

Africa - Afrobarometer Survey 2008, Round 4 Merged 20 Country

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Sampling

Sampling Procedure

A new sample has to be drawn for each round of Afrobarometer surveys.

Whereas the standard sample size for Round 3 surveys will be 1200 cases, a larger sample size will be required in societies that are extremely heterogeneous (such as South Africa and Nigeria), where the sample size will be increased to 2400. Other adaptations may be necessary within some countries to account for the varying quality of the census data or the availability of census maps.

The sample is designed as a representative cross-section of all citizens of voting age in a given country. The goal is to give every adult citizen an equal and known chance of selection for interview. We strive to reach this objective by (a) strictly applying random selection methods at every stage of sampling and by (b) applying sampling with probability proportionate to population size wherever possible. A randomly selected sample of 1200 cases allows inferences to national adult populations with a margin of sampling error of no more than plus or minus 2.5 percent with a confidence level of 95 percent. If the sample size is increased to 2400, the confidence interval shrinks to plus or minus 2 percent.

Sample Universe

The sample universe for Afrobarometer surveys includes all citizens of voting age within the country. In other words, we exclude anyone who is not a citizen and anyone who has not attained this age (usually 18 years) on the day of the survey. Also excluded are areas determined to be either inaccessible or not relevant to the study, such as those experiencing armed conflict or natural disasters, as well as national parks and game reserves. As a matter of practice, we have also excluded people living in institutionalized settings, such as students in dormitories and persons in prisons or nursing homes.

What to do about areas experiencing political unrest? On the one hand we want to include them because they are politically important. On the other hand, we want to avoid stretching out the fieldwork over many months while we wait for the situation to settle down. It was agreed at the 2002 Cape Town Planning Workshop that it is difficult to come up with a general rule that will fit all imaginable circumstances. We will therefore make judgments on a case-by-case basis on whether or not to proceed with fieldwork or to exclude or substitute areas of conflict. National Partners are requested to consult Core Partners on any major delays, exclusions or substitutions of this sort.

Sample Design

The sample design is a clustered, stratified, multi-stage, area probability sample.

To repeat the main sampling principle, the objective of the design is to give every sample element (i.e. adult citizen) an equal and known chance of being chosen for inclusion in the sample. We strive to reach this objective by (a) strictly applying random selection methods at every stage of sampling and by (b) applying sampling with probability proportionate to population size wherever possible.

In a series of stages, geographically defined sampling units of decreasing size are selected. To ensure that the sample is representative, the probability of selection at various stages is adjusted as follows:

The sample is stratified by key social characteristics in the population such as sub-national area (e.g. region/province) and residential locality (urban or rural). The area stratification reduces the likelihood that distinctive ethnic or language groups are left out of the sample. And the urban/rural stratification is a means to make sure that these localities are represented in their correct proportions.

Wherever possible, and always in the first stage of sampling, random sampling is conducted with probability proportionate to population size (PPPS). The purpose is to guarantee that larger (i.e., more populated) geographical units have a proportionally greater probability of being chosen into the sample.

The sampling design has four stages

A first-stage to stratify and randomly select primary sampling units;

A second-stage to randomly select sampling start-points;

A third stage to randomly choose households;

A final-stage involving the random selection of individual respondents

We shall deal with each of these stages in turn.

STAGE ONE: Selection of Primary Sampling Units (PSUs)

The primary sampling units (PSU's) are the smallest, well-defined geographic units for which reliable population data are available. In most countries, these will be Census Enumeration Areas (or EAs). Most national census data and maps are broken down to the EA level. In the text that follows we will use the acronyms PSU and EA interchangeably because, when census data are employed, they refer to the same unit.

We strongly recommend that NIs use official national census data as the sampling frame for Afrobarometer surveys. Where recent or reliable census data are not available, NIs are asked to inform the relevant Core Partner before they substitute any other demographic data. Where the census is out of date, NIs should consult a demographer to obtain the best possible estimates of population growth rates. These should be applied to the outdated census data in order to make projections of population figures for the year of the survey. It is important to bear in mind that population growth rates vary by area (region) and (especially) between rural and urban localities. Therefore, any projected census data should include adjustments to take such variations into account.

Indeed, we urge NIs to establish collegial working relationships within professionals in the national census bureau, not only to obtain the most recent census data, projections, and maps, but to gain access to sampling expertise. NIs may even commission a census statistician to draw the sample to Afrobarometer specifications, provided that provision for this service has been made in the survey budget.

Regardless of who draws the sample, the NIs should thoroughly acquaint themselves with the strengths and weaknesses of the available census data and the availability and quality of EA maps. The country and methodology reports should cite the exact census data used, its known shortcomings, if any, and any projections made from the data. At minimum, the NI must know the size of the population and the urban/rural population divide in each region in order to specify how to distribute population and PSU's in the first stage of sampling. National investigators should obtain this written data before they attempt to stratify the sample.

Once this data is obtained, the sample population (either 1200 or 2400) should be stratified, first by area (region/province) and then by residential locality (urban or rural). In each case, the proportion of the sample in each locality in each region should be the same as its proportion in the national population as indicated by the updated census figures.

Having stratified the sample, it is then possible to determine how many PSU's should be selected for the country as a whole, for each region, and for each urban or rural locality.

The total number of PSU's to be selected for the whole country is determined by calculating the maximum degree of clustering of interviews one can accept in any PSU. Because PSUs (which are usually geographically small EAs) tend to be socially homogenous we do not want to select too many people in any one place. Thus, the Afrobarometer has established a standard of no more than 8 interviews per PSU. For a sample size of 1200, the sample must therefore contain 150 PSUs/EAs (1200 divided by 8). For a sample size of 2400, there must be 300 PSUs/EAs.

These PSUs should then be allocated proportionally to the urban and rural localities within each regional stratum of the sample. Let's take a couple of examples from a country with a sample size of 1200. If the urban locality of Region X in this country constitutes 10 percent of the current national population, then the sample for this stratum should be 15 PSUs (calculated as 10 percent of 150 PSUs). If the rural population of Region Y constitutes 4 percent of the current national population, then the sample for this stratum should be 6 PSU's.

The next step is to select particular PSUs/EAs using random methods. Using the above example of the rural localities in Region Y, let us say that you need to pick 6 sample EAs out of a census list that contains a total of 240 rural EAs in Region Y. But which 6? If the EAs created by the national census bureau are of equal or roughly equal population size, then selection is relatively straightforward. Just number all EAs consecutively, then make six selections using a table of random numbers. This procedure, known as simple random sampling (SRS), will ensure that each EA will have an equal probability of being sampled.

If the PSUs'/EAs have different population sizes, however, then random sampling must be conducted with probability proportionate to population size (PPPS). The idea here is that units with larger populations should have a proportionally greater chance (probability) of being chosen. The PPPS method is not difficult to use and is described in Appendix 6.

Once EA's have been randomly selected they should be plotted on a national map. Use this map to plan out the deployment routes for the various field teams. In some cases, a few EAs may be so inaccessible or so dangerous that substitution of PSUs becomes necessary. As long as PSU substitutions never constitute more than 5 percent of all PSU's it is acceptable to make

them. The best method is to randomly draw another EA in the hope that it will fall in a more convenient location. Please record which EAs are substitutes and justify why they were substituted. If more than 5 percent of PSUs require substitution, then the NI should discard the entire Stage 1 sample and draw a new one.

Oversampling- optional

In some countries, the NI may be concerned that a random sample might miss a politically important minority group. Or, even if this minority is represented in the sample in accordance with its share of the national population, there may be too few cases to make reliable generalizations about the attitudes of this group. Under these circumstances, over-sampling is permissible, as we did in Round 1 for the Toaureg, Ijaw, and Coloured minorities in Mali, Nigeria and South Africa respectively. Purposive over-sampling will also be required as a condition of one donor's funding in Round 3; USAID wishes to gather extra information on certain regions where their projects are located, probably in Mali, Mozambique, Senegal, South Africa, and Zambia. Note that the over-sample should be coterminous with a given sampling stratum, usually a region. The NI should consult the relevant Core Partner about any planned over-sampling and keep detailed records that allow correct weighting factors to be calculated to correct for over-sampling at the stage of data analysis.

