own dwelling
- 12. Own enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside own dwelling
- 13. Employer's dwelling
- 14. Employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling
- 15. Street with fixed location
- 16. Street without fixed location
- 17. Construction site
- 19. Others

Workplace in urban areas and located in:

- 21. Own dwelling
- 22. Own enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside own dwelling
- 23. Employer's dwelling
- 24. Employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling
- 25. Street with fixed location
- 26. Street without fixed location
- 27. Construction site
- 29. Others

[P. 71]

It may be noted that the location of the sample household (rural or urban) is not to be considered for entry in this column; location of the enterprise will be determined and appropriate code is to be recorded. A workplace will be considered as 'street without fixed location' if the enterprise changes its location from time to time, e.g., a trading enterprise may shift its location from one market to the other on different days of the week although operates in a fixed place of the market. For such enterprises code will be 16 or 26 depending on whether the workplace is in rural areas or in urban areas. For the working members, if the enterprise in which they are working does not have a fixed premises and is not covered by the codes 16 or 26 or in other words if these enterprises do not have fixed workplace (as in the case of a hawker or an artisan like carpenter, cobbler, knife-grinder, own-account carpenters, etc. who moves from place to place and goes to the customers) will be assigned code 10, irrespective of whether the enterprise is operational in rural or urban areas. For those working in enterprises with fixed location, two sets of codes have been provided, one for the enterprises, which are located in the rural areas and the other for those that are in the urban areas. The two sets are identical in their classification. In the case, where the sector of location is both rural and urban, appropriate code is to be given on the basis major time criterion. Code 17/ 27 is relevant only for persons engaged in construction industry. The workplace of the workers engaged in construction activity is normally the site of construction and may change frequently. For them appropriate entry will be 17 / 27 and not 10.

## Enterprise type (IN2004A\_0423)

### File: IND2004-P-H

## Enterprise type (IN2004A\_0423)

File: IND2004-P-H

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

This variable indicates the type of enterprise in which the person worked for the longest time during the 365 days prior to the survey.

**Universe**

Persons who worked except growing crops or mixed farming

**Literal question**

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation  
 [Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5

[Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

9. Enterprise type:

Proprietary:

1 Male  
 2 Female

Partnership:

3 With members from same household  
 4 With members from different household

5 Government/public sector  
 6 Public/private limited company  
 7 Co-operative society/trust/other nonprofit institutions  
 8 Employer's household (i.e., private households employing maid servant, watchman, cook, etc.)  
 9 Not known

**Interviewer instructions**

## Enterprise type (IN2004A\_0423)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.14 Column (9): Enterprise type: The type of enterprise in which the household member is working is to be recorded under this column. The entry is to be made in terms of codes as given below:

Proprietary:

1. Male
2. Female

Partnership:

3. With members from same household
4. With members from different household

5. Government/public sector
6. Public/private limited company
7. Co-operative society/trust/other non profit institutions
8. Employer's household (i.e., private households employing maid servant, watchman, cook, etc.)
9. Not known

If the informant does not know the type of enterprise in which the household member works and the investigator is unable to collect such information in spite of his/her best efforts, code 9 will be recorded for such working member against type of enterprise. For persons engaged in own account production of fixed assets the enterprise type will be either proprietary or partnership, i.e, any of the codes 1 to 4.

## Number of workers in enterprise (IN2004A\_0425)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the number of employed workers on the average day of operation in the enterprise the person worked at the longest during the 365 days prior to the survey

#### Universe

Persons who worked except growing crops or mixed farming

## Number of workers in enterprise (IN2004A\_0425)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation

[Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5

[Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

11. Number of workers in the enterprise:

1 Less than 6

2 6 to 9

3 10 and above but less than 20

4 20 and above

9 Not known

#### Interviewer instructions

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.16 Column (11): Number of workers in the enterprise: Number of workers would mean the number of workers employed in the enterprise on an average on a day of operation, irrespective of whether they are hired worker or household members working in the enterprise. The number of workers that includes working owner(s), will be recorded in terms of codes as detailed below:

1. Less than 6

2. 6 to 9

3. 10 and above but less than 20

4. 20 and above

9. Not known

In case the informant is not able to provide information on the number of workers, code 9 will be recorded.