Additional Cluster (Optional)

In countries where regions are too numerous or too scattered to provide a logistically feasible sampling frame, an additional stage of clustering can be considered, as follows:

- * Choose a suitable geographic unit between region/province and EA: e.g. administrative district. In large countries, it may not be practical to visit all districts or even all regions. Number and stratify all districts and, using PPPS, randomly choose a subset of these districts. Preferably, the subset should not be less than half of the total number of districts in the country. And the subset should always cover all relevant social variations nationwide.

- * A population limit shall be set for districts that should be self-representing (i.e. large districts which must be represented in the sample). Self-representing districts will thus have a probability equal to one of inclusion in the sample.

- * Once PPPS is applied, other districts will have a probability proportional to population size of inclusion in the sample.

Additional Stratum (Optional)

In urban areas that have extremely diverse housing patterns, the NI may choose to add an additional layer of stratification to increase the likelihood that the sample does not leave out high-density (especially informal) settlements. Using a street map, a city or town can be divided into high- medium- and low-density areas. It can then be required that PSUs are represented equally (or better yet, in proportion to population sizes, if these are known) within the sample for that city or town.

STAGE TWO: Selecting Sampling Start Points (SSP's)

Within each PSU/EA, Field Teams travel to a randomly selected sampling start point (SSP). Thus the number of start points is the same as the number of PSU's (150 or 300). A sampling start point (SSP) is required so that interviewers know where to start random walk patterns within each PSU (see next section). This procedure has the effect of further clustering the sample into manageable areas that are reachable on foot or by a short vehicle ride.

Either in the office or in the field, the Field Supervisor (FS) selects the SSP using one of the following three methods.

The ideal method

If the FS is able to obtain a list of all households in a selected EA, then this should be done. Possible sources include the national census bureau or the office of district administrator or local government authority. Once a list is available, the field supervisor should randomly (using a random numbers table) choose eight households, and send one Interviewer to each. A detailed map showing all households in the EA and matching them with the listed names is necessary for this method.

(Note: If this method is used, it is not necessary to apply Stage Three: Selection of Households. Go straight to Stage Four: Selection of Respondents).

An alternative method (where maps are available for the PSU)

If the census bureau has provided EA maps, the FS can randomly select a start point using a grid. The FS places a ruler with numbers along the top of the map and a ruler with numbers along the side of the map. He/she then uses a table of random numbers (or a set of numbered cards) to select a number for the top axis and a number for the side axis, resulting in a

random combination (e.g. "9 and 6.") A line is then drawn on the map horizontal to the number chosen on the side, and another line is drawn vertical to the number chosen on the top. The point on the map where these two lines intersect is the sampling start point. The SSP is marked on the map, and given to the field team for that area. The fieldwork team then locates the nearest housing settlement to this point, and travels there (or as near as they can to the point). In rural areas, finding the SSP may require the field team to consult with local residents.

Because we never know in advance the actual condition on the ground in all the PSU's, the FS may need to choose a second sampling start point as a reserve or substitute if the SSP is inappropriate or inaccessible.

Another alternative (where maps are not available)

When maps are not available for the selected PSU, the following procedure should be used. The FS contacts a local government councilor or another official knowledgeable about the area. This person is consulted to determine how many housing settlements (e.g. villages) are in the PSU. These settlements must have identifiable boundaries that do not overlap with one another. These settlements are numbered and, using numbered cards, the FS asks the informant to randomly select one card. The settlement identified by the selected number is the settlement where the interviews will be conducted.

IMPORTANT: At the start point, then the FS must be certain to preserve randomness, by rotating the place where Interviewers begin their random walk pattern. If the Team starts on a main road at one SSP, they should start off the road at the next SSP. If the Team starts in a central place (like a school) in one EA, they should start in a peripheral place in the next EA. And so on. The logic of random sampling is to avoid ANY kind of pattern in the units selected at any stage.

STAGE THREE: Selecting Households

Having arrived at the sampling start point, the Team is ready to select households.

For the purposes of the Afrobarometer, a household is defined as a group of people who presently eat together from the same pot. By this definition, a household does not include persons who are currently living elsewhere for purposes of studies or work. Nor does a household include domestic workers or temporary visitors (even if they eat from the same pot or slept there on the previous night). And, in practice, we want to select our respondent from among persons in the household who will be available for interview on that same day.

In multi-household dwelling structures (like blocks of flats, compounds with multiple spouses, or backyard dwellings for renters, relatives, or household workers), each household is treated as a separate sampling unit.

IMPORTANT: The third (household) and fourth (respondent) stages of sampling are conducted by Interviewers. Interviewers must be carefully trained and supervised to ensure that they follow Afrobarometer sampling instructions to the exact letter. These sampling instructions are summarized below and spelled out on the first two pages of every questionnaire. Field Supervisors are responsible for ensuring that their teams of Interviewers understand their parts of the sampling methodology and execute them correctly.

The method for selecting households is as follows:

In well-populated urban and rural areas, with single-dwelling units:

Starting as near as possible to the SSP, the FS should choose any random point (like a street corner, a school, or a water source) being careful to randomly rotate the choice of such landmarks. The four Interviewers should be instructed to walk away from this point in the following random directions:

The Walk Pattern : Interviewer 1 walks towards the sun, Interviewer 2 away from the sun, Interviewer 3 at right angle to Interviewer 1, Interviewer 4 in the opposite direction from Interviewer 3, etc. If the Team contains more than four Interviewers, then the FS should take them to another randomly selected place near the SSP to begin their walk patterns.

When interviews are to be conducted during the night by the whole team (excluding call backs), the team should use the moon or some other random landmark to begin the walk pattern (Field Supervisors should just make sure that interviewees disperse in directions opposite to each other).

Each Interviewer should use the day code to establish an interval (n) for household selection. The day code introduces randomness into the interval. It is calculated by adding together the numbers in the day of the month as follows. On the 5th, 14th and 23rd of the month the interval would be 5, but on the 6th, 15th and 24th it would be 6. And so on. On some days (the 1st and 10th of the month) the Interviewer moves to the adjacent dwelling structure (because the sampling interval is 1). On the 29th of the month the Interviewer must leave the widest gap, selecting only every eleventh house.

In every case, the Interviewer selects the nth house on the right.

In well-populated urban and rural areas, with multiple-dwelling units:

If the start point is a block of flats, or if the walk pattern includes a block of flats, then the Interviewer should start on the top floor and work his/her way downwards, stopping at every nth flat on the right. In an exception to the normal walk pattern, which only refers to blocks of flats, the Interviewer should only visit alternate floors of the block.

5.3.3.3 In sparsely populated rural areas, with small villages or single-dwelling farms:

In such areas, there may be only a few households around a given start point. We do not wish to over-cluster the sample by conducting too many (e.g. all 8) interviews in one small village. In these cases, the following guidelines shall apply: If there are 15 or fewer households within walking distance of the start point, the field team shall drop only one Interviewer there. If there are 16-30 households within walking distance of the start point, two Interviewers can be dropped there. (If there are more than 50 households, the whole team can be dropped off as usual). If only one or two Interviewers can be dropped at the start point, the rest of the team should drive to the nearest housing settlement within the same EA and closest to the SSP, where the next one, two or three Interviewers shall be dropped according to the same rule. And so on.

In sparsely populated rural areas, with commercial farms:

In countries where commercial farms are large and contain populous settlements of farm workers, effort should be made to avoid collecting all eight interviews for that EA on one farm. To do this, the field supervisor should drop two Interviewers at the first farm (either the first randomly chosen from a comprehensive list of farms within the EA, or the first nearest the randomly selected start point), and then drop the remaining two Interviewers at the next farm. Once the first two are finished, they are moved to another farm for two more interviews, and the same with the second pair, so that eight interviews are obtained from four separate farms in each EA. It is important that all selected farms are within the selected EA. Households should be chosen from lists of households on the farm, or by using a standard random walk pattern. Remember to include both the farm owner's and farm workers' dwellings on the lists or on the walk pattern. Once the teams' eight interviews are completed, the field supervisor should move the team on to the next selected EA and repeat the procedure.

Interviewer's second interview

In a Team of four, each Interviewer is to obtain two interviews per EA (4 Interviewers x 2 interviews = 8 interviews, the quota for the EA). After completing the first interview, he or she should follow the same procedure as before. He/she continues walking in the same direction and chooses the nth dwelling on the right (where n = the day code). And so on. If the settlement comes to an end and there are no more houses, the Interviewer should turn at right angles to the right and keep walking, again looking for the nth dwelling on the right. This procedure is repeated until the Interviewer finds an eligible dwelling containing an eligible household.

TAGE FOUR: Selecting Individual Respondents

Once the household is chosen, the Interviewer is responsible for randomly selecting the individual respondent within the household who will be interviewed.

To ensure that women are not underrepresented, the Afrobarometer sets a gender stratum of an equal number of men and women in the overall sample. To accomplish this stratum, the gender of respondents is alternated for each interview. First, the Interviewer determines from the previous interview whether a man or a woman is to be interviewed. The Interviewer then lists (in any order) the first names of all the household members of that gender who are 18 years and older, even those not presently at home but who will return to the house that evening. From the list (which is numbered, see p. 2 of the questionnaire), the interviewer randomly selects the actual person to be interviewed by asking a household member to choose a numbered card from a blind deck of cards. The interviewer should interview only the person whose number is selected and no one else in that household.

If the person selected refuses to be interviewed, the Interviewer replaces the household by continuing the walking pattern and again selecting the nth dwelling on the right (where n = the day code).

Note: In the Afrobarometer, we substitute households, not respondents. Under no circumstances must the interviewer substitute another individual in the same household for a respondent selected randomly by means of the numbered card method. It is not acceptable, for example, to substitute a spouse, parent, child, sibling (or domestic worker or visitor) in the same household for a selected respondent who happens not to be at home at the time.

If there is no one at home in the selected household on the first try, the respondent should make one call-back later in the day. Or, if the designated respondent is not at home, the Interviewer should make an appointment to meet them later in the day. Again, a call-back will be necessary in order to find the selected respondent and to conduct the interview. It is also acceptable for the Interviewer to enquire about the whereabouts of the selected respondent (they may perhaps be at work) and, if nearby, to walk to that place to conduct the interview.

If the call-back is unsuccessful, say because the respondent has still not returned home for the appointment, then, and only then, the Interviewer may substitute the household. If the house is still empty or the selected respondent is not at home at the time of the call-back, the Interviewer must substitute that household with the very next household found in the direction of the walk pattern. This slight change in the walk pattern is necessary under these circumstances since the Interviewer may already have had a successful call earlier in the day in the household that is located at the sampling interval.

Reducing Household Substitutions

Round 3 draws on experiences from Round 2. All substitution figures above 5 percent are considered high in the Afrobarometer surveys. We would urge NIs to reduce the substitutions, whether for Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) or households through better planning.

Many household substitutions seem to occur because of the timing of the interviews. Our data show that most interviews take place between 8:00 am and 6:00pm. We can minimize substitutions through the following means:

- a. Plan around the working timetables of rural or urban communities. This means scheduling interviews to take place perhaps towards the end of the day in some areas.
- b. In urban areas, gender strata are often difficult to meet because a lot of men are at work, especially when interviews are conducted during the week. We therefore advise that interviews in urban areas be spread to include weekends. When planning deployments in urban areas, ensure that at least one day of interviews falls on a weekend.
- c. If a minority language group is in the sample, NIs need to plan ahead to ensure that field teams have the right translations of the questionnaire. This means drawing the sample well before the other fieldwork

	Round 1		Round 2		Round 3	
	Fieldwork Dates	Sample Size	Fieldwork Dates	Sample Size	Fieldwork Dates	Sample Size
Botswana	Nov-December 1999	1200	July-August 2003	1200	May-June 2005	1200
Ghana	July-August 1999	2004	Aug-September 2002	1200	March 2005	1197
Lesotho	April-June 2000	1177	February-April 2003	1200	July-August 2005	1161
Malawi	Nov-December 1999	1208	April-May 2003	1200	June-July 2005	1200
Mali	January-February 2001	2089	Octr-November 2002	1283	June-July 2005	1244
Namibia	Sept-October 1999	1183	Aug-September 2003	1200	February-March 2006	1200
Nigeria	January-February 2000	3603	Sept-October 2003	2400	Aug-December 2005	2363
South Africa	July-August 2000	2200	Sept-October 2002	2400	February 2006	2400
Uganda	May-June 2000	2271	Aug-September 2002	2400	April-May 2005	2400
Tanzania	March-May 2000	2198	July-August 2003	1200	July-August 2005	1304
Zambia	Oct-November 1999	1198	June-July 2003	1200	July-August 2005	1200
Zimbabwe	Sept-October 1999	1200	April-May 2004	1200	October 2005	1048
Cabo Verde			May-June 2002	1268	March-April 2005	1256
Mozambique			August-October 2002	1400	June 2005	1198
Kenya			Aug-September 2003	2400	September 2005	1278
Senegal			Nov-December 2002	1200	Sept-October 2005	1200
Madagascar					May-June 2005	1350
Benin					April-May 2005	1198

Weighting

Note that for some surveys data is weighted to correct for either deliberate (e.g., to provide an adequate sample of specific sub-groups for analytical purposes) or inadvertent over- or under-sampling of particular sample strata. In these cases, a weighting variable is included as the last variable in the data set, with details described in the codebook. These weighting factors should be used when calculating all national-level statistics.

Questionnaires

Overview

Certain questions in the questionnaires for the Afrobarometer 4 survey addressed country-specific issues, but many of the same questions were asked across surveys. Citizens of the 20 countries were asked questions about their economic and social situations, and their opinions were elicited on recent political and economic changes within their country.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
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Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTION NOTES

Interviewers, usually holding a first degree in social science, were trained in a five-day training workshop immediately prior to fieldwork. Interviews usually took about one hour and only proceeded after respondents have given informed consent. Strict confidentiality was required in handling survey returns.

Interviews are conducted in the following languages:

Benin:

French, Fon, Adja, Bariba, Dendi, Yoruba, Otamari, Peulh

Botswana:

English, Setswana

Cape Verde:

Creole, Portuguese

Ghana:

English, Akan, Ewe, Ga, Dagbani

Kenya:

English, Kiswahili, Kamba, Kikuyu, Kimeru, Kisii, Luhya, Luo, Somali, Turkana

Lesotho:

English, Sesotho

Madagascar:

Malagasy Ofisialy, Malagasy Fitenim-Paritra

Malawi:

English, Chichewa, Chiyao, Chitumbuka

Mali:

Frenchm Bambara, Sonrha, Tamasheq, Peuhl

Mozambique:

Portuguese, Emakhuwa, Xichangana, Cisená, Cinyanja, Echuwabu, Cinyungwe

Namibia:

English, Afrikaans, Oshiwambo

Nigeria:

English, Hausa, Yoruba, Igbo, Pidgin, Tiv, Ibibio, Ijaw

Senegal:

French, Wolof, Pulaar, Serer

South Africa:

Afrikaans, English, Xhosa, North Sotho, South Sotho, Setswana, Swazi, Shangaan, Zulu

Tanzania:

Kiswahili

Uganda:

English, Luganda, Lusoga, Luo, Ruyankole, Rutoro, Rukiga, Ateso, Lugbara

Zambia:

English, Chibemba, Chinyanja, Chitonga, Silozi

Zimbabwe:

English, Chishona, Sindebele

Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Afrobarometer team		

SUPERVISION

Teams of four interviewers traveled together to the field under the leadership of a field supervisor. It was the supervisor's job to ensure quality control of survey returns on a daily basis. Interviews usually took about one hour and only proceeded after respondents have given informed consent. Strict confidentiality was required in handling survey returns.