## Type of job contract (IN2004A\_0426)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the type of job contract the person has for the job in which the person was engaged for the longest time during the 365 days prior to the survey.

### Universe

Persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees except growing crops or mixed farming

### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation  
 [Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5

[Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3

[Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.]

12. Type of job contract:

1 No written job contract

Written job contract:

2 For 1 year or less

3 More than 1 year to 3 years

4 More than 3 years

### Interviewer instructions

## Type of job contract (IN2004A\_0426)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.17 Column (12): Type of job contract: It is to be ascertained for each employee (i.e., those with code 31, 41, or 51 in column 3) whether for the job in which he/she is engaged, there is any written contract or agreement in respect of duration of employment with his/her employer. For those who reports to have written job contract with their employer, further probing may be done in respect of the length of duration contracted, and the information so obtained may be recorded in terms of the code 2, 3 or 4 depending upon the length as given below:

1. No written job contract

Written job contract:

2. For 1 year or less

3. More than 1 year to 3 years

4. More than 3 years

If the contract of employment specifies a particular date of termination which is more than 3 years or if the type of job contracted is such that no time is fixed but the contract can only be terminated for certain administrative reasons such as incompetence, misconduct or for economic reasons then code 4 will be recorded. However, if no written contract exists, then irrespective of the duration of employment code 1 will be recorded.

## Eligible for paid leave (IN2004A\_0427)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates if the person was eligible for paid leave where he/she was employed for the longest time during the 365 days prior to the survey.

#### Universe

Persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees except growing crops or mixed farming

#### Literal question

## Eligible for paid leave (IN2004A\_0427)

### File: IND2004-P-H

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation

[Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_\_\_\_\_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_\_\_\_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5

[Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3

[Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.]

13. Whether eligible for paid leave:

1 Yes

2 No

#### Interviewer instructions

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.18 Column (13): Whether eligible for paid leave: If the employee is eligible for paid leave then code 1 will be entered, otherwise code will be 2. Paid leave may include leave during sickness, maternity, or such leaves, as the employee is eligible to take without loss of pay as per the conditions of employment. The situation will be obtained excluding the paid off days/holidays which an enterprise normally allows to its employees.

## Social security benefits (IN2004A\_0428)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

## Social security benefits (IN2004A\_0428)

File: IND2004-P-H

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 1  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

### Description

This variable indicates the type of social security benefits available for the person where he/she was employed for the longest time during the 365 days prior to the survey.

### Universe

Persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees except growing crops or mixed farming

### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation  
 [Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5  
 [Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3  
 [Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.]

14. Availability of social security benefits:

Eligible for:

- 1 Only PF/ pension (i.e., GPF, CPF, PPF, pension, etc.)
- 2 Only gratuity
- 3 Only health care and maternity benefits
- 4 Only PF/ pension and gratuity
- 5 Only PF/ pension and health care and maternity benefits
- 6 Only gratuity and health care and maternity benefits
- 7 PF/ pension, gratuity, health care and maternity benefits

8 Not eligible for any of above social security benefits

### Interviewer instructions

## Social security benefits (IN2004A\_0428)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.19 Column (14): Availability of social security benefits: It will be ascertained from the employees whether they are covered under any of the specified social security benefits or a combination of them which are arranged or for which contribution is made by the employer. The following code structure is to be adopted for recording the entry against this column:

Eligible for:

1. Only PF/ pension (i.e., GPF, CPF, PPF, pension, etc.)
2. Only gratuity
3. Only health care and maternity benefits
4. Only PF/ pension and gratuity
5. Only PF/ pension and health care and maternity benefits
6. Only gratuity and health care and maternity benefits
7. PF/ pension, gratuity, health care and maternity benefits