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

R4merge_20

Content	Afrobarometer 2008 Merged Round 4 Data
Cases	27713
Variable(s)	294
Structure	Type: Keys: ()
Version	
Producer	
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V295	country	Country	discrete	numeric	
V296	respno	Respondent number	discrete	character	
V297	urbrur	Urban or Rural Primary Sampling Unit	discrete	numeric	
V298	backchk	Household back-checked?	discrete	numeric	
V299	region	Province or region	discrete	numeric	
V300	district	District	discrete	character	
V301	EA_SVC_A	EA-SVC-A. Electricity grid in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V302	EA_SVC_B	EA-SVC-B. Piped water system in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V303	EA_SVC_C	EA-SVC-C. Sewage system in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V304	EA_SVC_D	EA-SVC-D. Cell phone service in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V305	EA_FAC_A	EA-FAC-A. Post office in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V306	EA_FAC_B	EA-FAC-B. School in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V307	EA_FAC_C	EA-FAC-C. Police station in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V308	EA_FAC_D	EA-FAC-D. Health Clinic in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V309	EA_FAC_E	EA-FAC-E. Market stalls in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V310	EA_SEC_A	EA-SEC-A. Police in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V311	EA_SEC_B	EA-SEC-B. Soldiers/army in the PSU/EA	discrete	numeric	
V312	EA_ROAD	EA-ROAD. Tarred/ paved road	discrete	numeric	
V313	NOCALL_1	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 1	discrete	numeric	
V314	NOCALL_2	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 2	discrete	numeric	
V315	NOCALL_3	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 3	discrete	numeric	
V316	NOCALL_4	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 4	discrete	numeric	
V317	NOCALL_5	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 5	discrete	numeric	
V318	NOCALL_6	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 6	discrete	numeric	
V319	NOCALL_7	Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 7	discrete	numeric	
V320	prevint	Previous interview, gender	discrete	numeric	
V321	thisint	This interview, gender	discrete	numeric	
V322	ADULT_CT	Number of adult women/men in household	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V323	calls	Number of calls	discrete	numeric	
V324	dateintr	Date of Interview	discrete	character	
V325	strtime	Time interview started	contin	numeric	
V326	Q1	Q1. Age	discrete	numeric	
V327	Q2	Q2. Head of household	discrete	numeric	
V328	Q3	Q3. Language of respondent	discrete	numeric	
V329	Q3OTHER	Q3other. Language of respondent (verbatim)	discrete	character	
V330	Q4A	Q4a. Country's present economic condition	discrete	numeric	
V331	Q4B	Q4b. Your present living conditions	discrete	numeric	
V332	Q5	Q5. Your living conditions vs. others	discrete	numeric	
V333	Q6A	Q6a. Country's economic condition compared to 12 months ago	discrete	numeric	
V334	Q6B	Q6b. Your living conditions compared to 12 months ago	discrete	numeric	
V335	Q7A	Q7a. Country's economic condition in 12 months time	discrete	numeric	
V336	Q7B	Q7b. Your living conditions in 12 months time	discrete	numeric	
V337	Q8A	Q8a. How often gone without food	discrete	numeric	
V338	Q8B	Q8b. How often gone without water	discrete	numeric	
V339	Q8C	Q8c. How often gone without medical care	discrete	numeric	
V340	Q8D	Q8d. How often gone without cooking fuel	discrete	numeric	
V341	Q8E	Q8e. How often gone without cash income	discrete	numeric	
V342	Q9A	Q9a. How often feared crime in home	discrete	numeric	
V343	Q9B	Q9b. How often something stolen from house	discrete	numeric	
V344	Q9C	Q9c. How often physically attacked	discrete	numeric	
V345	Q10	Q10. Abandon economic reforms vs. accept hardships	discrete	numeric	
V346	Q11	Q11. Economic policies helped most vs. hurt most	discrete	numeric	
V347	Q12A	Q12a. Radio news	discrete	numeric	
V348	Q12B	Q12b. Television news	discrete	numeric	
V349	Q12C	Q12c. Newspaper news	discrete	numeric	
V350	Q13	Q13. Interest in public affairs	discrete	numeric	
V351	Q14	Q14. Discuss politics	discrete	numeric	
V352	Q15A	Q15a. Freedom to say what you think	discrete	numeric	
V353	Q15B	Q15b. Freedom to join any political organizations	discrete	numeric	
V354	Q15C	Q15c. Freedom to choose who to vote for	discrete	numeric	
V355	Q16	Q16. Question actions of leaders vs. respect authority	discrete	numeric	
V356	Q17	Q17. Leaders treat all equally vs. help own community	discrete	numeric	
V357	Q18	Q18. Government like a parent vs. an employee	discrete	numeric	
V358	Q19	Q19. Government bans organizations vs. join any	discrete	numeric	
V359	Q20	Q20. Government close newspapers vs. free to publish	discrete	numeric	
V360	Q21	Q21. Govt. suppress expression vs. people speak minds	discrete	numeric	
V361	Q22A	Q22a. Member of religious group	discrete	numeric	
V362	Q22B	Q22b. Member of voluntary association or community group	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V363	Q23A	Q23a. Attend a community meeting	discrete	numeric	
V364	Q23B	Q23b. Join others to raise an issue	discrete	numeric	
V365	Q23C	Q23c. Attend a demonstration or protest march	discrete	numeric	
V366	Q23D	Q23d. Voted last election	discrete	numeric	
V367	Q24A	Q24a. Make local government councilors listen	discrete	numeric	
V368	Q24B	Q24b. Make MPs listen	discrete	numeric	
V369	Q25A	Q25a. Contact local government councillor	discrete	numeric	
V370	Q25B	Q25b. Contact MP	discrete	numeric	
V371	Q25C	Q25c. Contact official of a government agency	discrete	numeric	
V372	Q26A	Q26a. Contact formal leader alone or with group	discrete	numeric	
V373	Q26B	Q26b. Contact formal leader: community or personal problem	discrete	numeric	
V374	Q27A	Q27a. Contact religious leader	discrete	numeric	
V375	Q27B	Q27b. Contact traditional ruler	discrete	numeric	
V376	Q27C	Q27c. Contact some other influential person	discrete	numeric	
V377	Q28A	Q28a. Contact informal leader alone or with group	discrete	numeric	
V378	Q28B	Q28b. Contact informal leader: community or personal problem	discrete	numeric	
V379	Q29A	Q29a. Reject one-party rule	discrete	numeric	
V380	Q29B	Q29b. Reject military rule	discrete	numeric	
V381	Q29C	Q29c. Reject one-man rule	discrete	numeric	
V382	Q30	Q30. Support for democracy	discrete	numeric	
V383	Q31	Q31. Choose leaders through elections vs. other methods	discrete	numeric	
V384	Q32	Q32. Political parties divisive vs. many parties needed	discrete	numeric	
V385	Q33	Q33. President monitored by parliament vs. free to act on own	discrete	numeric	
V386	Q34	Q34. Opposition parties examine government vs. cooperate	discrete	numeric	
V387	Q35	Q35. Media checks government vs. avoid negative reporting	discrete	numeric	
V388	Q36	Q36. Parliament makes laws vs. president does	discrete	numeric	
V389	Q37	Q37. President free to act vs. obey the laws and courts	discrete	numeric	
V390	Q38	Q38. Presidential two term limit vs. no term limits	discrete	numeric	
V391	Q39	Q39. Time to deal with problems vs. try another form	discrete	numeric	
V392	Q40A	Q40a. Most important national priority	discrete	numeric	
V393	Q40B	Q40b. Second most important national priority	discrete	numeric	
V394	Q41A1	Q41a1. Identify MP (verbatim)	discrete	character	
V395	Q41A2	Q41a2. Identify MP (code)	discrete	numeric	
V396	Q41B1	Q41b1. Identify Minister of Finance (verbatim)	discrete	character	
V397	Q41B2	Q41b2. Identify Minister of Finance (code)	discrete	numeric	
V398	Q42A	Q42a. Extent of democracy	discrete	numeric	
V399	Q42B	Q42b. Extent of democracy: Vignette A	discrete	numeric	
V400	Q42C	Q42c. Extent of democracy: Vignette B	discrete	numeric	
V401	Q42D	Q42d. Extent of democracy: Vignette C	discrete	numeric	
V402	Q43	Q43. Satisfaction with democracy	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V403	Q44A	Q44a. Courts make binding decisions	discrete	numeric	
V404	Q44B	Q44b. People must obey the law	discrete	numeric	
V405	Q44C	Q44c. People must pay taxes	discrete	numeric	
V406	Q45A	Q45a. How often party competition leads to conflict	discrete	numeric	
V407	Q45B	Q45b. How often president ignores laws	discrete	numeric	
V408	Q45C	Q45c. How often people treated unequally	discrete	numeric	
V409	Q45D	Q45d. How often officials unpunished	discrete	numeric	
V410	Q45E	Q45e. How often ordinary people unpunished	discrete	numeric	
V411	Q46	Q46. How often careful what you say	discrete	numeric	
V412	Q47	Q47. How much fear political intimidation or violence	discrete	numeric	
V413	Q48A	Q48a. How likely powerful find out your vote	discrete	numeric	
V414	Q48B	Q48b. How likely punished for making complaints	discrete	numeric	
V415	Q49A	Q49a. Trust president	discrete	numeric	
V416	Q49B	Q49b. Trust parliament/national assembly	discrete	numeric	
V417	Q49C	Q49c. Trust national electoral commission	discrete	numeric	
V418	Q49D	Q49d. Trust your elected local government council	discrete	numeric	
V419	Q49E	Q49e. Trust the ruling party	discrete	numeric	
V420	Q49F	Q49f. Trust opposition political parties	discrete	numeric	
V421	Q49G	Q49g. Trust police	discrete	numeric	
V422	Q49H	Q49h. Trust courts of law	discrete	numeric	
V423	Q49I	Q49i. Trust traditional leaders	discrete	numeric	
V424	Q50A	Q50a. Corruption: office of the Presidency	discrete	numeric	
V425	Q50B	Q50b. Corruption: Members of Parliament	discrete	numeric	
V426	Q50C	Q50c. Corruption: local government councilors	discrete	numeric	
V427	Q50D	Q50d. Corruption: government officials	discrete	numeric	
V428	Q50E	Q50e. Corruption: police	discrete	numeric	
V429	Q50F	Q50f. Corruption: tax officials	discrete	numeric	
V430	Q50G	Q50g. Corruption: judges and magistrates	discrete	numeric	
V431	Q50H	Q50h. Corruption: traditional leaders	discrete	numeric	
V432	Q51A	Q51a. Pay bribe for: document or permit	discrete	numeric	
V433	Q51B	Q51b. Pay bribe for: water or sanitation services	discrete	numeric	
V434	Q51C	Q51c. Pay bribe for: avoid problem with police	discrete	numeric	
V435	Q52	Q52. Most important responsibility of MP	discrete	numeric	
V436	Q53A	Q53a. Time MPs should spend	discrete	numeric	
V437	Q53B	Q53b. Time MP does spend	discrete	numeric	
V438	Q54A	Q54a. MPs listen	discrete	numeric	
V439	Q54B	Q54b. Local government councilors listen	discrete	numeric	
V440	Q54C	Q54c. Traditional leaders listen	discrete	numeric	
V441	Q55	Q55. MPs benefit local community vs. whole country	discrete	numeric	
V442	Q56PT1	Q56pt1. Most important problems - 1st response	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V443	Q56PT2	Q56pt2. Most important problems - 2nd response	discrete	numeric	
V444	Q56PT3	Q56pt3. Most important problems - 3rd response	discrete	numeric	
V445	Q57A	Q57a. Handling managing the economy	discrete	numeric	
V446	Q57B	Q57b. Handling improving living standards of the poor	discrete	numeric	
V447	Q57C	Q57c. Handling creating jobs	discrete	numeric	
V448	Q57D	Q57d. Handling keeping prices down	discrete	numeric	
V449	Q57E	Q57e. Handling narrowing income gaps	discrete	numeric	
V450	Q57F	Q57f. Handling reducing crime	discrete	numeric	
V451	Q57G	Q57g. Handling improving basic health services	discrete	numeric	
V452	Q57H	Q57h. Handling addressing educational needs	discrete	numeric	
V453	Q57I	Q57i. Handling providing water and sanitation services	discrete	numeric	
V454	Q57J	Q57j. Handling ensuring enough to eat	discrete	numeric	
V455	Q57K	Q57k. Handling fighting corruption	discrete	numeric	
V456	Q57L	Q57l. Handling combatting HIV/AIDS	discrete	numeric	
V457	Q57M	Q57m. Handling maintaining roads and bridges	discrete	numeric	
V458	Q57N	Q57n. Handling providing reliable electric supply	discrete	numeric	
V459	Q57O	Q57o. Handling protecting rivers and forests	discrete	numeric	
V460	Q57P	Q57p. Handling empowering women	discrete	numeric	
V461	Q58A	Q58a. Primary responsibility: keeping the community clean	discrete	numeric	
V462	Q58B	Q58b. Primary responsibility: managing schools	discrete	numeric	
V463	Q58C	Q58c. Primary responsibility: managing health clinics	discrete	numeric	
V464	Q58D	Q58d. Primary responsibility: collecting income taxes	discrete	numeric	
V465	Q58E	Q58e. Primary responsibility: solving local disputes	discrete	numeric	
V466	Q58F	Q58f. Primary responsibility: allocating land	discrete	numeric	
V467	Q58G	Q58g. Primary responsibility: protecting rivers and forests	discrete	numeric	
V468	Q58H	Q58h. Primary responsibility: maintaining law and order	discrete	numeric	
V469	Q59A	Q59a. Local govt. handling maintaining roads	discrete	numeric	
V470	Q59B	Q59b. Local govt. handling maintaining local markets	discrete	numeric	
V471	Q59C	Q59c. Local govt. handling health standards in restaurants	discrete	numeric	
V472	Q59D	Q59d. Local govt. handling keeping community clean	discrete	numeric	
V473	Q59E	Q59e. Local govt. handling collecting license fees	discrete	numeric	
V474	Q59F	Q59f. Local govt. handling collecting rates on private houses	discrete	numeric	
V475	Q60A	Q60a. How well local council making work known	discrete	numeric	
V476	Q60B	Q60b. How well local council providing budget information	discrete	numeric	
V477	Q60C	Q60c. How well local council allowing citizen participation	discrete	numeric	
V478	Q60D	Q60d. How well local council consulting others	discrete	numeric	
V479	Q60E	Q60e. How well local council handling complaints	discrete	numeric	
V480	Q60F	Q60f. How well local council using government revenues	discrete	numeric	
V481	Q61	Q61. How much ordinary person can do to solve local problems	discrete	numeric	
V482	Q62A1	Q62a1. Any problems with how local gov't is run in the past year	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V483	Q62A	Q62a. How often: discuss with others	discrete	numeric	
V484	Q62B	Q62b. How often: join others to respond	discrete	numeric	