8. Not eligible for any of above social security benefits

The term Provident Fund (PF) will include General Provident Fund, Contributory Provident Fund, Public Provident Fund, Employees Provident Fund, etc. It may be mentioned that coverage under any of these social security schemes will mean that the employer contributes/ arranges/ pays in implementing the social security benefits for the worker. If an employee operates, in his/ her individual capacity, a PPF account and the employer is not contributing in that account then it will not be considered a social security benefit. On the contrary, a scheme, in which both the employee and the employer contribute, will be considered a social security benefit. When benefits are given by the employer for treatment of illness/ injury or an employee is eligible for paid leave for a specified period of pre-natal/ childbirth/ post-natal stages or the expenditure for maternity care or childbirth is borne by the employer as per the conditions of employment, then such benefits will be considered as health care and maternity benefits. There may be cases where the employer is not directly contributing in a social security scheme for the employees, but being the member of the welfare association or organization or scheme in relation to the specific activity carried out by the employer, the employees get the benefit from that welfare association/ organization/ scheme. Such cases will also be considered as social security benefits availed through the employer and appropriate code will be assigned. If availability of social security benefits is not known to the employee, a dash (-) may be put in this column.

## Method of payment (IN2004A\_0429)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

## Method of payment (IN2004A\_0429)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Description

This variable describes the method of payment received by the person for the work done for the longest time during the 365 days prior to the survey.

### Universe

Persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees except growing crops or mixed farming

### Literal question

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

Industry-occupation

[Questions 4-6]

4. Description \_\_\_\_

5. Industry code as per NIC-1998 \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

6. Occupation code as per NCO-1968 \_ \_ \_

For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 - 99 in question 5

[Questions 8-15 were asked of persons whose industry groups are 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02-99 per question 5.]

For codes 31, 41 and 51 in question 3

[Questions 12-15 were asked of persons who worked as regular or casual wage employees, per question 3.]

15. Method of payment:

- 1 Regular monthly salary
- 2 Regular weekly payment
- 3 Daily payment
- 4 Piece rate payment
- 5 Others

### Interviewer instructions

## Method of payment (IN2004A\_0429)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.12 Columns (8) to (15): Particulars of enterprise and conditions of employment: For persons with industry groups 012, 014, 015 and divisions 02 to 99 in col. (5), particulars of the enterprises where the household members are usually engaged will be recorded in columns (8) to (11), and conditions of employment will be recorded in columns (12) to (15) for those with status codes 31, 41 or 51 in column (3). Note that in this block the particulars to be collected in columns (8) to (15) will pertain to the principal status (col. 3) and industry (col. 5) obtained for the person.

4.5.1.20 Column (15): Method of payment: The method of payment received by the person for work done will be recorded in codes. The applicable codes are:

1. Regular monthly salary
2. Regular weekly payment
3. Daily payment
4. Piece rate payment
5. Others

## Availability of work (IN2004A\_0430)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This variable indicates the number of months that the person was seeking or available for work during the 365 days prior to the survey. The period is not necessarily continuous and is rounded to the nearest number of months.

#### Universe

Persons age 5+

#### Literal question

## Availability of work (IN2004A\_0430)

### File: IND2004-P-H

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

16. Period of seeking/available for work during last 365 days:

For persons of age 5 years and above,

Sought/available for:

- 1 Less than 1 month
- 2 1 to 2 months
- 3 3 to 6 months
- 4 7 to 9 months
- 5 10 to 12 months

6. Did not seek/not available

#### Interviewer instructions

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.21 Column (16): Period of seeking/ available for work during last 365 days: For persons of age 5 years and above, it is to be ascertained whether they were seeking/ available for work for some period during last 365 days. The period, which need not necessarily be continuous, for which the person was seeking/ available for work during last 365 days will be first rounded off to the nearest number of months and then appropriate code is to be given. For example, a person may be employed in his/ her principal usual activity status based on the major time criterion. But he/ she may have been looking for work for some period. Similarly, a girl may have been looking for job for sometime but subsequently got married and was engaged in the domestic duties. The latter activity might have been pursued for a relatively longer period. In all such cases, one of the codes 1 to 5, applicable for the situation, will be given. If a person was not seeking or available for work any time during the preceding 365 days, the appropriate code will be 6.

The code structure for period of seeking/ availability for work is as given below:

Sought/available for:

- 1. Less than 1 month
- 2. 1 to 2 months
- 3. 3 to 6 months
- 4. 7 to 9 months
- 5. 10 to 12 months

6. Did not seek/not available

## Participated voluntarily without pay (IN2004A\_0432)

### File: IND2004-P-H

#### Overview

## Participated voluntarily without pay (IN2004A\_0432)

File: IND2004-P-H

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### **Description**

This variable indicates whether the person performed voluntary work without remuneration for at least 30 days during the last 365 days prior to the survey and the type of voluntary work provided.