V485	Q62C	Q62c. How often: discuss with community leaders	discrete	numeric	
V486	Q62D	Q62d. How often: write newspaper letter or call radio show	discrete	numeric	
V487	Q62E	Q62e. How often: make complaint to local government officials	discrete	numeric	
V488	Q62F	Q62f. How often: make complaint to other government officials	discrete	numeric	
V489	Q63A	Q63a. Local councilor qualifications: education	discrete	numeric	
V490	Q63B	Q63b. Local councilor qualifications: care about community	discrete	numeric	
V491	Q63C	Q63c. Local councilor qualifications: experience managing	discrete	numeric	
V492	Q63D	Q63d. Local councilor qualifications: honesty handling funds	discrete	numeric	
V493	Q64A	Q64a. Payments made: fees for government service	discrete	numeric	
V494	Q64B	Q64b. Payments made: licence fees to local government	discrete	numeric	
V495	Q64C	Q64c. Payments made: property rates or taxes	discrete	numeric	
V496	Q64D	Q64d. Payments made: public utility fees	discrete	numeric	
V497	Q64E	Q64e. Payments made: income taxes	discrete	numeric	
V498	Q65	Q65. Traditional leaders influence governing local community	discrete	numeric	
V499	Q66	Q66. Traditional leaders more or less influence	discrete	numeric	
V500	Q67	Q67. Traditional leaders sit on local government council	discrete	numeric	
V501	Q68	Q68. Traditional leaders non-partisan vs. allow party affiliation	discrete	numeric	
V502	Q69	Q69. Traditional leaders independent of govt. vs. receive salary	discrete	numeric	
V503	Q70A	Q70a. Performance: President	discrete	numeric	
V504	Q70B	Q70b. Performance: MP/National Assembly rep.	discrete	numeric	
V505	Q70C	Q70c. Performance: local government councilor	discrete	numeric	
V506	Q71	Q71. Elections free and fair	discrete	numeric	
V507	Q72A	Q72a. Elections ensure parliament reflects voters	discrete	numeric	
V508	Q72B	Q72b. Elections enable voters to remove leaders	discrete	numeric	
V509	Q73A	Q73a. Who responsible: MPs do jobs	discrete	numeric	
V510	Q73B	Q73b. Who responsible: local councilors do jobs	discrete	numeric	
V511	Q73C	Q73c. Who responsible: president does job	discrete	numeric	
V512	Q74	Q74. Voice heard between elections	discrete	numeric	
V513	Q79	Q79. Tribe or ethnic group	discrete	numeric	
V514	Q79OTHER	Q79other. Tribe or ethnic group(verbatim)	discrete	character	
V515	Q80	Q80. Ethnic group's economic conditions	discrete	numeric	
V516	Q81	Q81. Ethnic group's political influence	discrete	numeric	
V517	Q82	Q82. Ethnic group treated unfairly	discrete	numeric	
V518	Q83	Q83. Ethnic or national identity	discrete	numeric	
V519	Q84A	Q84a. Trust relatives	discrete	numeric	
V520	Q84B	Q84b. Trust other people you know	discrete	numeric	
V521	Q84C	Q84c. Trust other Ghanaians	discrete	numeric	
V522	Q85	Q85. Close to political party	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V523	Q86	Q86. Which party	discrete	numeric	
V524	Q87	Q87. How often receive remittances	discrete	numeric	
V525	Q88A	Q88a. How often use a cell phone	discrete	numeric	
V526	Q88B	Q88b. How often use a computer	discrete	numeric	
V527	Q88C	Q88c. How often use the internet	discrete	numeric	
V528	Q88D	Q88d. How often travel 10 km or more	discrete	numeric	
V529	Q88E	Q88e. What languages do you speak well (verbatim)	discrete	character	
V530	Q88F	Q88f. Number of languages	discrete	numeric	
V531	Q89	Q89. Education of respondent	discrete	numeric	
V532	Q90	Q90. Religion of respondent	discrete	numeric	
V533	Q91	Q91. Importance of religion	discrete	numeric	
V534	Q92A	Q92a. Own radio	discrete	numeric	
V535	Q92B	Q92b. Own television	discrete	numeric	
V536	Q92C	Q92c. Own motor vehicle, car or motorcycle	discrete	numeric	
V537	Q93A	Q93a. Source of water for household use	discrete	numeric	
V538	Q93B	Q93b. Pay for water	discrete	numeric	
V539	Q94	Q94. Employment status	discrete	numeric	
V540	Q95	Q95. Know died of AIDS	discrete	numeric	
V541	Q96	Q96. How many died of AIDS	discrete	numeric	
V542	Q97	Q97. Vote for which party	discrete	numeric	
V543	Q98A	Q98a. How much help country: African Union	discrete	numeric	
V544	Q98B	Q98b. How much help country: ECOWAS	discrete	numeric	
V545	Q98C	Q98c. How much help country: United Nations	discrete	numeric	
V546	Q98D	Q98d. How much help country: international donors/NGOs	discrete	numeric	
V547	Q98E	Q98e. How much help country: International business/investors	discrete	numeric	
V548	Q98F	Q98f. How much help country: Nigeria	discrete	numeric	
V549	Q98G	Q98g. How much help country: South Africa	discrete	numeric	
V550	Q98H	Q98h. How much help country: China	discrete	numeric	
V551	Q98I	Q98i. How much help country: United States	discrete	numeric	
V552	Q98J	Q98j. How much help country: Former colonial power: Britain, France, or Portugal	discrete	numeric	
V553	Q98J1	Q98j1. How much help country: EU	discrete	numeric	
V554	Q98K	Q98k. NEPAD/APRM useful initiate vs. empty one	discrete	numeric	
V555	Q99A	Q99a. Influence of International donors and NGOs	discrete	numeric	
V556	Q99B	Q99b. Influence of international businesses and investors	discrete	numeric	
V557	Q99C	Q99c. Influence of civic organizations and NGOs	discrete	numeric	
V558	Q100	Q100. Perceived survey sponsor	discrete	numeric	
V559	endtime	Time interview ended	contin	numeric	
V560	length	Length of interview	discrete	numeric	
V561	Q101	Q101. Gender of respondent	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V562	Q102	Q102. Race of respondent	discrete	numeric	
V563	Q103	Q103. Language of interview	discrete	numeric	
V564	Q104	Q104. Others present	discrete	numeric	
V565	Q105A	Q105a. Check with others	discrete	numeric	
V566	Q105B	Q105b. Influence by others	discrete	numeric	
V567	Q105C	Q105c. Approached by community/party representatives	discrete	numeric	
V568	Q105D	Q105d. Feel threatened	discrete	numeric	
V569	Q105E	Q105e. Physically threatened	discrete	numeric	
V570	Q106	Q106. Proportion difficulty answering	discrete	numeric	
V571	Q107A	Q107a. Trouble answering - first response	discrete	character	
V572	Q107B	Q107b. Trouble answering - second response	discrete	character	
V573	Q107C	Q107c. Trouble answering - third response	discrete	character	
V574	Q108A	Q108a. Respondent friendly	discrete	numeric	
V575	Q108B	Q108b. Respondent interested	discrete	numeric	
V576	Q108C	Q108c. Respondent cooperative	discrete	numeric	
V577	Q108D	Q108d. Respondent patient	discrete	numeric	
V578	Q108E	Q108e. Respondent at ease	discrete	numeric	
V579	Q108F	Q108f. Respondent honest	discrete	numeric	
V580	Q110	Q110. Interviewer's number	discrete	character	
V581	Q111	Q111. Interviewer's age	discrete	numeric	
V582	Q112	Q112. Interviewer's gender	discrete	numeric	
V583	Q113	Q113. Interviewer rural or urban	discrete	numeric	
V584	Q114	Q114. Interviewer's home language	discrete	numeric	
V585	Q115	Q115. Interviewer's education	discrete	numeric	
V586	Withinwt	Within country weight	contin	numeric	
V587	Acrosswt	Across country weight (N=1200 for all)	discrete	numeric	
V588	Combinwt	Combined Weight (withinwt * acrosswt)	contin	numeric	

Country (country)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-20

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Respondent number (respno)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 8

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Urban or Rural Primary Sampling Unit (urbrur)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Household back-checked? (backchk)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Province or region (region)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 100-869

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

District (district)

File: R4merge_20

District (district)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 20

Valid cases: 26513
Invalid: 0

EA-SVC-A. Electricity grid in the PSU/EA (EA_SVC_A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

EA-SVC-B. Piped water system in the PSU/EA (EA_SVC_B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

EA-SVC-C. Sewage system in the PSU/EA (EA_SVC_C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

EA-SVC-D. Cell phone service in the PSU/EA (EA_SVC_D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

EA-FAC-A. Post office in the PSU/EA (EA_FAC_A)

File: R4merge_20

EA-FAC-A. Post office in the PSU/EA (EA_FAC_A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-FAC-B. School in the PSU/EA (EA_FAC_B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-FAC-C. Police station in the PSU/EA (EA_FAC_C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-FAC-D. Health Clinic in the PSU/EA (EA_FAC_D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-FAC-E. Market stalls in the PSU/EA (EA_FAC_E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-SEC-A. Police in the PSU/EA (EA_SEC_A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-SEC-B. Soldiers/army in the PSU/EA (EA_SEC_B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

EA-ROAD. Tarred/ paved road (EA_ROAD)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-1

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 1 (NOCALL_1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 2 (NOCALL_2)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 3 (NOCALL_3)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 4 (NOCALL_4)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 5 (NOCALL_5)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 6 (NOCALL_6)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Reason for Unsuccessful Call Household 7 (NOCALL_7)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-997

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Previous interview, gender (prevint)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

This interview, gender (thisint)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 1
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Number of adult women/men in household (ADULT_CT)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-40

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Number of calls (calls)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Date of Interview (dateintr)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 10

Valid cases: 27713
 Minimum: NaN
 Maximum: NaN

Time interview started (strtime)

File: R4merge_20

Time interview started (strtime)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -3600000-84600000

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0
 Minimum: -3600000
 Maximum: 84600000
 Mean: 46763198.5
 Standard deviation: 10677431.2

Q1. Age (Q1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q2. Head of household (Q2)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q3. Language of respondent (Q3)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q3other. Language of respondent (verbatim) (Q3OTHER)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 19

Valid cases: 1852
 Invalid: 0

Q4a. Country's present economic condition (Q4A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q4b. Your present living conditions (Q4B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q5. Your living conditions vs. others (Q5)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q6a. Country's economic condition compared to 12 months ago (Q6A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q6b. Your living conditions compared to 12 months ago (Q6B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q7a. Country's economic condition in 12 months time (Q7A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q7b. Your living conditions in 12 months time (Q7B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q8a. How often gone without food (Q8A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q8b. How often gone without water (Q8B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q8c. How often gone without medical care (Q8C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q8d. How often gone without cooking fuel (Q8D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q8e. How often gone without cash income (Q8E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q9a. How often feared crime in home (Q9A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q9b. How often something stolen from house (Q9B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q9c. How often physically attacked (Q9C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q10. Abandon economic reforms vs. accept hardships (Q10)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q11. Economic policies helped most vs. hurt most (Q11)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q12a. Radio news (Q12A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q12b. Television news (Q12B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q12c. Newspaper news (Q12C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q13. Interest in public affairs (Q13)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q14. Discuss politics (Q14)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q15a. Freedom to say what you think (Q15A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q15b. Freedom to join any political organizations (Q15B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q15c. Freedom to choose who to vote for (Q15C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q16. Question actions of leaders vs. respect authority (Q16)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q17. Leaders treat all equally vs. help own community (Q17)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q18. Government like a parent vs. an employee (Q18)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q19. Government bans organizations vs. join any (Q19)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q20. Government close newspapers vs. free to publish (Q20)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q21. Govt. suppress expression vs. people speak minds (Q21)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q22a. Member of religious group (Q22A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q22b. Member of voluntary association or community group (Q22B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q23a. Attend a community meeting (Q23A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q23b. Join others to raise an issue (Q23B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q23c. Attend a demonstration or protest march (Q23C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q23d. Voted last election (Q23D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q24a. Make local government councilors listen (Q24A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q24b. Make MPs listen (Q24B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q25a. Contact local government councillor (Q25A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q25b. Contact MP (Q25B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q25c. Contact official of a government agency (Q25C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q26a. Contact formal leader alone or with group (Q26A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q26b. Contact formal leader: community or personal problem (Q26B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q27a. Contact religious leader (Q27A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q27b. Contact traditional ruler (Q27B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q27c. Contact some other influential person (Q27C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q28a. Contact informal leader alone or with group (Q28A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q28b. Contact informal leader: community or personal problem (Q28B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q29a. Reject one-party rule (Q29A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q29b. Reject military rule (Q29B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q29c. Reject one-man rule (Q29C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q30. Support for democracy (Q30)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q31. Choose leaders through elections vs. other methods (Q31)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q32. Political parties divisive vs. many parties needed (Q32)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q33. President monitored by parliament vs. free to act on own (Q33)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q34. Opposition parties examine government vs. cooperate (Q34)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q35. Media checks government vs. avoid negative reporting (Q35)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q36. Parliament makes laws vs. president does (Q36)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q37. President free to act vs. obey the laws and courts (Q37)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q38. Presidential two term limit vs. no term limits (Q38)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q39. Time to deal with problems vs. try another form (Q39)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q40a. Most important national priority (Q40A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q40b. Second most important national priority (Q40B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q41a1. Identify MP (verbatim) (Q41A1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 30

Valid cases: 18583
Invalid: 0

Q41a2. Identify MP (code) (Q41A2)

File: R4merge_20

Q41a2. Identify MP (code) (Q41A2)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q41b1. Identify Minister of Finance (verbatim) (Q41B1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 26

Valid cases: 15565
 Invalid: 0

Q41b2. Identify Minister of Finance (code) (Q41B2)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q42a. Extent of democracy (Q42A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q42b. Extent of democracy: Vignette A (Q42B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q42c. Extent of democracy: Vignette B (Q42C)

File: R4merge_20

Q42c. Extent of democracy: Vignette B (Q42C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q42d. Extent of democracy: Vignette C (Q42D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q43. Satisfaction with democracy (Q43)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q44a. Courts make binding decisions (Q44A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q44b. People must obey the law (Q44B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q44c. People must pay taxes (Q44C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q45a. How often party competition leads to conflict (Q45A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q45b. How often president ignores laws (Q45B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q45c. How often people treated unequally (Q45C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q45d. How often officials unpunished (Q45D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q45e. How often ordinary people unpunished (Q45E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q46. How often careful what you say (Q46)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q47. How much fear political intimidation or violence (Q47)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q48a. How likely powerful find out your vote (Q48A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q48b. How likely punished for making complaints (Q48B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49a. Trust president (Q49A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49b. Trust parliament/national assembly (Q49B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49c. Trust national electoral commission (Q49C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49d. Trust your elected local government council (Q49D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49e. Trust the ruling party (Q49E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49f. Trust opposition political parties (Q49F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49g. Trust police (Q49G)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49h. Trust courts of law (Q49H)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q49i. Trust traditional leaders (Q49I)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q50a. Corruption: office of the Presidency (Q50A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q50b. Corruption: Members of Parliament (Q50B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q50c. Corruption: local government councilors (Q50C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q50d. Corruption: government officials (Q50D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q50e. Corruption: police (Q50E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q50f. Corruption: tax officials (Q50F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q50g. Corruption: judges and magistrates (Q50G)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q50h. Corruption: traditional leaders (Q50H)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q51a. Pay bribe for: document or permit (Q51A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q51b. Pay bribe for: water or sanitation services (Q51B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q51c. Pay bribe for: avoid problem with police (Q51C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q52. Most important responsibility of MP (Q52)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q53a. Time MPs should spend (Q53A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q53b. Time MP does spend (Q53B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q54a. MPs listen (Q54A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q54b. Local government councilors listen (Q54B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q54c. Traditional leaders listen (Q54C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q55. MPs benefit local community vs. whole country (Q55)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q56pt1. Most important problems - 1st response (Q56PT1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q56pt2. Most important problems - 2nd response (Q56PT2)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q56pt3. Most important problems - 3rd response (Q56PT3)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57a. Handling managing the economy (Q57A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57b. Handling improving living standards of the poor (Q57B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57c. Handling creating jobs (Q57C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57d. Handling keeping prices down (Q57D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57e. Handling narrowing income gaps (Q57E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57f. Handling reducing crime (Q57F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57g. Handling improving basic health services (Q57G)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57h. Handling addressing educational needs (Q57H)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57i. Handling providing water and sanitation services (Q57I)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57j. Handling ensuring enough to eat (Q57J)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57k. Handling fighting corruption (Q57K)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57l. Handling combatting HIV/AIDS (Q57L)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57m. Handling maintaining roads and bridges (Q57M)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57n. Handling providing reliable electric supply (Q57N)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57o. Handling protecting rivers and forests (Q57O)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q57p. Handling empowering women (Q57P)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58a. Primary responsibility: keeping the community clean (Q58A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58b. Primary responsibility: managing schools (Q58B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58c. Primary responsibility: managing health clinics (Q58C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58d. Primary responsibility: collecting income taxes (Q58D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58e. Primary responsibility: solving local disputes (Q58E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58f. Primary responsibility: allocating land (Q58F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58g. Primary responsibility: protecting rivers and forests (Q58G)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q58h. Primary responsibility: maintaining law and order (Q58H)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q59a. Local govt. handling maintaining roads (Q59A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q59b. Local govt. handling maintaining local markets (Q59B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q59c. Local govt. handling health standards in restaurants (Q59C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q59d. Local govt. handling keeping community clean (Q59D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q59e. Local govt. handling collecting license fees (Q59E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q59f. Local govt. handling collecting rates on private houses (Q59F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q60a. How well local council making work known (Q60A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q60b. How well local council providing budget information (Q60B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q60c. How well local council allowing citizen participation (Q60C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q60d. How well local council consulting others (Q60D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q60e. How well local council handling complaints (Q60E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q60f. How well local council using government revenues (Q60F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q61. How much ordinary person can do to solve local problems (Q61)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q62a1. Any problems with how local gov't is run in the past year (Q62A1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q62a. How often: discuss with others (Q62A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q62b. How often: join others to respond (Q62B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q62c. How often: discuss with community leaders (Q62C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q62d. How often: write newspaper letter or call radio show (Q62D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q62e. How often: make complaint to local government officials (Q62E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q62f. How often: make complaint to other government officials (Q62F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q63a. Local councilor qualifications: education (Q63A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q63b. Local councilor qualifications: care about community (Q63B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q63c. Local councilor qualifications: experience managing (Q63C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q63d. Local councilor qualifications: honesty handling funds (Q63D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q64a. Payments made: fees for government service (Q64A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q64b. Payments made: licence fees to local government (Q64B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q64c. Payments made: property rates or taxes (Q64C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q64d. Payments made: public utility fees (Q64D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q64e. Payments made: income taxes (Q64E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q65. Traditional leaders influence governing local community (Q65)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q66. Traditional leaders more or less influence (Q66)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q67. Traditional leaders sit on local government council (Q67)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q68. Traditional leaders non-partisan vs. allow party affiliation (Q68)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q69. Traditional leaders independent of govt. vs. receive salary (Q69)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q70a. Performance: President (Q70A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q70b. Performance: MP/National Assembly rep. (Q70B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 27713
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1-998	