### **Universe**

Persons who did not work, and did not engage in any work in a subsidiary capacity

### **Literal question**

## Participated voluntarily without pay (IN2004A\_0432)

### File: IND2004-P-H

[5.1] Usual principal activity particulars of household members

#### 3. Status:

- 11 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): own account worker
- 12 Worked in household enterprise (self-employed): employer
- 21 Worked as a helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker)
- 31 Worked as regular salaried/wage employee
- 41 Worked as casual wage labour: in public works
- 51 Worked as casual wage labour: in other types of work
- 81 Did not work but was seeking and/or available for work
- 91 Attended educational institution
- 92 Attended domestic duties only
- 93 Attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use
- 94 Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
- 95 Not able to work due to disability
- 97 Others (including begging, prostitution, etc.)

#### 7. Whether engaged in any work in subsidiary capacity:

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

For persons with codes 81- 97 in question 3 along with code 2 in question 7

[Questions 18-19 were asked of persons who did not work, per question 3, and did not engage in any work in subsidiary capacity, per question 7.]

#### 18. Whether participated voluntarily without remuneration in production of goods and services:

Yes: production of goods in:

- 1 Philanthropic organization/institution
- 2 Others

Yes: production of services in:

- 3 Philanthropic organization/institution
- 4 Others

- 5 No

#### **Interviewer instructions**

## Participated voluntarily without pay (IN2004A\_0432)

### File: IND2004-P-H

4.5.1.0 Block 5.1: Usual principal activity particulars of household members: The usual principal activity particulars of each member of the household will be collected in this block. This will include information on industry-occupation of the working members, some particulars of the enterprises in which they are working and conditions of employment for the persons employed as regular wage/salaried employee and casual labour. The particulars of usual activity are collected with reference to a period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The relevant concepts like 'activity status', 'economic activity', 'usual principal activity', 'usual subsidiary economic activity', etc. are explained in Chapter One. The description of the items and the procedure for recording them are explained below:

4.5.1.23 Column (18) and (19): Voluntary participation without remuneration in production of goods and services: Information in columns (18) and (19) will be collected for persons with code 81 - 97 in column (3) along with code 2 in column (7), i.e., for persons who are not employed in usual principal status and also in usual subsidiary status. These columns will be used to record information on voluntary participation without remuneration in production of goods and services in philanthropic organization/ institutions or in any other organization/ institution or even in the individual capacity. It may be noted that 'production of goods and services' relates to the activities those are economic in nature when they are not done voluntarily. Voluntary participation will mean that the household member has performed these activities without coercion or obligation but has participated in his/ her own volition. Moreover, the voluntary participation in the work should be without remuneration, which means that the person does not become entitled to receive, in respect of the work performed by him/ her, any compensation including honorarium from the institution/ organization. For the purpose of the survey, minor contingencies/ honorarium received from the institution/ organization against the voluntary work done may not be considered as remuneration.

4.5.1.24 Column (18): Whether participated voluntarily without remuneration in production of goods and services: It is to be first ascertained whether the household member has participated voluntarily without remuneration, at least for 30 days during last 365 days, in production of goods and services. The production of goods and services may be done in a philanthropic organization/ institution or in any other organization/ institution or in own account capacity. For example, one might have given tuition to some individuals without remuneration for a period of, say, 30 days in his own residence or in a place arranged by him/ her. In such a case, the person will be considered to have engaged in the voluntary production of goods and services.

The following codes will be used to record entry in this column:

Yes: production of goods in:

1. Philanthropic organization/institution
2. Others

Yes: production of services in:

3. Philanthropic organization/institution
4. Others

5. No

If the household member has participated voluntarily without remuneration in production of goods and services, one of the codes 1 to 4 will be recorded in this column, otherwise code 5 will be recorded. Note that codes 1 and 2 relate to the production of goods and codes 3 and 4 to the production of services. On the other hand, codes 1 and 3 are applicable for voluntary participation in production of goods and services, respectively, in philanthropic organization/ institution, and codes 2 and 4 for voluntary participation in production of goods and services, respectively, in other organization/ institutions or in the individual capacity.

## Current weekly activity status (IN2004A\_0435)

### File: IND2004-P-H

## Current weekly activity status (IN2004A\_0435)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 2        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 11-99    |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the person's activity status last week.

### Universe

Persons age 5+

### Literal question

Current weekly activity status

## Current weekly industry, 3 digit (IN2004A\_0437)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 11-999   |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the person's 3-digit industry during the reference week using NIC-98 coding.

### Universe

Persons who worked last week

### Literal question

Current weekly industry, 3 digit

## Current weekly occupation (IN2004A\_0438)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 4        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9999   |                |

### Description

This variable indicates the person's occupation during the reference week using NCO-68 coding.

### Universe

Persons who worked last week

### Literal question

Current weekly occupation

## Person weight (PERWT)

File: IND2004-P-H

## Person weight (PERWT)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 8         |                |
| Decimals: 2      |                |

### Description

PERWT indicates the number of persons in the actual population represented by the person in the sample.

For the samples that are truly weighted (see the comparability discussion), PERWT must be used to yield accurate statistics for the population.

NOTE: PERWT has 2 implied decimal places. That is, the last two digits of the eight-digit variable are decimal digits, but there is no actual decimal in the data.

## Educational attainment, international recode [general version] (EDATTAIN)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9      |                |

### Description

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

## Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-999    |                |

### Description

## Educational attainment, international recode [detailed version] (EDATTAIND)

File: IND2004-P-H

EDATTAIN records the person's educational attainment in terms of the level of schooling completed (degree or other milestone). The emphasis on level completed is critical: a person attending the final year of secondary education receives the code for having completed lower secondary only -- and in some samples only primary.

EDATTAIN does not necessarily reflect any particular country's definition of the various levels of schooling in terms of terminology or the number of years of schooling. EDATTAIN is an attempt to merge -- into a single, roughly comparable variable -- samples that provide degrees, ones that provide actual years of schooling, and those that have some of both. In addition to EDATTAIN, a country-specific education classification is provided which loses no information and reflects the particular educational system of that country (for example EDUCBR for Brazil, EDUCCL for Chile, and EDUCUS for the United States). As always, users can refer to the original education source variables for each sample, if they wish.

Many samples also give single years of schooling completed, recorded in YRSCHOOL. Some samples provide educational information in a form that could not be incorporated into EDATTAIN.

## Religion [general version] (RELIGION)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9      |                |

### Description

RELIGION indicates the person's religion, including "none."

## Religion [detailed version] (RELIGIOND)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete  | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 4        |                |
| Decimals: 0     |                |
| Range: 0-9999   |                |

### Description

RELIGION indicates the person's religion, including "none."

## Year [person version] (YEARP)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 4         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## IPUMS sample identifier [person version] (SAMPLEP)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 9         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Household serial number [person version] (SERIAL)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 10        |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Country [person version] (COUNTRYP)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Type: Continuous | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: numeric  | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 3         |                |
| Decimals: 0      |                |

### Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Record type [person version] (RECTYPEP)

File: IND2004-P-H

### Overview

|                   |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Type: Discrete    | Valid cases: 0 |
| Format: character | Invalid: 0     |
| Width: 1          |                |

### Description

[This file is just a placeholder. See the household version of the variable.]

## Related Materials

### Questionnaires

#### Socio-Economic Survey. Sixty-First Round: July 2004-June 2005. Schedule 10: Employment and Unemployment

---

Title Socio-Economic Survey. Sixty-First Round: July 2004-June 2005. Schedule 10: Employment and Unemployment  
Author(s) Government of India, National Sample Survey Organisation  
Date 2004-07-01  
Country India  
Language English  
Publisher(s) Government of India, National Sample Survey Organisation  
Filename enum\_form\_in2004.pdf

---

### Technical documents

#### Socio-Economic Survey Instructions

---

Title Socio-Economic Survey Instructions  
Author(s) Government of India, National Sample Survey Organisation  
Date 2004-07-01  
Country India  
Language English  
Publisher(s) Government of India, National Sample Survey Organisation  
Filename enum\_instruct\_in2004.pdf

---