Q70c. Performance: local government councilor (Q70C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q71. Elections free and fair (Q71)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q72a. Elections ensure parliament reflects voters (Q72A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q72b. Elections enable voters to remove leaders (Q72B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q73a. Who responsible: MPs do jobs (Q73A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q73b. Who responsible: local councilors do jobs (Q73B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q73c. Who responsible: president does job (Q73C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q74. Voice heard between elections (Q74)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q79. Tribe or ethnic group (Q79)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q79other. Tribe or ethnic group(verbatim) (Q79OTHER)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 19

Valid cases: 1863
 Invalid: 0

Q80. Ethnic group's economic conditions (Q80)

File: R4merge_20

Q80. Ethnic group's economic conditions (Q80)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q81. Ethnic group's political influence (Q81)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q82. Ethnic group treated unfairly (Q82)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q83. Ethnic or national identity (Q83)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q84a. Trust relatives (Q84A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 3
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q84b. Trust other people you know (Q84B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q84c. Trust other Ghanaians (Q84C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q85. Close to political party (Q85)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q86. Which party (Q86)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q87. How often receive remittances (Q87)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q88a. How often use a cell phone (Q88A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q88b. How often use a computer (Q88B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q88c. How often use the internet (Q88C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q88d. How often travel 10 km or more (Q88D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q88e. What languages do you speak well (verbatim) (Q88E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 50

Valid cases: 27710
 Invalid: 0

Q88f. Number of languages (Q88F)

File: R4merge_20

Q88f. Number of languages (Q88F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q89. Education of respondent (Q89)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q90. Religion of respondent (Q90)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q91. Importance of religion (Q91)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q92a. Own radio (Q92A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q92b. Own television (Q92B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q92c. Own motor vehicle, car or motorcycle (Q92C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q93a. Source of water for household use (Q93A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q93b. Pay for water (Q93B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q94. Employment status (Q94)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q95. Know died of AIDS (Q95)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q96. How many died of AIDS (Q96)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q97. Vote for which party (Q97)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98a. How much help country: African Union (Q98A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98b. How much help country: ECOWAS (Q98B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98c. How much help country: United Nations (Q98C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98d. How much help country: international donors/NGOs (Q98D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98e. How much help country: International business/investors (Q98E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98f. How much help country: Nigeria (Q98F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98g. How much help country: South Africa (Q98G)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98h. How much help country: China (Q98H)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98i. How much help country: United States (Q98I)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98j. How much help country: Former colonial power: Britain, France, or Portugal (Q98J)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98j1. How much help country: EU (Q98J1)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q98k. NEPAD/APRM useful initiate vs. empty one (Q98K)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q99a. Influence of International donors and NGOs (Q99A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q99b. Influence of international businesses and investors (Q99B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q99c. Influence of civic organizations and NGOs (Q99C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q100. Perceived survey sponsor (Q100)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-999

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Time interview ended (endtime)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -3600000-86340000

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0
 Minimum: -3600000
 Maximum: 86340000
 Mean: 50238528.5
 Standard deviation: 10728377.9

Length of interview (length)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-485

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q101. Gender of respondent (Q101)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q102. Race of respondent (Q102)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-95

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q103. Language of interview (Q103)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q104. Others present (Q104)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-5

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q105a. Check with others (Q105A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-1

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q105b. Influence by others (Q105B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-1

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q105c. Approached by community/party representatives (Q105C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-1

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q105d. Feel threatened (Q105D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-1

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q105e. Physically threatened (Q105E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-1

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q106. Proportion difficulty answering (Q106)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-4

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q107a. Trouble answering - first response (Q107A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 8

Valid cases: 27700
Invalid: 0

Q107b. Trouble answering - second response (Q107B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 8

Valid cases: 27700
Invalid: 0

Q107c. Trouble answering - third response (Q107C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: character
Width: 8

Valid cases: 27700
Invalid: 0

Q108a. Respondent friendly (Q108A)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 2
Decimals: 0
Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
Invalid: 0

Q108b. Respondent interested (Q108B)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Q108b. Respondent interested (Q108B)

File: R4merge_20

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q108c. Respondent cooperative (Q108C)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q108d. Respondent patient (Q108D)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q108e. Respondent at ease (Q108E)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q108f. Respondent honest (Q108F)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-3

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q110. Interviewer's number (Q110)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 6

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q111. Interviewer's age (Q111)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-71

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q112. Interviewer's gender (Q112)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q113. Interviewer rural or urban (Q113)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-2

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q114. Interviewer's home language (Q114)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 3
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-998

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Q115. Interviewer's education (Q115)

File: R4merge_20

Q115. Interviewer's education (Q115)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 2
 Decimals: 0
 Range: -1-9

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Within country weight (Withinwt)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 19
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0.00582445101550362-7.51126842192231

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0
 Minimum: 0
 Maximum: 7.5
 Mean: 1
 Standard deviation: 0.5

Across country weight (N=1200 for all) (Acrosswt)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 17
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0.493624023035788-1.08695652173913

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0

Combined Weight (withinwt * acrosswt) (Combinwt)

File: R4merge_20

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 19
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0.00291222550775181-4.77028796105919

Valid cases: 27713
 Invalid: 0
 Minimum: 0
 Maximum: 4.8
 Mean: 0.9
 Standard deviation: 0.5

Related Materials

Technical documents

Data Codebook for Round 4 Afrobarometer Surveys in 20 African Countries

Title	Data Codebook for Round 4 Afrobarometer Surveys in 20 African Countries
Author(s)	Danielle Carter
Date	2010-01-01
Country	South Africa
Language	English
Publisher(s)	Michigan State University
Description	This document contains the questionnaire and coding for the survey
Filename	R4.merge.codebook_17jun10_final.pdf
